

Application, Installation, & Service Manual

PC-Series Pool Conditioner

Pool Room Dehumidifier

with Heat Recovery to Air (standard)
with Heat Recovery to Pool Water (option)
with Heat Rejection to Outdoor Unit or Ground Loop (option)

Model Sizes 45-80



Maritime Geothermal Ltd. P.O. Box 2555, 170 Plantation Road Petitcodiac, NB E4Z 6H4 (506) 756-8135



SAFETY PRECAUTIONS



WARNING: Ensure all access panels are in place and properly secured before applying power to the unit.

Failure to do so may cause electrical shock.

WARNING: Before performing service or maintenance on the system, ensure all power sources

are DISCONNECTED. Electrical shock can cause serious personal injury or death.

WARNING: Refrigeration systems contain refrigerant under high pressure and as such can be hazardous

to work on. Only qualified service personnel should install, repair, or service the unit.

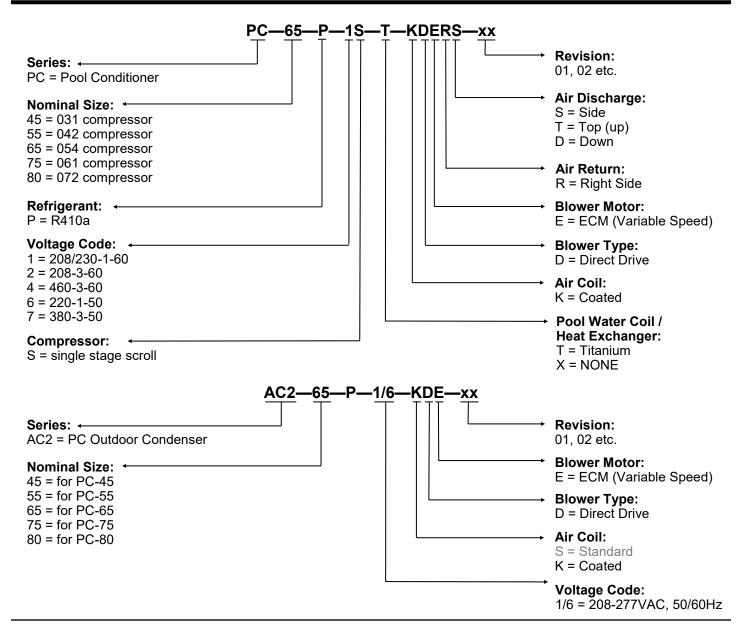
CAUTION: Safety glasses and work gloves should be worn at all times whenever the system is serviced.

A fire extinguisher and proper ventilation should be present whenever brazing is performed.

CAUTION: Venting refrigerant to atmosphere is illegal. A proper refrigerant recovery system must be

employed whenever repairs require removal of refrigerant from the equipment.

Model Nomenclature



-
-
_
С.
_
ш
۳
11
ш
п
1
VB.
_
2
-
+
5
-
۶
_

PPLICATION TABLE - PC-SERIES INDOOR UNIT											
MODEL	REFRIGERANT	VOLTAGE	STAGES	INDOOR COIL	COILS/BLOWER/ AIR RETURN	AIR DISCHARGE		REVIS	IONS		
PC-45	Р	1 2	S	Т	KDER	T S D	12				
PC-45	Г	2 4 6 7	9	X	KDER	T S D	01				
PC-55	Р	1 2 4 6 7	O	Т	KDER	T S D	12				
FO-33	6 7		6 7	×	KDER	T S D	01				
PC-65	5 P	1 2	1 2	0	Т	KDER	T S D	12			
FC-03	Г	2 4 6 7	5	×	KDER	T S D	01				
PC-75	Р	1 2	S	Т	KDER	T S D	12				
PC-75	r	2 4 7	3	×	KDER	D S H	01				
PC-80	-80 P	1 2		Т	KDER	T S D	12				
F U- 0U	F	2 4 6 7	S	Х	KDER	T S D	01				

APPLICATION TABLE - OPTIONAL AC2-SERIES OUTDOOR UNIT									
MODEL	MODEL REFRIGERANT VOLTAGE AIR COIL BLOWER TYPE BLOWER MOTOR REVISIONS								
AC2-45	Р	1/6	K	D	E	01			
AC2-55	Р	1/6	K	D	E	01			
AC2-65/75/80 P 1/6 K D E 02									
This manual applies	only to the mode	ls and revisions	listed in this tab	le.			•		•

APPLICATION TABLE - OPTIONAL GROUND LOOP HEAT EXCHANGER / WATER COIL							
PC MODEL SIZE ACCESSORY WATER COIL CIRCULATOR							
PC-45	03-7001	(BTSSC-60)	UP15-58 OR EQUIV.				
PC-55 PC-65	03-7019	(BTSSC-72)	LIP26.99/NRE-36 OR FOLID				
PC-75 PC-80	03-7040	(BTSSC-84)	UP26-99/NRF-36 OR EQUIV.				

APPLICATION TABLE - FIRMWARE AND PC APP						
Firmware Version* Associated PC APP Version						
MGT GEN2 Bootload Firmware V3.85+ MGT GEN2 PC APP V2.07+						

 $\label{lem:main_continuous_model} \textbf{Maritime Geothermal Ltd. has a continuous improvement policy and reserves the right to modify specification data at any time without prior notice .}$

Table of Contents

Tables & Documents	5
System Description	6
General Overview	6
1. Air Reheat Mode	6
2. Pool Water Heat Mode	6
3. Heat Rejection Mode	6
Auxiliary Air Heat	6
Operating Mode Tables	7
PC Sizing	8
Pool Surface Area	8
PC Unit Sizing	8
Plenum Heater Sizing	9
Installation Basics	10
Sample Bill of Materials	10
Unpacking the unit	10
PC Indoor Unit Placement	10
Optional AC2 Outdoor Unit Placement	11
Outdoor Fan Speed Reduction	11
Optional Ground Loop Heat Exchanger	
Air Thermostat Placement	11
Plenum Heater Installation	11
Wiring	12
PC-Series Power Supply Connections	12
Control Transformer	12 12
Auxiliary Plenum Heater: Power Supply Connections	
Auxiliary Plenum Heater: Signal Connections	12
Pool Pump Signal Connections (PC-T only)	12
Pool Water Flow Switch Connections (PC-T only)	12
Optional AC2 Outdoor Unit: Power Supply Connections	13
Optional AC2 Outdoor Unit: Signal Connections	13
Alternative Heat Rejection Methods: Connections	13
Air Thermostat Connections	13
Pool Auxiliary Heat Connections (PC-T only) Disable Switch (field installed)	13 13
Accessory Connections	13
002298CDG - Typical PC-Series Wiring Connections	14
<u>Piping</u>	15
Pool Water Lines	15 15
Condensate Drain Simultaneous Pool/Hot Tub Heating	15
Air Conditioning with Ground Loop Coil	15
Air Conditioning with Open Loop Water	15
002297PDG - Typical Loop Connections - PC Series	16
001824PDG - PC-Series Connections to Pool & Hot Tub	17
002641CDG - Piping for Ground Loop Heat Rejection	18
001045CDG - PC-Series Open Loop Heat Rejection	19
Ductwork	20
Duct Systems - General	20
Supply Duct System	20
Return Duct System	20
Plenum Heater	20
Duct Sizing Guide	22
Heat Rejection Line Set	23
AC2 Outdoor Unit / Ground Loop Coil	23
Line Set Interconnect Tubing	23
Indoor Unit Connections	23 23
Outdoor Unit Connections	23
Oil Traps, Filter-Dryer, Pipe Insulation	23
Silver Soldering Line Sets	23
Pressure Testing	23 23 24
Vacuuming the System	24
Charging the System	24

Operation	25
BACnet Control	25
Air Thermostat Operation, Placement, Setup	25
Changing Air Setpoints Using PC App	26
Pool Water Temperature Control	27
1. Pool water: Setpoint Control	27
Setpoint Control Method 1 - Indoor Loop	27
Setpoint Control Method 2 - External HTS/CTS	27 27
2. Pool Water: Signals Control	
PC Application (PC App)	28
LCD Interface & Menus	40
BACnet Interface	42
Startup Procedure	47
Pre-start Inspection	47
Unit Startup	47
Startup Record	49
Routine Maintenance	50
Troubleshooting Guide	51
Repair Procedures	65
Pumpdown Procedure	65
General Repair Procedure	65
Vacuuming & Charging Procedure	65
Compressor Replacement Procedure	66
Outdoor Fan Replacement Procedure	66
Control Board Replacement Procedure	67
LCD Interface (Display) Board Replacement Procedure	68
Air Thermostat Sensor Replacement Procedure	68
Model Specific Information	69
Shipping Information	69
Refrigerant Charge	69
Control Temperature Limits	69
AC2-Series Outdoor Unit Sound Levels (dBA)	69
Capacity Ratings	70
Cooling Mode Performance Tables	71
Required Water Flow Rates	74
Pool Water Pressure Drop	74
Pressure Drop for Optional Ground Loop Coil	74
Electrical Specifications	75
Indoor Airflow	76
Wiring & Electrical Box Diagrams (208/230-1-60)	77
Wiring & Electrical Box Diagrams (208-3-60)	79
Wiring & Electrical Box Diagrams (460-3-60)	81
Wiring & Electrical Box Diagrams (220-1-50)	83
Wiring & Electrical Box Diagrams (380-3-50)	85
AC2 (Outdoor Condenser) Wiring Diagrams	87
PC-T Refrigeration Circuit - Pool Water Heat Mode	88
PC-T Refrigeration Circuit - Air Reheat Mode	89
PC-T Refrigeration Circuit - Heat Rejection Mode	90
PC-X Refrigeration Circuit - Air Reheat Mode	91
PC-X Refrigeration Circuit - Heat Rejection Mode	92
Dimensions	93
Appendix A: Control Board Description	94
Appendix B: USB Driver Installation	98
Appendix C: PC App Installation (Win11)	99
Appendix D: PC App Installation (Win10)	100
Appendix E: Updating Firmware	101

Warranty

104

Tables & Documents

Tables

Table 1 - Pool Conditioner Operating Modes (with optional AC2 outdoor condenser)	7
Table 2 - Pool Conditioner Operating Modes (without optional AC2 outdoor condenser)	
Table 3 - Step by Step Pool Evaporation Rate Calculation	8
Table 4 - PC Typical Sizing (60 Hz)	8
Table 5 - PC Typical Sizing (50 Hz)	8
Table 6 - Activity Factor Table 7 - Evaporation Rate Chart (50% RH)	8
Table 7 - Evaporation Rate Chart (50% RH)	9
Table 8 - Evaporation Rate Chart (60% RH)	9
Table 8 - Evaporation Rate Chart (60% RH) Table 9 - Plenum Heater Sizing	9
Table 10 - PC-Series Power Supply Connections	12
Table 11 - Control Transformer Table 12 - Plenum Heater Signal Connections	13
Table 12 - Plenum Heater Signal Connections	12
Table 13 - Pool Pump Signal Connections	12
Table 14 - AC2-Series Power Supply Connections	13
Table 15 - AC2-Series Signal Connections	13
Table 16 - Air Thermostat Connections	13
Table 16a - Pool Auxiliary Heat Connections	13
Table 17 - Duct Sizing Guide	
Table 18 - Line Set Sizing, 3-way Service Valve Tooling & Torques	23
Table 19 - Extra Charge Required Table 20 - Extra Charge Chart	24
Table 20 - Extra Charge Chart	24
Table 21 - BAPI STAT4 Settings	25
Table 22 - BACnet Objects - Control Signals (Read/Write)	42
Table 23 - BACnet Objects - Data (Read Only)	43
Table 24 - BACnet Objects - Operation Mode Description (Read Only)	
Table 25 - BACnet Objects - Limits Description (Read Only)	44
Table 26 - BACnet Objects - Alarm Descriptions (Read Only)	45
Table 27 - BACnet Objects - Fault Descriptions (Read Only)	
Table 28 - Shipping Information (PC)	69
Table 29 - Shipping Information (AC2 Outdoor Unit)	69
Table 30 - Refrigerant Charge	69
Table 31 - Control Temperature Limits	69
Table 32 - AC2-Series Outdoor Unit Sound Levels (dBA)	69
	70
Table 34 - PC-Series Capacity Ratings (50 Hz)	70
Table 35 - Required Water Flow Rates	74
Table 36 - Pool Water Pressure Drop (all model sizes)	<u> 74</u>
Table 37 - Pressure Drop for Optional Ground Loop Heat Rejection Coil Table 38 - PC-Series Electrical Data	<u>74</u>
Table 38 - PC-Series Electrical Data	75
Table 39 - Plenum Heater Electrical Data	75
Table 40 - Indoor Airflow	76
Table 41 - Indoor Airflow for Auxiliary Heat	76
Table 42 - Indoor Airflow for Air Recirculation	76
Table A1 - Control Board Connector Descriptions (Top)	
Table A2 - Control Board Connector Descriptions (Left Side)	93
Table A3 - Control Board Connector Descriptions (Bottom)	
Table A4 - Control Board Connector Descriptions (Right Side)	<u>95</u>

Documents

002298CDG - Typical PC-Series Wiring Connections	14
002297PDG - Typical Loop Connections - PC Series	16
001824PDG - PC-Series Connections to Pool & Hot Tub	17
002641CDG - PC-Series Connections for Ground Loop Heat Rejection	18
001045CDG - PC-Series Connections for Open Loop Heat Rejection	
001423SCH - PC-Series (GEN2) Schematic Diagram 208/230-1-60	77
001424ELB - PC-Series Electrical Box Diagram 208/230-1-60	78
001825SCH - PC-Series (GEN2) Schematic Diagram 208-3-60	
001826ELB - PC-Series Electrical Box Diagram 208-3-60	80
002292SCH - PC-Series (GEN2) Schematic Diagram 460-3-60	81
002293ELB - PC-Series Electrical Box Diagram 460-3-60	82
001425SCH - PC-Series (GEN2) Schematic Diagram 220-1-50	83
001426ELB - PC-Series Electrical Box Diagram 220-1-50	
002294SCH - PC-Series (GEN2) Schematic Diagram 380-3-50	85
002295ELB - PC-Series Electrical Box Diagram 380-3-50	86
002261SCH - PC Outdoor Condenser (AC2-Series) 1-Fan Schematic Diagram	87
002262SCH - PC Outdoor Condenser (AC2-Series) 4-Fan Schematic Diagram	87
000352RCD - PC-T Refrigeration Circuit - Pool Water Heat Mode	
000353RCD - PC-T Refrigeration Circuit - Air Reheat Mode	89
000354RCD - PC-T Refrigeration Circuit - Heat Rejection Mode	<u> 90</u>
002698RCD - PC-X Refrigeration Circuit - Air Reheat Mode	<u> 91</u>
002699RCD - PC-X Refrigeration Circuit - Heat Rejection Mode	<u> 92</u>

go to TABLE OF CONTENTS

System Description

General Overview

The PC-Series pool conditioner is a pool room dehumidifier, that cools and dehumidifies pool room air whenever it is running. This is an energy-efficient alternative to the traditional method of controlling pool room humidity, which involves exhausting moist air and introducing fresh outside air that must then be heated or cooled to the room temperature.

The refrigeration cycle used to cool the air (similar to that that used in air conditioners or refrigerators) produces excess heat, equal to the amount of electrical energy put in to run the compressor. This compressor heat (plus the heat removed from the air to cool it) can be put into one of three places: into the pool water, back into the pool room air, or rejected to either:

- a) outdoor air via an optional AC2-series outdoor condenser, or
- b) an existing geothermal ground loop.

There are therefore three operating modes (listed below). The operating mode is determined according to the inputs from the supplied communicating room air thermostat that measures the room temperature and humidity, and a temp sensor with internal routine that monitors pool water temperature. The air thermostat has a user interface that allows changing the air temperature and humidity setpoints.

Air coils are e-coated for corrosion protection, and pool water heat exchanger is titanium/PVC for a corrosion resistance that is much superior to steel, copper, or CuNi. The cabinet is powder coated galvanized sheet metal, which achieves complete coverage and has a corrosion protection that is superior to stainless steel due to the potential for impurities in stainless material. Control is overseen by the Nordic GEN2 programmable control board, which has many advanced features like laptop connectivity via the free PC App software, data logging & graphing, BACnet connectivity, and electronic temperature & pressure sensors. An electrically commutated (ECM) blower motor with adjustable airflow is standard.

1. Pool Water Heat Mode

In this default mode, air is cooled and dehumidified by the PC's internal refrigerant-to-air evaporator coil. **Heat is rejected to pool water**, some portion of which is circulated through the PC's internal refrigerant-to-water condenser coil by the pool filter pump. The air emerges drier and cooler than it went in, and water emerges warmer than it went in.

The priority mode is always pool water heating, to avoid unnecessary compressor cycling and mode switching. Therefore if there is demand for both air and pool water heating, the pool water heating demand will be satisfied first.

Typically, while performing dehumidification the PC-Series unit will provide all of the pool water heating required for an indoor pool, with no auxiliary pool water heating required. However, an option is available for no pool heat coil for applications that don't require it (see pages 2/3).

2. Air Reheat Mode

In this mode, air is cooled and dehumidified by the PC's internal refrigerant-to-air evaporator coil. **Air is then reheated** with the PC's internal refrigerant-to-air condenser coil. There is a net heating effect on the air, equal to compressor power input. The air emerges drier and warmer than it went in.

Auxiliary heat will be required for the pool room air during colder weather (see below).

3. Heat Rejection Mode

a) AC2-Series Outdoor Unit

In this mode, air is cooled and dehumidified by the PC's internal refrigerant-to-air evaporator coil. Heat is rejected to an optional outdoor condenser unit (AC2-Series), which is available as an accessory from Maritime Geothermal Ltd., and may only be necessary in warmer climates or in buildings with a high solar gain. There is automatic detection of the outdoor condenser by the PC unit. If not present, either air reheat mode or pool water heat mode will be engaged instead, according to a user setting accessible through the PC App software.

There are two sizes of outdoor unit, one for PC sizes 45/55 and one for PC sizes 65/75/80. The AC2 contains only the outdoor refrigerant-to-air heat exchanger (air coil), and an ECM hub motor axial fan. The hub motor fan is speed controlled by the PC's GEN2 control board based on refrigerant head pressure. This results in maximum airflow when needed, while allowing reduced airflow at other times for noise and power savings.

Because the outdoor unit is only used for heat rejection, there is no outdoor expansion valve (EEV) or defrost cycle logic necessary. Although the NORDIC AC2 and ACE outdoor units look similar, the AC2 is used with the Nordic PC series, and the ACE (which includes the outdoor EEV and defrost logic) is used with Nordic air source heat pumps like the ATW, ATA, and ATF series.

b) Geothermal Ground Loop

If there is an existing closed geothermal loop at the site, it is desirable to instead reject heat into this loop so heat can be stored and be of benefit during cold weather heating.

To do this, a refrigerant to water heat exchanger (and a water/antifreeze circulation pump) can be connected in place of the outdoor unit. Suitable heat exchangers are available from Maritime Geothermal Ltd..

As a third option, open loop (well water or other cold water loop) may also be incorporated in the pool water piping for heat rejection; see **Piping** chapter.

Auxiliary Air Heat

While PC is operating in any mode, auxiliary heat (usually an electric plenum heater) will also be engaged if the air temperature drops below the air heat Auxiliary/Stage 2 setpoint. It will provide additional air heating on cold days when the pool water requires all or most of the unit's heat output.

An electric plenum heater is included as per **Sizing** chapter. This heater is installed in the air discharge ductwork outside the PC unit, and is controlled via dry contacts **CP-1-2** by the PC's control board.

Other types of air heat (gas, hydronics from a water-towater geothermal system) can be used, and should be controlled by the above mentioned dry contacts.

Auxiliary Pool Water Heat

Even when pool water heat coil is present, there maybe certain commercial applications where auxiliary pool heat is required.

The control board can control this external pool water heating device via its hydronic Auxiliary/Stage 2 setpoint and dry contacts **D1-D2**.

TABLE 1 - Pool Conditioner Operating Modes (with optional AC2 outdoor condenser)						
AIR DEMAND (from air thermostat)		POOL WATER HEAT				
DEHUMIDIFY	COOL	HEAT	DEMAND (if present, from set- point control routine)	PC OPERATING MODE		
				OFF		
			X	POOL WATER HEAT MODE		
		Х		AIR REHEAT MODE		
		Х	Х	POOL WATER HEAT MODE		
Х				HEAT REJECTION MODE		
Х			X	POOL WATER HEAT MODE		
Х		Х		AIR REHEAT MODE		
Х		Х	Х	POOL WATER HEAT MODE		
	Χ			HEAT REJECTION MODE		
	Χ		Х	POOL WATER HEAT MODE		
Х	Χ			HEAT REJECTION MODE		
X	Χ		X	POOL WATER HEAT MODE		

TABLE 2 - Pool Conditioner Operating Modes (without optional AC2 outdoor condenser)						
AIR DEMAND (from air thermostat)						
DEHUMIDIFY	HEAT	DEMAND (if present, from set- point control routine)	PC OPERATING MODE			
			OFF			
		X	POOL WATER HEAT MODE			
	X		AIR REHEAT MODE			
	Х	X	POOL WATER HEAT MODE			
Х			SELECTABLE: AIR REHEAT OR POOL WATER HEAT MODE			
Х		Х	POOL WATER HEAT MODE			
Х	X		AIR REHEAT MODE			
Х	X	Х	POOL WATER HEAT MODE			

PC Sizing

Pool Surface Area

As the square footage of the pool increases, the evaporation rate will increase proportionally. This is due to the increase in size of the surface water / air contact area. The depth, shape, and total volume of the pool do not affect the evaporation rate.

PC Unit Sizing

The amount of evaporation occurring in a residential pool application of a given size is governed mainly by the temperatures at which the air and water are maintained. It is common practice to keep the air temperature 2°F above the pool water temperature. The lower the air temperature is in comparison to the water temperature, the higher the evaporation rate will be. The evaporation rate of the pool increases when the following occur:

- 1) Pool water temperature increases
- 2) Activity level / wet floor area increases
- 3) Airflow across pool surface increases
- 4) Room air temperature decreases
- 5) Room relative humidity level decreases
- 1) Pool water temperature: The temperature of the pool water in relation to the air temperature is one of the most important factors in determining overall evaporation rate from the pool. As the room air temperature decreases in relation to the pool water, the evaporation rate will increase dramatically. The normal pool water temperature range for private pool use is from 78°F to 82°F. The air temperature should be kept 1° to 2°F above the water temperature for the most economical operation of the pool conditioner.
- 2) Activity level / wet floor area: During pool use, water will be drawn out of the pool by the action of swimmers leaving and re-entering the pool during normal activities. This water will accumulate on the floor surrounding the pool and will contribute to the overall surface exposed to the air for evaporation purposes. If the pool floor is heated then the evaporation rate will exceed that of the pool itself and this extra wetted area should be considered in sizing the pool conditioner.

TABLE 4 - PC Typical Sizing (60 Hz)							
Model	Airflow	Pool Sur- face Area	Moisture Removal @50%RH	Moisture Removal @60%RH			
	cfm (L/s)	$ft^2 (m^2)$	lb(kg)/hr	lb(kg)/hr			
PC-45	1150 (540)	600 (56)	14 (6.4)	18 (8.2)			
PC-55	1500 (710)	800 (74)	19 (8.6)	23 (10)			
PC-65	1900 (900)	1050 (98)	24 (11)	30 (14)			
PC-75	2200 (1040)	1200 (110)	28 (13)	33 (15)			
PC-80 2300 (1085) 1350 (130) 32 (14) 38 (17)							
	*Residential application with Tp=80°F and Ta=82°F EWT=80°F and EAT=82°F						

TABLE 5 - PC Typical Sizing (50 Hz)						
Model	Airflow	Pool Sur- face Area	Moisture Removal @50%RH	Moisture Removal @60%RH		
	cfm (L/s)	$ft^2 (m^2)$	lb(kg)/hr	lb(kg)/hr		
PC-45	1150 (540)	500 (46)	13 (5.9)	15 (6.8)		
PC-55	1500 (710)	700 (65)	16 (7.3)	19 (8.6)		
PC-65	1900 (900)	900 (84)	20 (9.0)	25 (11)		
PC-75	2200 (1040)	1000 (93)	23 (11)	28 (13)		
PC-80 2300 (1085) 1100 (102) 26 (12) 32 (14)						
*Residential application with Tp=80°F and Ta=82°F EWT=80°F and EAT=82°F						

TABLE 6 – Activity Factor (AF)

AF
Application

0.5 residential

0.65 therapy, aquafit, elderly swim, fitness club, condominium

0.8 hotel

0.8 school

1.0 public pool, spa, or whirlpool

Step	Action	Variable	Example	Unit
1	Select pool water temperature*	Тр	80	°F
2	Select pool room air temperature*	Та	82	°F
3	Select Non-Active Humidity Level (50 or 60%)	RHna	50	%
4	Select the number of active hours	На	2	hours
5	Calculate the number of non-active hours = 24 - Ha	Hna	22	hours
6	Lookup the active Evaporation Rate Factor from TABLE 8	ERFa	0.036	lb/hr/ft ²
7	Lookup the non-active Evaporation Rate Factor from TABLE 7 or 8 (50 or 60% from Step 3).	ERFna	0.048	lb/hr/ft ²
8	Select the activity factor (see TABLE 6)	AF	0.5	
9	Calculate the Average Evaporation Rate Factor = [(Ha x ERFa x AF) + (Hna x ERFna x 0.5)] / 24	ERFavg	0.0235	lb/hr/ft ²
10	Select Pool Surface Area	Ар	800	ft ²
11	Calculate Pool Evaporation Rate = Ap * ERFavg> match to Moisture Removal in TABLE 4 or 5	ERp	18.8	lb/hr

*It is recommended that the air temperature be 2°F above the pool water temperature. The lower the air temperature in comparison to the water temperature, the higher the evaporation rate. Typical residential values are Tp = 80°F (27°C) and Ta = 82°F (28°C).

		TABLE 7 - Evaporation Rate Chart (50% RH) – lb/hr/ft ²										
			Air Temperature (Ta) °F									
		86	85	84	83	82	81	80	79	78	77	76
	78	0.034	0.036	0.038	0.038	0.040	0.042	0.044	0.046	0.048	0.050	0.052
	80	0.042	0.044	0.046	0.046	0.048*	0.050	0.050	0.052	0.054	0.056	0.058
	82	0.048	0.050	0.052	0.052	0.054	0.056	0.058	0.060	0.062	0.064	0.066
	84	0.056	0.058	0.060	0.060	0.062	0.064	0.066	0.068	0.070	0.070	0.072
	86	0.062	0.066	0.068	0.068	0.070	0.072	0.074	0.076	0.076	0.078	0.080
Pool	88	0.072	0.074	0.076	0.076	0.078	0.080	0.082	0.084	0.086	0.086	0.088
Water	90	0.080	0.082	0.084	0.084	0.086	0.088	0.090	0.092	0.094	0.096	0.098
Temp.	92	0.090	0.092	0.094	0.094	0.096	0.098	0.100	0.100	0.102	0.104	0.106
(Tp) °F	94	0.098	0.102	0.104	0.104	0.106	0.108	0.108	0.110	0.112	0.114	0.116
	96	0.110	0.112	0.114	0.114	0.116	0.118	0.120	0.120	0.122	0.124	0.126
	98	0.120	0.122	0.124	0.124	0.126	0.128	0.130	0.132	0.134	0.136	0.138
	100	0.132	0.134	0.136	0.136	0.138	0.140	0.142	0.144	0.146	0.148	0.148
	102	0.144	0.146	0.148	0.148	0.150	0.152	0.154	0.156	0.158	0.158	0.160
	104	0.156	0.158	0.160	0.160	0.162	0.164	0.166	0.168	0.170	0.172	0.174

* value for recommended setpoints

		TABLE 8 - Evaporation Rate Chart (60% RH) - Ib/hr/ft ²										
		Air Temperature (Ta) °F										
		86	85	84	83	82	81	80	79	78	77	76
	78	0.020	0.022	0.026	0.028	0.030	0.032	0.034	0.036	0.038	0.040	0.042
	80	0.026	0.030	0.032	0.034	0.036*	0.038	0.040	0.044	0.046	0.048	0.050
	82	0.034	0.036	0.038	0.042	0.044	0.046	0.048	0.050	0.052	0.054	0.056
	84	0.040	0.044	0.046	0.048	0.050	0.054	0.056	0.058	0.060	0.062	0.064
	86	0.048	0.052	0.054	0.056	0.060	0.060	0.064	0.066	0.068	0.070	0.072
Pool	88	0.058	0.060	0.062	0.064	0.066	0.070	0.072	0.074	0.076	0.078	0.080
Water	90	0.066	0.068	0.070	0.074	0.076	0.078	0.080	0.082	0.084	0.086	0.088
Temp.	92	0.074	0.078	0.080	0.082	0.084	0.088	0.090	0.092	0.094	0.096	0.098
(Tp) °F	94	0.084	0.088	0.090	0.092	0.094	0.096	0.098	0.100	0.104	0.106	0.108
	96	0.094	0.098	0.100	0.102	0.104	0.106	0.110	0.112	0.114	0.116	0.118
	98	0.106	0.108	0.112	0.114	0.116	0.118	0.120	0.122	0.124	0.126	0.128
	100	0.118	0.120	0.122	0.124	0.128	0.130	0.132	0.134	0.136	0.138	0.140
	102	0.130	0.132	0.134	0.136	0.140	0.142	0.144	0.146	0.148	0.150	0.152
	104	0.142	0.144	0.146	0.150	0.152	0.154	0.156	0.158	0.160	0.162	0.164

* value for recommended setpoints

- 3) Airflow across pool surface: Increased airflow across the surface area of the pool increases the evaporation rate. Ducting should de designed to minimize the airflow across the pool to reduce this effect. See the Ductwork section for more information.
- 4) Room air temperature: As mentioned in (1), the pool room temperature is normally kept slightly above the water temperature to minimize the amount of evaporation taking place.
- 5) Room relative humidity: The relative humidity setpoint for most pool areas is from 50% to 60%. Lowering the relative humidity setpoint will increase the evaporation rate from the pool thus causing the pool conditioner to run more, but may be necessary to prevent condensation on some glass surfaces during cold weather. Relative humidity should be set only low enough to prevent condensation from occurring on windows and doors.

TABLE 3 gives a step by step explanation of how to determine the evaporation rate of the pool. Once the Pool Evaporation Rate (ERp) has been calculated then it can be matched to

the moisture removal for a particular PC model size in **TABLE 4** or **5** (looking in the 50% or 60% columns according to selected RHna).

TABLE 4 or **5** also gives a general idea as to the size of pool that can be accommodated by each model size for a typical residential installation. This is just a guideline; the Pool Evaporation Rate (ERp) should be calculated as per **TABLE 3**.

Plenum Heater Sizing

A plenum heater is included according to the below table. They are also available in other sizes on request (5, 7, 10, 15 and 20kW), if another size better matches a heat load calculation for the pool room.

TABLE 9 - Plenum Heater Sizing				
MODEL kW				
PC-45, 55	15			
PC-65, 75, 80	20			

Installation Basics

Sample Bill of Materials

Although not exhaustive, following is a list of materials needed for a typical installation:

FROM MARITIME GEOTHERMAL

- PC-SERIES POOL CONDITIONER
- COMMUNICATING ROOM THERMOSTAT (SUPPLIED)
- TWISTED-PAIR THERMOSTAT WIRE (SUPPLIED)
- OUTDOOR UNIT SHIELDED SIGNAL WIRE (18-8)
- ELECTRIC PLENUM HEATER (FOR AIR AUX. HEAT)

OPTIONAL FROM MARITIME GEOTHERMAL

- AC2-SERIES OUTDOOR CONDENSER
- POOL WATER FLOW SWITCH
- GROUND LOOP HEAT EXCHANGER (WATER COIL) FOR HEAT REJECTION (SEE PAGE 3)
- ANTI-VIBRATION PAD FOR UNDER UNIT
- COMPRESSOR SOUND JACKET
- COMPRESSOR SECURE START

DUCTWORK

- OUTLET PLENUM ADAPTER W/ FLEXIBLE COLLAR
- RETURN AIR ADAPTER W/ FLEXIBLE COLLAR
- FIBREGLASS INSULATION (FOR NOISE, IF REQ'D)
- TRUNK DUCT W/ JOINERS (IF NOT EXISTING)
- 6" ROUND DUCT W/ADAPTERS (IF NOT EXISTING)
- ALUMINUM TAPE
- SHEET METAL SCREWS

PIPING (IF UNIT EQUIPPED WITH POOL HEAT COIL)

- POOL PUMP & FILTER
- 2" PVC PIPE & FITTINGS & GLUE
- 2" PVC BALL VALVES (2)
- CONDENSATE TRAP ASSEMBLY & DRAIN PIPING
- CONDENSATE PUMP (IF REQ'D)
- CIRCULATOR FOR GROUND LOOP HEAT EXCHANGER FOR HEAT REJECTION (SEE PAGE 3)

REFRIGERATION (FOR OPTIONAL AC2 OUTDOOR UNIT)

- 1/2" ACR TUBING
- PIPE ISULATION
- EXTRA R410A REFRIGERANT FOR LINESETS >20 FT

ELECTRICAL

- ELEC. SERVICE WIRE OF CORRECT SIZE
- BREAKER FOR PC UNIT
- PLENUM HEATER SERVICE WIRE
- PLENUM HEATER BREAKER
- WIRE 14-2 (OUTDOOR) FOR OPTIONAL AC2 UNIT
- OUTDOOR DISCONNECT SWITCH FOR AC2 UNIT
- THERMOSTAT WIRE 18-2 (FOR D1-D2 OR CP1-CP2)
- THERMOSTAT WIRE 18-3 (FOR CP-1-2)
- FORK TERMINALS FOR TSTAT WIRE (6)
- TRANSFORMER, CONTACTOR, EXT. ÈLÉC. BOX IF POOL PUMP TO BE CONTROLLED BY PC UNIT
- 2" STYROFOAM INSUL. (IF PAD NOT PURCHASED)

Unpacking the Unit

When the equipment reaches its destination it should be unpacked to determine if any damage has occurred during shipment. Any visible damage should be noted on the carrier's freight bill and a suitable claim filed.

PC Indoor Unit Placement

Some thought as to how the unit is placed will make air ductwork and piping connections much simpler. See diagram **002297PDG** later in this manual for an example placement.

The front access panels should remain clear of obstruction for a distance of **two feet** to facilitate servicing and general maintenance. No access is required on the back side. Ensure the unit is level to eliminate any possible condensate draining issues.

Raising the unit off the floor, as shown in the diagram, can make connections easier. Room for the condensate to drain under gravity, either to the pool or to a condensate pump, must be provided; and condensate drain connections are at the bottom of the unit. An anti-vibration pad, available as an accessory, or a piece of 2" styrofoam should be placed under the unit. Be careful not to run piping in front of the filter rack access cover, since access is required in order to change the air filter.

The PC unit is available in top, side/end, and bottom air discharge configurations from the factory; be sure to plan ductwork and order the most appropriate configuration. It is suggested that supply ductwork be kept low, and air return grill high for most effective and efficient operation. See the **Ductwork** section later in this manual for details.

Normally, water will be circulated continuously through the pool conditioner by the pool filter pump (PC-T only). A bypass should be installed as described later in this manual, to allow adjustment of flow through the PC unit for optimum refrigerant head pressure and highest efficiency. The PC unit can control the pool pump if required.



Optional AC2 Outdoor Unit Placement

The accessory AC2 unit must be placed outdoors, with the fan pointing away from the building. It should be at least 12 inches (30 cm) away from the building or other obstructions on the back and sides for unimpeded return airflow. There should be little or no obstruction in the fan (front) direction for at least 10 feet (3 m), otherwise airflow and therefore overall performance will be reduced.

In addition, there should be at least two feet (0.6 m) of clearance on the electrical box and refrigeration piping side of the unit to facilitate servicing and general maintenance.

If there is any expectation that heat rejection (air cooling) mode will be required while there is snow on the ground, the outdoor unit must be mounted high enough so that it remains clear of snow and ice at all times. Since this is not likely, the unit may be mounted at ground level in most cases. If required, two different leg kits which add either 15" (38 cm) or 30" (76 cm) of additional height are available as an accessories.

The AC2 must be bolted down to prevent a tipping hazard.

Note that no field installed filter-dryer is required, since one is included in the indoor unit.



IMPORTANT NOTE: The line set between the indoor and outdoor units must not exceed 70 ft (21 m) in length.



leg kit is not normally necessary for PC series, since air conditioning mode is not normally active in winter

Outdoor Fan Speed Reduction

Should fan noise be a concern, for example if the outdoor unit is mounted near a frequently open window, the outdoor fan speed can be reduced (up to a maximum of 25%). This should only be done if necessary, since a small loss in efficiency will result.

The fan speed can be reduced via the LCD (see LCD Interface & Menus section) or PC App (see PC Application section).

Optional Ground Loop Heat Exchanger

If rejecting heat to a geothermal ground loop, the insulated refrigerant to water heat exchanger ('water coil') and its associated water/antifreeze circulator should be placed in a location convenient to the PC unit and ground loop connections.

Coaxial coils from Maritime Geothermal Ltd. are not supplied in a cabinet, and should be affixed to a vertical surface using the attached mounting bar. See diagram in Piping chapter and Application Table on page 3.

Air Thermostat Placement

The communicating air thermostat should be placed in the pool room in an accessible location, at least 48 inches above floor level.

This is to be sure the sensor is not subjected to **chlo**ramides, which can form closer to floor level if pool room chemistry becomes unbalanced. Chloramides can lead to rapid failure of the sensor inside the thermostat, necessitating sensor replacement. See Repair Procedures chapter for replacement of sensor.

Plenum Heater Installation

Plenum heater should be installed externally in the air discharge duct outside the PC cabinet in a manner that allows all of the airflow to pass through it, to prevent any hot spots in the heater elements. It should be mounted in a straight section of ductwork, and not immediately downstream of a duct elbow. Note that an air velocity of 400 ft/min or greater is required to prevent high temperature shutdowns of the plenum heater, which will be achieved if mounted in an appropriate position.

Mount the plenum heater in the side of the duct, not the bottom, to prevent duct condensation from entering the plenum heater's electrical box.

to TABLE OF CONTENTS

Wiring

PC-Series Power Supply Connections

The unit has a concentric 1.093" / 0.875" knockout for power supply connection to the electrical box. There are also two 7/8" knockouts and a 1/2" opening with plastic grommet (grommet hole is 3/8") for connections to the supplied air thermostat, optional external pool water aquastat, and power and signal connections to optional outdoor condensing unit.

A schematic diagram (SCH) and electrical box layout diagram (ELB) can be found on the electrical box cover of the unit as well as in the **Model Specific Information** section of this manual. The Electrical Tables in the **Model Specific Information** section contain information about the size of wire for the connections, as well as the recommended breaker size.



NOTE: A properly qualified electrician should be retained for all connections to the unit and associated controls.



IMPORTANT NOTE FOR 3-PHASE UNITS: If on startup compressor is noisy and not pumping, reverse L1 and L2 supply wires.

TABLE 10 - PC-Series Power Supply Connections				
Line	Description	Voltages		
L1	Line 1	All		
L2	Line 2	All		
L3	Line 3	3-phase only		
N	Neutral	460-3-60, 380-3-50 only		
GND	Ground	All (connect to ground lug)		

Control Transformer

The rest of the low voltage controls, including the control board, are powered by a 100VA class II transformer. 208/230-1-60 and 208-3-60 models have a resettable breaker on the secondary side for circuit protection. Should the breaker trip, locate and correct the problem and then reset the breaker by pressing in on it.

All other voltage models have primary and secondary fuses for circuit protection.

TABLE 11 - Control Transformer					
Voltage Low Voltage Circuit Protection					
(1) 208/230-1-60 (2) 208-3-60	Resettable breaker on transformer				
(4) 460-3-60 (6) 220-1-50 (7) 380-3-50	Primary / Secondary fuses				



IMPORTANT NOTE: For 208/230VAC-1-60 units, if connecting to 208VAC power supply move the red wire connected to the 240 terminal of the transformer to the 208 terminal.

Auxiliary Plenum Heater: Power Supply Connections

Auxiliary heat for the pool room air will usually be provided by the included electric duct heater (plenum heater), installed in the air discharge ductwork outside the PC unit. The plenum heater will have its own breaker and power supply wire. The Electrical Tables in the **Model Specific Information** section

contain information about the size of wire for the connections, as well as the recommended breaker size.

Auxiliary Plenum Heater: Signal Connections

The PC unit has two dry contacts to control the 2 stages of the plenum heater. These dry contacts can also be used to control other types of auxiliary air heat. Note that dry contacts are intended to activate equipment that has its own 24VAC transformer; if equipment does not have its own transformer, one will need to be installed in an external electrical box.

Connect the terminals on the PC's terminal strip to the matching terminals on the plenum heater's control board using an 18-3 cable.

NOTE: If there is a jumper between terminals 1 and 2 on the plenum heater's control board, remove jumper and discard it.

TABLE 12 - Plenum Heater Signal Connections				
Signal	Description			
СР	Common			
1	1 Dry contact for auxiliary heat stage 1			
2 Dry contact for auxiliary heat stage 2				
Use a 3-conductor 18ga cable.				

Pool Pump Signal Connections (PC-T only)

In most installations, the pool pump will be always on, to constantly circulate pool water through the filter. So there will always be pool water circulation through the PC unit, with no controls required.

However, the PC unit does have a dry contact to relay an external 24VAC signal to activate the pool pump contactor when the PC requires pool water flow; that is, in pool water heating mode. The 24VAC transformer and contactor will be contained in an external electrical box. See the following wiring connection diagram 002298CDG.

Connect the 24VAC signal to be relayed to terminals CP1 and CP2 on the PC unit's terminal strip with an 18-2 cable.

TABLE 13 - Pool Pump Signal Connections					
Signal	Signal Description				
CP1	Dry contacts for neel numn contactor				
CP2 Dry contacts for pool pump contactor					
Use a 2-conductor 18ga cable.					

Pool Flow Switch Connections (PC-T only)

If the pool pump is not always on and the PC can't be given control of the pool pump, an **accessory flow switch** may be connected. Operation in pool water heat mode will be delayed until the flow switch is closed.

24VAC

ODFLO @

Wire the dry contact flow switch between **24VAC** and **IDFLO** at the right side of control board.

Enable the *Indoor Flow* alarm in the PC App's **Tools—> Configuration** window by clicking on the button.



Accessory AC2-Series Outdoor Unit: Power Supply Connections

The AC2 outdoor unit is powered from the PC unit. The power supply for the AC2 unit is 208 to 277VAC, 50/60Hz. The PC and AC2 units have matching terminal strips for these connections. Use a two conductor, minimum 14ga **outdoor rated cable** for this connection. Refer to diagram **002298CDG**.

TABLE 14 - AC2-Series Power Supply Connections				
Line	Description			
L1	Supply line			
L2	Supply line			
GND	Ground			

Use a two conductor outdoor rated 14ga minimum cable.



IMPORTANT NOTE: Most codes require a disconnect switch visible and/or reachable from the outdoor unit to be installed in the power supply cable. If the switch has fuses or breakers they must be no more than 10A.



OUTDOOR DISCONNECT SWITCH IS A SAFETY DEVICE ONLY. Turn off breaker to indoor unit before servicing to avoid costly damage to electronic control board.

Accessory AC2-Series Outdoor Unit: Signal Connections

The speed of the fan in the optional AC2 outdoor unit is controlled by the control board in the indoor PC unit. In addition, the PC has an auto-detect function for the outdoor unit, so that no settings need to changed if installing the optional AC2 (enabling heat rejection/air cooling mode). Therefore, communication wiring is required.

The PC and AC2 units have matching terminal strip signals for these connections. Connections are labeled PWM+, DET, and DET (the two DET terminals being interchangeable). Use 3 conductors of the included 18-8 **shielded outdoor rated** cable for this connection. If longer than 50 ft is required, inform when ordering unit. Refer to diagram **002298CDG**.

TABLE 15 - AC2-Series Signal Connections						
Signal Description						
PWM+	Outdoor Fan Control					
DET Auto detection of AC2 unit						
DET	Auto-detection of AC2 unit					

Use the included shielded 8-conductor outdoor rated 18ga cable.

Alternative Heat Rejection Methods: Connections

As an alternative to the AC2 outdoor unit, heat maybe rejected to:

- 1. An existing geothermal ground loop
- 2. An open loop (well water)

See diagrams in the **Piping** chapter for details of the wiring and piping for these methods.

Air Thermostat Connections

The pool conditioner unit comes with its required air thermostat, which is the **BAPI Stat4** (model **BA/BS4MBC-G-H2-FN-Z** or close variation). This is both a communicating room sensor for air temperature and humidity, and also a user interface to change the air temperature and humidity setpoints. It communicates with the PC unit via the MODBUS protocol on an RS485 bus using a twisted wire pair. There are also two power wires required, so the thermostat should be connected using a double -twisted-pair wire. 50 ft of this wire is supplied along with the thermostat; be sure to order a longer wire if required.

Connect the terminals at the lower right of the PC's control board to the BAPI Stat4 as follows. Also see connection diagram **002298CDG** following, and PC wiring (SCH) diagrams in the **Model Specific Information** section or on the electrical box cover

The air thermostat is normally supplied with correct settings from the factory. If thermostat has not been set up, follow the setup instructions in the **Operation** chapter.

TABLE	TABLE 16 - Air Thermostat Connections					
PC board	- I - I Wird I Description					
Α	NET A	TWISTED	Communication +			
В	NET B	PAIR 1	Communication -			
24VDC	24VDC POWER TWISTED 24VDC power					
GND	GND GND PAIR 2 ground					
Use the	Use the included double twisted pair cable.					

Pool Aux. Heat Connections (PC-T only)

For commercial applications where auxiliary pool heat is required, this can be controlled via the PC's hydronic Auxiliary/ Stage 2 setpoint and dry contacts **D1-D2**.

TABLE 16a - Pool Auxiliary Heat Connections					
Signal Description					
D1	Dry contacts for neel auxiliary heat				
Dry contacts for pool auxiliary heat					
Use a 2-conductor 18ga cable.					

Disable Switch (field installed)

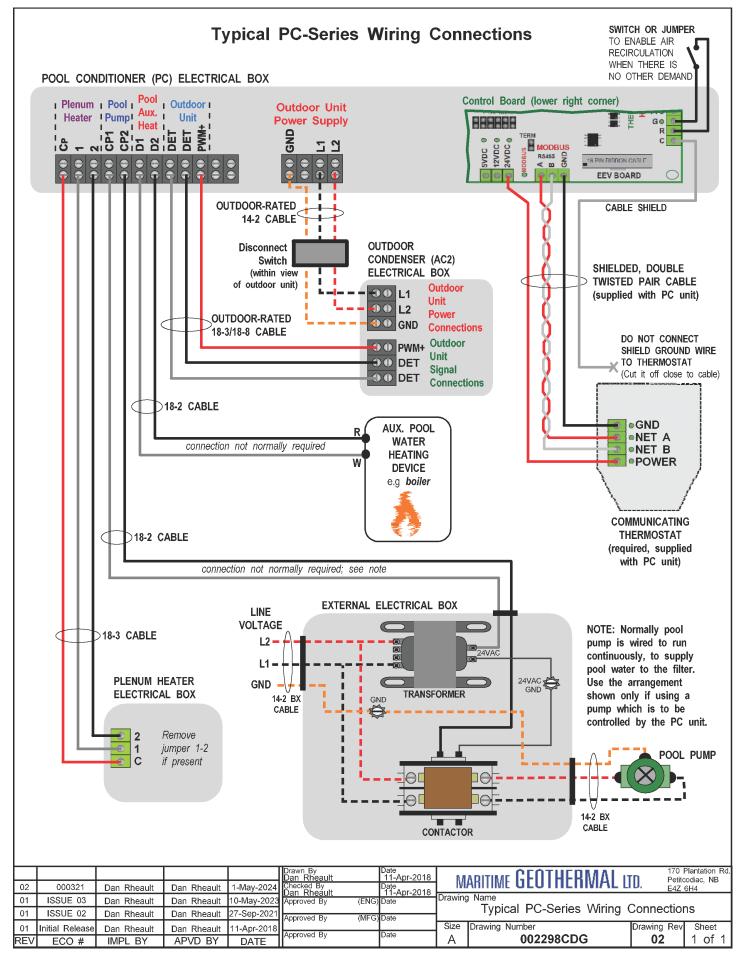
A switch to disable demand from the control system may be installed. On control board, jumper COM_IN to GND, and toggle 12VDC to IN_SPARE to disable. See the main wiring diagram in the **Model Specific Information** section.

Accessory Connections

In most installations, accessories that are not already described will not be required. Other available accessories include:

- External pool water temperature sensor, replacing the internal water OUT line temperature sensor for use with the PC control board's Setpoint Control routine. This is HTS/ CTS Setpoint Control, described later.
- Compressor current sensor.
- External dry contact to reduce air flow by the AR percent factor
- External dry contact, switch, or jumper R to G at lower right of control board to activate 56% airflow even when there is no demand on PC unit.

See the PC wiring (SCH) diagrams in the **Model Specific Information** section or on the electrical box cover.



Piping

Pool Water Lines (PC-T only)

The connections for the pool loop are 2" PVC unions, rigidly fixed to the cabinet to prevent relative movement and possible resulting damage to interior piping. They are labelled as INDOOR IN and INDOOR OUT.

Piping for a typical system is shown in following diagram **002297PDG**. This diagram shows all of the recommended components as well as where they should be placed, although placement will vary according to layout of duct system and space in mechanical room. The unions allow access to the coaxial heat exchanger should it require cleaning, and quick disconnect of PC unit.

NOTE: Care should be taken when routing the water lines to ensure that adequate access to the unit is maintained so as to not compromise ease of serviceability, particularly access to both side doors and the air filter change cover.

Drawing **002297PDG** following also outlines the method for setting the water flow based on refrigerant head pressure, using two hand-operated ball valves. It is important to follow this procedure to ensure high efficiency operation and long service life for equipment, and to avoid service calls due to nuisance safety control trips.

Condensate Drain

The unit comes equipped with two 3/4" female NPT drain connections, labeled "Condensate Drain". This drain allows the condensate which forms during the air-conditioning cycle to be removed from the unit. The drain should be connected as per local codes. During high humidity weather, there could be as much as 25 gallons of water formed per day.

The condensate drain requires an external trap. It is recommended to use a pre-made trap with cleanout like that shown in the diagram. The drain should be back to the pool where allowed by codes, in order to reduce the amount of make-up water required for the pool. An external condensate pump may be installed if there is not sufficient slope to drain condensate under gravity to its destination.

NOTE: The condensate drain operates by gravity. Ensure the unit is mounted high enough to allow the condensate to flow without overflowing the internal drip tray located at the bottom of the unit.

To avoid overflow of the condensate pan, the drain line and trap should be inspected periodically to ensure they are not plugged with accumulated debris.

Simultaneous Pool/Hot Tub Heating

(PC-T only)

The following diagram **001824PDG** shows two suggested methods of heating both a pool and a hot tub with the PC unit.

Note that if heating two pools of differing temperatures using a parallel arrangement as in section 1 of the diagram, external aquastat(s) will be needed to control the pool water heating demand, since the internal Setpoint Control routine only has one setpoint. Also, the flow will need to be set using the procedure outlined on diagram 002297PDG, but flow through the pool and hot tub will need to be set separately because of the different water temperatures.

If using an indirect pool heating arrangement as shown in section 2, the internal Setpoint Control routine can be used.

Alternatively, the PC unit can be used to heat the pool, while the hot tub can be heated by a different pool heating device dedicated for that purpose.

Air Conditioning with Ground Loop Coil

As mentioned earlier, there are two different devices which can be connected for heat rejection to perform air conditioning: an accessory AC2-series outdoor unit (which has only refrigerant line set connections, see later chapter) or a **heat exchanger / water coil for connection to an existing geothermal ground loop** (which requires refrigerant line set connections outlined in a later chapter, and requires ground loop piping).

See following diagram **002641PDG** for geothermal ground loop coil and circulator connection. Suitable coils are available from Maritime Geothermal Ltd; see *Application Table* on page 3.

The refrigerant line set connections are described in a following chapter.

Because there is no outdoor unit, a wire jumper from **DET-DET** is required to enable air cooling mode.

Air Conditioning with Open Loop Water

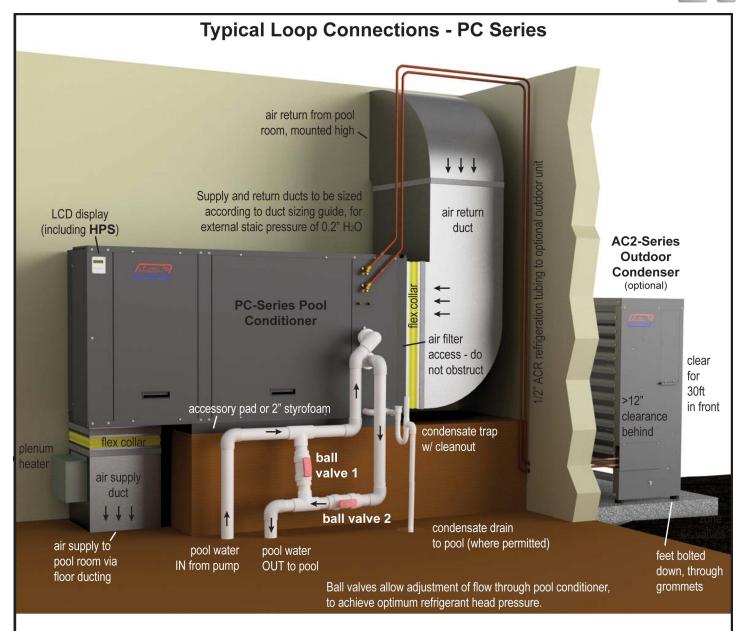
A third option to enable heat rejection for air conditioning purposes (the others being an AC2-series outdoor unit or an existing geothermal ground loop) is to use open loop well water. This will require a place to drain the water to, like a floor drain or return well.

See following diagram 001045CDG.

A pair of 24VAC 3-way valves can be placed in the IN and OUT pool water lines connected to the unit, as shown in the diagram on following page. Connect the IN valve common port to the PC IN port, the NO port to the supply from the pool, and the NC port to a clean cold water source. It may also be necessary to install a regulating valve (e.g. hand valve, dole valve) to restrict the flow to obtain the recommended discharge pressure of 350-400PSIG. Connect the OUT valve common port to the PC OUT port, the NO port to the return line to the pool, and the NC port to a suitable drain.

The valves can be controlled by the **L1** output from the PC's control board, as shown. L1 will output 24VAC whenever the PC unit enters air cooling mode. Note the current limit of **500mA** from L1; if 3-way valve current draw exceeds 500mA, or if 3 way valves with non-24VAC coils are used, a separate power supply switched by a 24VAC relay is required.

No jumper from **DET-DET** should be installed. In the PC App's *View—>Control Panel*, **Rejection Select** should be set to **Pool**.



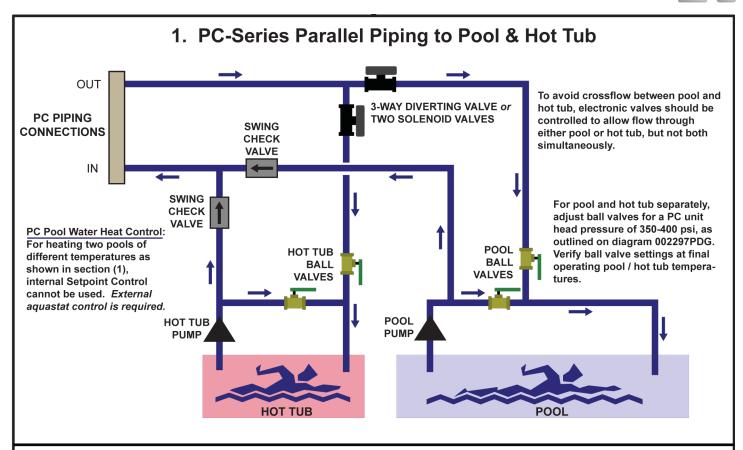
Pool Water Flow Rate Adjustment Procedure:

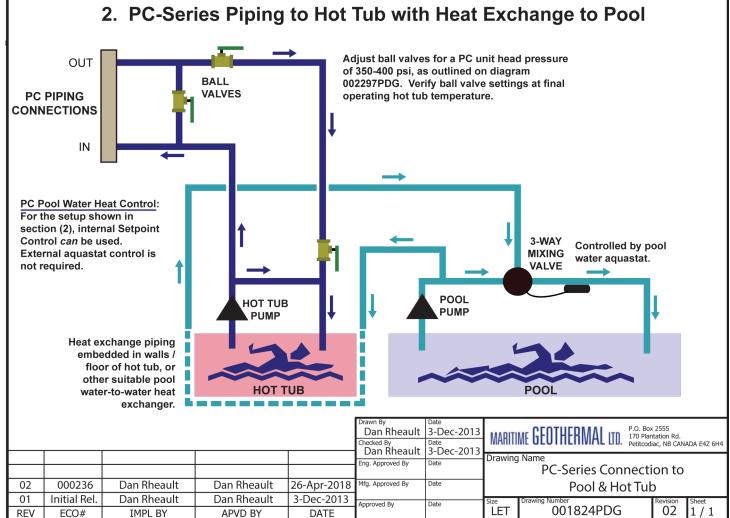
- 1. Open ball valves 1 and 2. Start pool pump and start PC unit in pool water heating mode.
- 2. Adjust ball valves 1 and 2 so high pressure (HPS) shown on LCD display is 350-400 psi:
 - If HPS is **low** (flow rate through PC is too high), adjust **ball valve 2**.
 - If HPS is **high** (flow rate through PC is too low), adjust **ball valve 1**.
- 3. When pool water reaches setpoint temperature, repeat above procedure. If pool water was very cold to start with, multiple adjustments may be required to avoid high pressure safety control trips as pool water warms up.

There are multiple valid connection methods or details which differ from those shown, including:

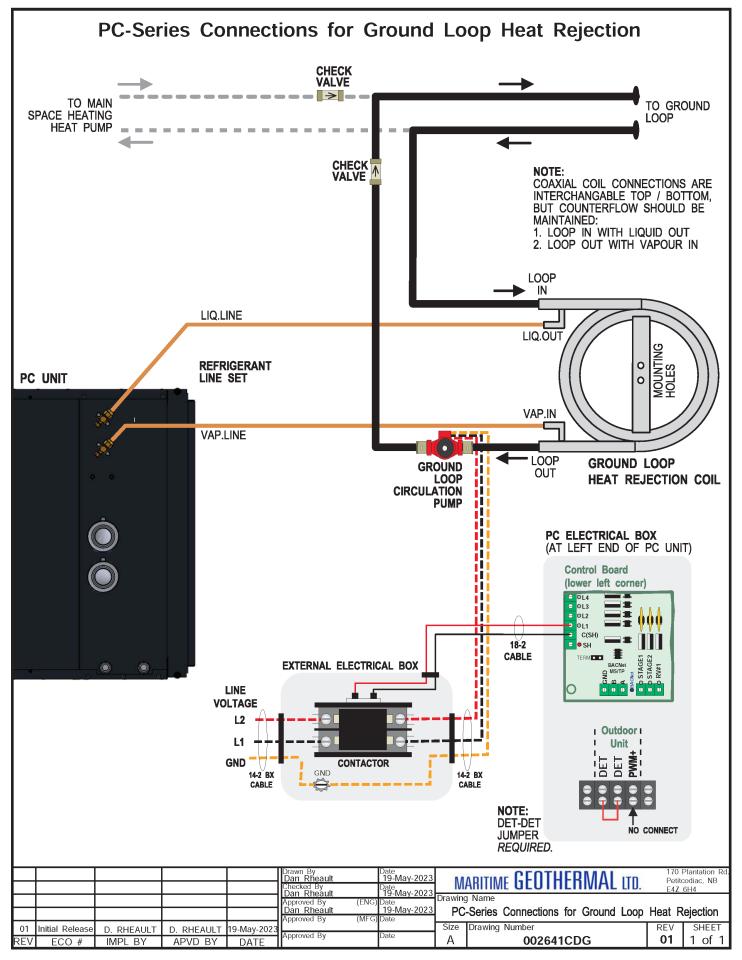
- supply duct on the end/side or top of the PC unit, as factory options
- piping routed differently from that shown, or different piping & component types.
- use of well water to reject heat to rather than an outdoor condenser.

					Dan Rheault Checked By	3-Apr-2018	MARITIME GEOTHERMAL LTD. P.O. Box 2555 170 Plantation Rd. Petitodiac, NB CANADA 642 6H-
\vdash					Dan Rheault	3-Apr-2018	
\vdash					Eng. Approved By	Date	Typical Loop Connections -
02	000271	Dan Rheault	Dan Rheault	6-Mar-2019	Mfg. Approved By	Date	-
					ing. Approved by	Dute	PC Series
01	Initial Rel.	Dan Rheault	Dan Rheault	3-Apr-2018	Approved By	Date	Size Drawing Number Revision Sheet
REV	ECO#	IMPL BY	APVD BY	DATE			LET 002297PDG 02 1/1

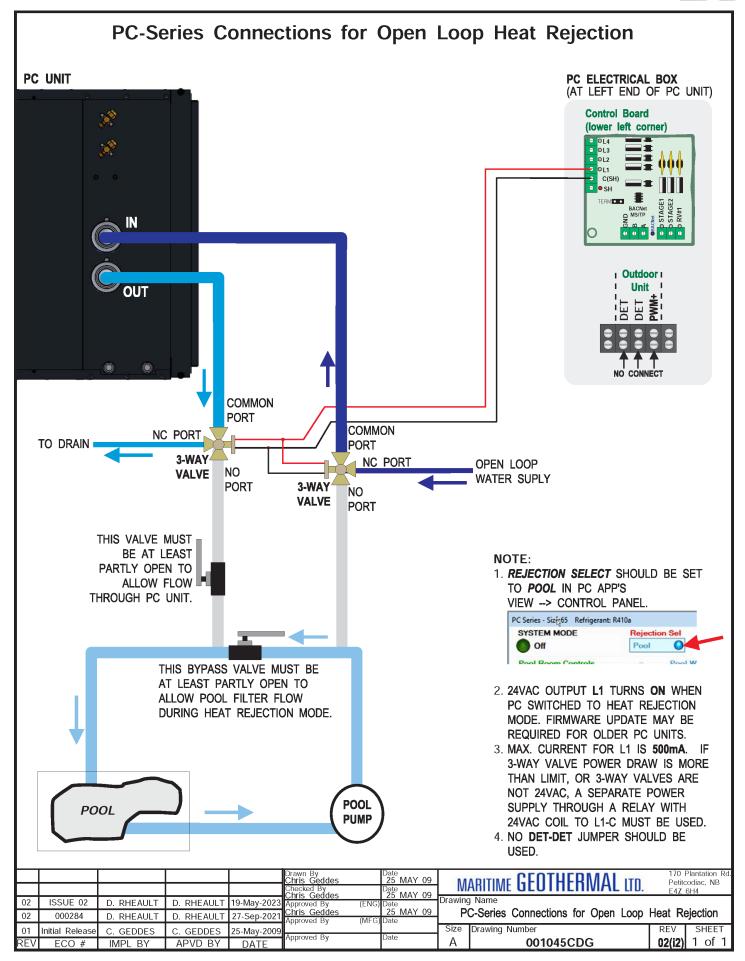












Ductwork

Duct Systems - General

The duct system should be constructed of standard galvanized sheet metal, such as would be used for a typical residential heating system. All joints should be sealed with an approved duct sealant to ensure there are no leaks in the system.

A duct system capable of supplying the required air flow is of utmost importance. Maritime Geothermal Ltd. recommends that the static pressure be kept below 0.2 inches of water total.

It is **VERY IMPORTANT** that all turns in both the supply trunks and the return trunks be made with **TURNING RADII**. Air acts like a fluid and, just like water, pressure drop is increased when air is forced to change direction rapidly around a sharp or irregular corner.

It is recommended that flexible collars be used to connect the main trunks to the unit. This helps prevent any vibrations from travelling down the ductwork.

The first 5-10 feet of the main supply trunks may be insulated with acoustical duct insulation to further inhibit any noise from the unit from travelling down the ductwork.

Supply Duct System

The care and attention devoted to setting up the air distribution system can make or break any indoor pool conditioning system. Important factors to consider are:

- Sufficient air must be moved within the pool enclosure to satisfy the requirements of both the occupants of the room and the pool conditioner, with maximum flow directed over the outside windows and doors and minimum flow directly over the exposed surface of the pool itself.
- 2) To prevent air stagnation and stratification the system must provide at least 4 to 8 room air changes per hour.
- 3) The PC unit supply air ductwork must be adequately sized to handle 1200 to 2400 cfm of air (depending on the model size) with no more than 0.20" H₂O of external static pressure. See following table for a duct sizing guide that can be used to select adequate duct sizes.
- 4) An in-floor duct system is usually the most effective method of supplying air to the room (see following diagram). Distribution of the conditioned air will be most effective if the air is released from the floor and allowed to rise upwards over the glass surfaces. It is important to try and blanket the entire surface of glass windows and metal doors with a film of dry air from the pool conditioner to prevent accumulation of condensation at the corners or bottom of the glass. If a ceiling ducted system is chosen, then the supply air should be of sufficient velocity to ensure that air flows over the glass all the way down to the bottom of the window.
- Long, narrow supply grills should be placed under all glass areas exposed to outside temperatures for optimum operation.
- 6) Additional care should be taken to ensure that airflow is not directed across the pool surface since moisture loss from the pool water will be greatly increased under these conditions.
- 7) If a floor distribution system is not possible then ceiling ducts should be positioned to blow down over the exposed glassed areas of the room perimeter. It may be necessary to increase the airflow using the PC App to accomplish the more difficult task of forcing the air exiting the supply ducts down over the glass.

Return Duct System

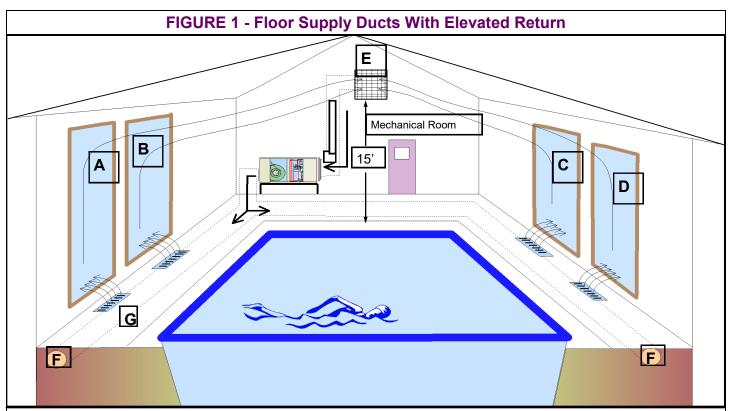
The air inlet of the return duct system should ideally be placed 10 to 15 ft above the pool level. Placing this duct inlet in an elevated position will ensure that air travels in an upward fashion if it is introduced from the floor. An airflow pattern which causes minimum airflow across the pool surface should be used to minimize evaporation from the pool surface. Large volumes of air travelling near the pool surface can also cause swimmers to feel cold whenever they emerge from the water.

Plenum Heater

As mentioned in previous sections, a plenum heater should be installed to provide pool room air auxiliary heat.

The plenum heater should be mounted in the supply duct in a manner that allows all or most of the airflow to pass through it to prevent any hot spots in the heater elements. If the elements overheat due to experiencing low airflow, they will shut down on thermal overload controls in the plenum heater, and sporadic operation resulting in low heat output will occur.

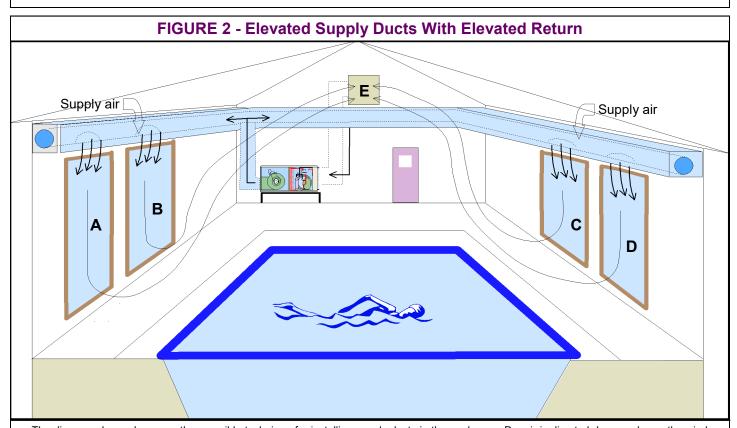
The plenum heater should be placed downstream of the flex collar as shown in diagram **002297PDG**, or at least 12" away from the flex collar if placed upstream. Duct insulation should not be placed within 12" of the heater elements.



The diagram above shows a common technique for installing supply ducts in the pool room. Dry air is directed upward over the windows A, B, C and D. As the air picks up moisture from the pool room, it is drawn towards the return air grill E where it re-enters the pool conditioner. Air is released over the glass and drawn to the return air grill of the PC with as little travel as possible over the pool surface.

Supply ducts "F" are located below the concrete pool decking and insulated with waterproof closed cell or styrofoam insulation so that the air at each supply grill is at approximately the same temperature.

Floor diffusers "G" should be placed close to the windows and be wide enough to direct air over the entire glass surface to ensure that no condensation occurs in corners or on the lower levels of the glass.



The diagram above shows another possible technique for installing supply ducts in the pool room. Dry air is directed downward over the windows A, B, C and D. As the air picks up moisture from the pool room it is drawn towards the return air grill E where it re-enters the pool conditioner. In each case air is released over the glass and drawn to the return air grill of the PC with as little travel as possible over the pool surface.

TABLE 17 - Duct Sizing Guide (external static of 0.20" H₂O)										
Airflow (cfm)	Minimum Duct Area (sq.in)	Diameter (in)		Rectangular Equivalents (in)					Return Air Diameter (in)	Airflow (L/s)
37	20	5	2.25 x 10	3 x 8	3.5 x 6	4 x 5.5	5 x 5	•	← 5	17
63	20	5	2.25 x 10	3 x 8	3.5 x 6	4 x 5.5	5 x 5		/ - 6	30
100	28	6	3.25 x 10	4 x 8	5 x 6	5.5 x 5.5	6 x 6		7	47
152	38	7	3.25 x 14	4 x 11	5 x 8.5	6 x 7	6.5 x 6.5		8	72
212	50	8	4 x 15	5 x 12	6 x 10	7 x 8	8 x 8		- 9	100
226	50	8	4 x 15	5 x 12	6 x 10	7 x 8	8 x 8		/_ 10	107
277	64	9	5 x 15	6 x 12	7 x 10	8 x 9	8.5 x 8.5			131
304	64	9	5 x 15	6 x 12	7 x 10	8 x 9	8.5 x 8.5		/ _ 12	143
393	79	10	6 x 15	7 x 13	8 x 11	9 x 10	9.5 x 9.5		12	185
411	113	12	7 x 18	8 x 16	9 x 14	10 x 12	11 x 11		12	194
655	113	12	7 x 18	8 x 16	9 x 14	10 x 12	11 x 11		/ 14	309
680	154	14	8 x 22	9 x 19	10 x 17	11 x 15	12 x 14	13 x 13	14	321
995	154	14	8 x 22	9 x 19	10 x 17	11 x 15	12 x 14	13 x 13	/ 16	470
1325	201	16	8 x 30	10 x 22	12 x 18	14 x 16	15 x 15		— 18	625
1450	201	16	8 x 30	10 x 22	12 x 18	14 x 16	15 x 15		/ - 20	684
1750	254	18	8 x 40	10 x 30	12 x 24	14 x 20	16 x 17	16.5 x 16.5	- 20	826
2000	254	18	8 x 40	10 x 30	12 x 24	14 x 20	16 x 17	16.5 x 16.5	/ / 22	944
2250	314	20	10 x 38	12 x 30	14 x 26	16 x 22	18 x 19	18.5 x 18.5	→	1062
2600	314	20	10 x 38	12 x 30	14 x 26	16 x 22	18 x 19	18.5 x 18.5	— 24	1227
2900	380	22	12 x 36	14 x 30	16 x 26	18 x 23	20 x 20		← 24	1369
3400	380	22	12 x 36	14 x 30	16 x 26	18 x 23	20 x 20			1605
3600	452	24	14 x 38	16 x 32	18 x 28	20 x 25	22 x 22		— 26	1699
4300	452	24	14 x 38	16 x 32	18 x 28	20 x 25	22 x 22		/ 28	2029
5250	531	26	16 x 38	18 x 32	20 x 30	22 x 24	24 x 24		→ //- 30	2478
6125	616	28	18 x 38	20 x 34	22 x 30	24 x 28	26 x 26		←	2891
6500	616	28	18 x 38	20 x 34	22 x 30	24 x 28	26 x 26		→	3068
7250	707	30	20 x 40	22 x 38	24 x 32	26 x 30	28 x 28		/ 34	3422
7800	707	30	20 x 40	22 x 38	24 x 32	26 x 30	28 x 28		→	3681
8500	804	32	22 x 40	24 x 38	26 x 34	28 x 32	30 x 30		– 36	4012
9200	804	32	22 x 40	24 x 38	26 x 34	28 x 32	30 x 30		38	4342
9800	908	34	24 x 42	25 x 40	26 x 38	28 x 34	30 x 32	31 x 31	_38	4625
10900	908	34	24 x 42	25 x 40	26 x 38	28 x 34	30 x 32	31 x 31	40	5144
			28 x 40	30 x 36	32 x 34	33 x 33			→ //	
			30 x 42	32 x 38	34 x 36	35 x 35				
			30 x 45	34 x 40	36 x 38	37 x 37			—	

Heat Rejection Line Set

AC2 Outdoor Unit / Ground Loop Coil

As mentioned earlier, there are two different devices requiring a refrigeration line set which can be connected for heat rejection to perform air conditioning: an accessory AC2-series outdoor unit, or a ground loop heat exchanger / water coil (with ground loop circulator). The line set is connected in the same way for both devices.

Note that no refrigeration line set is required if not using any external heat rejection method, or if rejecting heat to open loop well water.

Line Set Interconnect Tubing

Once both the indoor and outdoor unit (or ground loop coil) have been mounted, the line set may be run between them. Both lines of the interconnecting tubing are **1/2" OD**; outgoing line is hot discharge gas from compressor, and the return line to PC unit is liquid refrigerant.

The tubing used for this procedure must be ACR refrigeration tubing (cleaned & dehydrated). Every effort must be made to insure that the tubing does not become contaminated during installation. It is recommended that caps be placed on the open ends of tubing immediately after cuts are made and that these caps are only removed after all bends have been made and the pipe fixed in its permanent location ready to make the silver soldered joints. It is very important to keep a refrigeration system perfectly clean and dry. Removing the caps just prior to silver soldering or flaring will ensure minimum exposure to humidity in the atmosphere.

TABLE 18a - Line Set Sizing					
ALL MODEL	Vapour line O.D.	1/2"			
SIZES	Liquid line O.D.	1/2"			



IMPORTANT NOTE: The line set between the indoor and outdoor units must not exceed 70 ft. (21 m) in length.

Indoor Unit Connections

The indoor unit connections for the line set are 3-way brass service valves with flare connections. After the line set is installed, the tubing can be vacuumed through the Schrader charging port on the 3-way valve, then the valve opened to let refrigerant contained in the indoor unit into the line set and outdoor unit.

The indoor unit comes pre-charged with enough refrigerant for a 20 ft. (6.1 m) line set. Longer line sets will require added charge; see next page.

Copper flare to solder adapters are included with the indoor unit, to remove the requirement to do an accurate flare in the field. These are shipped along with the mounting feet for the outdoor unit near the compressor in the indoor unit.

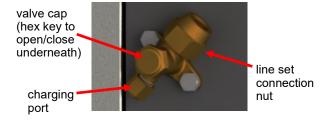


TABLE 18b - 3-way Service Valve Tooling						
Size	Line set connection nut wrench	Hex key to open/ close	Valve cap wrench	Charging port cap wrench		
1/2"	24 mm <i>(1")</i>	5 mm (3/16")	19 mm <i>(3/4")</i>	14 mm (9/16")		

TABLE	TABLE 18c - 3-way Service Valve Torques						
Size	Line set connection nut torque	Hex key torque	Valve cap torque	Charging port cap torque			
1/2"	40-45 N.m (30-33 ft.lb)	7-9 N.m (5-7 ft.lb)	25-30 N.m (18-22 ft.lb)	10-12 N.m (7-9 ft.lb)			

Outdoor Unit Connections

The outdoor unit has capped off (soldered) pipes from the factory and is charged with 15 - 25 psig of nitrogen. Remove the side cover from the outdoor unit so that the piping is accessible.

See earlier diagram **002297PDG** for illustration of a typical installation.

Oil Traps

If the line set has a vertical rise of over 20 ft (6 m), then an oil trap must be placed in the line set every 20 ft (6 m) of rise as shown in diagram.

Filter-Dryer

Note that **no field installed filter-dryer is required**, since one is included in the indoor unit.

Pipe Insulation

All line set piping between the indoor and outdoor units should be insulated with 3/8" thick closed cell pipe insulation to prevent heat transfer to or from the lines. It can be slid onto the capped tubing without having to slice it down the side for the most part. Ensure that any joints in in the line sets are accessible for leak testing.

Silver Soldering Line Sets

All joints are to be silver soldered with 5% silver solder. It is absolutely required that dry nitrogen be bled through the system during all silver soldering procedures so that no oxidation occurs on the inside of the copper tubing. Connect a set of refrigeration gauges to the service ports (Schrader ports) on the access valves of the indoor unit, the low side (blue hose) to the vapour line and the high side (red hose) to the liquid line. Connect the charge line (yellow hose) to a nitrogen source. Disconnect the high side (red) hose at the manifold so that nitrogen may flow freely though the line set. Adjust the nitrogen pressure through the low side (blue hose) so that it can be very lightly felt when a finger is placed on the disconnected high side (red) hose.

A wet rag may be wrapped around each of the outdoor unit ports to prevent melting the grommet when silver soldering; however this should not be necessary due to the distance from the grommet. Ensure that no water enters any of the ports or tubing.

Pressure Testing

Once all connections are complete, the system should be pressure tested to a final test pressure of **125 psig (860 kPa)** with dry nitrogen. Reconnect the high side (red) hose to the manifold and pressurize the line set. It is recommended to pressure test in stages, listening and inspecting for leaks along the way. For example, 10 psig (70 kPa), 25 psig (170kPa), 75 psig (520kPa) and then finally 125PSIG (860kPa). Check all joints at the unit and any made in the interconnect tubing for leaks using soap suds, Spray Nine, etc. It is important not to bypass this step as vacuuming the system with a leak will be impossible and attempting to do so will introduce moisture into the system, making the vacuum process take much longer than if the leak had been found and repaired first. It is recommended that the system be left under pressure for a minimum of two hours to ensure there are no small leaks that were undetected.

Vacuuming the System

Remove the pressure from the system and connect the vacuum pump to the charge line (yellow hose) of the refrigeration manifold. Tighten all hose connections, open the valves on the manifold and start the vacuum pump.

Vacuum the system until the reading on an electronic vacuum gauge remains below 500 microns for a period of 5 minutes after the vacuum pump is shut off and the system sealed

Charging the System

The indoor unit is pre-charged for line sets up to 20 ft long. Once the system has been vacuumed, if extra refrigerant is required due to the length of the line set, it may be added before opening the access valves. Close off the charge valve on the refrigeration manifold set and disconnect the vacuum pump. Connect the charge (yellow) hose to the **liquid port** of a refrigerant tank and place the tank on a scale. Open the liquid valve of the refrigerant tank and then slightly loosen the charge (yellow) hose at the manifold until liquid comes out, then quickly re-tighten the hose. This will ensure that no air enters the system. Zero the scale and then add the calculated amount of refrigerant from the tables to the right.

Once the additional charge (if any) has been added, disconnect both hoses from the service ports of the access valves and place the caps back on them, tighten with a wrench.

Remove the caps from the access valves and open both valves with a hex key. Open the valves (counter-clockwise) until they stop turning. Replace the caps and tighten with a wrench.

The system is now ready for startup. Clean up the area, install all access panels except the one which gives access to the electrical box. Proceed to the Startup Section of the manual before turning the power on to the unit.

TABLE 19 - Extra Charge Required				
Extra charge required for line sets >20 ft (6 m)				
1.1 oz per ft	0.10 kg per m			

TABLE 20 - Extra Charge Chart					
Total Line set (ft)	Extra Charge (oz)	Extra Charge (lb)	Extra Charge (kg)		
22	2	0.1	0.06		
24	4	0.3	0.12		
26	7	0.4	0.19		
28	9	0.6	0.25		
30	11	0.7	0.31		
32	13	0.8	0.37		
34	15	1.0	0.44		
36	18	1.1	0.50		
38	20	1.2	0.56		
40	22	1.4	0.62		
42	24	1.5	0.69		
44	26	1.7	0.75		
46	29	1.8	0.81		
48	31	1.9	0.87		
50	33	2.1	0.94		
52	35	2.2	1.00		
54	37	2.3	1.06		
56	40	2.5	1.12		
58	42	2.6	1.19		
60	44	2.8	1.25		
62	46	2.9	1.31		
64	48	3.0	1.37		
66	51	3.2	1.43		
68	53	3.3	1.50		
70	55	3.4	1.56		
72	57	3.6	1.62		
74	59	3.7	1.68		

go to TABLE OF CONTENTS

Operation

BACnet Control

If controlling the system via the BACnet interface, skip the entire **Operation** section. In this case, demands for dehumidification, air heating, air cooling, and pool water heating will come from the building control system. The supplied air thermostat should not be installed, and internal Setpoint Control for pool water temperature will not be active.

See the **BACnet Interface** section later in this manual for network specification and BACnet object names.

Air Thermostat Operation

Whenever the PC unit is powered up, the thermostat will measure the room air temperature and relative humidity (RH), and alternate between the two values on the LCD interface.

- The first SCROLL button press will display the air temperature setpoint on the LCD. Press the up or down arrow buttons to adjust the setpoint.
- The second SCROLL button press will display the auxiliary air temperature (plenum heater) setpoint on the LCD. "HEAT" indicator will be displayed. Setpoint may be adjusted with the arrow buttons.
- The third SCROLL button press will display the RH setpoint. "RH" indicator will be displayed. Setpoint may be adjusted with the arrow buttons.
- The fourth SCROLL button press brings back the alternating temperature/RH display.



FIGURE 3: BAPI STAT4 Air Thermostat

NOTE:

If air thermostat is just displaying temperature instead of alternating temperature/RH, see the following *Air Thermostat Setup*.

Air Thermostat Placement

The communicating air thermostat should be placed in the pool room in an accessible location, at least 48 inches above floor level.

This is to be sure the sensor is not subjected to chloramides, which can form closer to floor level if pool room chemistry becomes unbalanced. Chloramides can lead to rapid failure of the sensor inside the thermostat, necessitating sensor replacement. See **Repair Procedures** chapter for replacement of sensor.

Air Thermostat Setup

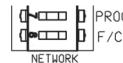
The thermostat should come pre-configured from factory to operate as described. If an unconfigured thermostat is received, it should be set up as follows:

- Remove cover and set DIP switch #7 (PROG) to ON.
- Use the arrow buttons to advance through the list of P settings in the following table. Push the SCROLL button to select a P value to change.
- Use the arrow buttons to adjust the value, e.g. for P6 change "T" to "rHt". Push the SCROLL button to enter.
- To exit Program Mode, set DIP switch #7 back to OFF.

Then start the PC App and press the **CONFIGURE BA-PISTAT4** button as shown on next page to write the rest of the configuration values to the thermostat.

TABL	TABLE 21 - BAPI STAT4 Settings						
Menu	Title	Default	Change to				
P1	Unit Address Offset	0					
P2	Temperature Setpoint Low Limit	60°F	50°F				
Р3	Temperature Setpoint High Limit	80°F	90°F				
P4	Humidity Setpoint Low limit	0%	30%				
P5	Humidity Setpoint High Limit	100%	90%				
P6	LCD Mode	Т	rHt				
P7	LCD Resolution	0.1 (01)					
P8	LCD Cycle Rate	5					
P9	Temperature Offset Adjustment	0.0					
P10	Humidity Offset Adjustment	0.0					
P11	Baud	57,600 (576)	192,000 (192)				
P12	Stop	1					
P13	Parity	None					
P14	Firmware Version						

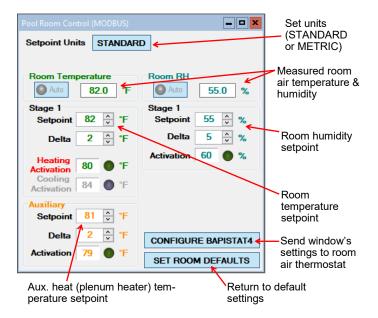
Note that there is a dip switch inside the thermostat to select between °C and °F:



Changing Air Setpoints Using PC App

The air setpoints can also be changed through the free PC App software, as shown below. This requires a laptop connected via USB cord to the control board; see the PC Application (PC App) section for more details.

Go to View-->Pool Room Control (MODBUS) to bring up the window below. Once settings are adjusted in PC App, be sure to press the CONFIGURE BAPISTAT4 button to write the new values to the thermostat.



The recommended Stage 1 Setpoint of 82°F and Delta of 2°F are shown. This is 2°F higher than the pool water setpoint, which will minimize evaporation rate from the pool, as described in the PC Sizing section. The recommended Auxiliary Setpoint is 81°F with a Delta of 2°F, so that the air temperature does not fall much below the pool temperature in cold weather when the plenum heater may be doing most of the air heating.

With these setpoints, air heating demand will be activated if the air temperature drops below 80°F, and will persist until the air warms up to 82°F. (Air Reheat mode, like the other modes, will only actually come on according to the demand table in the first section of this manual.) If the air temperature continues to drop to 79°F, the plenum heater will come on and stay on until the temperature rises to 81°F; plenum heater operation does not depend on the other demands or operating modes.

Also, with the setpoints shown and if presence of an AC2 outdoor unit is detected, when air temperature exceeds 84°F air cooling demand will be activated, and persist until air temperature falls to 82°F.

Pool Water Temperature Control (PC-T only)

One of the features of the PC's GEN2 Control Board is built in aquastat functionality known as "Setpoint Control". This is an internal routine to sample the pool water temperature to determine if pool heat is required; water temperature is measured using a sensor in a well in the internal PVC piping. The pool pump is turned on at regular intervals to refresh the water temperature (if the system is set up for the PC unit to have control of the pump). If the PC unit has control of the pool pump and sampling is not desired, there is the option to use an external accessory temperature sensor.

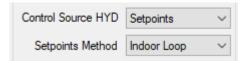
There is also provision to connect an external aquastat or controller instead of using this routine, for example if two pools of two different temperatures are being heated.

1. Pool Water: Setpoint Control

It is recommended that this method be used to control the PC system's pool water heat demand since it eliminates the need for an external temperature sensor or aquastat.

There are two options for Setpoint Control, Indoor Loop (ICR) method and HTS/CTS method.

Setpoint Control Method 1 - Indoor Loop (ICR)

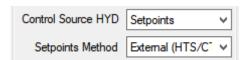


This is the default method and uses the Indoor OUT temperature probe inside the unit (actually located on the IN pipe) for control. Its value is displayed in the **Pool Water Temperature** box on the PC App's **View-->Pool Water Setpoints** window. If this temperature shows **NC**, then either the probe is not connected to the board or there is a problem with it.

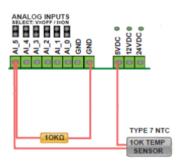
Unless the pool pump is set up to run continuously, the PC unit will cycle the pool pump on and off when the unit is not in pool heat mode, in order to sample the water temperature. When pool heat mode ends, the pool pump will continue to run for 30 seconds. It will then cycle with an OFF time and ON time as set by the Set ICR Sampling popup which appears when SET is clicked on the View-->Pool Water Setpoints window. The timer counts downs the timer remaining before the next switch between ON/OFF. The Pool Circulator indicator will indicate when the circulator is ON, OFF or SAMPLING. The default sampling times are 2 minutes ON and 6 minutes OFF. The LCD interface will indicate when the ICR is sampling (ON) as well. The Timer Override button will reduce the countdown timer to 10 seconds.

See the next column, and also the PC Application (PC App) section for full screenshots of the various windows.

Setpoint Control Method 2 - External HTS/CTS



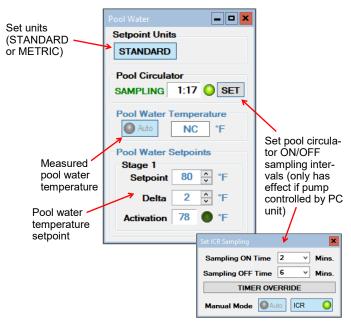
When this method is used, no pool pump control for temperature sampling will occur. It requires an external temperature sensor placed in a dry well in the pool water. Its value is displayed in the **Pool Water Temperature** box on the PC App's **View-->Pool Water Setpoints** screen. If this temperature shows **NC**, then either the probe is not connected to the board or there is a problem with it.



Search for any topic: CTRL

A 10K Type 7 (or Type 3) NTC thermistor along with a 10K 1% or better resistor must be connected to the control board in order to use the External HTS/CTS method. Connect the sensor to the Al_5 input as shown above and on the wiring diagram (SCH) in the **Model Specific Information** section. Remove the Al_5 jumper on the control board.

For both setpoint control methods, pool water setpoint is controlled through the LCD interface or PC App (View-->Pool Water Setpoints).



The recommended Setpoint of **80°F** and Delta of **2°F** are shown. This is 2°F less than the air setpoint, which will minimize evaporation rate from the pool, as described in the **PC Sizing** section.

With these setpoints, pool water heating will be called for if the pool water temperature drops below 78°F, and will persist until the pool water temperature rises to 80°F.

2. Pool Water: Signals Control

In this control method, pool water heat demand comes from an external device, like an aquastat, combination of aquastats, or other controller with a dry contact that relays a 24VAC signal.



The wiring connections are at the top right of the PC's control board, on the screw terminal connector section marked **AQUASTAT**. This is shown on the wiring (SCH) diagram in the **Model Specific Information** section. The external device needs to send the 24VAC signal from RA back to the Y1A terminal to call for pool water heating. C is the common or ground terminal for powering the external device.

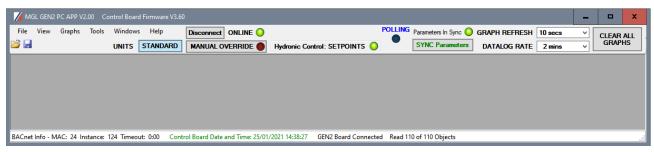
PC Application (PC App)

NOTE: Before using the PC Application, refer to **Appendices** for installation instructions for the PC Application and USB driver for the COM port. Both must be installed in order to run the PC App and communicate with the control board.

Connect a USB cable between the PC and the control board USB connector located at the bottom center of the board. Use the Windows Start menu to launch the PC App. You should see a screen similar to the one below. The revision of the PC APP is shown in the top left corner of the screen. Click the *Connect* button to begin communications with the control board.



Once connected, the menus and buttons will become accessible, the number of Objects available and Read should appear (they should be the same) and the Polling LED will begin to flash. The PC time and date will appear at the bottom left corner of the screen. Clicking on "Control Board Date and Time" will display the current control board date and time. If the date and time need to be adjusted, click on menu *Tools—>Set Date and Time*. The control board date and time will be set to that of the PC.



PC Application Menus

The following pages describe the PC APP's menus in detail. There are six menus: File, View, Graphs, Tools, Windows, Help.

File Menu: This menu handles page arrangements. If one or multiple pages are open and arranged as desired for viewing, this page arrangement may be saved and re-used the next time the PC APP is used.

File-->Open: Opens a saved page arrangement.
File-->Save: Saves the current page arrangement.

File-->Exit: Exits the PC Application.

Windows Menu: This menu is used to arrange windows (pages), or to bring a particular window to the front.

Windows-->Cascade:
Windows-->Tile Vertical:

Arranges windows one in front of the other each with a small right and down offset from the last.

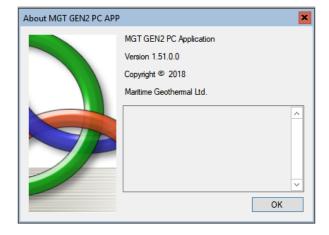
Arranges windows side by side, stretching them fully from top to bottom.

Windows-->Tile Horizontal: Arranges windows up and down, stretching them fully from left to right

Windows-->Close All: Closes all open windows.

Help Menu: This shows information about the PC Application.

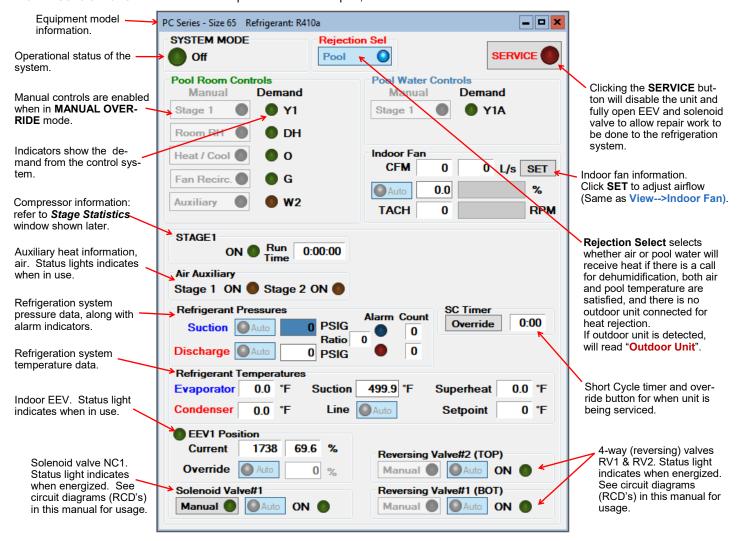
Help-->About: Displays the window shown to the right.



View Menu:

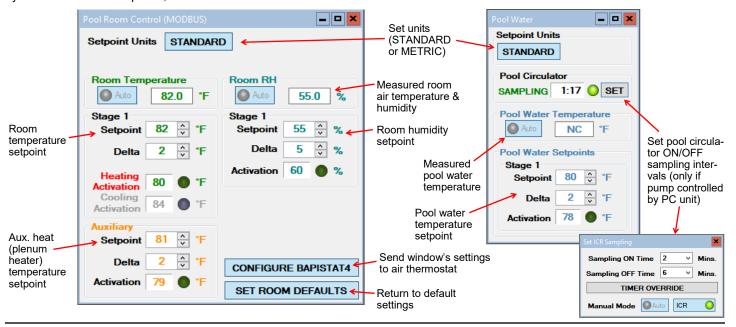
This menu handles all of the operational viewing screens. Clicking on the View submenus will open the page in the PC APP's frame.

View-->Control Panel: The main control panel window will open, shown below.



View-->Pool Room Control (MODBUS): Air temperature & humidity measurements & setpoints, from the air thermostat.

View-->Pool Water Setpoints: Pool water temperature and setpoint, for internal Setpoint Control routine.



View-->Alarms, Limits and Faults

The alarms page has four tabs:

- 1. ALARMS Current alarm status, alarm count, high and low refrigeration alarm cutout values, and short cycle timer.
- ALARMS LIST List of alarms that have occurred since the PC APP has been operating (this will be lost when the PC is disconnected from the control board.)
- 3. **LIMITS** Limits in effect which prevent compressor operation but that do not cause an alarm.
- FAULTS List of board hardware faults.

View-->Alarms, Limits and Faults (ALARMS Tab):

NOTE: Greyed out Alarms in the PC APP are not applicable to the system setup and are not monitored by the control board. NOTE: Refer to Alarms and Faults screenshot below to see which alarms have a count.

Alarms without a count: These alarms only occur one time at which point they immediately create a Permanent Alarm.

Alarms with a count: When an alarm occurs the compressor will stop, the alarm count will increase and the Short Cycle Timer

will start. When the **SC Timer** expires the compressor will re-start. If no further alarms occur within **Count Reduce Time**, the alarm count will be reduced by 1. If another alarm occurs within **Count Reduce Time** (see **Configuration Page**) the count will increase by 1. If alarms continue to occur, when the

alarm count reaches the Maximum Count value a Permanent Alarm will occur.

Master Alarm: This alarm occurs when any permanent alarm occurs. It is used to simply indicate that there is an alarm.

Permanent Alarm: The compressor will be locked out until the Permanent Alarm is manually reset either by cycling the

power or clicking on the RESET button

Low Pressure: A low pressure alarm occurs when the suction pressure drops to or below the Low Pressure Cutout

value. The low pressure is checked just before a compressor start; if it is OK the compressor will start, otherwise an alarm will occur. When the compressor starts, low pressure alarm will be ignored for the number of seconds that *Low Pressure Ignore* is set to, after which the low pressure alarm will be re-enabled. This allows a dip in suction pressure below the cutout point during startup without causing a

nuisance alarm.

High Pressure: A high pressure alarm occurs when the discharge pressure rises to or above the High Pressure Cutout

Value.

Compressor Monitor: This alarm occurs when compressor protection module sends a fault signal to control board, generally due

to compressor windings overheating. (PC models do not have compressor protection modules.)

Compressor Status: This alarm occurs when there is current draw on the compressor but no call for the compressor to be on

(i.e. welded contactor) or when there is call for the compressor to be on but there is no compressor current draw (i.e. manual high pressure control is open or contactor failure). Requires current sensor accessory.

Phase Monitor: This alarm occurs when the Phase Monitor detects a fault condition and sends a fault signal to the control

board. For three phase units only and requires Phase Monitor accessory.

Low Charge / EEV: This alarm occurs if the EEV has been at >99% for 20 minutes within first hour of a cycle.

Loss of Charge (LOC): This alarm occurs if both the low pressure and high pressure sensors are below 30 psig (207kPa).

Condensate Drain: Condensate overflow sensor has detected overflow (only if equipped with sensor).

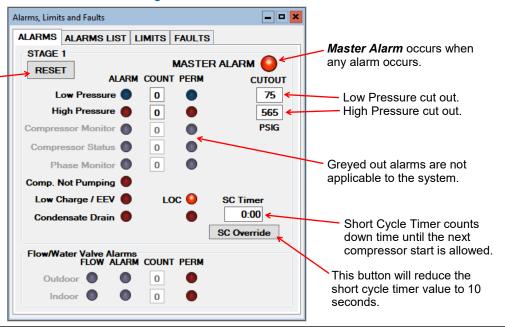
Go the Alarms Troubleshooting section of the Troubleshooting section of the manual to address alarm issues.

This button will erase all alarms and alarm counters, including a permanent alarm.

WARNING: Repeated



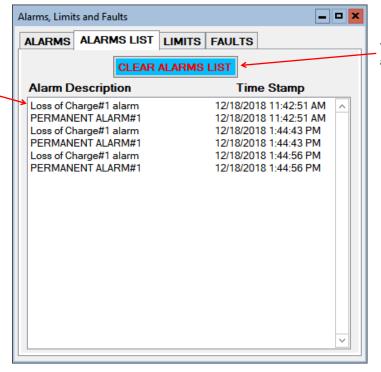
resets can freeze and rupture heat exchangers, ruining the unit and voiding the warranty. The source of the alarm should be determined before resetting the unit if possible or during operation after a reset.



View-->Alarms, Limits and Faults (ALARMS LIST Tab):

This tab show a history of alarms that have occurred since the PC APP was connected to the control board. This list will be lost when the PC APP is disconnected.

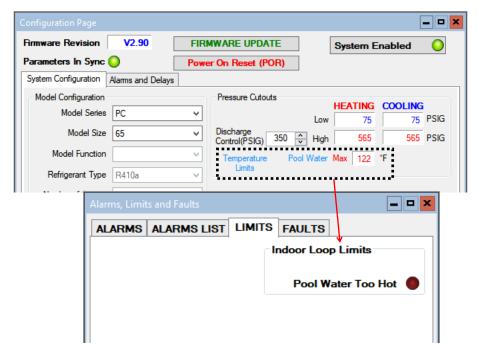
Each alarm that occurs while the PC APP is connected to the control board will appear here. The alarm type and a time stamp will be shown. The alarms list will be erased when the PC APP is disconnected from the control board.



This button will erase the alarm events in the Alarm List.

View-->Alarms, Limits and Faults (LIMITS Tab):

This tab shows temperatures that are out of limits but have not caused an alarm. These limits are shown on the **Tools-->Configuration** page.



View-->Alarms, Limits and Faults (FAULTS tab):

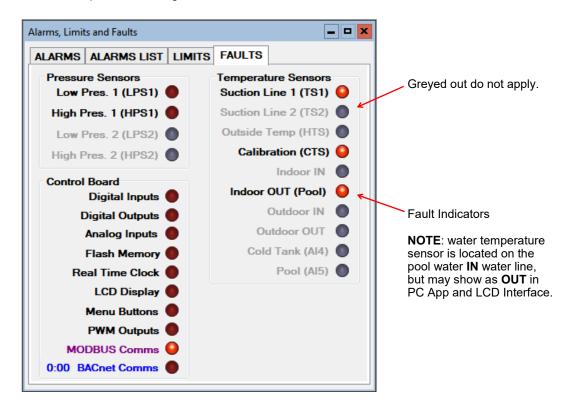
This tab shows hardware faults that could occur. If one of these faults occurs there may be a problem with the control board hardware, with LCD Display and buttons, or with a sensor.

If a fault occurs, some things to try:

- Turn the power to the unit off for 20 seconds and then back on again.
- Use the menu item *Tools-->Reset to Factory Defaults*. If this clears the fault then the system configuration will have to be set up again.
- For LCD Display or Menu Button faults, turn off the power, disconnect and reconnect the cable between the LCD display board and the control board, then turn the power back on again.

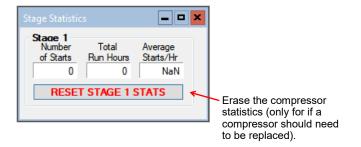
If the fault persists then there is most likely a hardware problem, and the sensor, control board, or LCD display board will need to be replaced.

IMPORTANT NOTE: If the Indoor OUT (I_OUT) probe is faulty or disconnected, pool heating will not operate if using Setpoint Control. It will continue to operate under Signals or BACnet control.



View-->Stage Stats:

The compressor information: number of starts, run hours and starts per hour.



View-->Set Auxiliary Delays:

Sets the delay before auxiliary air heat (plenum heater) is engaged on a stage 1 (compressor) demand.

Set to "0" for no auxiliary heat engaged on a compressoronly demand from control system.



View-->Indoor Fan

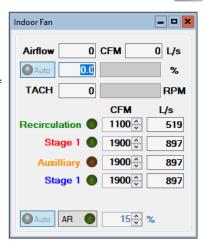
Shows the settings screen for the indoor fan/blower. Airflow may be adjusted up or down by the user within the allowed range. See **Indoor Airflow Data** section in the **Model Specific Information** chapter for airflow ranges.

NOTE: This screen may also be accessed from the **SET** button of the **Indoor Fan** section of the **Control Panel** screen.

View-->Digital Inputs

Shows the digital inputs and their individual status (ON/OFF). They may be individually controlled when in Manual Override Mode in order to facilitate troubleshooting.





View-->Digital Outputs

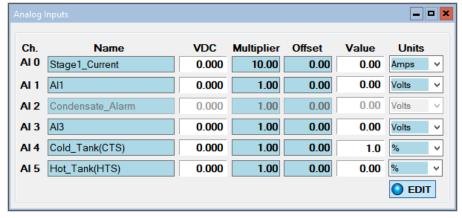
Shows the digital outputs and their individual status (ON/OFF). They may be individually controlled when in Manual Override Mode in order to facilitate troubleshooting.



View-->Analog Inputs

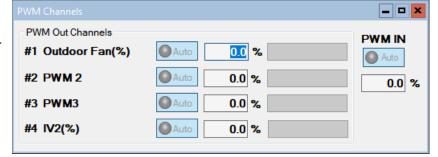
Shows the Analog inputs and their individual settings and values.

Click on the *EDIT* button to modify the blue boxes (button will now say *SAVE*). For each channel a name may be selected (up to 16 characters), and the multiplier and Offset values may be set to accommodate the connected sensor scaling. Signals may be 4-20mA (channel jumper on board ON) or 0-10VDC (channel jumper on board OFF). A variety of units are also available for selection of common measurement types. Click on *SAVE* to save the changes. Values are kept even when power is removed from the unit.



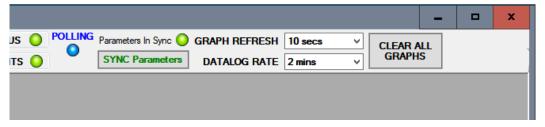
View-->PWM Channels

Shows the PWM channels and their individual status (0-100%). They may be individually controlled when in Manual Override Mode in order to facilitate trouble-shooting.

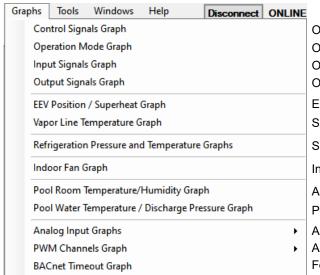


Graphs Menu:

This menu is a list of the available graphs. Graphs are real-time and show a time stamp of when the recording started as well as a current time which will show up if the graph is screen captured. Each graph has a CLEAR button which will erase the stored data and restart the graph. There is also a master CLEAR ALL GRAPHS button at the top right of the PC APP; this will clear all open graphs and re-start them all simultaneously to keep them in sync with each other. The refresh rate for the graphs is also located at the top right of the PC APP.



TIP: To screen print a graph and save it as a picture, hold down the Windows key and press Print Screen on the keyboard. The image on the screen will be saved to the folder C:\Users\Username\Pictures\Screenshots.



ON/OFF status of the system control signals (demands)

ON/OFF status of operation modes

ON/OFF status of OD DETECT and EN/DIS

ON/OFF status of digital outputs.

EEV position and resulting superheat

Suction temperature

Suction and discharge pressures & temperatures

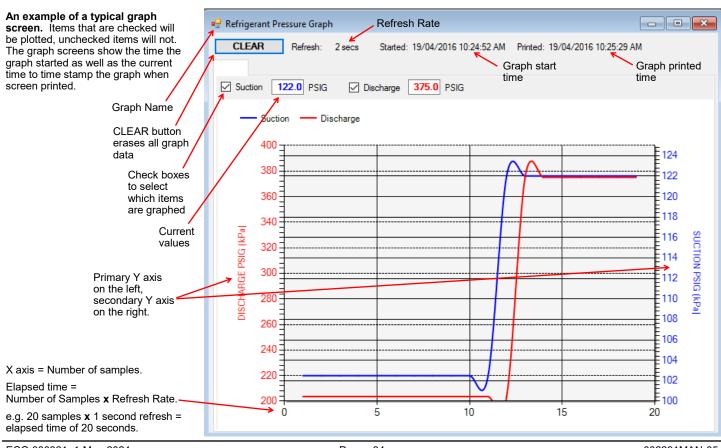
Indoor blower speed in % and rpm

Air temperature & humidity as sensed by thermostat.

Pool water temp. & compressor disch. pressure (useful for setting flow)

All analog input channels (0-10VDC or 4-20mA)

All PWM / 0-10VDC output channels and one PWM / 0-10VDC input channel For troubleshooting synchronization with 3rd party BACnet controllers

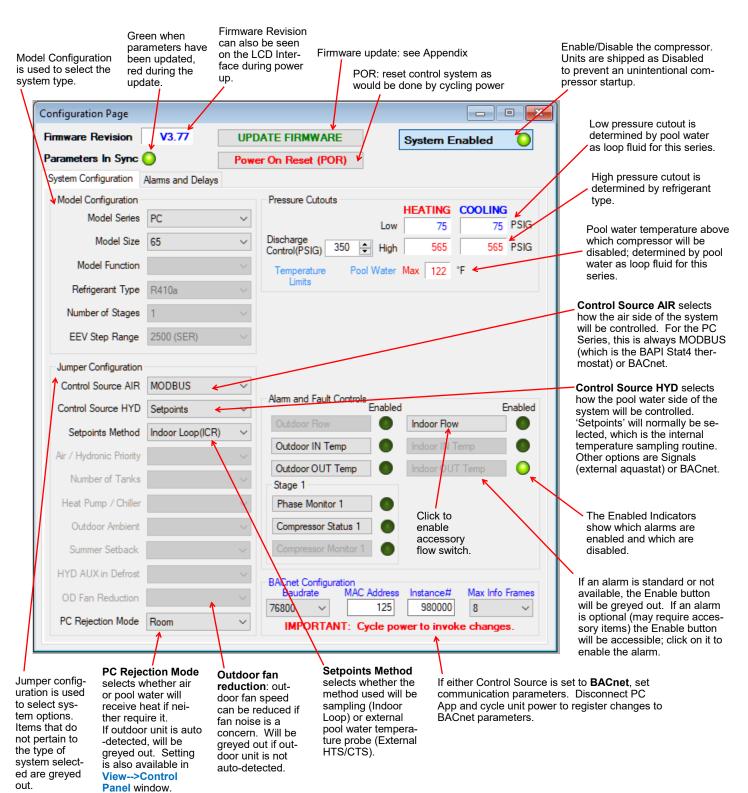


This is where various tools for system setup and monitoring are located.

Tools-->Configuration (System Configuration tab):

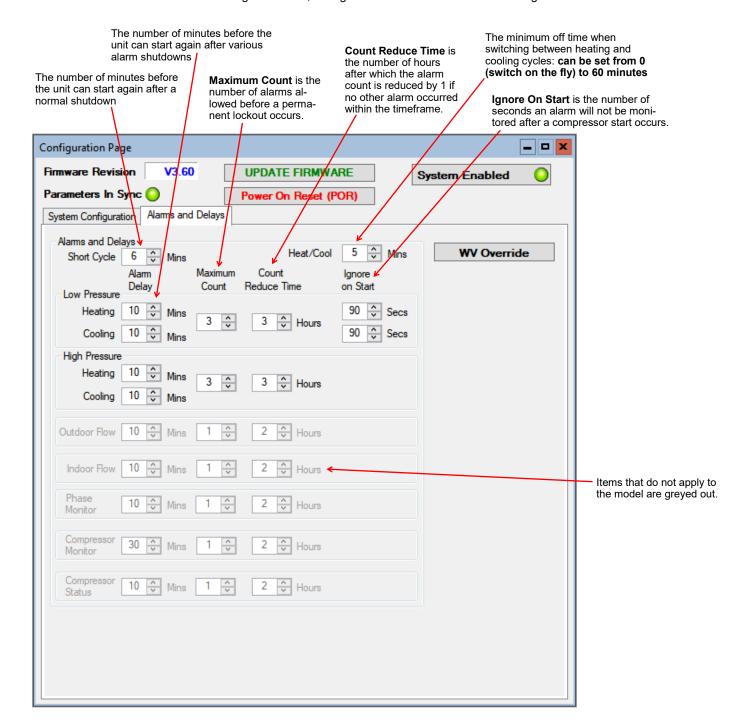
Tools Menu:

This is where the system setup is done. **Settings should only be changed by a person who has a good understanding of system operation**. Improper settings could cause the system to operate poorly or not at all.



Tools-->Configuration (Alarms and Delays tab):

Click on the UP/DOWN arrows to change the value, noting that values have both a low and high limit.

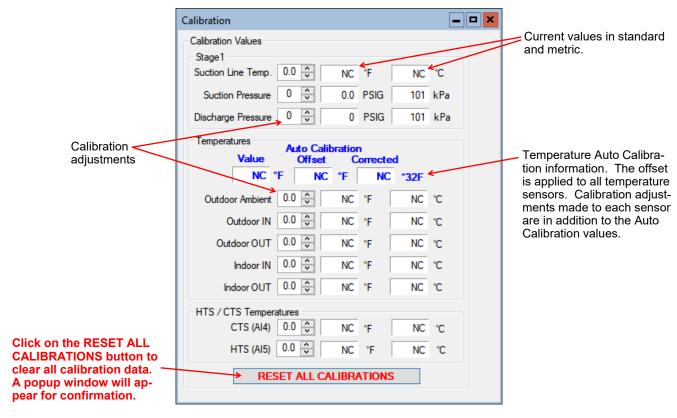


Tools-->Calibration:

Generally there is no need for calibration.

The suction and discharge pressures may be calibrated in increments of 1 psi if there is a discrepancy in the readings when compared to a known good reference.

Temperature sensors may be adjusted in increments of 0.1°F. There is an **AUTO CALIBRATION** routine in the program that continually calibrates the temperatures sensors against an on board reference resistor by applying an offset to the temperature sensors. Calibration adjustments made here are in addition to the Auto Calibration routine.



Tools-->Set Date and Time:

This will synchronize the date and time of the control board with the computer's date and time, and will be necessary for new units or units that have been powered off for several days or more.

The date and time of both the computer and the control board are shown in the status bar at the bottom of the PC App.

Tools-->Reset to Factory Defaults:

This will reset all parameters to default values.

THE SYSTEM MUST BE RECONFIGURED AFTER A RESET IS PERFORMED.

A reset will default the system to a two stage ATW Series Size 65 with Signals as the control source. Calibrations, alarm delays, analog configurations, compressor statistics, and Setpoint Control values will be returned to defaults as well.

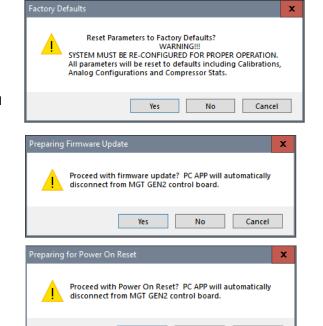
Tools-->Update Firmware:

Puts control board into Bootloader mode in preparation for firmware update. See Appendix.

(Also available as a button in Tools-->Configuration window.)

Tools-->Power On Reset (POR):

Resets control board as would be done by cycling power. (Also available as a button in Tools-->Configuration window.)



Yes

No

Cancel

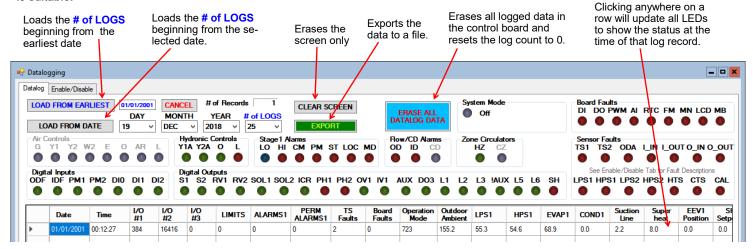
Tools-->Datalogging (Datalog tab):

A log will be automatically recorded at the following rates:

- SYSTEM DISABLED: every 10 minutes
- SYSTEM ENABLED: logging frequency set via the dropdown box at the top right of the PC App main window
- ALARM: logging frequency automatically set to 10 seconds, for 2 hours
- PERMANENT ALARM: every 10 minutes

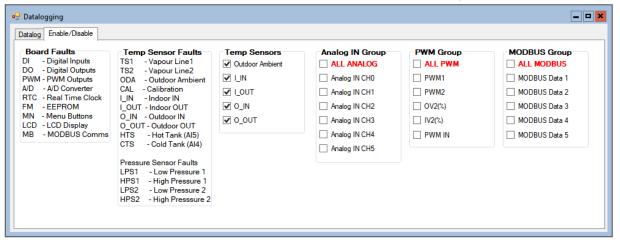
The maximum number of datalog records is 32,224, which will take 45 days to fill up at the default recording rate of 2 minutes.

Note that loading datalogs is time-consuming. It is suggested to leave the # of LOGS at 25 until it is shown that the start date selected is suitable.



Tools-->Datalogging (Enable/Disable tab):

Click on the checkboxes to customize which columns are shown/hidden in the datalog table.



Tools-->MODBUS:

For future use.

Tools-->Objects:

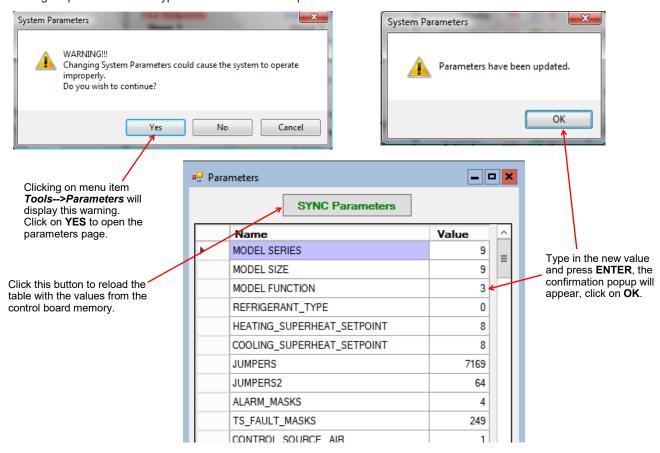
This is a window to display the runtime data, which is not stored when the power is turned off. No changes are possible.

Number	Name	Туре	Present Value	Setpoint	Status Bits	Out of Service	ALARM	FAULT
46	ESX_TS2	Analog Input	0.0	0	0	False	False	False
47	ESX_TS3	Analog Input	0.0	0	0	False	False	False
48	ESX_TS4	Analog Input	0.0	0	0	False	False	False
49	ESX_TS5	Analog Input	0.0	0	0	False	False	False
50	ESX_TS6	Analog Input	0.0	0	0	False	False	False
51	LPS1	Analog Input	0.0	0	0	False	False	False
52	HPS1	Analog Input	0.0	0	0	False	False	False
53	LPS2	Analog Input	0.0	0	0	False	False	False
54	HPS2	Analog Input	0.0	0	0	False	False	False
55	INDOOR_FAN_TAC	Analog Input	0.0	0	0	False	False	False
56	AI0	Analog Input	0.0	0	0	False	False	False
57	Al1	Analog Input	0.0	0	0	False	False	False

Tools-->Parameters:

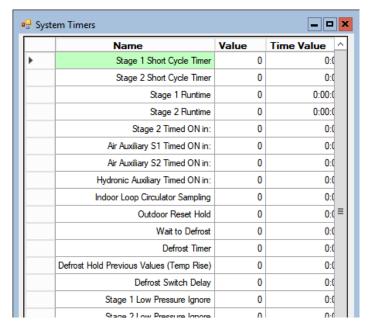
WARNING! The Parameters page is for advanced use only. Changing parameter values can cause the system to stop functioning properly.

The parameters page shows all configurable memory spaces with their name and current value and allows them to be edited directly. To change a parameter value type in the new value and press ENTER.



Tools-->SYSTEM TIMERS:

This page shows all internal timers by name along with their current values.



Tools-->Jumpers:

This page shows internal jumper configurations, for developers.

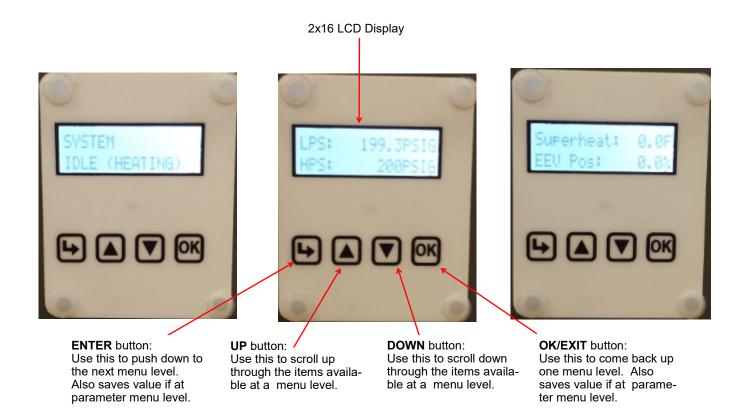
JUMPERS 7169		
Unused Y2 Disabled in Cooling Heat(0) / Cool(1) Priority Stages - One(0) / Two(1)	Summer Setback Enabled PC Rejection - Room(0) / Pool(1) Units Heater(0) / Chiller(1)	Outdo Se
0 0 0 1	1 1 0 0	0 0
15 12	11 8	7
IUMPERS 2 64		
Unused Spare Cold Tank Enabled Hot Tank Enabled	S1 Top Up Enabled System Enabled (ICR/HYD AUX) Stage2 Enabled Stage1 Enabled	HYD M
0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 1

Tools-->System Enable/Disable:

Enable/Disable the compressor. Units are shipped as Disabled to prevent an unintentional compressor startup. (Also available as a button in **Tools-->Configuration** window.)

LCD Interface & Menus

These are examples of the unit status and operating data displayed when at the message display level (top level). Pressing ENTER will enter into the menu levels beginning with the Main Menu.





go to TABLE OF CONTENTS

ENTER (From Main)	ENTER (First Press)	ENTER (Second Press)	ENTER (Third Press)	Description
Setpoint Control (PC-T using Set-	- Setpoints	— Pool Water	— Stage 1 Setpoint	Pool water heat demand stops when water temperature rises to this point.
point control only)			— Stage 1 Delta	Pool water heat demand starts when wate temp. drops below setpoint by this amount
		— Room Deltas	— Room Temp Delta	Air reheat demand starts when air temperature drops below setpoint by this amount.
			— Room Aux Delta	Air auxiliary heat demand starts when air temp. drops below setpoint by this amount
			— Room RH Delta	Dehumidification demand starts when RH rises above setpoint by this amount.
System EN/DIS	— Enable System?	— Disable		Disable compressor and auxiliary.
		— Enable		Enable compressor and auxiliary.
Service Mode	— Service Mode?	— NO		Do not enter Service Mode.
		— YES		Enter into Service Mode.
EEV Control	— EEV1	— Auto/Manual	— Auto	Puts EEV in Auto mode.
			— Manual	Puts EEV in Manual mode.
		— Manual Position	— EEV Position (%)	Sets EEV to manual position.
Configuration	— Rejection	— Room (Reheat)		Rejects heat to room when no outdoor uni
	(only if no outdoor unit detected)	— Pool Water		Rejects heat to pool when no outdoor unit.
	— Control Room	— MODBUS		Default: supplied air thermostat
		— BACnet		BACnet control—see BACnet section.
	— Control Pool	— Setpoints		Default: onboard temperature control
	Gond of Foor	— BACnet		BACnet control—see BACnet section.
	— Setpoints Method	— ICR		Use internal sensor & sampling routine
	octpomic metrica	— HTS/CTS		Use external pool water temp. sensor
	— OD Fan Reduction	— нтэ/стэ		Ose external poor water temp. sensor
	(only if outdoor unit detected)	— Reduction (%)		Outdoor fan speed reduction in %.
	— Time Delays	— Short Cycle	— value	Short-cycle timer delay in minutes.
		— Heat / Cool	— value	Heat / cool timer delay in minutes.
	— Units	— Standard		Standard units.
		— Metric		Metric units (does not affect calibration units).
	— Set Time	— Hours	— value	Set the system hours.
		— Minutes	— value	Set the system minutes.
	— Set Date	— Day	— value	Set the system day.
		— Month	— value	Set the system month.
		— Year	— value	Set the system year.
Calibration	— Suction 1		Suction Pressure	Calibration in 1 psi intervals.
	— Discharge 1		Discharge Pressure	Calibration in 1 psi intervals.
	— Vapour Line 1		Suction line temp.	Calibration in 0.1°F intervals
	— Outdoor Ambient		(not used)	
	— Outdoor IN Temp		(not used)	
	— Outdoor OUT Temp		(not used)	
	— Indoor IN Temp		(not used)	
	— Indoor OUT Temp		Pool water temp.	Calibration in 0.1°F intervals

NOTE: Calibration is generally not required. Pressure sensors may be calibrated against a known source if needed. All temperature sensors have an Auto Calibration feature.

BACnet Interface

The BACnet interface is an MS/TP connection via RS-485 twisted pair. BACnet IP is not available.

Recommended wire: 22-24 AWG single twisted pair, 100-120 Ohms impedance, 17pF/ft or lower capacitance, with braided or aluminum foil shield, such as Belden 9841 or 89841.

The connector on the control board is a three wire removable screw connector. The signals are as follows:

A: Communications line (+) (right pin)
B: Communications line (-) (middle pin)
C: Ground connection (left pin)

If connecting multiple units to one RS-485 connection point, connect the signal cable from the master building controller to the first unit. Connect the second unit to the first unit (in same connector), connect the third unit to the second unit, and so on until all units are connected (daisy-chain). Remove the TERM jumper (located just above the BACnet connector on control board) from all units except the last one. The shield ground should be connected only to the GND pin of the unit for single unit installations. For multiple units, the shield ground should only be connected to the GND pin of the last unit. The shield grounds for intermediate units should be connected together. The shield ground should be left unconnected at the building controller end for all cases.

Vendor: Maritime Geothermal Ltd.

Vendor ID: 260

Model Name: MGT GEN2 Control Board

The following parameters can be set via the PC App's Configuration Window:

1) Baud rate 9600, 19200, 38400, or 76800

2) MAC address

Maximum value is 125.

Instance number
 Maximum value is 4194303.



The BACnet parameter **Max_Master** has a fixed value of **127** in this device.

BACnet data is available regardless of the selected control method. In order to control the unit via the BACnet interface, set **Control Source** to **BACnet** either by using the PC App's configuration window or the LCD menus.

TABLE 22 - BACnet OBJECTS - CONTROL SIGNALS (READ/WRITE)							
Name	Data Type	ID	Property	Description			
SYSTEM_Y1A	Binary Value	BV0	Present Value	Pool water heat demand (PC-T only)			
SYSTEM_O	Binary Value	BV2	Present Value	ent Value Switch from air heat to cooling. Inactive=HEATING, Active=COOLING			
SYSTEM_Y1	Binary Value	BV3	Present Value Air heat or air cooling demand				
SYSTEM_G	Binary Value	BV6	Present Value	Fan recirculation (active is on)			
SYSTEM_DH	Binary Value	BV7	Present Value	Air dehumidify demand			
BACnet_Units	Binary Value	BV9	Present Value	Select units for BACnet objects. OFF=US standard, ON=metric			

Note: object names are subject to change without prior notice.

Ō
\overline{a}
1111
111
ш
щ
щ
Ш
Щ
3LE
3KE
BLE
BLE
ABLE
ABLE
ABLE
'ABLE
TABLE
o TABLE
o TABLE
to TABLE
to TABLE
to TABLE
to TABLE
to TABLE
o to TABLE

TA	BLE 23 - BACnet OE	BJECT	S - DATA (Read	Only)	
	Name	ID	Property	Units	Description
	Al0 (Comp1_Current)	AI0	Present Value	Amps	Compressor current draw (Al0) - requires accessory
	Al1 (Comp2_Current)	Al1	Present Value	User	User defined (0-5VDC or 4-20mA)
	Al2	Al2	Present Value	User	User defined (0-5VDC or 4-20mA)
	Al3	AI3	Present Value	User	User defined (0-5VDC or 4-20mA)
	Al4 (CTS)	Al4	Present Value	degF (degC)	User defined (0-5VDC or 4-20mA)
	AI5 (HTS)	AI5	Present Value	degF (degC)	Pool water temperature from ext. sensor - requires accessory
	LPS1	Al6	Present Value	PSIG (kPa)	Low pressure value (suction pressure)
	HPS1	AI7	Present Value	PSIG (kPa)	High pressure value (discharge pressure)
	EVAP1	AI8	Present Value	degF (degC)	Evaporating Temperature
Ħ	COND1	AI9	Present Value	degF (degC)	Condensing Temperature
트	Suction Line 1	Al10	Present Value	degF (degC)	Suction line temperature
Type - Analog Input	Superheat 1	Al11	Setpoint Value	degF (degC)	Superheat
ına	EEV1 Position	Al12	Present Value	%	EEV1 position (% open)
٠.	LPS2	Al13	Present Value	PSIG (kPa)	N/A
ype	HPS2	Al14	Present Value	PSIG (kPa)	N/A
Ė,	EVAP2	Al15	Present Value	degF (degC)	N/A
	COND2	Al16	Setpoint Value	degF (degC)	N/A
	Suction Line 2	Al17	Present Value	degF (degC)	N/A
	Superheat 2	Al18	Setpoint Value	degF (degC)	N/A
	EEV2 Position	Al19	Present Value	%	N/A
	Outside Ambient	Al20	Present Value	degF (degC)	N/A
	O_IN	Al21	Present Value	degF (degC)	N/A
	O_OUT	Al22	Present Value	degF (degC)	N/A
	I_IN	Al23	Present Value	degF (degC)	N/A
	I_OUT	Al24	Present Value	degF (degC)	Pool water temp. located on water IN pipe (PC-T only)
	PWM_IN	AV0	Present Value	%	PWM input (from external source)
0	PWM1 (OD Fan) PWM2	AV1	Present Value	%	AC2 Outdoor Fan speed (if AC2 present)
		AV2 AV3	Present Value Present Value	%	PWM output value (spare)
- Analog Value	PWM3 (OV2) PWM4 (IV2)	AV3	Present Value	%	PWM output value (spare)
	Operation Mode	AV4 AV5	Present Value Present Value	N/A	PWM output value (spare) Description of mode - see Operation Mode Description table
Ang	Limits description	AV5	Present Value	N/A	Description of active limits - see Limits Description table
- G	Permanent Alarms 1	AV7	Present Value	N/A	Description of active limits - see Limits Description table Descr. of active alarms - see Alarm Descriptions table
Туре	Permanent Alarms 2	AV8	Present Value	N/A	N/A
_	Board Faults	AV9	Present Value	N/A	Description of active faults - see Fault Descriptions table
	Sensor Faults	AV10	Present Value	N/A	Description of active faults - see Fault Descriptions table
	STAGE1	BO0	Present Value	N/A	Compressor contactor
=	STAGE2	BO1	Present Value	N/A	N/A
- Binary Output	ICR (Indoor Circ)	BO2	Present Value	N/A	Pool water pump control (PC-T only)
Q	DO0 (OV1)	BO3	Present Value	N/A	N/A
ary	DO1 (IV1)	BO4	Present Value	N/A	N/A
Bin	DO2 (HYD_AUX)	BO5	Present Value	N/A	N/A
a)	DO3 (AUX ONLY)	BO6	Present Value	N/A	N/A
Туре	PHS1	B07	Present Value	N/A	Dry contact pin for locked out on alarm
	PHS2	BO8	Present Value	N/A	N/A
<u>e</u>	CONTROLS	BV9	Present Value	N/A	Control indicator: 0=local (man.override), 1=remote (BACnet)
/alı	Outdoor Flow	BV10	Present Value	N/A	N/A
- Binary Value	Indoor Flow	BV11	Present Value	N/A	N/A
ina	Phase Monitor1	BV12	Present Value	N/A	3-phase monitor - requires accessory
B	Phase Monitor2	BV13	Present Value	N/A	N/A
Туре	Comp Monitor1	BV14	Present Value	N/A	N/A
f	Comp Monitor2	BV15	Present Value	N/A	N/A

Name	Data Type	ID	Present Value	Description
			1	Air Cooling
			6	Air Reheat
			7	Pool Heat (PC-T only)
			9	OFF
		AV5	15	Air Reheat OFF
	Operation Mode		16	Pool Heat OFF (PC-T only)
Operation Mode			18	Air Cooling with DH demand
			19	Air Reheat with AC demand
			20	Air Reheat with DH demand
			21	Air Reheat with AC and DH demands
			22	Pool Heat with AC demand (PC-T only)
			23	Pool Heat with DH demand (PC-T only)
			24	Pool Heat with AC and DH demands (PC-T only)

TABLE 25 - BACnet OBJECTS - LIMITS Description (Read Only)							
Name	ID	BIT#	Decimal Value*	Bit Description			
Limits (Present Value)	AV6	1	2	High Indoor OUT (pool water) temperature (PC-T only)			
Note: Limits object	Note: Limits object is type Analog Value but value is bit coded and may be decoded as such (integer value)						

Note: Limits object is type Analog Value but value is bit coded and m Note * : Value is for a single alarm and reference only.

လှ
Н
Z
щ
5
4
\circ
8
ñ.
9
\circ
ш
_
₽ B
\triangleleft
Н
൧
-
0

TABLE 26 - BACne	TABLE 26 - BACnet OBJECTS - ALARM Descriptions (Read Only)				
Name	Data Type	ID	Description		
AI0 (Comp1 Current)	Analog Input	AI0	Stage 1 Status alarm (Start / Stop Failure) - requires accessory		
Al1 (Comp2 Current)	Analog Input	Al1	N/A		
LPS1	Analog Input	Al6	Low pressure alarm		
HPS1	Analog Input	AI7	High pressure alarm		
LPS2	Analog Input	Al13	N/A		
HPS2	Analog Input	Al14	N/A		
Outdoor Flow	Binary Value	BV10	N/A		
Indoor Flow	Binary Value	BV11	N/A		
Phase Monitor1	Binary Value	BV12	Phase Monitor alarm - requires accessory		
Phase Monitor2	Binary Value	BV13	N/A		
Comp Monitor1	Binary Value	BV14	N/A		
Comp Monitor2	Binary Value	BV15	N/A		

Name	ID	BIT#	Decimal Value*	Bit Description	
		0	1	Master permanent alarm (occurs when any alarm occurs)	
		1	3	Low pressure heating mode alarm (suction pressure)	
		2	5	Low pressure cooling mode alarm (suction pressure)	
		3	9	High pressure heating mode alarm (discharge pressure)	
_ ,,,		4	17	High pressure cooling mode alarm (discharge pressure)	
Permanent Alarms 1 (Present Value)	AV7	5	33	Loss of charge alarm	
,		6	65	Phase monitor alarm - requires accessory	
		7	129	Compressor monitor alarm - N/A	
		8	257	Status alarm - N/A	
		14	16,385	N/A	
		15*	32,769	N/A	
		-	-	N/A	
Permanent Alarms 2	AV8				
(Present Value)	AVO				

Note: Permanent Alarm objects are type Analog Value but values are bit coded and may be decoded as such (integer value). Note *: Value is for a single alarm and reference only. Value includes + 1 for Master Alarm

Note: object names are subject to change without prior notice.

ITENTS
=
٠,
_
ш
=
-
-
CON
$\overline{}$
\cup
P
$\overline{}$
\cup
щ
_
TABLE
$\overline{}$
\sim
2
Ŧ
0
90
_

TABLE 27 - BACnet OBJECTS - FAULT Descriptions (Read Only)					
Name	Data Type	ID	Description		
Al4	Analog Input	AI0	N/A		
Al5 (Hot Tank)	Analog Input	Al1	External pool water temp. sensor faulty or disconnected - requires accessory (PC-T only)		
LPS1	Analog Input	Al6	Low pressure sensor faulty or disconnected		
HPS1	Analog Input	AI7	High pressure sensor faulty or disconnected		
LPS2	Analog Input	Al13	N/A		
HPS2	Analog Input	Al14	N/A		
Suction Line1	Analog Input	Al10	Suction line 1 temperature sensor faulty or disconnected.		
Suction Line2	Analog Input	Al17	N/A		
Outside Ambient	Analog Input	Al20	N/A		
O_IN	Analog Input	Al21	N/A		
O_OUT	Analog Input	Al22	N/A		
I_IN	Analog Input	Al23	N/A		
I_OUT	Analog Input	Al24	Internal pool water temperature sensor faulty or disconnected (PC-T only)		

Name	ID	BIT#	Decimal Value*	Bit Description
		0	1	Digital inputs
		1	2	Digital outputs
		2	4	PWM outputs
Board Faults	AV9	3	8	Analog to digital conversion
(Present Value)	AVS	4	16	Real time clock
		5	32	EEPROM memory
		6	64	Menu buttons
		7	128	LCD Display
	AV10	0	1	Suction line 1 temperature
		1	2	N/A
		2	4	Outdoor Ambient temperature - requires accessory
		3	8	Calibration temperature resistor plug
Sensor Faults		4	16	N/A
(Present Value)		5	32	Internal pool water temperature sensor (PC-T only)
		6	64	N/A
		7	128	N/A
		8	256	N/A
		9	512	External pool water temperature sensor on Al5 - requires accessory

Note: Board and Sensor Fault objects are type Analog Value but values are bit coded and may be decoded as such (integer value). Note *: Value is for a single fault and reference only.

Startup Procedure

The PC-Series R410a Startup Record located in this manual is used in conjunction with this startup procedure to provide a detailed record of the installation. A completed copy should be left on site, a copy kept on file by the installer and a copy should be sent to Maritime Geothermal Ltd.

Check the boxes or fill in the data as each step is completed. For data boxes, circle the appropriate units.

Pre-Start Inspection

Ductwork:

- 1. Verify that all ductwork has been completed and is firmly attached to the unit. Verify that any dampers or diverters are properly set for operation of the unit.
- 2. Verify that all registers are open and clear of any objects that would restrict the airflow.
- 3. Verify that a new air filter is installed and the cover is secured.
- 4. Verify the condensate drain is connected, properly trapped, vented and free of debris.
- 5. Ensure the unit is sitting level to prevent overflow of the condensate drip tray.
- 6. If a plenum heater has been installed, verify that it is securely fastened to the ductwork.

Pool Loop (PC-T only):

- 1. Verify there are no leaks in the connections to the unit.
- 2. Verify that the bypass is set up as per piping diagrams in this manual.

Electrical:

- 1. Ensure the power to the unit is off. Ensure the power to the plenum heater is off if equipped.
- 2. Verify all high voltage connections. Ensure that there are no stray wire strands, all connections are tight and the ground wire is connected tightly to the ground connector.
- 3. Record the fuse / circuit breaker size and wire gauge for the unit.
- 4. Verify that the control connections to the unit are properly connected and all control signals are off, so that the unit will not start up when the power is turned on.
- 5. Verify that the pool pump contactor signal is routed through the terminals in the PC unit, if PC unit is to have control of pool pump. Record the voltage of the pump.
- 6. Ensure all access panels except the one that provides access to the electrical box are in place.
- 7. Connect a Windows laptop with the MG USB driver and PC App installed via USB cord to control board.

Unit Startup

The unit is now ready to be started. The steps below outline the procedure for starting the unit and verifying proper operation of the unit. It is recommended that safety glasses be worn during the following procedures.

Preparation:

- 1. Turn the power on to the unit and verify that the supplied air thermostat powers up. Also verify that the pool pump is running, or is ready to run if controlled by the PC Unit.
- 2. (PC-T only) Using the PC App and/or room thermostat, adjust setpoints as follows to prepare to run unit in Pool Water Heat mode:

Room RH Stage 1 Setpoint:
 Room Temperature Stage 1 Setpoint:
 Room Temperature Auxiliary Setpoint:
 80% (or higher than current room humidity)
 50°F (or lower than current air temperature)
 50°F (or lower than current air temperature)

Pool Water Stage 1 Setpoint:
 90°F (or higher than current pool water temperature)

- 3. **ENABLE** the system through the PC App's Tools--->Configuration menus or LCD interface. The unit should start within 5 minutes
- 4. Measure the following voltages on the compressor contactor and record them on the startup sheet: L1-L2, L2-L3, L1-L3 (only L1-L2 for single phase units).

Pool Water Heat Mode (PC-T only):

- 1. Monitor the suction and discharge pressures in the PC App or the LCD interface. Adjust the flow through the unit as per diagram 002297PDG until a discharge pressure of 350-400 psi is obtained.
- 2. The suction pressure will depend on the room temperature, but it should be about **90-110 psi** for a typical start-up. Record the value after 10 minutes of run time.
- 3. Make the following setpoint changes:
 - Room Temperature Stage 1 Setpoint:
 90°F (or higher than current air temperature)
 - Pool Water Stage 1 Setpoint: 70°F (or lower than current pool water temperature)

The unit should switch to Air Reheat mode.

Air Reheat Mode:

- Check the refrigeration gauges on the unit. The suction and discharge pressures will depend on the room temperature, but they should be ~ 90-110 psi and 250-350 psi respectively for a typical start-up.
- 2. Monitor the refrigeration gauges while the unit runs. Record the following after 10 minutes of runtime:
 - 1. Suction pressure
 - 2. Discharge pressure
 - 3. Duct Return temperature (poke a small hole in the flex collar and insert probe in airstream)
 - 4. Duct Supply temperature (poke a small hole in the flex collar and insert probe in airstream)
 - 5. Duct Delta T (should be between 4-9°F, (2-5°C)
 - 6. Compressor L1(C) current (black wire; place meter between electrical box and compressor)

Electric Plenum Heat (if installed):

- 1. Make the following setpoint change:
 - Room Temperature Auxiliary Setpoint:
 90°F (or higher than current air temperature)
- 2. Remove the electrical cover from the plenum heater. Place a current clamp meter around one of the supply wires. Turn on the breaker to the plenum heater. Verify that the current draw increase as each stage of two stages is activated. Record the final current draw on the startup record.

Heat Rejection Mode (if system is equipped with AC2-Series outdoor condenser):

- 1. Make the following setpoint changes:
 - Room RH Stage 1 Setpoint:
 10% (or lower than current room humidity)
 - Room Temperature Stage 1 Setpoint: 50°F (or lower than current air temperature)
 - Room Temperature Auxiliary Setpoint: 50°F (or lower than current air temperature)
 - Pool Water Stage 1 Setpoint: 70°F (or lower than current pool water temperature)

The unit should switch to heat rejection mode and the outdoor condenser fan should start. Verify that the suction and discharge pressures are approximately 90-110 psi and 250-350 psi (higher if outdoor temperature is high). Record the values after 10 minutes of runtime.

Final Inspection:

- 1. Turn the power off to the unit (and plenum heater if installed) and remove all test equipment.
- 2. Install the electrical box cover on the PC unit. Install the electrical cover on the plenum heater if applicable.
- 3. Do a final check for leaks in the indoor (pool) loop system and ensure the area is clean.
- 4. Turn the power on to the unit and the plenum heater if installed. Set the controls to the final values and record them on the startup record.

Startup Record:

1. The installer should sign and date the Startup Record and have the homeowner sign as well. The installer should leave the Startup Record with the homeowner, retain a copy for filing, and send a copy to Maritime Geothermal Ltd. for warranty registration.

Post Startup Verification:

- 1. It is generally necessary to revisit the site after a few days to verify that the system is operating properly as it may take some time to bring the pool up to temperature.
- 2. Force the unit to pool water heat mode (if it is not already in it) and verify the discharge pressure of the unit. Adjust the flow rate as per 002297PDG to obtain a discharge pressure of **350-400 psi** again if required.
- 3. If the pool is not close to the final temperature, another visit and re-adjustment of the flow is recommended.

Startup Record —PC-Series Size 45-80 R410a									
Installation Site		Startup Date	Installer						
City			Company						
Province			Model						
Country			Serial #						
Homeowner Name		Homeowner Phone #							
	Check boxes unles	ss asked to record da	ata, otherw	ise circle u	nits				
		PRE-START INSPEC	CTION						
Ductwork	Ductwork is completed, dampe	ers/ diverters are adjuste	ed						
	Registers are open and clear	of objects							
	Air filter and end cap are insta	lled							
	Condensate drain is connecte	d, trapped, vented & free	e of debris						
	Unit is sitting level								
	Plenum heater is securely fast	tened (if applicable)							
Pool Loop	No leaks in the connections to	o the PC unit ports							
(PC-T only)	There is flow and bypass is se	etup as per drawing 0022	97PDG						
Electrical	High voltage connections are	correct and securely fast	ened						
	Circuit breaker (or fuse) size and wire gauge for PC unit			А	(Ga.			
	Circuit breaker (or fuse) size,	wire gauge, and plenum	heater size	А	(За.		kW	
	Low voltage connections are of	correct and securely faste	ened						Т
		STARTUP DAT	A	*					
Preparation	Air and pool water setpoints a	re set at values listed in	table						
	Voltage across L1 and L2, L1	and L3, L2 and L3							VAC
Pool Water Heat	Flow set for a discharge press	sure of 350-400PSIG							
Mode	Suction pressure after 10 minu	utes of runtime			psi k	Ра			
	Unit switches to Air-Reheat m	ode							
Air Re-Heat Mode	Suction Pressure / Discharge	Pressure					psi	kPa	
(10 minutes)	Duct Return, Duct Supply, and	d Delta T		In	(Out		°F	°C
	Compressor L1 (black wire) cu	urrent		А					
Plenum Heater	Current draw (all stages on)			А					
Heat Rejection Mode	Suction and discharge after 10 minutes of runtime						psi	kPa	
Final Inspection	Electrical box cover installed of	on unit and plenum heate	er						
	Piping leak free, area is clean								
	Dehumidification setpoint %RH						_		
Air temperature setpoint, delta						°F	°C		
	Pool water temperature setpoint, delta						°F	°C	
Date:	Installer Signature:		Homeowne	r Signature:					
A total of three c	II opies are required: one for the h	nomeowner, one for the i	nstaller, and	one to be se	nt to Mari	itime (Geoth	ermal L	td.

go to TABLE OF CONTENTS

Routine Maintenance

MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE					
It	tem	Interval	Procedure		
Outdoor Unit (if present)		Weekly	Inspect for and clear away debris or leaves in air coil intake.		
Air Filter		6 months	Inspect for dirt. Replace if necessary.		
Compressor Contactor	Wertween were a service of the servi	1 year	Inspect for pitted or burned points. Replace if necessary.		
Condensate Drain(s)		1 year	Inspect for clogs. Clean if necessary.		
LCD Interface or PC App	SYSTEM IDLE KHEATINS	When problem is suspected	Check for alarms and faults (only necessary if alarms not reported through a BACnet system). Rectify problem if alarms found. See Troubleshooting chapter.		

Troubleshooting Guide



WARNING: WHEN SERVICING THE OUTDOOR UNIT, BE SURE TO TURN OFF POWER TO THE INDOOR UNIT. The outdoor disconnect switch will not cut low voltage power, and damage to the control board will occur if the main unit breaker is not turned off during service.

The following steps are for troubleshooting the pool conditioner. If the problem is with the plenum heater, proceed to that section at the end of the troubleshooting guide. Repair procedures and reference refrigeration circuit diagrams can be found later in this manual.

- **STEP 1:** Verify that the LCD Interface is functioning . If it is not, proceed to POWER SUPPLY TROUBLESHOOTING, otherwise proceed to STEP 2.
- STEP 2: Record the alarm shown on the LCD Interface or use the PC App Alarms page to determine the alarm type. Proceed to the ALARMS and/or FAULTS TROUBLESHOOTING section.
- STEP 3: If there are no alarms and STAGE1 is showing ON (LCD Interface, PC App or LED on control board) but the compressor is not operating, does not attempt to start, attempts to start but cannot, starts hard, or starts but does not sound normal, proceed to the COMPRESSOR TROUBLESHOOTING section.
- **STEP 4:** If the compressor starts and sounds normal, the compressor is OK and the problem lies elsewhere. Proceed to the OPER-ATION TROUBLESHOOTING section.
- **NOTE:** To speed up the troubleshooting process, if using the PC Application, click on SC Override to reduce the short cycle timer to 10 seconds.

POWER SUPP	POWER SUPPLY TROUBLESHOOTING						
Fault	Possible Cause	Verification	Recommended Action				
No power to unit	Disconnect switch open (if installed).	Verify disconnect switch is in the ON position.	Determine why the disconnect switch was opened; if all is OK close the switch.				
	Fuse blown / breaker tripped.	At disconnect box, voltmeter shows 230VAC on the line side but not on the load side.	Reset breaker or replace fuse with proper size and type. (Timedelay type "D")				
No heartbeat on control board (blinking HB light at lower center of board)	Transformer breaker tripped (or fuse blown for those without breaker).	Breaker on transformer tripped (or fuse looks burnt).	Push reset button. If it trips again locate cause of short circuit and correct (or replace fuse) .				
	Faulty transformer.	Transformer breaker is not tripped (or fuse not blown), 230VAC is present across L1 and L3 of the compressor contactor but 24VAC is not present across 24VAC and COM of the control board.	Replace transformer.				
	Faulty control board.	24VAC is present across 24VAC and COM of the control board.	Replace the control board.				
No display on air thermostat	No power from control board.	See No heartbeat on control board above.					
	See also Air Thermostat Troubleshooting on a following page.						

ALARM TROUBLESHOOTING					
Alarm/Fault	Description	Recommended Action			
	on of the GEN2 Control Board is a very useful tool for troubleshootincluding the time at which the alarm(s) occurred. Note that some a				
Low Pressure	A low pressure alarm occurs when the suction pressure drops to or below the <i>Low Pressure Cutout</i> value. The low pressure is checked just before a compressor start; if it is OK the compressor will start, otherwise an alarm will occur. When the compressor starts, the low pressure alarm will be ignored for the number of seconds that <i>Low Pressure Ignore</i> is set to, after which the low pressure alarm will be re-enabled. This allows a dip in suction pressure below the cutout point during startup without causing a nuisance alarm.	Go to the Low Pressure section of the mode the unit was operating in at the time of the alarm.			
High Pressure	A high pressure alarm occurs when the discharge pressure rises to or above the <i>High Pressure Cutout</i> value.	Go to the High Pressure section of the mode the unit was operating in at time of alarm.			
Compressor Status (accessory)	This alarm occurs when there is a current draw on the compressor but no call for the compressor to be on (welded contactor) or when there is a call for the compressor to be on but there is no compressor current draw (manual high pressure control is open or contactor failure). Requires current sensor accessory.	Check contactor if compressor is staying on when it should be off. Go to Compressor section if compressor is not on when it should be.			
Comp. Not Pumping	Discharge pressure is less than 30 psi higher than suction pressure after 2 minutes run time. It indicates leaking reversing valve, compressor very hot and tripped on internal overload, manual high pressure control trip, bad contactor, or defective compressor.	Check for reversing valve not seated properly, tripped manual high pressure control, or a contactor or compressor problem.			
Low Charge	EEV position has been above 99% for 20 minutes within the first hour of cycle.	Check system for refrigerant leak. Also check EEV for proper operation (see EEV Troubleshooting section)			
LOC (Loss of Charge)	This alarm occurs if both the low pressure and high pressure sensors are below 30 psig (207 kPa).	Check system for refrigerant leak.			

FAULT TROUBLESHOOTING					
Alarm/Fault	Description	Recommended Action			
Digital Inputs					
Digital Outputs					
Analog Inputs	A failure has occurred and the indicated section of the	Cycle the power a few times; if the			
MODBUS Comms	control board may no longer work properly.	fault persists replace the control board.			
PWM Outputs					
Real Time Clock					
Flash Memory	A failure has occurred and stored data may be corrupt.	It may be possible to correct this by using the menu item <i>Tools—Reset to Factory Defaults</i> . If this clears the fault then the system configuration will have to be set up again.			
Menu Buttons	A failure has occurred and the control board may no longer respond to menu button key presses.	Try turning off the power, disconnecting and reconnecting the cable between the LCD Interface board and the Control Board, and then turning			
LCD Interface	A failure has occurred and display may show erratic data, no data or may not turn on at all.	the power back on again. If this does not work then either the LDC Display board, the cable, or the driver section of the Control Board may be faulty.			
BACnet Comms	BACnet communications experienced a timeout.	See below.			
Pressure Sensors	The sensor is reading outside of the acceptable range. Check to ensure connector is on securely.	Replace the pressure sensor. If this does not rectify the problem, replace the control board.			
Temperature Sensors	The sensor is reading outside of the acceptable range. Check to ensure connector is on securely.	Replace the temperature sensor. If this does not rectify the problem, replace the control board.			

AIR THERMOS	AIR THERMOSTAT TROUBLESHOOTING						
Fault	Possible Cause	Verification	Recommended Action				
Thermostat not working properly or giving erroneous readings	Faulty wiring between unit and thermostat	24VDC is not present across POWER and GND at the thermostat but is present across 24VDC and GND at the lower right of control board.	Verify correct wiring with twisted pair wire in the Wiring chapter. Correct the wiring as necessary.				
or MODBUS FAULT		Disconnect wire and check continuity by connecting wires together at one end and measuring for close to zero resistance at other end.	Replace twisted pair wire if open circuit is found.				
indication	Hardware problem on heat pump control board	24VDC is not present across 24VDC and GND at the lower right of control board.	Replace board if voltage not correct.				
		Remove MODBUS screw terminal connector from board as well as jumper from TERM (located just above the MODBUS connector). Using a multimeter set to DC volts with negative probe on B and positive probe on A , confirm there is +2.5VDC .	Replace board if voltage not correct.				
	MODBUS termination problem	Verify MODBUS TERM jumper is in place on control board.	Install jumper if missing.				
	Faulty thermostat	24VDC is present across POWER and GND at the thermostat, wiring and termination are correct, and thermostat settings have been verified against the table in Operation chapter; but problem persists.	Replace thermostat.				

BACnet TROUBLESHOOTING						
Fault	Possible Cause	Verification	Recommended Action			
BACnet communications not working	Selected baud rate does not match building con- trol system	Check baud rate of system.	Adjust BACnet parameters in the PC App's Tools>Configuration window. Cycle power to invoke any changes.			
properly or BACnet FAULT	Selected MAC address and/or Instance # conflict with other devices on the network	Check MAC address and Instance # in relation to other system devices.				
indication	BACnet wiring or termi- nation problem	Verify correct twisted pair wire and termination in the BACnet Interface chapter (earlier).	Correct wiring.			
	Hardware problem on heat pump control board	Remove BACnet screw terminal connector from board as well as jumper from TERM (located just above the BACnet connector). Using a multimeter set to DC volts with negative probe on B and positive probe on A , confirm there is +2.5VDC .	Replace board if voltage not correct.			

COMPRESSOR TROUBLESHOOTING						
Fault	Possible Cause	Verification	Recommended Action			
Compressor will not start	Faulty control board	No 24vac output on STAGE1 when compressor should be operating.	Replace control board.			
	Faulty run capacitor (single phase only)	Check value with capacitance meter. Should match label on capacitor. Compressor will hum while trying to start and then trip its overload.	Replace if faulty.			
	Loose or faulty wiring	Check all compressor wiring, including inside compressor electrical box.	Fix any loose connections. Replace any damaged wires.			
	Faulty compressor contactor	Voltage on line side with contactor held closed, but no voltage on one or both terminals on the load side. Points pitted or burned. Or, 24VAC across coil but contactor will not engage.	Replace contactor.			
	Thermal overload on compressor tripped	Ohmmeter shows reading when placed across R and S terminals and infinity between C & R or C & S. A valid resistance reading is present again after the compressor has cooled down.	Proceed to Operation Trouble- shooting (particularly high suction pressure and high discharge pres- sure) to determine the cause of the thermal overload trip.			
	Burned out motor (open winding)	Remove wires from compressor. Ohmmeter shows infinite resistance between any two terminals. Note: Be sure compressor overload has had a chance to reset. If compressor is hot this may take several hours.	Replace the compressor.			
	Burned out motor (shorted windings)	Remove wires from compressor. Resistance between any two terminals is below the specified value.	Replace the compressor.			
	Motor shorted to ground	Remove wires from compressor. Check for infinite resistance be- tween each terminal and ground.	If any terminal to ground is not infinite replace the compressor.			
	Seized compressor due to locked or damaged mechanism	Compressor attempts to start but trips its internal overload after a few seconds. (Run capacitor already verified)	Attempt to "rock" compressor free. If normal operation cannot be established, replace compressor.			
Compressor starts hard	Start capacitor faulty (single phase only)	Check with capacitance meter. Check for black residue around blowout hole on top of capacitor.	Replace if faulty. Remove black residue in electrical box if any.			
	Potential relay faulty (single phase only)	Replace with new one and verify compressor starts properly.	Replace if faulty.			
	Compressor is "tight" due to damaged mechanism	Compressor attempts to start but trips its internal overload after a few seconds. Run capacitor has been verified already.	Attempt to "rock" compressor free. If normal operation cannot be established, replace compressor.			

S
5
\sim
ш
\vdash
\boldsymbol{z}
$\overline{\Box}$
Ö
ш
0
ш
丽
$\overline{}$
\perp
'-
2
0

OPERATION TR	ROUBLESHOOTING -	AIR REHEAT MODE	
Fault	Possible Cause	Verification	Recommended Action
Will not switch to air reheat mode	Faulty 4-way reversing valve solenoid coil (RV1)	Verify solenoid by removing it from the shaft while unit is running. There should be a loud "whoosh" sound".	Replace solenoid if faulty.
	Faulty 4-way reversing valve (RV1)	A click can be heard when the coil is energized, but unit continues to run in pool water heat mode.	Replace reversing valve if faulty.
High or low suc- tion or discharge pressure	Faulty sensor	Compare pressure sensor reading against a known reference such as a new refrigeration manifold set.	Check wiring, replace sensor. If problem persists, replace control board.
High discharge pressure	Low or no indoor airflow	See Indoor Fan Troubleshooting section	Correct the problem.
	EEV stuck almost closed or partially blocked by foreign object	Manually adjusting the EEV does not affect the superheat or the suction pressure. High superheat and low discharge pressure.	Go to EEV troubleshooting section.
	Filter-dryer plugged	Feel each end of the filter-dryer; they should be the same temperature. If there is a temperature difference then it is plugged. Also causes low suction pressure.	Replace filter-dryer.
	Unit is overcharged (only possible if unit has been field serviced and incorrectly charged)	High subcooling, low delta T across air coil.	Remove 1/2 lb of refrigerant at a time and verify that the discharge pressure reduces. Or remove charge and weigh back in the amount listed on nameplate.
Low suction pressure	Low or no indoor airflow	See Indoor Fan Troubleshooting section	Correct the problem.
	Entering air temperature too cold	Should be above 60°F (16°C). Most likely will only occur during initial startup.	Use the electric plenum heater to warm up the room.
	TS1 temperature sensor not reading properly	If the sensor is reading low it will cause the superheat to appear high, which causes the EEV to continually close.	Verify EEV position is low compared to normal. Check temperature sensor, replace if necessary.
	Filter-dryer plugged	Feel each end of the filter-dryer; they should be the same temperature. If there is a temperature difference then it is plugged. Also causes high discharge pressure.	Replace filter-dryer.
	EEV stuck almost closed or partially blocked by foreign object	Manually adjusting the EEV does not affect the superheat or the suction pressure. High superheat and discharge pressure.	Go to EEV troubleshooting section.
	Low refrigerant charge	Superheat is high, EEV position is high.	Locate the leak and repair it. Spray Nine, a sniffer, and/or dye are common methods of locating a leak.

OPERATION TROUBLESHOOTING - AIR REHEAT MODE					
Fault	Possible Cause	Verification	Recommended Action		
High suction pressure (may appear to not be pumping)	EEV stuck open	Manually adjusting the EEV does not affect the superheat or the suction pressure. Low superheat and discharge pressure.	Go to EEV troubleshooting section.		
	Leaking 4-way (reversing) valve, RV1 or RV2 (can cause compressor to overheat and trip internal overload)	One of the reversing valves is the same temperature on both ends of body, common suction line is warm, compressor is running hot.	Tap reversing valve, and switch it back and forth between heating and cooling positions. If this does not work, replace reversing valve.		
	Leaking check valve be- tween pool water coil and receiver	Check valve is cold to the touch and does not warm up.	Replace check valve.		
	Leaking check valve in outdoor condenser return line to receiver	Check valve is cold to the touch and does not warm up.	Replace check valve.		
	Faulty compressor, not pumping	Pressures change only slightly from static values when compressor is started.	Replace compressor.		
Compressor frosting up	See Low Suction Pressure in this section				
EEV frosting up	EEV stuck almost closed or partially blocked by foreign object	Manually adjusting the EEV does not affect the superheat or the suction pressure. High superheat and discharge pressure.	Go to EEV troubleshooting section.		
Random high or low pressure trip (may not occur while on site)	Intermittent indoor fan problem	See Indoor Fan Troubleshooting section.	Correct the problem.		
Random manual high pressure trip (may not oc- cur while on site)	Faulty compressor contactor	Points pitted or burned. Contactor sometimes sticks causing the compressor to run when it should be off.	Replace contactor.		

OPERATION TROUBLESHOOTING - POOL WATER HEAT MODE (PC-T only)				
Fault	Possible Cause	e Verification Recommended Ac		
High or low suc- tion or discharge pressure	Faulty sensor	Compare pressure sensor reading against a known reference such as a new refrigeration manifold set.	Check wiring, replace sensor. If problem persists, replace control board.	
High discharge pressure	Low or no pool water flow	Adjust the bypass valves (if present) to obtain a discharge pressure of 350 -400 psi as per diagram in this manual. Check for restrictions in the water lines and verify pump sizing.	Correct any flow restriction or pump undersizing problem.	
	Dirty or fouled coaxial heat exchanger	Disconnect the water lines (PVC unions) and inspect the inside of the pipes for scale deposits.	Flush the heat exchanger as per the General Maintenance section.	
	EEV stuck almost closed or partially blocked by foreign object	Manually adjusting the EEV does not affect the superheat or the suction pressure. High superheat and low suction pressure.	Go to EEV troubleshooting section.	
	Filter-dryer plugged	Feel each end of the filter-dryer; they should be the same temperature. If there is a temperature difference then it is plugged. Also causes low suction pressure.	Replace filter-dryer.	
	Unit is overcharged (only possible if unit has been field serviced and incorrectly charged)	High subcooling, low delta T across water coil.	Remove 1/2 lb of refrigerant at a time and verify that the discharge pressure reduces.	
Low suction pressure	Low or no airflow	See Indoor Fan Troubleshooting section.	Correct the problem.	
	Entering air temperature too cold	Should be above 60°F (16°C). Most likely will only occur during initial startup.	Use the electric plenum heater to warm up the room.	
	TS1 temperature sensor not reading properly	If the sensor is reading low it will cause the superheat to appear high, which causes the EEV to continually close.	Verify EEV position is low compared to normal. Check temperature sensor, replace if necessary.	
	Filter-dryer plugged	Feel each end of the filter-dryer; they should be the same temperature. If there is a temperature difference then it is plugged. Also causes high discharge pressure.	Replace filter-dryer.	
	EEV stuck almost closed or partially blocked by foreign object	Manually adjusting the EEV does not affect the superheat or the suction pressure. High superheat and discharge pressure.	Go to EEV troubleshooting section.	
	Low refrigerant charge	Superheat is high, EEV position is high.	Locate the leak and repair it. Spray Nine, a sniffer, and/or dye are common methods of locating a leak.	

OPERATION TROUBLESHOOTING - POOL WATER HEAT MODE (PC-T only)				
Fault	Possible Cause	Verification	Recommended Action	
High suction pressure (may appear to not be pumping)	EEV stuck open	Manually adjusting the EEV does not affect the superheat or the suction pressure. Low superheat and discharge pressure.	Go to EEV troubleshooting section.	
	Leaking 4-way (reversing) valve, RV1 or RV2 (can cause compressor to overheat and trip internal overload)	One of the reversing valves is the same temperature on both ends of body, common suction line is warm, compressor is running hot.	Tap reversing valve, and switch it back and forth between heating and cooling positions. If this does not work, replace reversing valve.	
	Leaking check valve be- tween air condenser coil and receiver	Check valve is cold to the touch and does not warm up.	Replace check valve.	
	Leaking check valve in outdoor condenser return line to receiver	Check valve is cold to the touch and does not warm up.	Replace check valve.	
	Faulty compressor, not pumping	Pressures change only slightly from static values when compressor is started.	Replace compressor.	
Compressor frosting up	See Low Suction Pressure in this section			
EEV frosting up	EEV stuck almost closed or partially blocked by foreign object	Manually adjusting the EEV does not affect the superheat or the suction pressure. High superheat and discharge pressure.	Go to EEV troubleshooting section.	
Random low pressure trip (may not occur while on site)	Intermittent indoor fan problem	See Indoor Fan Troubleshooting section.	Correct the problem.	
Random high pressure trip (may not occur while on site)	Faulty indoor circulator relay (if pool pump is controlled by PC unit)	Using the PC APP, manually turn the ICR on/off several times and ensure the circulator(s) start and stop.	Replace relay.	
Random manual high pressure trip (may not oc- cur while on site)	Faulty compressor contactor	Points pitted or burned. Contactor sometimes sticks causing the compressor to run when it should be off.	Replace contactor.	

လ
片
岜
Z
O
Ö
ш
O
ш
\Box
m
⋖
\vdash
유
용
٠.

OPERATION TROUBLESHOOTING - HEAT REJECTION MODE					
Fault	Possible Cause	Verification	Recommended Action		
Will not switch to heat rejection mode	Faulty 4-way reversing valve solenoid coil (RV2)	Verify solenoid by removing it from the shaft while unit is running. There should be a loud "whoosh" sound".	Replace solenoid if faulty.		
	Faulty 4-way reversing valve (RV2)	A click can be heard when the coil is energized, but unit continues to run in pool water heat mode.	Replace reversing valve if faulty.		
Pool water heat mode instead of heat rejection	Faulty 4-way reversing valve solenoid coil (RV1)	Verify solenoid by removing it from the shaft while unit is running. There should be a loud "whoosh" sound".	Replace solenoid if faulty.		
mode	Faulty 4-way reversing valve (RV1)	A click can be heard when the coil is energized, but unit continues to run in pool water heat mode.	Replace reversing valve if faulty.		
High or low suc- tion or discharge pressure	Faulty sensor	Compare pressure sensor reading against a known reference such as a new refrigeration manifold set.	Check wiring, replace sensor. If problem persists, replace control board.		
High discharge pressure	Low or no outdoor unit (AC2) airflow	See Outdoor Fan Troubleshooting section.	Correct the problem.		
	Dirty or plugged outdoor air coil	Inspect.	Remove debris.		
	Outdoor air too hot	Outdoor temperature limit for AC2 operation is 120F / 49 C.	Shut down until outdoor air is cooler.		
	EEV stuck almost closed or partially blocked by foreign object	Manually adjusting the EEV does not affect the superheat or the suction pressure. High superheat and low discharge pressure.	Go to EEV troubleshooting section.		
	Filter-dryer plugged	Feel each end of the filter-dryer; they should be the same temperature. If there is a temperature difference then it is plugged. Also causes low suction pressure.	Replace filter-dryer.		
	Unit is overcharged (only possible if unit has been field serviced and incorrectly charged)	High subcooling, low delta T across air coil.	Remove 1/2 lb of refrigerant at a time and verify that the discharge pressure reduces.		
Low suction pressure	Low or no indoor unit (PC) airflow	See Indoor Fan Troubleshooting section. Note that low airflow will cause the air coil to ice up once the suction pressure drops below 90 psi.	Correct the problem.		
	TS1 temperature sensor not reading properly	If the sensor is reading low it will cause the superheat to appear high, which causes the EEV to continually close.	Verify EEV position is low compared to normal. Check temperature sensor, replace if necessary.		
	Filter-dryer plugged	Feel each end of the filter-dryer; they should be the same temperature. If there is a temperature difference then it is plugged. Also causes high discharge pressure.	Replace filter-dryer.		

OPERATION TROUBLESHOOTING - HEAT REJECTION MODE					
Fault	Possible Cause	Verification	Recommended Action		
Low suction pressure (continued)	EEV stuck almost closed or partially blocked by foreign object	Manually adjusting the EEV does not affect the superheat or the suction pressure. High superheat and discharge pressure.	Go to EEV troubleshooting section.		
	Low refrigerant charge	Superheat is high, EEV position is high.	Locate the leak and repair it. Spray Nine, a sniffer, and/or dye are common methods of locating a leak.		
High suction pressure (may appear to not be pumping)	EEV stuck open	Manually adjusting the EEV does not affect the superheat or the suction pressure. Low superheat and discharge pressure.	Go to EEV troubleshooting section.		
	Leaking 4-way (reversing) valve, RV1 or RV2 (can cause compressor to overheat and trip internal overload)	One of the reversing valves is the same temperature on both ends of body, common suction line is warm, compressor is running hot.	Tap reversing valve, and switch it back and forth between heating and cooling positions. If this does not work, replace reversing valve.		
	Leaking check valve be- tween pool water coil and receiver	Check valve is cold to the touch and does not warm up.	Replace check valve.		
	Leaking check valve be- tween air condenser coil and receiver	Check valve is cold to the touch and does not warm up.	Replace check valve.		
	Faulty compressor, not pumping	Pressures change only slightly from static values when compressor is started.	Replace compressor.		
Compressor frosting up	See Low Suction Pressure in this section				
EEV frosting up	EEV stuck almost closed or partially blocked by foreign object	Manually adjusting the EEV does not affect the superheat or the suction pressure. High superheat and discharge pressure.	Go to EEV troubleshooting section.		
Random low pressure trip (may not occur while on site)	Intermittent indoor fan problem	See Indoor Fan Troubleshooting section.	Correct the problem.		
Random manual high pressure trip (may not oc- cur while on site)	Faulty compressor contactor	Points pitted or burned. Contactor sometimes sticks causing the compressor to run when it should be off.	Replace contactor.		

S
닠
\sim
ш
듸
Ō
\sim
\sim
=
\sim
щ
岡
Z
\vdash
2
용
٠.

INDOOR FAN/BLOWER TROUBLESHOOTING						
Fault	Fault Possible Cause Verification Recommended					
Low indoor	Dirty air filter	Inspect.	Replace.			
airflow	Dirty air coil	Inspect.	Clean.			
	Poor ductwork	Measure delta T between supply and return ducts at the unit. In heating mode, it should not be above 30°F(17°C).	The ECM fan will provide proper airflow up to 0.5 inH ₂ O. The ductwork is poorly designed or greatly undersized if the fan motor cannot provide the required airflow.			
	Airflow selected is too low	Check airflow settings on Indoor Fan page of the PC APP.	Select a higher setting.			
	Airflow reduction is ena- bled	AR1 and AR2 are connected with a dry contact or jumper.	Airflow reduction may not be feasible with lower airflow selections. Increase settings until unit operates properly.			
Indoor fan not operating at correct speeds.	Wrong model size selected	Verify that the model size is correct on the Configuration Page of the PC APP.	Select the correct model size.			
Indoor fan not operating or op- erating intermit- tently	Fan control signal harness and/or fan power harness is loose	Verify that the connector is properly inserted into the fan motor. Gently tug on each wire to verify it is properly inserted into the connector.	Repair any loose connections.			
	Control board not configured properly	Verify that the model series is correct on the Configuration Page of the PC APP.	Correct the configuration. If the wrong series is selected there may be not be any fan output.			
	Faulty control board outputs Note: cycle the power once to see if the fan begins operating properly first	Create a demand for any operating mode, which will activate the fan. On the ECM Fan connector on the left side of the control board: 1) verify that there is 12 to 20VDC between pin G (grey wire) and pin C (white wire). 2) Verify that there is 2 to 6VDC between pin P (dark green wire) and pin C (white wire)	If there is no voltage present on either of the pins (G/P to C), replace the control board. Ensure control board model series is correct, see above.			
	Faulty control signal harness or faulty motor head	Create a demand for any operating mode, which will activate the fan. On the ECM Fan connector at the fan motor: 1) verify that there is 12 to 20VDC between pin G (grey wire) and pin C (white wire). 2) Verify that there is 2 to 6VDC between pin P (dark green wire) and pin C (white wire)	If proper signal isn't present, replace the fan control signal harness. If proper signal is present, replace fan motor.			
	Faulty fan power harness or faulty motor	Insert the tips of the voltmeter probes into the back of the connector at the fan to measure the voltage across the red and black wires. Value should be ~230VAC.	Replace power harness if 230VAC is not present, replace motor if 230VAC is present.			

UJI
100
\sim
1111
ш
-
-
\leq
SON
\sim
\cup
4.4
ш
\sim
1111
щ
_
國
.~
-
유
_
0
8

PLENUM HEATER TROUBLE SHOOTING				
Fault	Possible Cause	Verification	Recommended Action	
No 230VAC across plenum heater L1 and L2	Disconnect switch open (if installed)	Verify disconnect switch is in the ON position.	Determine why the disconnect switch was opened, if all is OK close the switch.	
	Fuse blown / breaker tripped	At plenum heater disconnect box (if installed), voltmeter shows voltage on the line side but not on the load side. Check if breaker is tripped.	Reset breaker or replace fuse at plenum heater disconnect box. Replace fuse with proper size and type. (Time-delay type "D")	
	Same "Line" to L1 and L2	Measuring L1 to ground and L2 to ground both yield 115VAC, but L1 to L2 yields 0VAC.	Correct wiring.	
No 24VAC signal from C to ground	Plenum heater transformer is burned out	Voltmeter does not show 24VAC across transformer secondary.	Replace transformer.	
at the plenum heater control board	Plenum heater control board is faulty	Transformer tested OK in previous step.	Replace control board.	
No 24VAC signal from 1 to ground at the plenum heater control board	Faulty wiring	24VAC present across C and ground at the plenum heater, but not across ground of the plenum heater and CP of the unitterminal strip.	Correct wiring.	
		If previous step tested OK, 24VAC is present across ground of the plenum heater and 1 of the unit terminal strip, but not across ground of the plenum heater and 1 of the plenum heater.	Correct wiring.	
Plenum heater thermal overload is tripped.	Indoor fan not operating	See Indoor Fan/Blower Troubleshooting section.	Correct problem. Reset overload.	
	Plenum heater is not positioned so that majority of airflow passes over elements (if installed in ductwork outside unit)	Plenum heater meant for internal unit installation is installed in a larger duct outside unit, or is positioned after duct elbow.	Reposition plenum heater, or obtain a plenum heater model with a wider element cage (contact Maritime Geothermal).	

OUTDOOR FAN TROUBLESHOOTING				
Fault	Possible Cause	Verification	Recommended Action	
Fan not operating or operating intermittently	Fan power connections	Check for 208-277VAC across L1 and L2 of the Outdoor Unit. Proceed to next step if voltage present.	If no voltage present, verify that the connections are tight in both the indoor and outdoor units. Gently tug on each wire to verify connection is good. Repair any loose connections.	
	Faulty PWM signal from PC control board	Use manual mode of the PC APP to set the outdoor fan to 50%. Using a multi-meter set to VDC, measure PWM1 to GND of the GEN2 control board in the Indoor Unit. It should be ~5VDC. Proceed to next step if voltage present.	If signal is not present the control board may be faulty. Try cycling the power and retesting. If this does not correct the problem replace the control board.	
	Fan PWM signal connections	Use manual mode of PC APP to set the outdoor fan to 50%. Using a multimeter set to VDC, measure PWM+ to ground in the Outdoor Unit. It should be ~5VDC. Proceed to next step if voltage present.	If signal is not present, check connections of PWM wire and ground wire. Replace wiring if connections are good.	
	Faulty fan motor	All of the above checks have been performed and everything is OK.	Replace fan motor.	

EEV (Electronic Expansion Valve) TROUBLESHOOTING

Electronic expansion valves are a great advancement over TVX's, allowing more precise refrigerant control, but they do have a couple of limitations.

- a) EEV's receive commands to open or close from the control board, but they don't send any feedback to the control board to confirm that command has been received and acted upon. If they aren't reliably acted upon (due to pulses missed due to a wiring issue or EEV being mechanically stuck), the actual valve opening position won't match what the control board thinks it is. In extreme cases, the resulting repeated commands can cause the apparent valve position to go to 15% (minimum) or 100%, when the valve is actually in between.
- b) A restriction in the refrigeration circuit (particularly the liquid line, e.g. plugged filter-dryer) or shortage of refrigerant due to a leak can cause a similar issue. If the EEV opens to allow more refrigerant flow to lower the superheat but liquid refrigerant is not available at its inlet, the EEV will continue to open to attempt to let more refrigerant through and will work its way towards **100**% (full open). **High superheat** is also a symptom.

If there is low suction pressure and the EEV position is also low then the problem is generally not in the refrigeration system; check the water or airflow of the indoor or outdoor loop, whichever is currently the cold side (evaporator).

Tests to determine if an EEV is working

- Sound test: turn the power to the heat pump off and back on again. Or manually set the EEV to 25% and wait for it to stop, then set the EEV to "-1%". Both actions will cause the EEV to overdrive closed. You should hear the valve clicking and then the clicking should change and get louder when the valve reaches 0%. If there is no sound, then it is likely that the EEV is faulty or stuck.
- Using the PC APP, put the system in manual override mode. Manually adjust the EEV position by at least 25% either up or down and check to see that the suction pressure, discharge pressure and superheat react to the change. If there is no reaction, then it is likely that the EEV is faulty or stuck.
- Set the EEV back to AUTO and then turn the heating or cooling demand off (but leave power on). Once the demand is off, if the EEV is working then the discharge pressure should remain significantly higher than the suction pressure, i.e. the system will not equalize (since EEV's are closed when there is no demand). If the system does equalize it is likely that the EEV is not working and is partially open.

There are 3 possible causes for EEV problems: the control board is not working properly, the wire/cable is faulty, or the EEV is faulty.

The EEV can be checked electrically:

- RED to GREEN 75ohms - WHITE to BLACK 75ohms

If this test fails, EEV is bad and should be replaced, but if it passes it still may be mechanically defective.

Check with a new EEV:

A further check that can be performed is to connect a new EEV and cable to the control board and visually check the EEV so see if it opens and closes by setting the position to 0 and 100%. If the new EEV works then the EEV in the unit or the cable needs to be replaced.

- 1) Connect a test EEV and test cable to the control board.
- 2) Set the EEV position to 0%.
- 3) Set the EEV position to 100% and then listen for clicking and watch to see if the pintle in the EEV moves open.
- 4) Set the EEV position to 0% and then listen for clicking and watch to see if the pintle in the EEV moves closed.
- 5) If the EEV does not move in one or both directions then the control board must be replaced.
- 6) If the test EEV moves in both directions then then either the cable or the EEV in the unit is faulty.
- 7) Disconnect the test EEV from the test cable and connect it to the cable in the unit.
- 8) Repeat steps 2 to 4.
- 9) If the test EEV moves in both directions then the EEV in the unit is faulty and must be replaced.
- 10) If the test EEV does not move in one or both directions then the cable must be replaced.

Repair Procedures



WARNING: WHEN SERVICING THE OUTDOOR UNIT, BE SURE TO TURN OFF POWER TO THE INDOOR UNIT. The outdoor disconnect switch will not cut low voltage power, and damage to the control board will occur if the main unit breaker is not turned off during service.

Pumpdown Procedure

- Place the unit in SERVICE mode via the PC App or LCD interface; this will open the EEVs and start the indoor circulator (as long that circulator is powered and controlled by the unit). DO NOT turn off electrical power at the breaker panel, since the coaxial coil must have full water flow during refrigerant recovery. Be sure to TURN OFF POWER to indoor unit after pumpdown is completed, as per above warning.
- Connect the refrigerant recovery unit to the unit's internal service ports via a refrigeration charging manifold and to a recovery tank as per the instructions in the recovery unit manual. Plan to dispose of refrigerant if there was a compressor burnout.
- All refrigerant to water heat exchangers (coaxial coils, brazed plates) must either have full flow or be completely
 drained of fluid before recovery begins. Failure to do so can freeze and rupture the heat exchanger, voiding its warranty. (Note that this does not apply to desuperheater coils.)
- 4. Ensure all hose connections are properly purged of air. Start the refrigerant recovery as per the instructions in the recovery unit manual.
- 5. Allow the recovery unit suction pressure to reach a vacuum. Once achieved, close the charging manifold valves. Shut down, purge and disconnect the recovery unit as per the instructions in its manual. Ensure the recovery tank valve is closed before disconnecting the hose to it.
- 6. Connect a nitrogen tank to the charging manifold and add nitrogen to the unit until a positive gauge pressure of 5-10 psig is reached. This prevents air from being sucked into the unit by the vacuum when the hoses are disconnected.

Turn off power to unit. The unit is now ready for repairs.

General Repair Procedure

- 1. Perform repairs to system.
 - Always ensure nitrogen is flowing through the system at the lowest flow rate that can be felt at the discharge during any brazing procedures to prevent soot buildup inside the pipes.
 - It is recommended to replace the liquid line filter-dryer any time the refrigeration system has been exposed to the atmosphere.
 - Place a wet rag around any valves being installed, as almost all valve types have non-metallic seats or seals
 that will be damaged by excessive heat, and aim the torch flame away from the valve body. Solder only one
 joint at a time and cool joints down in between.
- 2. Pressure test the system with nitrogen. It is recommended to check for leaks using leak detection spray, Spray Nine, or soapy water. Check at 10, 25, 50 and 100 psig. Allow the system to sit at 100 psig for at least an hour, then re-check. With a laptop connected, the PC App may be used to graph the nitrogen pressure (Graphs menu--> Refrigeration Pressure and Temperature Graphs) to make any downward trend due to a leak apparent. Be aware that changing room temperature can also cause upward or downward trends in nitrogen pressure.

Vacuuming & Charging Procedure

After completion of repairs and nitrogen pressure testing, the refrigeration circuit is ready for vacuuming.

- 1. Release the nitrogen pressure and connect the vacuum pump to the charging manifold. Start the vacuum pump and open the charging manifold valves. Vacuum until the vacuum gauge remains at less than 500 microns for at least 1 minute with the vacuum pump valve closed.
- 2. Close the charging manifold valves then shut off and disconnect the vacuum pump. Place a refrigerant tank with the proper refrigerant on a scale and connect it to the charging manifold. Purge the hose to the tank.
- 3. Weigh in the appropriate amount **and type** of refrigerant through the low pressure (suction) service port. Refer to the nameplate label on the unit for the proper refrigerant type and charge amount.
- 4. If the unit will not accept the entire charge, the remainder can be added through the low pressure service port after the unit has been restarted.

Compressor Replacement Procedure

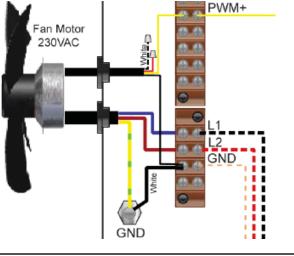
- 1. Pump down the unit as per the Pumpdown Procedure above. If there was a compressor burn out (motor failure), the refrigerant cannot be reused and must be disposed of according to local codes.
- 2. Disconnect piping.
- 3. Replace the compressor. Replace the liquid line filter-dryer. Always ensure nitrogen is flowing through the system at the lowest flow rate that can be felt at the discharge during any brazing procedures to prevent soot buildup inside the pipes.
- 4. Vacuum the unit as per above procedure.
- 5. If there was a compressor burnout:
 - a) Charge the unit with **new** refrigerant and operate it for continuously for 2 hours. Pump down the unit and replace the filter-dryer. Vacuum the unit as per above procedure.
 - **b)** Charge the unit (refrigerant can be re-used) and operate it for 2-3 days. Perform an acid test. If it fails, pump down the unit and replace the filter-dryer.
 - c) Charge the unit (refrigerant can be re-used) and operate it for 2 weeks. Perform and acid test. If it fails, pump down the unit and replace the filter-dryer.
- 6. Charge the unit a final time. Unit should now be clean and repeated future burn-outs can be avoided.

Outdoor Fan Replacement Procedure

- 1. Turn of the power to the Indoor Unit. This will ensure that power and control signals are off in the outdoor unit.
- 2. Remove the two screws that hold the electrical box cover in place and remove the cover.
- Remove the two bolts that secure the front cover in place.
- 4. Loosen the four bolts that hold the fan guard in place.
- 5. Swing the front cover open.



- For the fan signal cable: remove the YELLOW wire from the PWM terminal and remove the BLACK wire from the GND terminal.
- For the fan power cable: remove the BLUE wire from L1, the RED wire from L2 and the YELLOW/GREEN wire from GND.
- 8. Pull the cables out of the electrical box, noting the path for installation of the new fan. Cut wire ties if necessary.
- 9. Remove the four fan guard bolts and remove the fan and guard as one.
- 10. Installation is the reverse of removal.



Control Board Replacement Procedure

- Turn the power off to the unit.
- Take a picture of the control board and connectors for reference. The picture in Appendix A may also be helpful.
- 3. Carefully remove all green terminal strips on the left side, the right side and the bottom of the control board. They pull straight off the board, with no need to disconnect wires from their screw terminals. You may need to wiggle them from both ends for the 8 pin ones.

Remove the red six pin display board connector from the left side of the control board (marked DISPLAY on the

board).



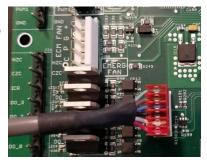


- 5. Remove all connectors from the top of the control board. Each connector (or wire) should be marked already from the factory, e.g. HPS1, LP1, TS1, etc.. This matches the marking on the control board.
- The control board is held in place at its four corners. Squeeze each standoff by hand or with needle nose pliers if necessary and carefully pull the corner of the board off of the standoff.
- 7. Once the control board has been removed, if there are any other standoffs left (they have the bottom snap cut off) remove them as well.
- 8. Carefully remove the new control board from the static bag it was shipped in. Place any cut off standoffs from the old board into the same locations on the new board.
- 9. Align the control board with the four corner standoffs in the electrical box then push on each corner until they snap in place.
- 10. Connect the top connectors to the control board. Refer to the **Step 2** picture if necessary for proper locations. Note that the connector with the resistor (no cable) goes on CTS. Note that the connector to the left of CTS is marked HTS on older boards, and ODTS on newer boards.
- 11. Check each of the connectors from Step 10 to ensure they are properly aligned and that no pins are showing.
- 12. Connect the green terminal strips to the left side, right side and bottom of the control board. Refer to the Step 2 picture if necessary for locations.
- 13. Turn the power on to the unit. Ensure the LCD display comes on. Note the firmware version. After EEV zeroing and Random Start countdown the display should begin alternating data.
- 14. If the replacement control board was pre-configured for this unit at the factory then the system is ready for operation. If it was not then use the PC App corresponding to the unit's firmware version to configure the unit. Refer to the Tools -> Configuration menu in the PC APP section.

LCD Interface (Display) Board Replacement Procedure

- 1. Turn the power off to the unit.
- Remove the display board cable connector from the control board.





Using a sharp utility knife with a long blade, slice each of the display board standoff heads off, taking care to not damage the lexan cover.

- 4. Pull the display board from the unit.
- 5. Remove the display board cable connector from the back of the display board.
- Place a new display board standoff into each of the four holes in the cabinet.
- 7. Remove the new display board from the static bag it was shipped in.
- 8. Connect one end of the display board cable to the back of the display board. Ensure the connector is properly aligned and that no pins are showing.
- 9. Place the display board in position and align the four standoffs into the four holes of the board.
- 10. Push on each corner of the board until each standoff snaps in place, while pushing on the front of the standoff to keep it from popping out of the cabinet hole.
- 11. Connect the other end of the display board cable to the control board, ensuring the connector is aligned properly and that no pins are showing.
- 12. Turn the power on to the unit and verify the display works.
- 13. Once the display begins to scroll data, test each of the buttons to ensure they work. Push the Arrow button to enter the Main Menu, then use the Up and Down to move through the list, then push the OK button to exit again. If any of the buttons seem hard to press, repeat Step 10 and then test the buttons again.

Air Thermostat Sensor Replacement Procedure

- 1. Turn the power off to the PC unit.
- 2. Remove air thermostat from the wall, and remove the back by loosening two screws with a 1/16" hex key.
- Wiggle the sensor and pull to the right to remove it.
- 4. Install a replacement senor (available from Maritime Geothermal Ltd.) by plugging it in where the old one was.
- 5. Re-install the thermostat.



Model Specific Information

Table 28 - Shipping Information (PC)					
MODEL	WEIGHT	DIMENSIONS in (cm)			
MODEL	lb. (kg)	L	W	Н	
PC-45	515 (234)	70 (178)	44 (112)	40 (102)	
PC-55	520 (236)	70 (178)	44 (112)	40 (102)	
PC-65	550 (250)	70 (178)	44 (112)	40 (102)	
PC-75	610 (277)	70 (178)	44 (112)	40 (102)	
PC-80	610 (277)	70 (178)	44 (112)	40 (102)	

Table 29	- Shipping Info	ormation (AC2 Outdo	or Unit)
MODEL	WEIGHT	DIM	ENSIONS in	(cm)
MODEL	lb. (kg)	L	W	Н
AC2-45	230 (104)	36 (91)	70 (178)	45 (114)
AC2-55	230 (104)	36 (91)	70 (178)	45 (114)
AC2-65	295 (134)	36 (91)	70 (178)	56 (142)
AC2-75	295 (134)	36 (91)	70 (178)	56 (142)
AC2-80	295 (134)	36 (91)	70 (178)	56 (142)

Table 30 -	Refrigera	nt Charge		
MODEL	lb	kg	Refrigerant	Oil Type
PC-45	9.0	4.1	R410a	POE
PC-55	10.0	4.5	R410a	POE
PC-65	11.0	5.0	R410a	POE
PC-75	12.0	5.4	R410a	POE
PC-80	12.0	5.4	R410a	POE

<sup>Oil capacity is marked on the compressor label.
Refrigerant charge is subject to revision; actual charge is indicated on the unit nameplate.</sup>

Table 31 - Control Temperature	Limits		
Parameter	Device	MIN.	MAX.
Room Relative Humidity (RH)	Room Thermostat or BACnet	30%	80%
Room Air Temperature	Room Thermostat or BACnet	60°F (16°C)	95°F (35°C)
Pool Water Temperature (PC-T only)	Internal Setpoint Control or optional aquastat or BACnet	70°F (21°C)	108°F (42°C)

Table 32 -	AC2-Se	ries O	utdoor	Unit So	und Le	vels (d	BA)*	
MODEL	1 ft dis	tance	3 ft dis	tance	5 ft dis	stance	10 ft di	stance
WODEL	Front Side		Front	Sides	Front	Sides	Front	Sides
AC2-45	68.0	61.1	66.4	59.7	63.5	57.4	59.3	56.7
AC2-55	72.4 66.8		71.1 64.8		68.0	62.9	64.6	61.1
AC2-65	70.3	62.9	65.9	60.5	62.2	58.1	56.6	54.0
AC2-75	71.7	66.8	68.7	63.7	65.7	61.2	60.0	57.1
AC2-80	71.7	66.8	68.7	63.7	65.7	61.2	60.0	57.1

 $^{^{\}star}$ At maximum fan speed. This occurs in heating mode, or in cooling mode with outdoor greater than ~27°C.

Capacity Ratings

TABLE 3	3 - PC-	Series	Capacity Ra	tings (60Hz)					
Model	Pool F (PC-T		Airflow	Input Energy	Cooling Capacity	Heat Rejection (Pool, Room Air, or Outdoor Unit)	Moisture Removal @ 50%RH	Moisture Removal @ 60%RH	Typical Pool Surface Area
	gpm	L/s	cfm (L/s)	Watts	Btu/hr (kW)	Btu/hr (kW)	lb(kg) / hr	lb(kg) / hr	ft ² (m ²)
PC-45	21	1.3	1150 (540)	2020	46,000 (13.5)	53,000 (15.5)	14 (6.4)	18 (8.2)	600 (56)
PC-55	28	1.8	1500 (710)	3000	64,000 (18.8)	74,400 (21.8)	19 (8.6)	23 (10)	800 (74)
PC-65	35	2.2	1900 (900)	4050	77,000 (22.6)	90,900 (26.7)	24 (11)	30 (14)	1050 (98)
PC-75	40	2.5	2200 (1040)	4570	87,000 (25.5)	102,600 (30.1)	28 (13)	33 (15)	1200 (110)
PC-80	45	2.8	2300 (1085)	5790	103,300 (30.3)	123,100 (36.1)	32 (14)	38 (17)	1350 (130)
*EWT (Tp)=	:80°F (26.	7°C) and	d EAT (Ta)=82°F	(27.8°C)					

Model	Pool I (PC-T		Airflow	Input Energy	Cooling Capacity	Heat Rejection (Pool, Room Air, or Outdoor Unit)	Moisture Removal @ 50%RH	Moisture Removal @ 60%RH	Typical Pool Surface Area
	gpm	L/s	cfm (L/s)	Watts	Btu/hr (kW)	Btu/hr (kW)	lb(kg) / hr	lb(kg) / hr	ft ² (m ²)
PC-45	21	1.3	1150 (540)	1690	37,700 (11.0)	43,300 (12.7)	13 (5.9)	15 (6.8)	500 (46)
PC-55	28	1.8	1500 (710)	2590	54,000 (15.8)	62,700 (18.4)	16 (7.3)	19 (8.6)	700 (65)
PC-65	35	2.2	1900 (900)	3450	64,000 (18.8)	75,920 (22.3)	20 (9.0)	25 (11)	900 (84)
PC-75	40	2.5	2200 (1040)	3900	73,000 (21.4)	86,300 (25.3)	23 (11)	28 (13)	1,000 (93)
PC-80	45	2.8	2300 (1085)	5050	88,000 (25.8)	105,300 (30.9)	26 (12)	32 (14)	1,100 (102)

Cooling Mode Performance Tables (Heat Rejection to AC2 Outdoor Unit)

PC-45 with AC2-45 R410a, 60 Hz

	OUTE	OOR LOOF	P (Air)	ELEC	CTRIC	AL				INDOC	R LOO	P (Air @ 5	0% RH)		
	Outdoor Air Temperature	Condensing Temperature	Heat Rejected (Btu/hr)	Compressor Current (A)	Fan (W)	Input Power (W)	EAT	Evap. Temp.	Airflow (cfm)	LAT (°F)	Delta T (°F)	Latent (Btu/hr)	Sensible (Btu/hr)	Cooling (Btu/hr)	EER
45	50°F	61	47,054	6.4	170	1,739		46	1,150	56	24	12,370	28,455	40,825	23.5
	60°F	71	45,268	6.8	170	1,852		47	1,150	150	23	11,712	26,941	38,653	20.9
	70°F	82	43,764	7.5	170	2,018		47	1,150	59	21	11,085	25,499	36,583	18.1
0	80°F	92	42,248	8.3	170	2,191	80°F	47	1,150	60	20	10,446	24,030	34,476	15.7
18	90°F	103	41,028	9.4	170	2,456	00 F	48	1,150	61	19	9,679	22,691	32,370	13.2
	100°F	113	39,667	10.6	170	2,703		48	1,150	62	18	9,020	21,147	30,167	11.2
	110°F	124	38,322	12.2	170	2,993		49	1,150	64	16	8,322	19,510	27,832	9.3
	120°F	135	36,960	14.1	170	3,319		49	1,150	65	15	7,581	17,774	25,356	7.6

METRIC

	OUTE	OOR LOOF	P (Air)	ELE	CTRIC	CAL				INDOC	R LOO	P (Air @ 5	50% RH)		
	Outdoor Air Temperature	Condensing Temperature	Heat Rejected (W)	Compressor Current (A)	Fan (W)	Input Power (W)	EAT	Evap. Temp.	Airflow (L/s)	LAT (°C)	Delta T (°C)	Latent (W)	Sensible (W)	Cooling (W)	COPc
	10°C	16.1	13,787	6.4	170	1,739		7.9	540	13.5	13.2	3,624	8,337	11,962	6.88
6	16°C	21.7	13,263	6.8	170	1,852		8.1	540	14.2	12.5	3,432	7,894	11,325	6.11
Z	21°C	27.8	12,823	7.5	170	2,018		8.3	540	14.9	11.8	3,248	7,471	10,719	5.31
	27°C	33.3	12,379	8.3	170	2,191	27°C	8.6	540	15.5	11.1	3,061	7,041	10,101	4.61
8	32°C	39.4	12,021	9.4	170	2,456	21 0	8.8	540	16.2	10.5	2,836	6,649	9,484	3.86
5	38°C	45.0	11,622	10.6	170	2,703		9.0	540	16.9	9.8	2,643	6,196	8,839	3.27
	43°C	51.1	11,228	12.2	170	2,993		9.2	540	17.6	9.0	2,438	5,716	8,155	2.72
	49°C	57.2	10,829	14.1	170	3,319		9.4	540	18.4	8.2	2,221	5,208	7,429	2.24

PC-55 with AC2-55 R410a, 60 Hz

	OUTE	OOR LOOF	P (Air)	ELEC	CTRIC	AL				INDOC	R LOO	P (Air @ 5	50% RH)		
	Outdoor Air Temperature	Condensing Temperature	Heat Rejected (Btu/hr)	Compressor Current (A)	Fan (W)	Input Power (W)	EAT	Evap. Temp.	Airflow (cfm)	LAT (°F)	Delta T (°F)	Latent (Btu/hr)	Sensible (Btu/hr)	Cooling (Btu/hr)	EER
	50°F	62	58,709	8.7	195	2,164		46	1,500	56	24	15,432	35,499	50,931	23.5
9	60°F	72	57,478	9.4	195	2,367		46	1,500	57	23	14,849	34,157	49,006	20.7
5	70°F	83	56,122	10.5	195	2,613		46	1,500	58	22	14,184	32,627	46,811	17.9
0	80°F	93	54,638	11.8	195	2,853	80°F	47	1,500	59	21	13,486	31,022	44,508	15.6
8	90°F	104	53,224	13.4	195	3,194	00 F	47	1,500	60	20	12,535	29,388	41,923	13.1
	100°F	114	51,622	15.0	195	3,538		48	1,500	62	18	11,705	27,442	39,146	11.1
	110°F	125	50,123	17.2	195	3,968		48	1,500	63	17	10,818	25,362	36,180	9.1
	120°F	135	48,394	19.4	195	4,383		48	1,500	65	15	9,878	23,159	33,037	7.5

	OUTE	OOR LOOF	P (Air)	ELEC	CTRIC	AL				INDOC	R LOO	P (Air @ 5	0% RH)		
	Outdoor Air Temperature	Condensing Temperature	Heat Rejected (W)	Compressor Current (A)	Fan (W)	Input Power (W)	EAT	Evap. Temp.	Airflow (L/s)	LAT (°C)	Delta T (°C)	Latent (W)	Sensible (W)	Cooling (W)	COPc
	10°C	16.7	17,202	8.7	195	2,164		7.6	700	13.5	13.1	4,522	10,401	14,923	6.90
6	16°C			7.8	700	14.0	12.7	4,351	10,008	14,359	6.07				
Z	21°C	28.3	16,444	10.5	195	2,613		8.0	700	14.6	12.1	4,156	9,560	13,715	5.25
11 💆	27°C	33.9	16,009	11.8	195	2,853	27°C	8.2	700	15.2	11.5	3,951	9,089	13,041	4.57
18	32°C	40.0	15,594	13.4	195	3,194	27°C	8.4	700	15.8	10.9	3,673	8,611	12,283	3.85
5	38°C	45.6	15,125	15.0	195	3,538		8.7	700	16.5	10.2	3,429	8,040	11,470	3.24
	43°C	51.7	14,686	17.2	195	3,968		8.9	700	17.3	9.4	3,170	7,431	10,601	2.67
	49°C	57.2	14,179	19.4	195	4,383		9.1	700	18.1	8.6	2,894	6,785	9,680	2.21

Cooling Mode Performance Tables (Heat Rejection to AC2 Outdoor Unit)

PC-65 with AC2-65 R410a, 60 Hz

	OUTE	OOR LOOF	P (Air)	ELEC	CTRIC	CAL				INDOC	R LOO	P (Air @ 5	0% RH)		
	Outdoor Air Temperature	Condensing Temperature	Heat Rejected (Btu/hr)	Compressor Current (A)	Fan (W)	Input Power (W)	EAT	Evap. Temp.	Airflow (cfm)	LAT (°F)	Delta T (°F)	Latent (Btu/hr)	Sensible (Btu/hr)	Cooling (Btu/hr)	EER
45	50°F	62	75,605	11.5	325	2,827		46	1,900	56	24	19,831	45,618	65,449	23.2
9	60°F	72	73,150	12.3	325	3,038		46	1,900	57	23	18,869	43,404	62,272	20.5
	70°F	83	71,046	13.5	325	3,339		46	1,900	58	22	17,920	41,222	59,142	17.7
0	80°F	93	68,938	14.9	325	3,640	80°F	47	1,900	60	21	16,970	39,037	56,008	15.4
18	90°F	104	67,066	16.8	325	4,050	00 F	47	1,900	61	20	15,773	36,980	52,753	13.0
	100°F	114	65,053	18.8	325	4,469		48	1,900	62	18	14,743	34,566	49,309	11.0
	110°F	125	63,253	21.4	325	5,009	ŧ	48	1,900	63	17	13,654	32,011	45,664	9.1
	120°F	135	61,121	24.1	325	5,549		48	1,900	65	15	12,465	29,225	41,690	7.5

METRIC_

	OUTE	OOR LOOF	P (Air)	ELEC	CTRIC	CAL	INDOOR LOOP (Air @ 50% RH)								
	Outdoor Air Temperature	Condensing Temperature	,	Compressor Current (A)	Fan (W)	Input Power (W)	EAT	Evap. Temp.	Airflow (L/s)	LAT (°C)	Delta T (°C)	Latent (W)	Sensible (W)	Cooling (W)	COPc
	10°C	16.7	22,152	11.5	325	2,827		7.6	900	13.3	13.3	5,810	13,366	19,176	6.78
6	16°C	22.2	21,433	12.3	325	3,038		7.8	900	14.0	12.7	5,528	12,717	18,246	6.01
Z	21°C	28.3	20,816	13.5	325	3,339		8.0	900	14.6	12.1	5,251	12,078	17,328	5.19
	27°C	33.9	20,199	14.9	325	3,640	27°C	8.2	900	15.3	11.4	4,972	11,438	16,410	4.51
8	32°C	40.0	19,650	16.8	325	4,050	21 0	8.4	900	15.9	10.8	4,622	10,835	15,457	3.82
5	38°C	45.6	19,060	18.8	325	4,469		8.7	900	16.6	10.1	4,320	10,128	14,447	3.23
i	43°C	51.7	18,533	21.4	325	5,009		8.9	900	17.3	9.4	4,000	9,379	13,379	2.67
	49°C	57.2	17,908	24.1	325	5,549		9.1	900	18.1	8.5	3,652	8,563	12,215	2.20

PC-75 with AC2-75 R410a, 60 Hz

	OUTE	ELECTRICAL			INDOOR LOOP (Air @ 50% RH)										
	Outdoor Air Temperature	Condensing Temperature	Heat Rejected (Btu/hr)	Compressor Current (A)	Fan (W)	Input Power (W)	EAT	Evap. Temp.	Airflow (cfm)	LAT (°F)	Delta T (°F)	Latent (Btu/hr)	Sensible (Btu/hr)	Cooling (Btu/hr)	EER
COOLING	50°F	63	88,261	14.0	450	3,311	80°F	46	2,200	55	25	23,167	53,291	76,458	23.1
	60°F	73	85,697	15.5	450	3,593		46	2,200	56	24	22,098	50,834	72,932	20.3
	70°F	83	83,316	17.0	450	3,984		46	2,200	57	23	20,973	48,244	69,217	17.4
	80°F	93	80,444	18.7	450	4,290		47	2,200	58	22	19,786	45,514	65,300	15.2
	90°F	104	77,778	20.8	450	4,733		47	2,200	60	20	18,261	42,813	61,074	12.9
	100°F	114	74,910	23.0	450	5,194		47	2,200	61	19	16,933	39,699	56,632	10.9
	110°F	124	72,324	25.6	450	5,801		47	2,200	63	17	15,541	36,435	51,976	9.0
	120°F	134	69,726	28.6	450	6,447		47	2,200	64	16	14,105	33,068	47,173	7.3

	OUTE	ELECTRICAL			INDOOR LOOP (Air @ 50% RH)										
COOLING	Outdoor Air Temperature	Condensing Temperature	,	Compressor Current (A)	Fan (W)	Input Power (W)	EAT	Evap. Temp.	Airflow (L/s)	LAT (°C)	Delta T (°C)	Latent (W)	Sensible (W)	Cooling (W)	COPc
	10°C	17.2	25,860	14.0	450	3,311	27°C	7.8	1,040	12.6	14.1	6.788	15,614	22,402	6.77
	16°C	22.8	25,109	15.5	450	3,593		7.9	1,040	13.2	13.4	6,475	14,894	21,369	5.95
	21°C	28.3	24,411	17.0	450	3,984		8.0	1,040	13.9	12.8	6,145	14,135	20,280	5.09
	27°C	33.9	23,570	18.7	450	4,290		8.1	1,040	14.6	12.0	5,797	13,336	19,133	4.46
	32°C	40.0	22,789	20.8	450	4,733		8.2	1,040	15.3	11.3	5,350	12,544	17,895	3.78
	38°C	45.6	21,948	23.0	450	5,194		8.3	1,040	16.2	10.5	4,961	11,632	16,593	3.19
	43°C	51.1	21,191	25.6	450	5,801		8.4	1,040	17.0	9.6	4,553	10,675	15,229	2.63
	49°C	56.7	20,430	28.6	450	6,447		8.6	1,040	17.9	8.7	4,133	9,689	13,822	2.14

Cooling Mode Performance Tables (Heat Rejection to AC2 Outdoor Unit)

PC-80 with AC2-80 R410a, 60 Hz

	OUTE	OOR LOOF	P (Air)	ELECTRICAL			INDOOR LOOP (Air @ 50% RH)								
	Outdoor Air Temperature	Condensing Temperature	Heat Rejected (Btu/hr)	Compressor Current (A)		Input Power (W)	EAT	Evap. Temp.	Airflow (cfm)	LAT (°F)	Delta T (°F)	Latent (Btu/hr)	Sensible (Btu/hr)	Cooling (Btu/hr)	EER
1	50°F	63	104,148	16.5	450	3,907		45	2,300	51	30	27,360	62,937	90,297	23.1
9	60°F	73	101,294	18.3	450	4,247		45	2,300	52	28	26,076	59,984	86,060	20.3
5	70°F	83	98,313	20.1	450	4,701		45	2,300	53	27	24,759	56,952	81,711	17.4
<u></u>	80°F	93	95,004	22.1	450	5,066	80°F	45	2,300	54	26	23,347	53,707	77,054	15.2
8	90°F	104	91,934	24.6	450	5,594	00 F	46	2,300	56	24	21,566	50,562	72,128	12.9
	100°F	114	88,431	27.2	450	6,132		46	2,300	58	22	19,988	46,861	66,848	10.9
	110°F	124	85,342	30.2	450	6,845		46	2,300	60	20	18,354	43,030	61,384	9.0
	120°F	134	82,325	33.8	450	7,612		46	2,300	61	19	16,644	39,020	55,664	7.3

METRIC

	OUTE	OOR LOOF	P (Air)	ELE	INDOOR LOOP (Air @ 50% RH)										
	Outdoor Air Temperature	Condensing Temperature	,	Compressor Current (A)	Fan (W)	Input Power (W)	EAT	Evap. Temp.	Airflow (L/s)	LAT (°C)	Delta T (°C)	Latent (W)	Sensible (W)	Cooling (W)	COPc
	10°C	17.2	30,515	16.5	450	3,907		7.2	1090	10.4	16.6	8,017	18,440	26,457	6.77
6	16°C	22.8	29,679	18.3	450	4,247		7.3	1090	11.2	15.8	7,641	17,575	25,215	5.94
Z	21°C	28.3	28,805	20.1	450	4,701		7.4	1090	11.9	15.1	7,254	16,686	23,941	5.09
	27°C	33.9	27,836	22.1	450	5,066	27°C	7.5	1090	12.8	14.2	6,840	15,736	22,577	4.46
	32°C	40.0	26,937	24.6	450	5,594	21 0	7.6	1090	13.6	13.4	6,318	14,814	21,134	3.78
3	38°C	45.6	25,910	27.2	450	6,132		7.7	1090	14.6	12.4	5,856	13,730	19,586	3.19
Ì	43°C	51.1	25,005	30.2	450	6,845		7.8	1090	15.7	11.3	5,377	12,607	17,985	2.63
i	49°C	56.7	24,122	33.8	450	7,612		8.1	1090	16.7	10.3	4,877	11,433	16,310	2.14

Water Flow & Pressure Drop Data

Table 35 - Required Water Flow Rates (PC-T only)									
MODEL		WATER OW	0	NAL GROUNI JECTION WA					
gpm L/s MGL P/N COIL gpm L/s									
PC-45 21 1.3 03-7001 BTSSC-60 10 0.63									
PC-55	28	1.8	03-7019	BTSSC-72	12	0.76			
PC-65	35	2.2	03-7019	D1330-12	14	0.88			
PC-75	40	2.5	03-7040	BTSSC-84	16	1.0			
PC-80 45 2.8 05-7040 17 1.1									
Maximum operating pressure for pool water loop is 25 psi.									

	Table 36 -	Table 36 - Pool Water Pressure Drop (PC-T only)								
	Flow (gpm)	nei kea								
PC-45 →	20	1.5	10							
	25	2.2	15							
PC-55 →	30	2.9	20							
PC-65 →	35	3.8	26							
PC-75 →	40	4.7	32							
PC-80 →	45	5.8	40							
	50	6.9	48							
	60	9.5	66							

Table 37: Pressure Drop for Optional Ground Loop Heat Rejection Coil			Water 104°F		Water 50°F		15% Methanol 32°F		35% prop. glycol 32°F	
	gpm	L/s	psi	kPa	psi	kPa	psi	kPa	psi	kPa
	6	0.38	1.6	11	1.7	12	2.0	14	2.6	18
	7	0.44	1.9	13	2.1	14	2.5	17	3.3	23
	8	0.50	2.6	18	2.8	19	3.0	21	4.0	27
PC-45	9	0.57	3.2	22	3.5	24	3.8	26	5.0	34
(coil	10	0.63	3.8	26	4.0	28	4.7	32	6.2	43
03-7001)	11	0.69	4.3	30	4.6	32	5.5	38	7.2	50
	12	0.76	5.2	36	5.5	38	6.6	45	8.7	60
	13	0.82	5.9	41	6.2	43	7.4	51	9.7	67
	14	0.88	6.7	46	7.0	48	8.6	59	11.3	78
	8	0.50	1.8	12	1.9	13	2.1	14	2.8	19
	9	0.57	2.2	15	2.4	17	2.4	17	3.2	22
	10	0.63	2.7	19	2.9	20	3.1	21	4.1	28
PC-55	11	0.69	2.8	19	3.1	21	3.6	25	4.7	33
PC-65 (coil	12	0.76	3.4	23	3.7	26	4.4	30	5.8	40
03-7019)	13	0.82	4	28	4.3	30	5	34	6.6	45
Ī	14	0.88	4.7	32	5	34	5.7	39	7.5	52
 	15	0.95	5.6	39	5.8	40	6.4	44	8.4	58
1	16	1.01	6.1	42	6.3	43	7.1	49	9.3	64
	11	0.69	2.9	20	3.2	22	4	28	5.3	36
+	12	0.76	3.6	25	3.9	27	4.6	32	6.0	42
PC-75	13	0.82	4.1	28	4.4	30	5.2	36	6.8	47
PC-80 (coil	14	0.88	4.7	32	5	34	5.8	40	7.6	53
03-7040)	15	0.95	5.5	38	5.7	39	6.5	45	8.5	59
,	16	1.01	6.3	43	6.5	45	7.3	50	9.6	66
	17	1.07	7.1	49	7.3	50	8.1	56	10.7	74

NOTE: these pressure drops include a 3.5 ft of connecting 1" copper piping and four 1" copper elbows .

TABLE 38 - PC-Series Electrical Data											
	Elec.	Powe	r Supply		Compr	essor	FLA	MCA	Maximum Fuse/Breaker	Minimum Wire Size	
	Code	V-ø-Hz	MIN	MAX	RLA	LRA	Amps	Amps	Amps	ga	
	1	208/230-1-60	187	253	15.4	84	19.6	23.0	40	#8-2	
	2	208-3-60	187	229	10.4	73	14.1	16.7	30	#10-3	
PC-45	4	460-3-60	414	506	5.8	38	9.5	11.0	15	#14-3	
	6	220-1-50	187	253	13.5	67	17.2	20.6	30	#10-2	
	7	380-3-50	342	418	5.4	38	9.1	10.5	15	#14-3	
	1	208/230-1-60	187	253	19.6	130	23.8	28.7	50	#8-2	
	2	208-3-60	187	229	13.7	83.1	17.9	21.3	30	#10-3	
PC-55	4	460-3-60	414	506	6.2	41	10.4	12.0	20	#12-3	
	6	220-1-50	187	253	15.9	98	20.1	24.1	40	#8-2	
	7	380-3-50	342	418	6.1	43	10.3	11.8	15	#14-3	
	1	208/230-1-60	187	253	24.7	166	30.4	36.6	60	#6-2	
	2	208-3-60	187	229	15.6	110	21.3	25.2	40	#8-3	
PC-65	4	460-3-60	414	506	7.8	52	13.5	15.5	20	#12-3	
	6	220-1-50	187	253	20.2	128	25.9	31.0	50	#8-2	
	7	380-3-50	342	418	7.8	52	13.5	15.5	20	#12-3	
	1	208/230-1-60	187	253	30.8	178	37.5	45.2	60	#6-2	
	2	208-3-60	187	229	19.6	136	26.3	31.2	50	#8-3	
PC-75	4	460-3-60	414	506	8.2	66	14.9	17.0	30	#10-3	
	7	380-3-50	342	418	8.0	67	14.7	16.7	30	#10-3	
	1	208/230-1-60	187	253	36.9	185	44.1	53.3	80	#4-2	
	2	208-3-60	187	229	23.2	164	30.4	36.2	60	#6-3	
PC-80	4	460-3-60	414	506	11.2	75	18.4	21.2	30	#10-3	
	6	220-1-50	187	253	28.2	155	35.4	42.5	60	#6-2	
	7	380-3-50	342	418	11.2	75	18.4	21.2	30	#10-3	

TABLE	TABLE 39 - Plenum Heater Electrical Data														
0:	(230-1-60)						(208-1-60)					(220-1-50)			
Size (kW)	Actual (kW)	FLA (A)	MCA (A)	Breaker (A)	Wire Size	Actual (kW)	FLA (A)	MCA (A)	Breaker (A)	Wire Size	Actual (kW)	FLA (A)	MCA (A)	Breaker (A)	Wire Size
5	5	20.8	26.0	30	#10	3.8	18.1	22.6	30	#10	4.2	19.1	19.1	30	#10
7	7	29.2	36.5	40	#8	5.3	25.3	31.6	40	#8	5.9	26.7	26.7	40	#6
10	10	41.7	52.1	60	#6	7.5	36.1	45.1	50	#6	8.4	38.1	38.1	50	#6
15	15	62.5	78.1	80	#4	11.3	54.2	67.7	80	#4	12.6	57.2	57.2	80	#3
20	20	83.3	104.2	100	#3	15.0	72.2	90.3	100	#3	16.8	76.3	76.3	100	#3

Indoor Airflow

TABLE	TABLE 40 - Indoor Airflow											
Model	Nom	inal	Ran	ge Airflow Reduction* - 20%		Airflow Reduction* - 15%		Airflow Reduction* - 10%		Airflow Reduction* - 5%		
Size	cfm	L/s	cfm	L/s	cfm	L/s	cfm	L/s	cfm	L/s	cfm	L/s
45	1150	540	900-1400	430-660	920	430	980	460	1040	490	1090	520
55	1500	710	1200-1800	570-850	1200	570	1280	600	1350	640	1430	670
65	1900	900	1500-2300	710-1090	1520	720	1620	760	1710	810	1810	850
75	2200	1040	1750-2500	830-1180	1760	830	1870	880	1980	940	2090	990
80	2300	1085	1850-2500	873-1180	1840	870	1955	920	2070	980	2185	1030

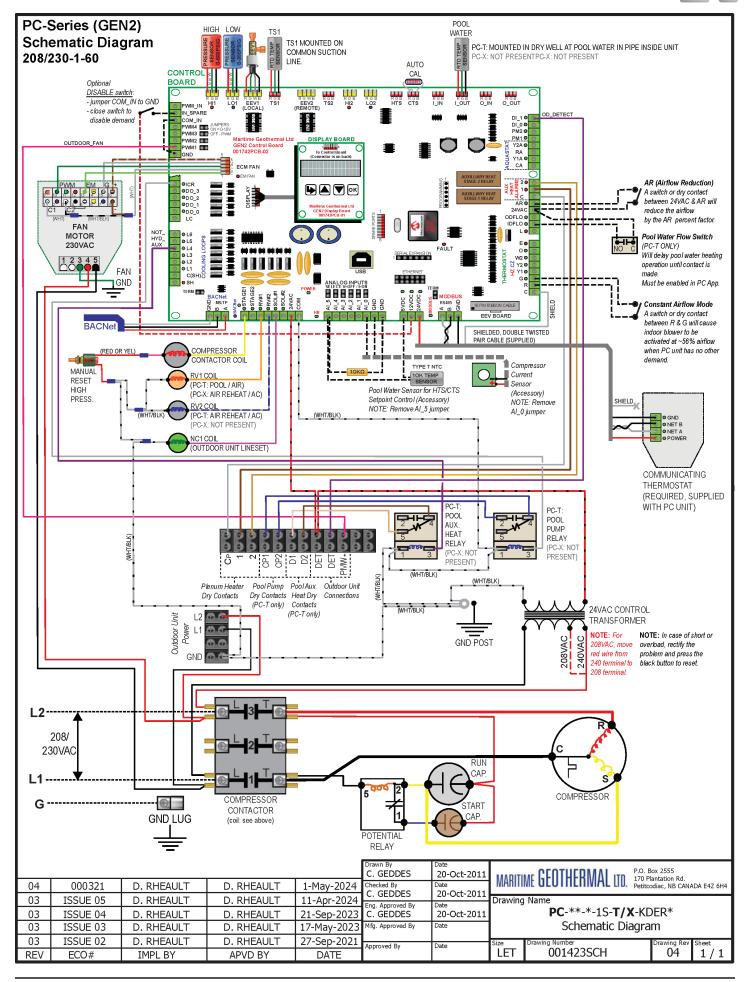
TABLE	TABLE 41 - Indoor Airflow for Auxiliary Air Heat											
Model	Nom	ninal	Ran	ige	Airflow Reduction* - 20%		Airflow Reduction* - 15%		Airflow Reduction* - 10%		Airflow Reduction* - 5%	
Size	cfm	L/s	cfm	L/s	cfm	L/s	cfm	L/s	cfm	L/s	cfm	L/s
45	1150	540	900-1400	430-660	920	430	980	460	1040	490	1090	520
55	1500	710	1200-1800	570-850	1200	570	1280	600	1350	640	1430	670
65	1900	900	1700-2300	800-1090	1520	720	1620	760	1710	810	1810	850
75	2200	1040	2000-2500	940-1180	1760	830	1870	880	1980	940	2090	990
80	2300	1085	2100-2500	991-1180	1840	870	1955	920	2070	980	2185	1030

TABLE	TABLE 42 - Indoor Airflow for Air Recirculation Only** (activated by R—G switch, jumper, or dry contact)												
Model	Nom	inal	Range		-	Airflow Reduction* - 20%		Airflow Reduction* - 15%		Airflow Reduction* - 10%		Airflow Reduction* - 5%	
Size	cfm	L/s	cfm	L/s	cfm	L/s	cfm	L/s	cfm	L/s	cfm	L/s	
45	650	310	500-800	240-380	520	250	550	260	590	280	620	290	
55	850	400	700-1000	330-470	680	320	720	340	770	360	810	380	
65	1100	520	900-1300	430-610	880	420	940	440	990	470	1050	490	
75	1250	590	1000-1500	470-710	1000	470	1060	500	1130	530	1190	560	
80	1300	615	1050-1550	496-732	1040	490	1105	520	1170	550	1235	585	

Maximum external static pressure: 0.50in H₂O

*To obtain the airflow reduction (AR) values, use a dry contact to connect AR to 24VAC on the right side of control board. Airflow reduction % is set through PC App.

Air recirculation (airflow even when PC unit is idle with no other demand active) is activated by making a connection with switch, jumper, or dry contact from **R to **G** at lower right of control board.



PC-Series (GEN2) **Electrical Box Diagram** 208/230-1-60

ROOM THERMOSTAT (REQUIRED)

Connect the communicating thermostat directly to board with supplied shielded, double twisted pair cable:

communication: use one twisted pair В

24VDC - power: use other twisted pair

CONSTANT AIRFLOW MODE

A switch or dry contact between R & G will activate the indoor blower at ~56% airflow when no other demand. R - 24VAC

G - blower activation

BACNet CONNECTIONS (MS/TP RS-485)

Use a shielded, twisted pair cable to connect the optional BACNet connections to the control board. communication: use one twisted pair

GND - Ground

ı	BACNet Object	Activation
	SYSTEM G	Constant Airflow/Fan Recirculation Mode
	SYSTEM_Y1	Air Reheat/Aux.Heat or Air Cool Demand
	SYSTEM_O	Air Heating (OFF) / Air Cooling (ON)
	SYSTEM_Y1A	Pool Water Heat Demand
	SYSTEM_DH	Air Dehumidify Demand

PLENUM HEATER DRY CONTACTS

Use an 18-3 cable to connect the air plenum heater control board to the pool conditioner terminal strip: CP - 24VAC from plenum heater

- dry contact, closed on call for electric heat stage 1
- dry contact, closed on call for electric heat stage 2

POOL PUMP DRY CONTACTS (PC-X: N/A)

If pool pump control is required, use an 18-2 cable to relay a 24VAC signal to activate an external contactor: CP1 - dry contacts, closed on call for pool water flow CP2

POOL AUXILIARY HEAT DRY CONTACTS (PC-X: NA)

If an auxilary pool heating device is present, use an 18-2 cable to relay its 24VAC signal back to activate it: dry contacts, closed on call for aux, pool heat

L2

L1.

GND:

208/230V POWER SUPPLY CONNECTIONS

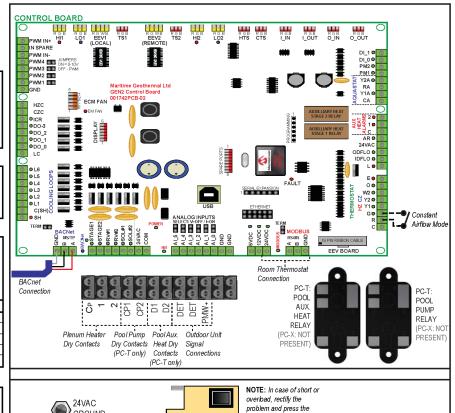
Wire	Colour	Contactor (Label)
Line 2	Red	L2
Neutral*	-	no connection
Line 1	Black	L1
Connect "	GND" to a	around lug.

OUTDOOR UNIT SIGNAL CONNECTIONS (24VAC)

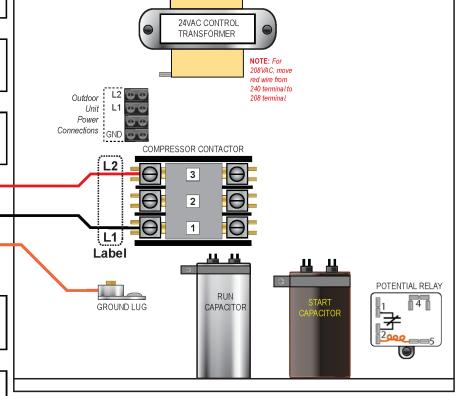
Use an 18-3 outdoor rated cable to connect the accessory outdoor unit's signal connections to the matching connections in the pool conditioner's upper electrical box.

OUTDOOR UNIT POWER CONNECTIONS (230VAC)

Use a 14-2 outdoor rated cable to connect the accessory outdoor unit's power supply terminals to the matching terminals in the pool conditioner's lower electrical box.



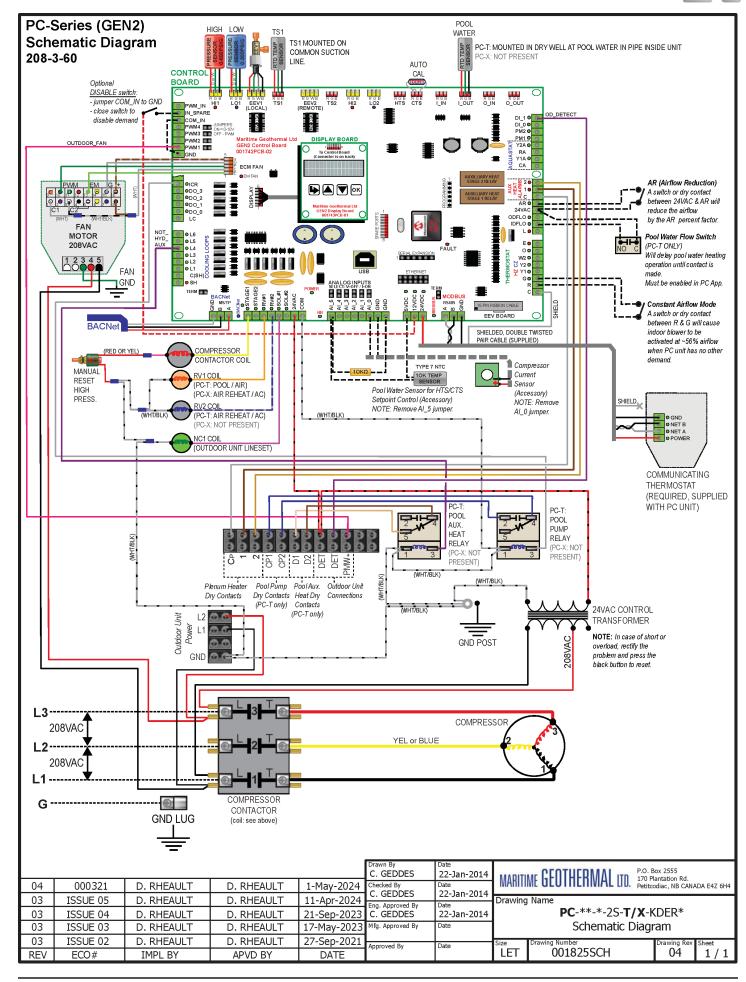
, black button to reset.



electr	ical box.	•			Drawn By C.GEDDES	Date 20-Oct-2011	P.O. Box 2555 MARITIME GEOTHERMAL ITO Propriet NR CANADA F47 6H4.
					Checked By C.GEDDES	Date 20-Oct-2011	WIARITIME ULUTILITIMAL III. Petitcodiac, NB CANADA E4Z 6H4
					Eng. Approved By	Date	Drawing Name
03	000321	D. RHEAULT	D. RHEAULT	1-May-2024		l · · ·	PC-**-P-1S-T/X-*DE** Electrical Box Diagram
02	000236	D. RHEAULT	D. RHEAULT	11-Apr-2018	Mfg. Approved By	Date	TE T 13 1/X DE Electrical box biagrain
01	Initial Release	C. GEDDES	C. GEDDES	20-Oct-2011	Approved By	Date	Size Drawing Number Drawing Rev Sheet
REV	ECO#	IMPL BY	APVD BY	DATE	пристем ву	5400	LET 001424ELB 03 1 / 1

GROUND

POST



PC-Series (GEN2) **Electrical Box Diagram** 208-3-60

ROOM THERMOSTAT (REQUIRED)

Connect the communicating thermostat directly to board with supplied shielded, double twisted pair cable:

communication: use one twisted pair В

24VDC - power: use other twisted pair

CONSTANT AIRFLOW MODE

A switch or dry contact between R & G will activate the indoor blower at ~56% airflow when no other demand. R - 24VAC

G - blower activation

BACNet CONNECTIONS (MS/TP RS-485)

Use a shielded, twisted pair cable to connect the optional BACNet connections to the control board. communication: use one twisted pair

GND - Ground

BACNet Object	Activation
SYSTEM G	Constant Airflow/Fan Recirculation Mode
SYSTEM_Y1	Air Reheat/Aux.Heat or Air Cool Demand
SYSTEM_O	Air Heating (OFF) / Air Cooling (ON)
SYSTEM_Y1A	Pool Water Heat Demand
SYSTEM_DH	Air Dehumidify Demand

PLENUM HEATER DRY CONTACTS

Use an 18-3 cable to connect the air plenum heater control board to the pool conditioner terminal strip: CP - 24VAC from plenum heater

- dry contact, closed on call for electric heat stage 1
- dry contact, closed on call for electric heat stage 2

POOL PUMP DRY CONTACTS (PC-X: N/A)

If pool pump control is required, use an 18-2 cable to relay a 24VAC signal to activate an external contactor: CP1

- dry contacts, closed on call for pool water flow CP2

POOL AUXILIARY HEAT DRY CONTACTS (PC-X: NA)

If an auxilary pool heating device is present, use an 18-2 cable to relay its 24VAC signal back to activate it: dry contacts, closed on call for aux. pool heat

208V POWER SUPPLY CONNECTIONS

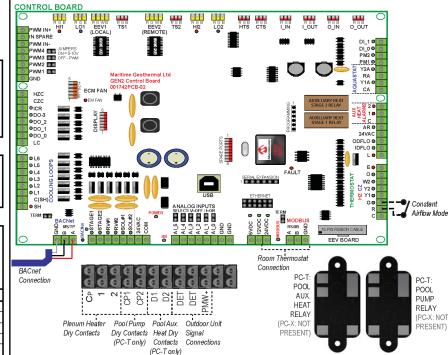
Wire	Colour	Contactor (Label)		
Line 3	Red	L3		
Line 2	Blue	L2		
Line 1	Black	L1		
Connect "GND" to ground lug.				

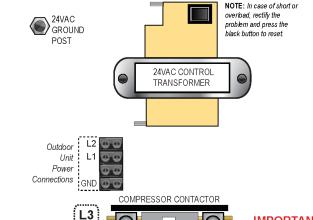
OUTDOOR UNIT SIGNAL CONNECTIONS (24VAC)

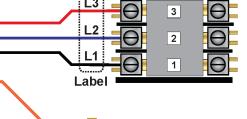
Use an 18-3 outdoor rated cable to connect the accessory outdoor unit's signal connections to the matching connections in the pool conditioner's upper electrical box.

OUTDOOR UNIT POWER CONNECTIONS (230VAC)

Use a 14-2 outdoor rated cable to connect the accessory outdoor unit's power supply terminals to the matching terminals in the pool conditioner's lower electrical box







GROUND LUG

IMPORTANT NOTE FOR **3 PHASE POWER**

If on initial startup the compressor is noisy and not pumping, reverse L1 and L2 supply wires.

	Drawn By	Date	
C.GEDDES		22-Jan-2014	
	Checked By	Date	
	C.GEDDES	22-Jan-2014	
	Eng. Approved By	Date	
2024	C.GEDDES	22-Jan-2014	
2018	Mfg. Approved By	Date	
2014			



P.O. Box 2555

Drawing Name

PC-**-P-2S-T/X-*DE** Electrical Box Diagram

Size LET	Drawing Number 001826ELB	Drawing Rev 03	Sheet 1/	1

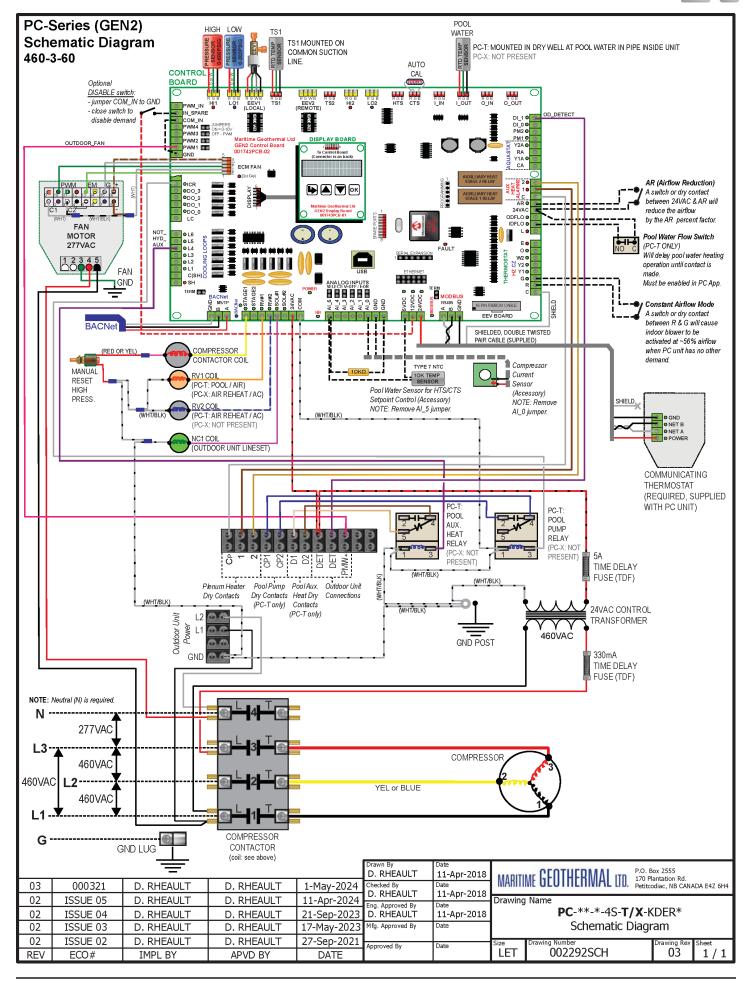
					Checke
					C.GE
03	000321	D. RHEAULT	D. RHEAULT	1-May-2024	Eng. A C.GE
02	000236	D. RHEAULT	D. RHEAULT	11-Apr-2018	Mfg. A
01	Initial Release	C. GEDDES	C. GEDDES	22-Jan-2014	Approv
RE\/	FCO#	TMPL RY	APVD BY	DATE	/фр.с.

L3

L2

L1

GND .



002291MAN-05

PC-Series (GEN2) **Electrical Box Diagram** 460-3-60

ROOM THERMOSTAT (REQUIRED)

Connect the communicating thermostat directly to board with supplied shielded, double twisted pair cable:

A - communication: use *one twisted pair*

24VDC - power: use *other twisted pair* GND :

CONSTANT AIRFLOW MODE

A switch or dry contact between R & G will activate the indoor blower at ~56% airflow when no other demand. R - 24VAC

G - blower activation

BACNet CONNECTIONS (MS/TP RS-485)

Use a shielded, twisted pair cable to connect the optional BACNet connections to the control board.

communication: use one twisted pair lR

GND - Ground

ı	BACNet Object	Activation
ı	SYSTEM G	Constant Airflow/Fan Recirculation Mode
ı	SYSTEM_Y1	Air Reheat/Aux.Heat or Air Cool Demand
ı	SYSTEM_O	Air Heating (OFF) / Air Cooling (ON)
ı	SYSTEM_Y1A	Pool Water Heat Demand
ı	SYSTEM_DH	Air Dehumidify Demand

PLENUM HEATER DRY CONTACTS

Use an 18-3 cable to connect the air plenum heater control board to the pool conditioner terminal strip:

CP - 24VAC from plenum heater

- dry contact, closed on call for electric heat stage 1
- dry contact, closed on call for electric heat stage 2

POOL PUMP DRY CONTACTS (PC-X: N/A)

If pool pump control is required, use an 18-2 cable to relay a 24VAC signal to activate an external contactor: CP1 - dry contacts, closed on call for pool water flow CP2

POOL AUXILIARY HEAT DRY CONTACTS

If an auxilary pool heating device is present, use an 18-2 cable to relay its 24VAC signal back to activate it:

dry contacts, closed on call for aux. pool heat

460/277V POWER SUPPLY CONNECTIONS

*NOTE: Neutral (N) is required.

02

01

REV

000321

Initial Release

ECO#

Wire	Colour	Contactor (Label)		
Neutral*	White	N*		
Line 3	Red	L3		
Line 2	Blue	L2		
Line 1	Black	L1		
Connect "GND" to around lug				

OUTDOOR UNIT SIGNAL CONNECTIONS (24VAC)

Use an 18-3 outdoor rated cable to connect the accessory outdoor unit's signal connections to the matching connections in the pool conditioner's upper electrical box

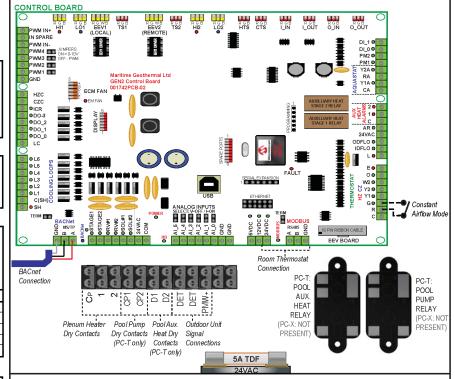
OUTDOOR UNIT POWER CONNECTIONS (230VAC)

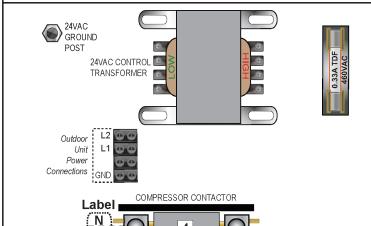
Use a 14-2 outdoor rated cable to connect the accessory outdoor unit's power supply terminals to the matching terminals in the pool conditioner's lower electrical box.

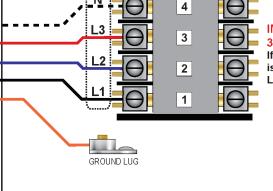
D. RHEAULT

D. RHEAULT

IMPL BY







IMPORTANT NOTE FOR 3 PHASE POWER

If on initial startup the compressor is noisy and not pumping, reverse L1 and L2 supply wires.

	Drawn By D. RHEAULT	Date 16-Mar-2018	MADITI	ME GEOTHERMAL I	P.O. B	ox 2555 antation Rd.	
	Checked By D. RHEAULT	Date 16-Mar-2018	Drawing Name Name Petitcodiac, NB CANADA E				ADA E4Z 6H4
	Eng. Approved By	Date	Drawing	Name			
	D. RHEAULT	16-Mar-2018	DC-**	-P-4S-T/X-*DE**	Electric	al Boy D	iagram
24	Mfg. Approved By	Date	' ~	1 15 1/X DE 1	LICCUIC	ai box b	nagram
18			Size	Drawing Number		Drawing Rev	Shoot
	Approved By	Date	. —			امتا	Jileet
			LEI	002293ELB		02	1/1

1-May-202

11-Apr-20

DATE

N*

13

L2

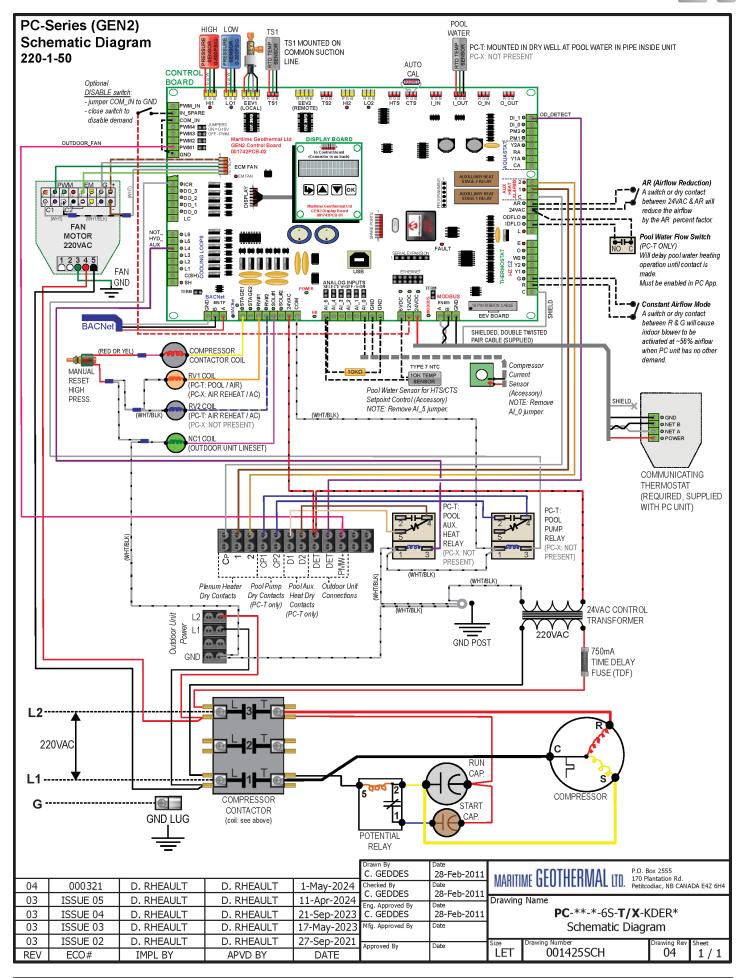
L1

GND

D. RHEAULT

D. RHEAULT

APVD BY



PC-Series (GEN2) **Electrical Box Diagram** 220-1-50

ROOM THERMOSTAT (REQUIRED)

Connect the communicating thermostat directly to board with supplied shielded, double twisted pair cable:

- communication: use one twisted pair В

GND

24VDC - power: use other twisted pair

CONSTANT AIRFLOW MODE

A switch or dry contact between R & G will activate the indoor blower at ~56% airflow when no other demand. R - 24VAC

G - blower activation

BACNet CONNECTIONS (MS/TP RS-485)

Use a shielded, twisted pair cable to connect the optional BACNet connections to the control board. communication: use one twisted pair

GND - Ground

BACNet Object	Activation
SYSTEM G	Constant Airflow/Fan Recirculation Mode
SYSTEM_Y1	Air Reheat/Aux.Heat or Air Cool Demand
SYSTEM_O	Air Heating (OFF) / Air Cooling (ON)
SYSTEM_Y1A	Pool Water Heat Demand
SYSTEM_DH	Air Dehumidify Demand

PLENUM HEATER DRY CONTACTS

Use an 18-3 cable to connect the air plenum heater control board to the pool conditioner terminal strip: CP - 24VAC from plenum heater

- 1 dry contact, closed on call for electric heat stage 1
- dry contact, closed on call for electric heat stage 2

POOL PUMP DRY CONTACTS (PC-X: N/A)

If pool pump control is required, use an 18-2 cable to relay a 24VAC signal to activate an external contactor: CP1 - dry contacts, closed on call for pool water flow CP2

POOL AUXILIARY HEAT DRY CONTACTS (PC-X: N/A)

If an auxilary pool heating device is present, use an 18-2 cable to relay its 24VAC signal back to activate it: - dry contacts, closed on call for aux, pool heat

220V POWER SUPPLY CONNECTIONS

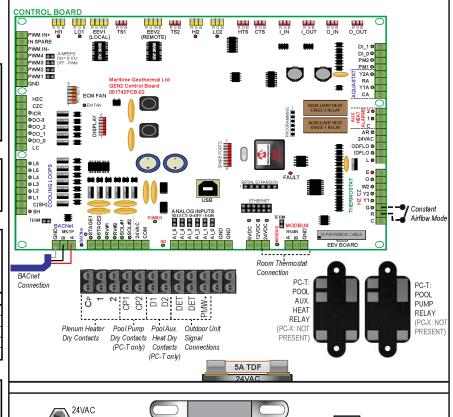
Wire	Colour	Contactor (Label)		
Line 2	Red	L2		
Neutral*	-	no connection		
Line 1	Black	L1		
Connect "GND" to around lug.				

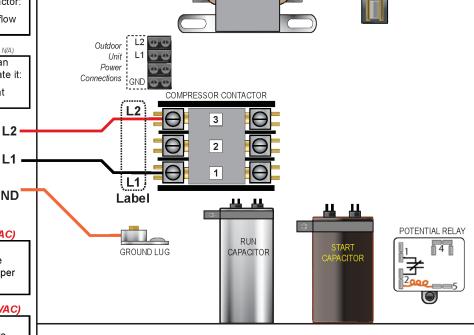
OUTDOOR UNIT SIGNAL CONNECTIONS (24VAC)

Use an 18-3 outdoor rated cable to connect the accessory outdoor unit's signal connections to the matching connections in the pool conditioner's upper electrical box.

OUTDOOR UNIT POWER CONNECTIONS (230VAC)

Use a 14-2 outdoor rated cable to connect the accessory outdoor unit's power supply terminals to the matching terminals in the pool conditioner's lower electrical box.





					C. G
					Check C.G
					Eng.
03	000321	D. RHEAULT	D. RHEAULT	1-May-2024	C.G
02	000236	D. RHEAULT	D. RHEAULT	11-Apr-2018	Mfg.
01	Initial Release	C. GEDDES	C. GEDDES	28-Feb-2011	Appro
REV	ECO#	IMPL BY	APVD BY	DATE	прри

L2

GND

Drawn By C.GEDDES 28-Feb-2011 EDDES 28-Feb-2011 Drawing Name Approved By SEDDES 28-Feb-2011 Approved By roved By 001426ELB LET

03

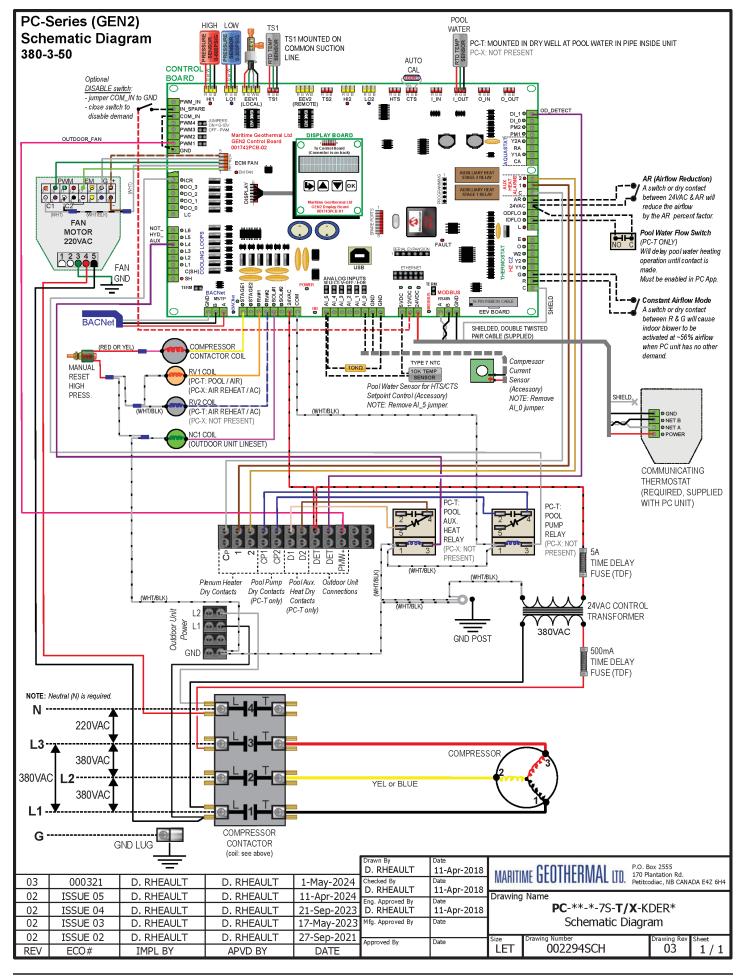
GROUND

24VAC CONTROL

TRANSFORMER 5

POST





PC-Series (GEN2) **Electrical Box Diagram** 380-3-50

ROOM THERMOSTAT (REQUIRED)

Connect the communicating thermostat directly to board with supplied shielded, double twisted pair cable:

communication: use one twisted pair В

GND

^{24VDC} - power: use **other twisted pair**

CONSTANT AIRFLOW MODE

A switch or dry contact between R & G will activate the indoor blower at ~56% airflow when no other demand. R - 24VAC

G - blower activation

BACNet CONNECTIONS (MS/TP RS-485)

Use a shielded, twisted pair cable to connect the optional BACNet connections to the control board. communication: use one twisted pair

В

GND - Ground

BACNet Object	Activation
SYSTEM G	Constant Airflow/Fan Recirculation Mode
SYSTEM_Y1	Air Reheat/Aux.Heat or Air Cool Demand
SYSTEM_O	Air Heating (OFF) / Air Cooling (ON)
SYSTEM_Y1A	Pool Water Heat Demand
SYSTEM_DH	Air Dehumidify Demand

PLENUM HEATER DRY CONTACTS

Use an 18-3 cable to connect the air plenum heater control board to the pool conditioner terminal strip: CP - 24VAC from plenum heater

- dry contact, closed on call for electric heat stage 1
- dry contact, closed on call for electric heat stage 2

POOL PUMP DRY CONTACTS (PC-X: N/A)

If pool pump control is required, use an 18-2 cable to relay a 24VAC signal to activate an external contactor: CP1 - dry contacts, closed on call for pool water flow CP2

POOL AUXILIARY HEAT DRY CONTACTS

If an auxilary pool heating device is present, use an 18-2 cable to relay its 24VAC signal back to activate it: - dry contacts, closed on call for aux, pool heat

N*

GND

D. RHEAULT

D. RHEAULT

APVD BY

380/220V POWER SUPPLY CONNECTIONS

*NOTE: Neutral (N) is required.

02

01

RF\/

000321

Initial Release

ECO#

Wire	Colour	Contactor (Label)
Neutral*	White	N*
Line 3	Red	L3
Line 2	Blue	L2
Line 1	Black	L1
Connect "GND" to ground lug.		

OUTDOOR UNIT SIGNAL CONNECTIONS (24VAC)

Use an 18-3 outdoor rated cable to connect the accessory outdoor unit's signal connections to the matching connections in the pool conditioner's upper electrical box

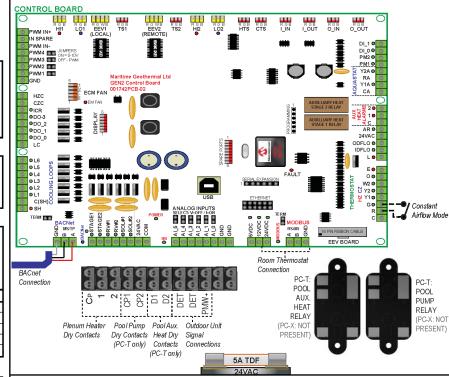
OUTDOOR UNIT POWER CONNECTIONS (230VAC)

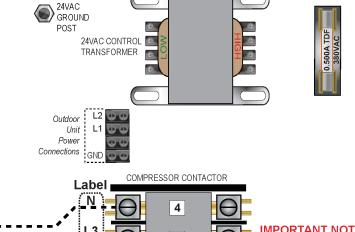
Use a 14-2 outdoor rated cable to connect the accessory outdoor unit's power supply terminals to the matching terminals in the pool conditioner's lower

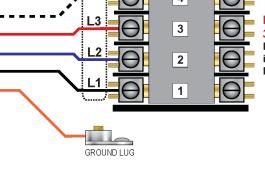
D. RHEAULT

D. RHEAULT

IMPL BY







IMPORTANT NOTE FOR **3 PHASE POWER**

If on initial startup the compressor is noisy and not pumping, reverse L1 and L2 supply wires.

	Drawn By D. RHEAULT	Date 16-Mar-2018	Г
	Checked By	Date	l
	D. RHEAULT	16-Mar-2018	h
	Eng. Approved By D. RHEAULT	Date 16-Mar-2018	ľ
24	Mfg. Approved By	Date	ľ
)18			9
	Approved By	Date	ľ

MARITIME GEOTHERMAL III. P.O. Box 2555
170 Plantation Rd.
Petitodiac, NB CANADA E4Z 6H4

Drawing Name

PC-**-P-7S-T/X-*DE** Electrical Box Diagram

LET 002295ELB 02

electrical box

1-May-20

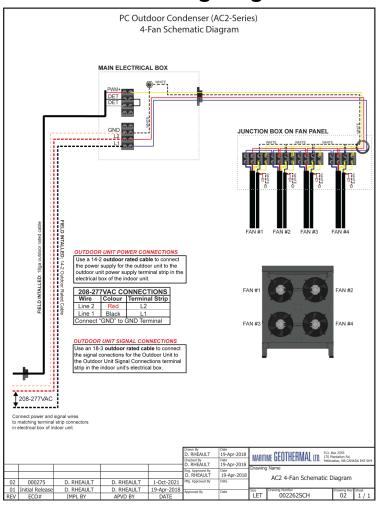
11-Apr-20

DATE

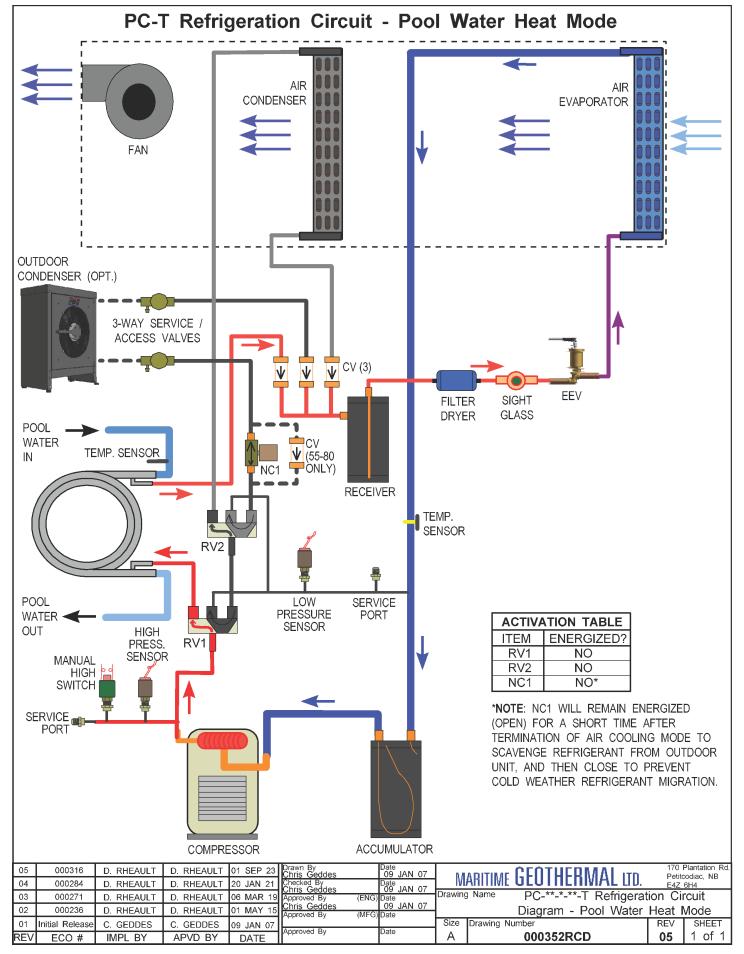
AC2-45/55 Wiring Diagram

PC Outdoor Condenser (AC2-Series) 1-Fan Schematic Diagram **Electrical Box** PWM+ DET Fan Motor DET 230VAC Initial 8ga Outdoor ECO# Release GND IMPL BY RHEAULT **GND** Ō APVD BY Signal Cable RHEAULT 208-277VAC Connect to Outdoor Unit **GND** Signal Connections Connect to Outdoor Unit terminal strip in the Power Supply terminal strip 19 indoor unit's electrical box in the indoor unit's electrical box -Apr-2018 DATE D. RHEAULT Eng. Approved B D. RHEAULT Mfg. Approved B ₽ **OUTDOOR UNIT POWER CONNECTIONS** Use a 14-2 outdoor rated cable to connect Date 19-Apr-2018 Date 19-Apr-2018 Date 19-Apr-2018 Date the power supply for the outdoor unit to the outdoor unit power supply terminal strip in the electrical box of the indoor unit. 208-277VAC CONNECTIONS Wire Colour | Terminal Strip **Drawing Name** Line 2 L2 Black Drawing Number 002261SCH Connect "GND" to GND Terminal AC2 1-Fan Schematic Diagram **OUTDOOR UNIT SIGNAL CONNECTIONS** Use an 18-3 outdoor rated cable to connect the signal conections for the Outdoor Unit to the Outdoor Unit Signal Connections terminal strip in the indoor unit's electrical box. P.O. Box 2555 170 Plantation Rd. Petitcodiac, NB CANADA E4Z 6H4 2

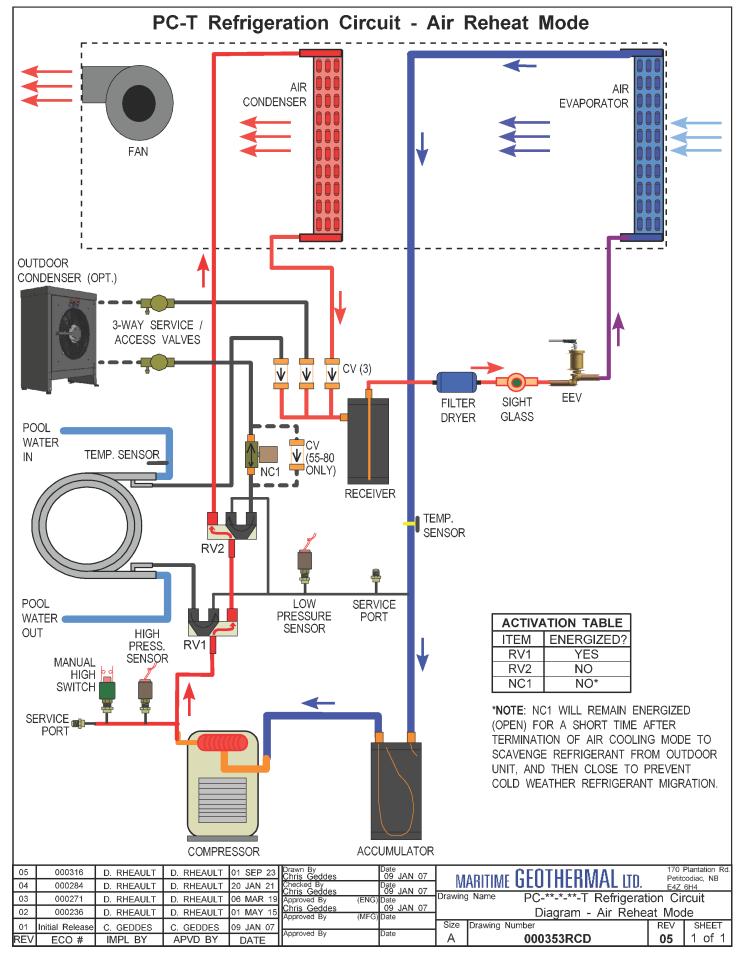
AC2-65/75/80 Wiring Diagram



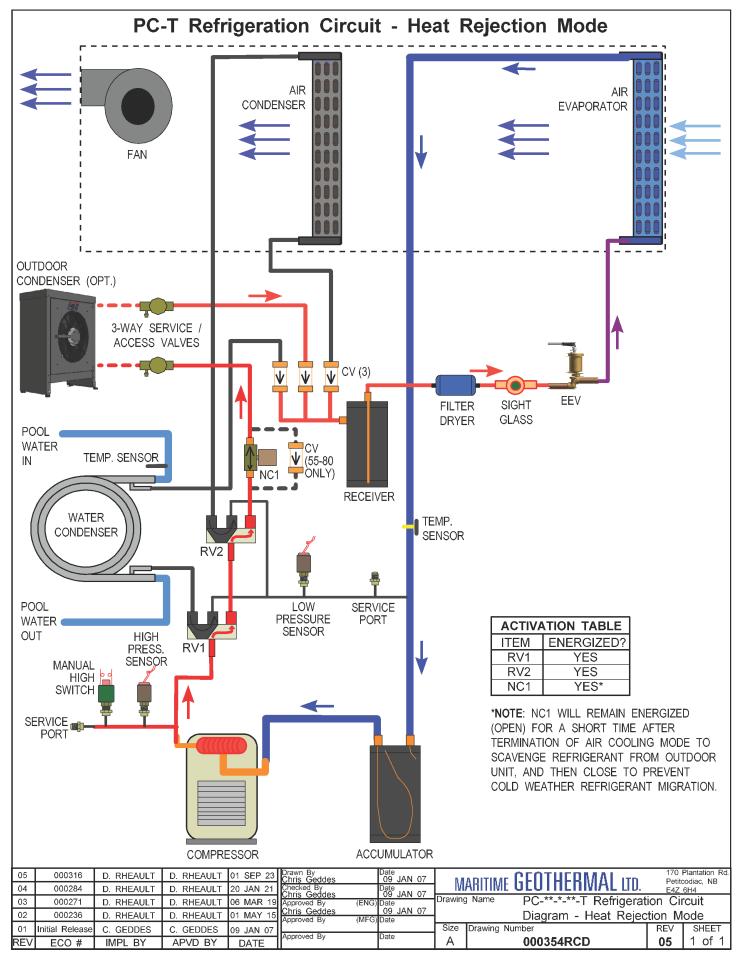




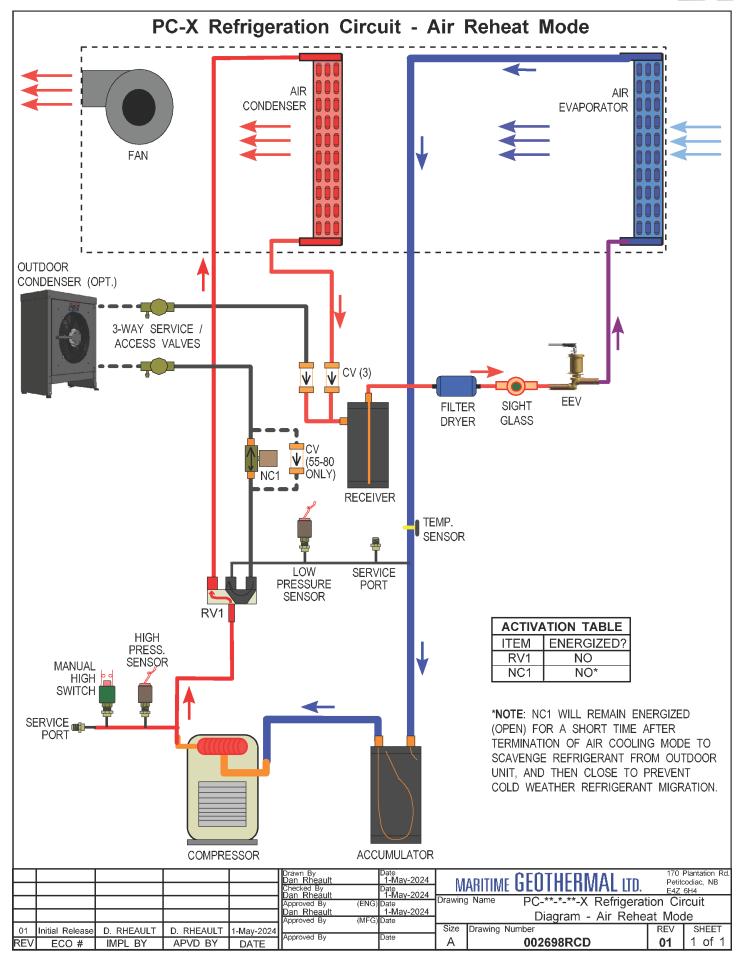




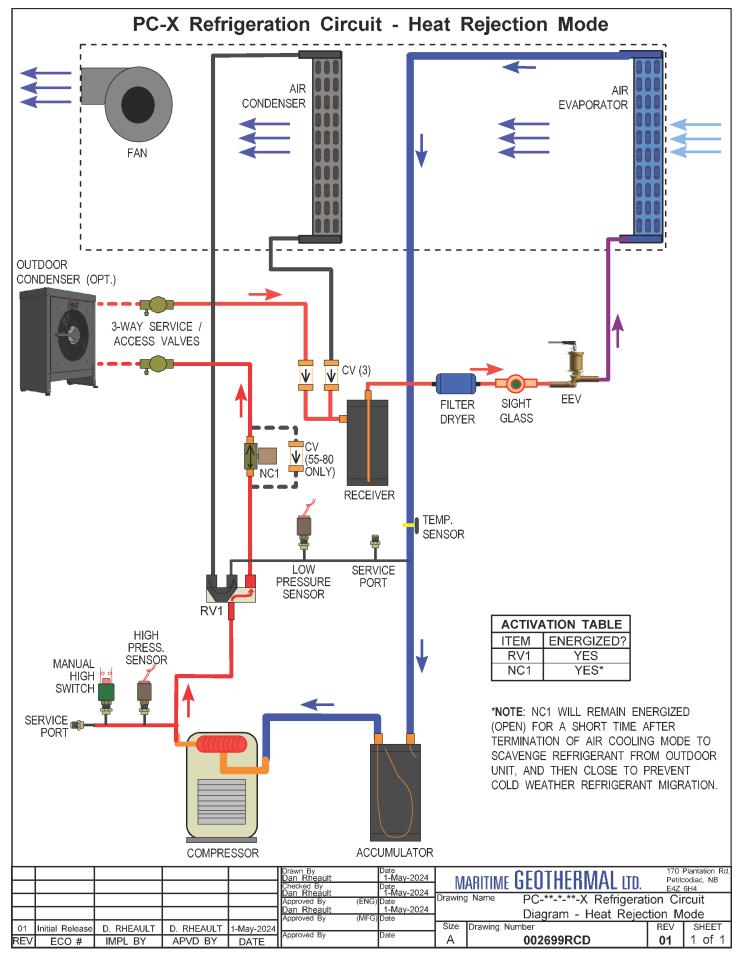








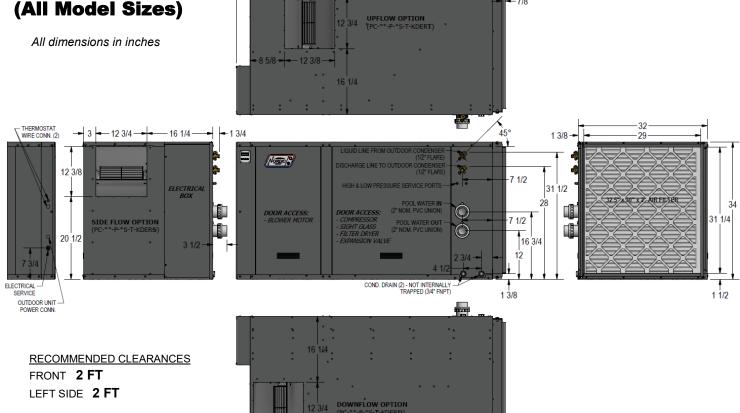




Dimensions: PC (All Model Sizes)

3 3/8 -

3/4 --- 12 3/8 ---

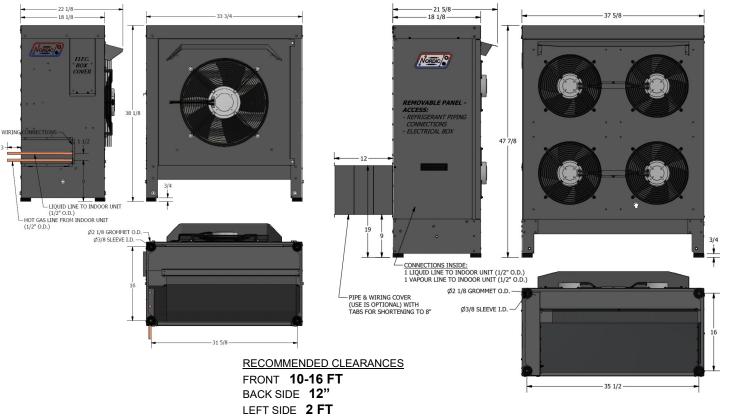


60



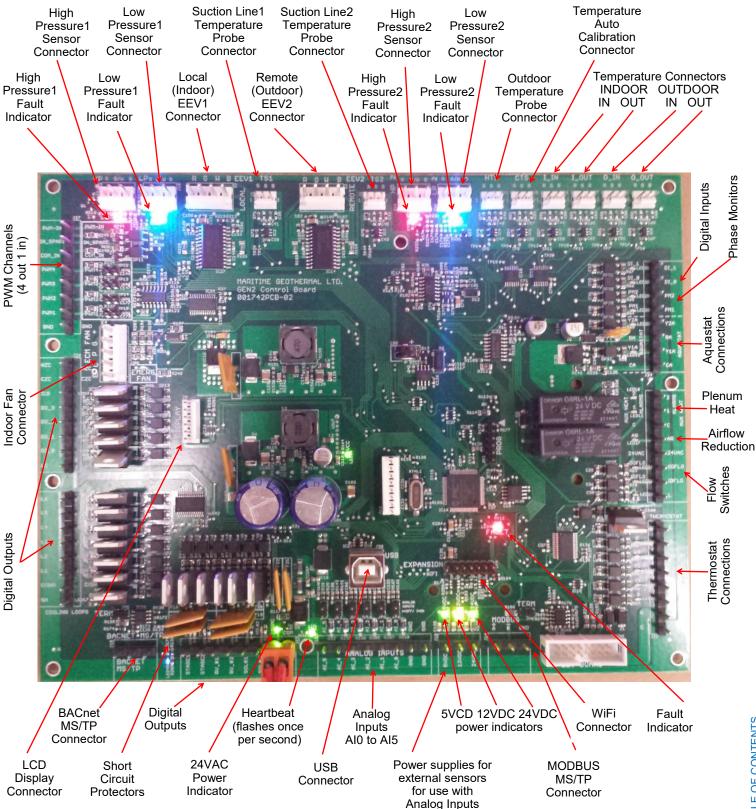
Dimensions: AC2-65/75/80

2 3/8



Appendix A - GEN2 Control Board Description

The picture below shows the locations of the connectors and LED indicators of the control board. The control board offers many features such as short circuit protection on all digital outputs, Real Time Clock with super capacitor for backup power, WiFi capability, relay outputs for plenum heater control (if equipped), USB port, PIC32 microcontroller, etc.



AI0 to AI5



The tables describe the connections starting with the top of the board and working around the board counter clock-wise.

TABLE A1 - Control Board Connector Descriptions (Top)		
Signal	Description	
HP1	High Pressure Sensor 1	Measures compressor discharge pressure.
LP1	Low Pressure Sensor 1	Measures compressor suction pressure.
EEV1	Local EEV	EEV
TS1	Suction Line Temperature 1	Mounted to suction line.
EEV2	Remote EEV	Not used.
TS2	Suction Line Temperature 2	Not used.
HP2	High Pressure Sensor 2	Not used.
LP2	Low Pressure Sensor 2	Not used.
HTS	Outdoor Temperature	Not used.
CTS	Auto Calibration	Resistor in connector for auto-calibration reference (32°F—0°C).
I_IN	Indoor Loop IN	Not used.
I_OUT	Indoor Loop OUT	Mounted in dry well on pool water IN pipe inside unit (PC-T only)
O_IN	Outdoor Loop IN	Not used.
O_OUT	Outdoor Loop OUT	Not used.

TABLE A2 - Control Board Connector Descriptions (Left Side)		
Name	Description	
PWM_IN	Signal for PWM IN	Not used.
IN_SPARE	Spare digital input	Switch or dry contact from 12VDC to disable unit (also COM_IN to GND).
COM_IN	Common for PWM IN	Jumper to GND for disable functionality.
PWM4	PWM / 0-10VDC output	Not used.
PWM3	PWM / 0-10VDC output	Not used.
PWM2	PWM / 0-10VDC output	Not used.
PWM1	PWM / 0-10VDC output	Control signal for fan in optional outdoor unit.
GND	Ground	Jumper to COM_IN for disable functionality.
HZC	Hot Zone Circulator	Not used.
CZC	Cold Zone Circulator	Not used.
ICR	Internal Circulator Relay	Signal for dry contact pool pump control - CP1 and CP2 (PC-T only)
DO_3	Digital output	Not used.
DO_2	Digital output	Not used.
DO_1	Digital output	Not used.
DO_0	Digital output	Not used.
LC	Loop common (ground)	Not used.
L6	Loop6	Not used.
L5	Loop5	Not used.
L4	Loop4	Not used.
L3	Loop3	Not used.
L2	Loop2	Not used.
L1	Loop1	24VAC output to operate 3-way valve or ground loop circulator for heat rejection.
C(SH)	Soaker Hose common	Used with L1.
SH	Soaker Hose	Not used.

TABLE A3 - Control Board Connector Descriptions (Bottom)		
Name	Description	
GND	BACnet MS/TP	Ground for shield if required.
В	BACnet MS/TP	RS-485 for BACnet communication.
A	BACnet MS/TP	RS-485 for BACnet communication.
STAGE1	Compressor Stage 1	Starts / stops the compressor.
STAGE2	Compressor Stage 2	Not used.
RV_#1	Reversing Valve #1	Off in pool heat mode, energized in air reheat or heat rejection modes.
RV_#2	Reversing Valve #2	Off in pool heat mode or air reheat modes, energized in heat rejection mode.
SOL#1	Solenoid#1 (NC#1)	Off in pool heat mode or air reheat modes, energized in heat rejection mode.
SOL#2	Solenoid#2	Not used.
24VAC	Power supply for board	24VAC power for control board.
COM	Power supply for board	GND for control board.
Al_5	Analog In Channel 5	Optional pool water external sensor (type 3 or 7 10k thermistor) (PC-T only)
Al_4	Analog In Channel 4	0 to 5VDC or 4-20mA user settable with board jumper.
Al_3	Analog In Channel 3	0 to 5VDC or 4-20mA user settable with board jumper.
Al_2	Analog In Channel 2	0 to 5VDC or 4-20mA user settable with board jumper.
Al_1	Analog In Channel 1	0 to 5VDC or 4-20mA user settable with board jumper.
AI_0	Analog In Channel 0	Optional compressor current sensor.
GND	Ground pin	Ground for analog sensors.
GND	Ground pin	Ground for analog sensors.
5VDC	Power for analog sensors	5VDC power supply for sensors.
12VDC	Power for analog sensors	12VDC power supply for sensors.
24VDC	Power for analog sensors	24VDC power supply for room sensor/user interface (room thermostat).
A	MODBUS	RS485 communication for room sensor/user interface (room thermostat).
В	MODBUS	RS485 communication for room sensor/user interface (room thermostat).
GND	MODBUS	Ground.

TABLE A4 - Control Board Connector Descriptions (Right Side)		
Signal	Description	
DI_1	Digital Input1	24vac input for detection of optional outdoor unit.
DI_0	Digital Input0	Not used.
PM2	Phase Monitor2	Not used.
PM1	Phase Monitor1	Not used.
Y2A*	Aquastat Stage2	Not used.
RA*	Aquastat Power (24VAC)	Not used.
Y1A*	Aquastat Stage1	Not used.
CA*	Aquastat Power (Ground)	Not used.
2	Plenum Heat Stage2	Electric auxiliary heat stage 1 (turns on or off).
1	Plenum Heat Stage1	Electric auxiliary heat stage 2 (turns on or off).
С	Plenum Heat Common	Ground for electric auxiliary heat control.
AR	Airflow Reductions	24vac input for reduction of airflow by the AR percent factor.
24VAC	Power	24vac output for AR above and IDFLO below.
ODFLO	Outdoor Flow Switch	Not used.
IDFLO	Indoor Flow Switch	Accessory flow switch.
L	Thermostat Lockout Indicator	Not used.
Е	Thermostat Emergency Heat	Not used.
0	Thermostat Heat/Cool	Not used.
W2	Thermostat Auxiliary Heat	Not used.
Y2	Thermostat Stage2	Not used.
Y1	Thermostat Stage1	Not used.
G	Thermostat Fan	Connect to R through dry contact to enable fan recirculation mode.
R	Thermostat Power (24VAC)	Used with G above.
C	Thermostat Power (Ground)	Connection for MODBLIS thermostat cable shield

C Thermostat Power (Ground) Connection for MODBUS thermostat cable shield.

*NOTE: There is no need for an external aquastat for most systems, since the Setpoint Control Method provides built-in aquastat functionality.

Appendix B - USB Driver Installation (Windows 10 & earlier)

NOTE: This step is not necessary for Windows 11.

The first step in connecting a **Windows 10 or earlier** laptop computer to the control board is to install the USB driver.

The easiest way to install the USB driver is from the **USB drive included with the unit**. Insert the USB stick into a Windows computer, and open a File Explorer window to view its contents:



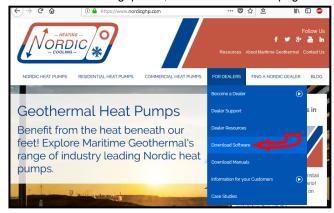
Double click on the SOFTWARE folder to show its contents:



To install the USB driver, double click on **Step 1** and follow the prompts, clicking "allow" or "yes" as required.

If the USB drive is not available, the same files can be **downloaded from the web page**.

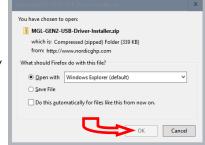
1. Go to www.nordicghp.com, Download Software page:



2. Click on MGL GEN2 USB Driver Installer to download it:



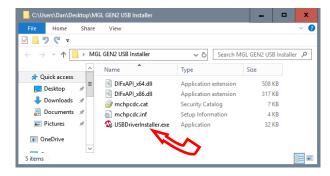
3. Choose "Open with Windows Explorer", and hit "OK". (If the choice window doesn't pop up, find the downloaded file in your browser downloads and double click on it.)



4. In the window that is displayed, click and hold down the mouse button on the folder name, and drag to your desktop:



Double click on the folder you just dragged onto the desktop, then double click on the "USBDriverInstaller" file:



6. In the next window, click on "Install Drivers":



You will see a message indicating the driver was installed successfully. You are now ready to install the PC App.



Appendix C - PC App Installation (Windows 11)

The PC App allows detailed interfacing with the control board using a Windows laptop computer. These instructions are for **Windows 11**.

The easiest way to install the PC App is from the **USB drive included with the unit**. Insert the USB stick into a Windows computer, and open a File Explorer window to view its contents:



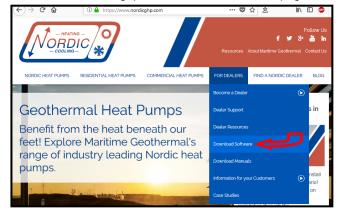
Double click on the SOFTWARE folder to show its contents:



Double click on **Step 2** and follow the prompts, clicking "More info", "Run anyway", "Install", or similar on any warning windows which pop up, perhaps more than once. Pictures of warning windows you might encounter are shown below in step **8**.

If the USB stick drive is not available, the same file can be downloaded from the web page.

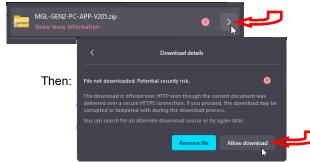
Go to www.nordicghp.com, Download Software page:



Click on MGL GEN2 PC APP V2 to download it:



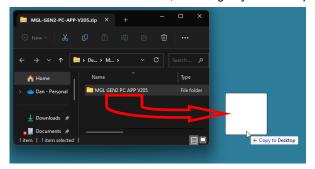
3. You may see a warning like this one. Click as shown:



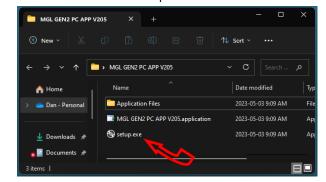
5. Then click on the .zip file to open it in a File Explorer window:



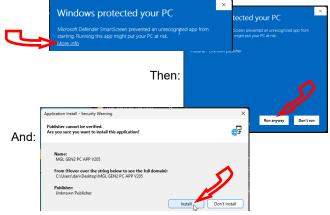
6. In the window that is displayed, click and hold down the mouse button on the folder name, and drag to your desktop:



Double click on the folder you just dragged onto the desktop, then double click on the "setup" file:



8. Click "More info", "Run anyway", "Install", or similar on any warning windows which pop up, perhaps more than once.



 The PC App will open when it is finished installing. (In the future, it should be started from the start menu.) You are now ready to connect a USB cord between the laptop computer and GEN2 control board, and connect.

Appendix D - PC App Installation (Windows 10 & earlier)

The PC App allows detailed interfacing with the control board using a Windows laptop computer. These instructions are for *Windows 10 or earlier*. First, install the USB driver as per the previous appendix.

The easiest way to install the PC App is from the **USB drive included with the unit**. Insert the USB stick into a Windows computer, and open a File Explorer window to view its contents:



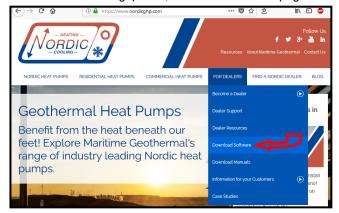
Double click on the SOFTWARE folder to show its contents:



Double click on **Step 2** and follow the prompts, clicking "allow" or "yes" as required. If you get a warning that .NET framework is required, go back and double click on step **z**, then try **Step 2** again.

If the USB stick drive is not available, the same file can be downloaded from the web page.

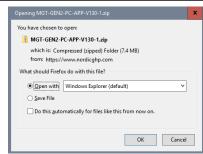
1. Go to www.nordicghp.com, Download Software page:



2. Click on MGL GEN2 PC APP V2 to download it:



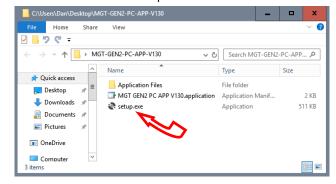
3. Choose "Open with Windows Explorer", and hit "OK":



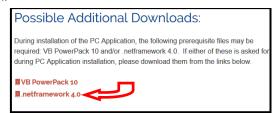
4. In the window that is displayed, click and hold down the mouse button on the folder name, and drag to your desktop:



Double click on the folder you just dragged onto the desktop, then double click on the "setup" file:



Click "Yes", "Run", "Install", or similar on any warning windows which pop up. If an error message is encountered regarding .NET framework, exit the installation and use the link on the Download Software page to install the missing item:



Then go back to step 5.

 The PC App will open when it is finished installing. You are now ready to connect a USB cord between the laptop computer and GEN2 control board, and connect.

Appendix E: Updating Firmware

METHOD 1: Updating Firmware Using PC App

This method can be used when updating newer control boards with bootloader version 2.0. This method will not work for older control boards with bootloader version 1.0 (approx. unit serial numbers -17 and lower); for those, see **METHOD 2**. Note that **METHOD 2** will work for all control boards.

The firmware comes as a .ZIP file named: *MGL GEN2 Bootload Firmware Vxxx.zip* where xxx is the version reference, e.g. 376 (version 3.76). This file can be downloaded from **www.nordicghp.com**, menu *For Dealers --> Download Software*.

1. Download the file to your PC. When prompted, "Open" the zip file. If the zip file is Saved instead of Opened, find it in the web browser's Downloads list or at the bottom of browser window and click on it to open. In the window that comes up, drag the folder containing the required files onto your desktop so that it can be found easily, e.g.:

\Desktop\MGL GEN2 Bootload Firmware V376

Also be sure the latest PC App version (e.g. v2.05) is installed, which is listed alongside the firmware on the web page. If needed, install a new version as per those instructions, and uninstall older PC App versions to avoid their accidental use (which can corrupt control board parameters).

2. In that folder on the Desktop, there will be three files:

MGL_GEN2_V376.production.hex (firmware file)
PIC32UBL.exe (the programmer)
USB Bootloader Instructions.pdf (these instructions)

Note that on most computers, the file extensions (.exe, .pdf) will be hidden.

- 3. Connect a USB (printer) cable between computer and control board
- 4. Launch the PC App version that matches the firmware (e.g. PC App 2.05 for firmware V3.76). After it is installed, the PC App can be started using the entry found under the "M" section in the Windows START menu, which is accessed using the 4-rectangles icon normally found at the bottom left corner of the computer screen.
- In the PC App, click on the Connect button to connect to the control board.



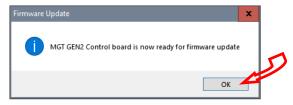
Go to menu Tools --> Update Firmware. The following message box will appear:



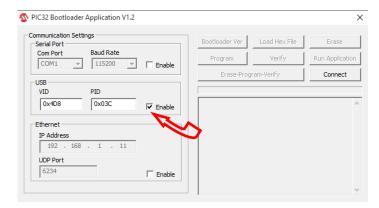
7. Click on YES. The following message box will appear:

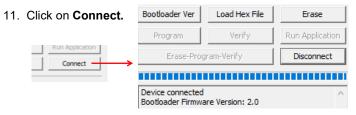


Click on **OK**. After a minute, the following message box will appear:



- Click on **OK**. The control board is now in bootloader mode and is ready to be programmed.
- 10. Double click on the downloaded file PIC32UBL.exe to run it. In the window that opens, click on the USB **Enable** check box.



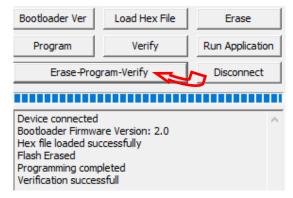


If device fails to connect and an error message is displayed, the board's bootloader may be older than v2.0. It will be necessary to instead update the firmware via jumper pins (**METHOD 2**), as per the next section.

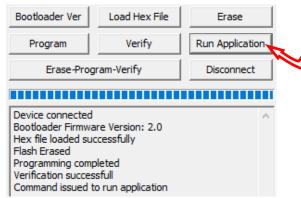
12. Click on **Load Hex File**. Select the MGL_GEN2_V376.production.hex (or higher version number) file, which is in the folder you created on the Desktop.



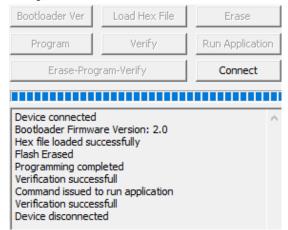
13. Click on Erase—Program—Verify. Programming.... Wait while status bar shows progress. The messages should read as below when finished:



11. "Programming completed. Verification successful." Click on Run Application. This will take the control board out of bootloader mode and back into normal operational mode, so that the PC App can connect again.



15. Wait until the programmer disconnects itself. The messages should read as follows:



- 16. Close the PIC32 program.
- WAIT APPROXIMATELY 10 SECONDS. This gives the control board time to reset, initialize and re-connect to the PC USB port.
- Go back to the PC APP and click on the **Connect** button. Verify that the firmware version, shown in the title bar after connection, has been updated. Perform any configuration needed.



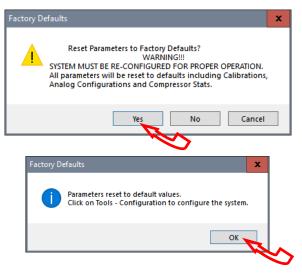
NOTE: Updating the firmware does not affect the configuration settings.

Reset to Defaults?

When updating from **firmware V3.75 or earlier**, the following steps must be taken after the update as there are significant differences in the internal parameters used to operate the system. These steps may also be performed for troubleshooting, when the control system is not acting as it should.

Note that if the firmware on a heat pumps is 2.45 or earlier, chances are that it will have an older bootloader version that requires the use of **METHOD 2** to update the firmware (see following page).

- With PC App connected, go to menu Tools --> Configuration and note all settings. They will need to be re-set later.
- Go to menu Tools --> Reset To Factory Defaults. Click YES in the pop up window, and OK in the next window.



- Go back to menu Tools --> Configuration. Re-select the Model Series even if it already indicates the proper series, as clicking on it will load the parameters for that series.
- Select the Model Size and make any other changes that apply to the particular system setup such as number of stages, control method, etc.

METHOD 2: Updating Firmware Using Jumper Pins

This method should be used when updating older control boards that have bootloader version 1.0, or where the PC App has trouble connecting to older firmware. This method will work for all control boards and can be used on all units.

The firmware comes as a .ZIP file named:

MGL GEN2 Bootload Firmware Vxxx.zip

where xxx is the version reference, e.g. 376 (version 3.76). This file can be downloaded from www.nordicghp.com, menu For Dealers --> Download Software.

1. Download the file to your PC. When prompted, "Open" the zip file. If the zip file is Saved instead of Opened, find it in the web browser's Downloads list or at the bottom of browser window and click on it to open. In the window that comes up, drag the folder containing the required files onto your desktop so that it can be found easily, e.g.:

\Desktop\MGL GEN2 Bootload Firmware V376

In that folder on the Desktop, there will be three files:

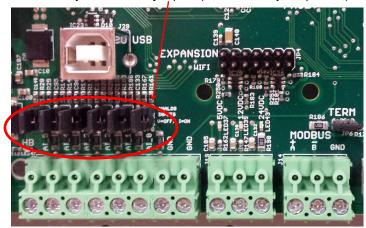
MGL GEN2 V376.production.hex PIC32UBL.exe USB Bootloader Instructions.pdf

(firmware file) (the programmer) (these instructions)

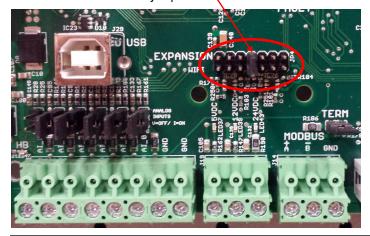
Note that on most computers, the file extensions (.exe, .pdf) will be hidden.

- 3. Connect a USB (printer) cable between computer and control
- 4. Turn power off to the heat pump.
- 5. Remove one of the black pin jumpers from just below the USB connector on the board and place in on the center pin pair of the EXPANSION header as shown below.

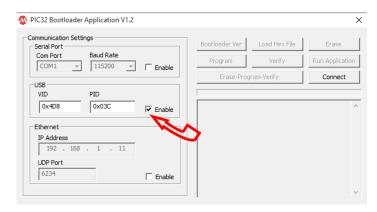
Borrow any one of these jumpers (however many are present)



Place jumper here



- 6. Turn the power back on. The control board is now in boot loader mode and is ready to be programmed.
- 7. Double click on the downloaded PIC32UBL.exe to run it. In the window that opens, click on the USB Enable check box.



8. Click on Connect.



Bootloader Ver

Bootloader Ver

9. Click on Load Hex File. Select the MGL_GEN2_V376. production.hex (or higher version number) file, which is in the folder you created on the Desktop.



Load Hex File

Load Hex File

Erase

Erase

Run Application

Disconnect

10. Click on Erase-Program—Verify

Programming...



Erase-Program-Verify

Bootloader Firmware Version: 1.0 Hex file loaded successfully

Device connected

Programming completed

Verification successfull

Flash Erased

- 11. "Programming completed. Verification successful." Click on **Disconnect** and close the program.
- 12. Turn power off to the heat pump again.
- 13. Move the jumper back to where it was taken from.
- Turn the power back on. Check that the LCD Display shows e.g. MGL GEN2 V3.76 on the top line during power

Warranty: PC Series

Unless a statement is specifically identified as a warranty, statements made by Maritime Geothermal Ltd. ("MG") or its representatives relating to MG's products, whether oral, written or contained in any sales literature, catalogue or agreement, are not express warranties and do not form a part of the basis of the bargain, but

COMMERCIAL LIMITED EXPRESS WARRANTY

are merely MG's opinion or commendation of MG's products.
SET FORTH HERE IS THE ONLY EXPRESS WARRANTY THAT APPLIES TO MG'S PRODUCTS. MG MAKES NO WARRANTY AGAINST LATENT DEFECTS.
MG MAKES NO WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OF THE GOODS OR OF THE FITNESS OF THE GOODS FOR ANY PARTICULAR PURPOSE.

LIMITED EXPRESS COMMERCIAL WARRANTY - PARTS

MG warrants its Commercial Class products, purchased and retained in the United States of America and Canada, to be free from defects in material and workmanship under normal use and maintenance as follows:

- (1) Air conditioning, heating and/or unit units built or sold by MG ("MG Units") for one (1) year from the Warranty Inception Date (as defined below).
 (2) Thermostats, auxiliary electric heaters and geothermal pumping modules built or sold by MG, when installed with MG Units, for five (5) years from the Warranty Inception Date (as defined below).
- (3) Sealed refrigerant circuit components of MG Units (which components only include the compressor, refrigerant to air/water heat exchangers, reversing valve body and refrigerant metering device) for one (1) year from the Warranty Inception Date (as defined below).

 (4) Other accessories, when purchased separately, for (1) year from the date of shipment from MG.

The "Warranty Inception Date" shall be the date of original unit installation, as per the date on the installation Startup Record; or sixty (60) days from date of unit shipment from MG, whichever comes first.

To make a claim under this warranty, parts must be returned to MG in Petitcodiac, New Brunswick, freight prepaid, no later than ninety (90) days after the date of the failure of the part. If MG determines the part to be defective and within MG's Limited Express Commercial Warranty, MG shall, when such part has been either replaced or repaired, return such to a factory recognized distributor, dealer or service organization, freight prepaid. The warranty on any part repaired or replaced under warranty expires at the end of the original warranty period.

LIMITED EXPRESS COMMERCIAL WARRANTY - LABOUR

MARITIME GEOTHERMAL LTD. will not be responsible for any consequential damages or labour costs incurred.

This warranty does not cover and does not apply to:

- (1) (2) (3) Air filters, fuses, refrigerant, fluids, oil.

 Products relocated after initial installation.
- Any portion or component of any system that is not supplied by MG, regardless of the cause of the failure of such portion or component.
- Products on which the unit identification tags or labels have been removed or defaced. (4)
- Products on which payment to MG, or to the owner's seller or installing contractor, is in default.
- Products subjected to improper or inadequate installation, including but not limited to:
 - Indoor or outdoor loop flow lower than listed in engineering specification or as expressly approved by MARITIME GEOTHERMAL LTD.
 - Operating the unit either manually or with automated controls so that the unit is forced to function outside its normal operating range
 - Disabling of safety controls
 - Insufficient loop antifreeze concentration for loop temperature, or antifreeze concentration incorrectly set in control board
 - Fouled heat exchangers due to poor water quality
 - Failure to use strainers or clean them regularly
 - Impact or physical damage sustained by the unit
 - Poor refrigeration maintenance practices, including brazing without nitrogen flow, or using wrong braze/flux
 - Incorrect voltage or missing phase supplied to unit
 - Unit modified electrically or mechanically from factory supplied condition
 - Water quality outside of recommended limits (e.g. salinity or pH)
 - Unit not mounted with supplied anti-vibration grommets when specified for use
 - Corrosion damage due to corrosive ambient environment
 - Failure due to excessive cycling caused by improper mechanical setup or improperly programmed external controller
- Physical loads or pressures placed on unit from external equipment
- Mold, fungus or bacteria damage Corrosion or abrasion of the product.
- Products supplied by others.
- (10) Electricity or fuel, or any increases or unrealized savings in same, for any reason whatsoever.

- The costs of fluids, refrigerant or system components supplied by others, or associated labour to repair or replace the same, which is incurred as a result of a defective part covered by MG's Limited Commercial Warranty.
 The costs of labour, refrigerant, materials, or service incurred in diagnosis and removal of defective part, or in obtaining and replacing the new or repaired part.
- Transportation costs of the defective part from the installation site to MG, or of the return of that part if warranty coverage declined.
- The costs of normal maintenance.

MG'S LIABILITY UNDER THE TERMS OF THIS LIMITED WARRANTY SHALL APPLY ONLY TO THE MG UNITS REGISTERED WITH MG THAT BEAR THE MODEL AND SERIAL NUMBERS STATED ON THE INSTALLATION START UP RECORD, AND MG SHALL NOT, IN ANY EVENT, BE LIABLE UNDER THE TERMS OF THIS LIMITED WARRANTY UNLESS THIS INSTALLATION START UP RECORD HAS BEEN ENDORSED BY OWNER & DEALER/INSTALLER AND RECIEVED BY MG LIMITED WITHIN 90 DAYS OF START UP.

Limitation: This Limited Express Commercial Warranty is given in lieu of all other warranties. If, notwithstanding the disclaimers contained herein, it is determined that other warranties exist, any such express warranty, including without imitation any express warranties or any implied warranties of fitness for particular purpose and merchantability, shall be limited to the duration of the Limited Express Commercial Warranty.

LIMITATION OF REMEDIES

In the event of a breach of the Limited Express Commercial Warranty, MG will only be obligated at MG's option to repair the failed part or unit, or to furnish a new or rebuilt part or unit in exchange for the part or unit which has failed. If after written notice to MG's factory in Petitcodiac, New Brunswick of each defect, malfunction or other failure, and a reasonable number of attempts by MG to correct the defect, malfunction or other failure, and the remedy fails of its essential purpose, MG shall refund the purchase price paid to MG in exchange for the return of the sold good(s). Said refund shall be the maximum liability of MG. THIS REMEDY IS THE SOLE AND EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE BUYER OR PURCHASER AGAINST MG FOR BREACH OF CONTRACT, FOR THE BREACH OF ANY WARRANTY OR FOR MG'S NEGLIGENCE OR IN STRICT LIABILITY.

MG shall have no liability for any damages if MG's performance is delayed for any reason or is prevented to any extent by any event such as, but not limited to: any war, civil unrest, government restrictions or restraints, strikes, or work stoppages, fire, flood, accident, shortages of transportation, fuel, material, or labour, acts of God or any other reason beyond the sole control of MG. MG EXPRESSLY DISCLAIMS AND EXCLUDES ANY LIABILITY FOR CONSEQUENTIAL OR INCIDENTAL DAMAGE IN CONTRACT, FOR BREACH OF ANY EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY, OR IN TORT, WHETHER FOR MG'S NEGLIGENCE OR AS STRICT LIABILITY.

OBTAINING WARRANTY PERFORMANCE

Normally, the dealer or service organization who installed the products will provide warranty performance for the owner. Should the installer be unavailable, contact any MG recognized distributor, dealer or service organization. If assistance is required in obtaining warranty performance, write or call Maritime Geothermal Ltd.

NOTE: Some states or Canadian provinces do not allow limitations on how long an implied warranty lasts, or the limitation or exclusions of consequential or incidental damages, so the foregoing exclusions and limitations may not apply to you. This warranty gives you specific legal rights, and you may also have other rights which vary from state to state and from Canadian province to Canadian province.