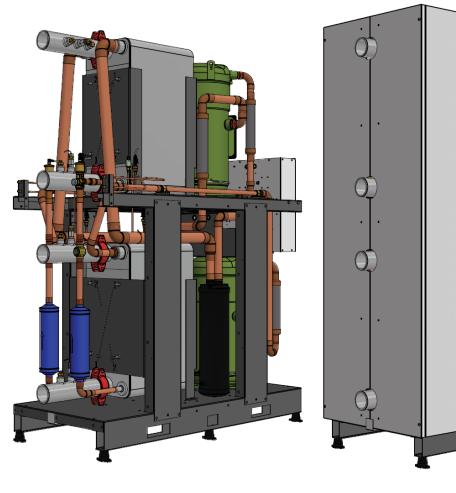


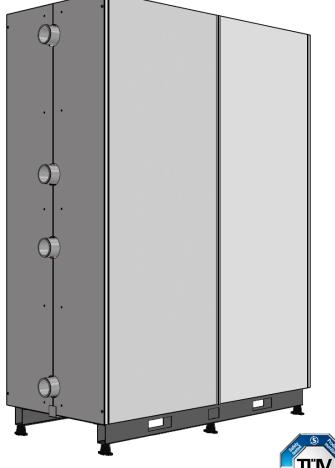
Application, Installation, & Service Manual

Commercial Water to Water Heat Pumps / Chillers

Dual Refrigeration Circuit

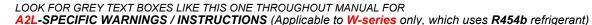
W-series (standard temperature, R454b) WH-series (high temperature, R513a) Model Sizes 150-1000 (12 to 81 ton)





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A2L refrigerant: mildly flammable.



Refrigerant does NOT have an odour so is only detectable with suitable field instruments.

Do NOT pierce or burn. Do NOT use flame to defrost or clean. Check for presence of refrigerant using a detector before initiating any service work, especially work involving torches.

Unit equipped with electrically powered A2L leak detection system, so must be electrically powered at all times (other than during temporary outages or installation / service).

Installation of a unit with A2L refrigerant may require calculations involving the size of the mechanical room and/or rooms served by the unit. These calculations may affect installation procedures used and ventilation provided, and should be fully understood and considered to ensure code compliance.

GENERAL SAFETY PRECAUTIONS



To avoid electric shock, which can cause serious injury or death, ensure all access panels are in place and properly secured before applying power to the unit. Before performing service or maintenance on the heat pump system, ensure all power sources are DISCONNECTED.



Safety glasses and work gloves should be worn at all times whenever a heat pump is serviced. A fire extinguisher and proper ventilation should be present whenever brazing is performed.

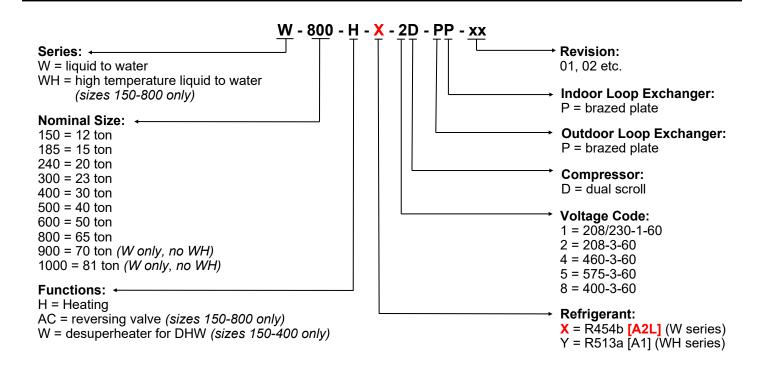


Venting refrigerant to atmosphere is illegal. A proper refrigerant recovery system must be employed whenever repairs require removal of refrigerant from the heat pump.



This appliance is not intended for intervention by persons with reduced physical, sensory, or mental capabilities or lack of experience and knowledge, unless suitably supervised. Children should be prevented from playing with appliance.

Model Nomenclature



| APPLICA | APPLICATION/AVAILABILITY TABLE - W-SERIES | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|---|-------------|------------------|--------|--------------|-------------|----|-----------|--|
| MODEL | FUNCTION | REFRIGERANT | VOLTAGE | COMPR. | OUTDOOR COIL | INDOOR COIL | | REVISIONS | |
| W-150 | H HAC | x | 1 2 4 5 | D | Р | Р | 01 | | |
| W-185 W-240 W-300 W-400 | H HAC | x | 2 4 5 | D | Р | Р | 01 | | |
| W-500 W-600 W-800 | H HAC | X | 4 5 | D | Р | Р | 01 | | |
| W-900 W-1000 | Н | x | 4 5 | D | Р | Р | 01 | | |

| APPLICA | APPLICATION/AVAILABILITY TABLE - WH-SERIES | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|--|-------------|------------------|--------|--------------|-------------|----|-----------|--|--|
| MODEL | FUNCTION | REFRIGERANT | VOLTAGE | COMPR. | OUTDOOR COIL | INDOOR COIL | | REVISIONS | | |
| WH-150 | H HAC | Y | 1 2 4 5 | D | Р | Р | 01 | | | |
| WH-185 WH-240 WH-300 WH-400 | H HAC | Υ | 2 4 5 | D | Р | Р | 01 | | | |
| WH-500 WH-600 WH-800 | H HAC | Y | 4 5 | D | Р | Р | 01 | | | |

Maritime Geothermal Ltd. has a continuous improvement policy and reserves the right to modify specification data at any time without prior notice.

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System Description

General Overview

These units are 2-compressor dual refrigeration circuit water-to-water heat pumps. They have a 'vertical chiller' style design with external loop headers, for ease of passage through doors and convenience for multiple-unit installations.

The **W-series** uses **R454b** refrigerant (an **A2L**) to achieve a standard geothermal temperature range: the outdoor loop can operate at as low a temperature as **0°F** (-17°C) for ice production, and the indoor loop can reach **130°F** (**54°C**) leaving water temperature under standard ground loop conditions. (Note that for ice projects, the legacy *salt brine* is not an acceptable loop fluid; see later chapters.)

The WH-series uses R513a refrigerant (an A1) to achieve an upward shift in temperature range: the outdoor loop requires a minimum incoming water temperature of 40°F (4°C), so is suitable for use on many open loop or heat recovery applications, or closed ground loops in warm climates. The indoor loop can reach 160°F (71°C) leaving water temperature.

The units are built on industrial-strength steel frames, with removable enclosure insulated with 1" insulation. The indoor and outdoor loop hydronic heat exchangers are both true dual circuit stainless steel brazed plates with copper brazing. Two single-stage scroll compressors are standard, as are two Electronic Expansion Valves (EEV's). The electronic control board has full local unit hydronic temperature control, laptop connectivity via USB with free PC App, LCD interface, electronic readout of all pressures and temperatures, data logging & graphing, and BACnet.

1. Heating Mode

In heating mode, the heat pump heats water in an indoor loop or buffer tank, while extracting heat from an outdoor loop.

For commercial environments, heat pumps are normally sized and the system laid out by a mechanical consulting engineer. It is good practice to design the system with non-reversing heat pumps that always use 'heating mode': heating

with the hot indoor loop, and cooling with the chilled outdoor loop. (See simultaneous heating-cooling diagrams in the Piping chapter.) Multiple units are easily installed side by side with zero clearance using horizontal headers, to provide redundancy as well as the ability to meet large loads. Control is normally done using the building control system via BACnet, and includes lead/lag stage rotation to evenly distribute the run hours between compressors. Loop circulation pumps are also centrally controlled via BACnet.

It is also possible to use the heat pump in standalone operation or in small numbers of units. In this case, hydronic temperature control functionality built into the heat pump may be used, and circulation pumps and/or water valves (either on/off or modulating) can be powered and controlled by the heat pump. A third control option is through dry contacts by an external thermostat or controller.

Hydronic heating systems are easily zoned, and zones may be in-floor heating, hydronic air handlers, or other hydronic devices suitable for the water temperature. When a zone requires heat, its zone thermostat calls for a zone circulator pump or zone valve to activate, so that hot water from the buffer tank is sent to the zone requiring heat. Note that there is no direct connection between the zone thermostat and the heat pump, the functions of each being separated by the buffer tank.

2. Cooling Mode (-HAC models only)

Reversing valves to swap the hot and cold loops are available on model sizes up to 800 (see Application Table on page 3). When reversing valve is activated, the indoor loop or buffer tank is chilled, and heat is rejected to the outdoor loop.

Hydronic cooling is usually done through hydronic air handlers, which have condensate drains to remove water that is removed while dehumidifying the air. In less humid climates, infloor or radiant cooling is sometimes performed; such systems can't remove humidity from the air. In this case, care must be taken to ensure the cooling surface does not fall below the dew point temperature in order to prevent condensation on floor surfaces.



Four W-1000 heat pumps with enclosures installed, and 8" external horizontal loop headers

Installation Basics



A2L-SPECIFIC WARNING / INSTRUCTION

The W-series uses R454b, an A2L refrigerant which is a classification meaning "slightly flammable". (The **WH-series** uses the **A1** refrigerant R513a, so no special measures apply to WH units.)

Safety measures to mitigate A2L refrigerant leaks are outlined in standard UL/CSA 60335-2-40 and also CSA B52:23.

It is highly recommended that a mechanical consulting engineer be involved in any project involving A2L refrigerating units, whether for new installation or replacement of non-A2L units. This is because the mechanical room requirements can be onerous and also difficult to decipher for the layperson. If engineering services are unavailable, use of the A1 WH-series is suggested (after confirming temperature range is appropriate for the application).

The A2L W-series heat pump / chiller can be considered an "enhanced tightness refrigerating system" with refrigerant charge $m_1 < m_c < m_2$ for the purposes of UL/CSA 60335-2-40, clause GG.10.

A2L W-series heat pumps are equipped with a refrigerant detector. In case refrigerant is detected inside the enclosure, the heat pump will shut down and display a permanent alarm as well as activate a 24VAC control board output. This output signal can be used to activate external fans or alarms when such action is required by codes.

Unpacking the Unit

When the heat pumps reach the site, they should be unpacked to determine if any damage has occurred during shipment. Any visible damage should be noted on the carrier's freight bill and a claim filed.

Unit Placement

Locate the unit as per the system design drawings. The access panels on the ends of the units should remain clear of obstruction for a distance of 3 ft (1 m) to facilitate installation and servicing.

Note that for multiple unit installations, horizontal headers will connect the units on the piping end. Extra space must be allotted for the headers, which can be of substantial size (up to 12" in diameter). Space for external accessories must also be planned for, e.g. strainers and valves (manual, electronic, balancing, or modulating). Headers and accessories are not included with the heat pump, and must be ordered or sourced separately.

Since all serving can be done from the ends, **no access is** required to the long side panels, which are fully removable from the ends. This means that multiple units can be installed side by side with minimal clearance, although if large headers obstruct access to the piping-end panels, side clearance may be provided to ease access to the components located there.

The heat pumps are provided with rubber mounting feet (shipped inside electrical box), which must be installed on site. These will preserve the frame finish and dampen vibrations when used on solid concrete floors. Optional spring feet should be ordered when heat pump is installed on floors with flex, e.g. mezzanines.

General Bill of Materials

This is not an exhaustive list, but is an example of the materials that may be required for a commercial installation.

FROM MARITIME GEOTHERMAL

- W/WH SERIES HEAT PUMP(S)
- INSULATED ENCLOSURE(S) [STANDARD]

OPTIONAL FROM MARITIME GEOTHERMAL

- SPRING FEET FOR MEZZANINE INSTALLATION
- OUTDOOR TEMPERATURE SENSOR FOR OUTDOOR RESET WHEN USING ONBOARD SETPOINT CONTROL
- HOT/COLD TANK TEMPERATURE SENSORS

LOOPS (AS SPECIFIED BY SYSTEM DESIGNER)

- FABRICATED HORIZONTAL HEADERS
- GROOVED (VICTAULIC) FLEXIBLE COUPLINGS
- STRAINERS 16 MESH / 1 MM
- ON/OFF WATER VALVES
- BUTTERFLY (HAND) VALVES
- BALANCING VALVES
- CIRC. PUMPS, SIZED FOR REQUIRED FLOW & dP
- PIPE & FITTINGS
- ANTIFREEZE: METHANOL OR PROP. GLYCOL
- BUFFER TANK, OPT. W/ELEMENTS kW
- SECONDARY WATER TO WATER HEAT EXCHANGERS

ZONES

- ZONES CIRCULATOR(S)
- ZONE TRANSFORMER & CIRC CONTACTOR
- ZONE VALVES (IF NOT INDIVIDUAL PUMPS)
- IN-FLOOR PIPING
- OTHER AIR HANDLERS, DUCTING
- ZONE THERMOSTATS
- RELAYS OR ZONE CONTR. (REVERSING SYSTEMS)
- ZONE SUPPLY & RETURN HEADERS
- PIPE & FITTINGS TO ZONES
- EXPANSION TANK

ELECTRICAL

- HEAT PUMP SERVICE WIRE
- BUFFER TANK ELEMENT SERVICE WIRE
- HEAT PUMP BREAKER
- BUFFER TANK ELEMENT BREAKER
- CONTACTOR & ELEC. BOX (IF NOT WITH TANK)
- THERMOSTAT WIRE 18-4
- THERMOSTAT WIRE 18-2
- FORK TERMINALS FOR TSTAT WIRE (6)

Wiring

Power Supply Connections

The heat pump electrical box and also the enclosure (if used) have several knockouts of various sizes for the electrical connections.

A schematic diagram (SCH) and electrical box layout diagram (ELB) can be found on the electrical box cover of the unit as well as in the **Model Specific Information** chapter of this manual.

The Electrical Specifications in the **Model Specific Information** chapter contain information about the size of wire for the connections, as well as the recommended breaker size. These should be checked by referencing MCA and FLA by a qualified professional to ensure conformance to local codes. Power supply connections to the unit are made directly to the power block inside the electrical box and are as per **TABLE 1**. Ground is to be connected to the **GND** lug inside the electrical box.

| TABLE | TABLE 1 - Power Supply Connections | | | |
|-------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|--|
| Line | Descr. | Voltages | | |
| L1 | Line 1 | All | | |
| L2 | Line 2 | All | | |
| L3 | Line 3 | All 3-phase (208-3-60, 460-3-60, 575) | | |
| N | Neutral | No Connection | | |



IMPORTANT NOTE FOR 3-PHASE UNITS: If on startup compressor is noisy and not pumping, reverse L1 and L2 supply wires.



IMPORTANT NOTE: A properly qualified electrician should be retained for all connections to the heat pump and associated controls. The connections to the heat pump MUST CONFORM TO LOCAL CODES.

Indoor Loop Circulator Pump Wiring

The indoor loop circulator provides flow between the heat pump and the buffer tank. In most multiple-unit commercial installations, the circulators (and the heat pump) will be controlled by the building automation system, since one circulator may serve several heat pumps. Connect circulator pumps as per site drawings.

If the heat pump is to control the indoor circulator, there are dry contacts provided to control the circulator pump so that it will be turned on whenever the compressor operates. Wire to CP1 and CP2 on the terminal strip at the lower right side of electrical box, as shown on the following diagram 002188CDG and the wiring diagram (SCH) in the Model Specific Information chapter of this manual. Ensure that the total current draw does not exceed the value indicated on the diagram.

There is also provision for directly connecting an indoor circulator contactor with 24VAC coil, without an external 24VAC source. See "Indoor Water Valve Wiring - ON/OFF", below.

The indoor circulator only will be activated at times when the compressor is not running, when using **Setpoint Control** (refer to **Operation** chapter of the manual). The heat pump will start and stop indoor circulators to sample the water temperature.

Outdoor Loop Circulator Pump Wiring

The outdoor loop circulator provides flow between the heat pump and the outdoor loop. In most multiple-unit commercial installations, the circulators (and the heat pump) will be controlled by the building automation system, since one circulator may serve several heat pumps. Connect circulator pumps as per site drawings.

If the heat pump is to control the outdoor circulator, there are dry contacts provided to control the circulator pump so that it will be turned on whenever the compressor operates. Wire to **CP1** and **CP2** on the terminal strip at the lower right side of electrical box, as shown on the following diagram **002188CDG** and the wiring diagram (SCH) in the **Model Specific Information** chapter of this manual. Ensure that the total current draw does not exceed the value indicated on the diagram.

There is also provision for directly connecting an outdoor circulator contactor with 24VAC coil, without external 24VAC transformer. See "Outdoor Water Valve Wiring - ON/OFF", below.

IMPORTANT: If the outdoor circulator is connected via **CP1** and **CP2**, it may be unnecessarily activated at times when the compressor is not running, if using the **Setpoint Control** option (refer to **Setpoint Control** chapter of this manual). Under Setpoint Control, the heat pump will start and stop indoor circulators connected via CP1 and CP2 to sample the water temperature when the heat pump is not operating. Therefore, if using Setpoint Control, outdoor circulators should be connected as per "Outdoor Water Valve Wiring - ON/OFF", below.

| TABLE 2 - Indoor & Outdoor Circulator Connections | | | |
|---|-------------------------------------|--|--|
| Terminal Description | | | |
| CP1 | Dry contacts for circulator control | | |
| CP2 Dry contacts for circulator control | | | |
| Use a 2-conductor 18ga cable. | | | |

Outdoor Loop Water Valve Wiring

<u>ON/OFF</u>: Connect a 24VAC outdoor loop water valve between OV1 and GND (terminals DO_0 and LC on control board), as shown on the wiring diagram (SCH) in the <u>Model Specific Information</u> chapter. Ensure that the total current draw of all water valves does not exceed the value indicated on the diagram.

The outdoor circulator contactor may be connected in the same way, to avoid need for an external 24VAC transformer or to avoid activation during sampling when using Setpoint Control.

MODULATING: Connect a 0-10VDC or PWM water valve between OV2 and GND (terminals PWM3 and GND on control board), as shown on the wiring diagram (SCH) in the Model Specific Information chapter. An outdoor modulating water valve will give the control board the means to restrict the outdoor loop water flow in cooling mode on reversing units, in case a low outdoor loop temperature causes a dip in the head pressure and therefore suction pressure. This will prevent nuisance low pressure control trips, for example when using cold open loop well water in cooling mode. It will be closed when unit is off, and may act to limit suction pressure due to high outdoor loop temperature in heating mode depending on firmware revision.

The head pressure below which the modulating water valve will start restricting water flow can be adjusted via the Configuration page in the PC App. Default is 350 psi.

Indoor Loop Water Valve Wiring

<u>ON/OFF</u>: Connect a 24VAC indoor loop water valve between IV1 and GND (terminals DO_1 and LC on control board), as shown on the wiring diagram (SCH) in the <u>Model Specific Information</u> chapter. Ensure that the total current draw of all water valves does not exceed the value indicated on the diagram.

The indoor circulator contactor may be connected in the same way, to avoid the need for external 24VAC transformer.

MODULATING: Connect a 0-10VDC or PWM water valve between IV2 and GND (terminals PWM4 and GND on control board), as shown on the wiring diagram (SCH) in the Model Specific Information chapter of this manual. An indoor modulating water valve will give the control board the means to restrict the indoor loop water flow in heating mode, in case a low indoor loop temperature causes a dip in the head pressure and therefore suction pressure. This will prevent nuisance low pressure control trips, for example in case a large zone containing cool water opens, or in case of generally low indoor loop temperature. It will be closed when unit is off (and not sampling for Setpoint Control). On reversing HAC units in cooling mode, valve may act to limit suction pressure due to high indoor loop temperature depending on firmware revision.

The head pressure below which the modulating water valve will start restricting water flow can be adjusted via the Configuration page in the PC App. Default for W-series is 350 psi.

| TABLE 3 - Water Valve Connections | | | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------|--|--|
| Control Board Label | Signal Name | Description | |
| PWM4 | IV2 | 0-10VDC control signal for indoor modu- lating water valve | |
| PWM3 | OV2 | 0-10VDC control signal for outdoor mod- ulating water valve | |
| GND | - | Common/ground for IV2, OV2 | |
| DO_1 | IV1 | 24VAC output to actuate indoor water valve or circulation pump contactor coil | |
| DO_0 | OV1 | 24VAC output to actuate outdoor water valve or circulation pump contactor coil | |
| LC | - | Common/ground for IV1, OV1 | |
| Use 18ga | Use 18ga cable. | | |

Control Transformer

The low voltage controls for 208/230-1-60 and 208-3-60 models are powered by a class II transformer with resettable breaker on the secondary side for circuit protection. Should the breaker trip, locate and correct the problem and then reset the breaker by pressing in on it.

All other voltage models have a transformer with primary and secondary fuses for circuit protection.



IMPORTANT NOTE: For 208/230VAC-1-60 units, if connecting to 208VAC power supply move the red wire connected to the 240 terminal of the transformer to the 208 terminal of the transformer.

Refrigerant Vent Fan Connections

A 24VAC board output (labelled SOL#2) is available for activating a ventilation fan or alarm in case refrigerant is detected inside the enclosure.

See wiring diagram in the **Model Specific Information** chapter.

BACnet Control Connections

In most multiple-unit commercial installations, the heat pump will be controlled by the building automation system. If using *BACnet MS/TP* for external control of heating/cooling demand and/or monitoring of status, use a shielded twisted pair to the connector at the bottom left of control board. There is an optional termination jumper located above the connector.

See the **BACnet Interface** chapter for wiring tips and object names.

| TABLE 4 | TABLE 4 - BACnet Connections | | |
|------------------------------------|------------------------------|--|--|
| Line | Description | | |
| Α | Communication + | | |
| В | Communication - | | |
| GND | GND Ground | | |
| Use a shielded twisted pair cable. | | | |

Setpoint Control Connections

If not using a building automation system for control, the heat pump's built in aquastat functionality (with optional outdoor reset) known as "Setpoint Control" may be used. Refer to the **Operation** chapter of this manual for more information. If this control method is used, it eliminates the need for an external aquastat, and the ICR option also eliminates temperature probe in the tank(s). It provides a three stage system along with delay timer for the hydronic auxiliary heat.

No external control signals are required for non-reversing H models. For reversing HAC models, a dry contact between **RA** and the **O** signal is required to switch to cooling mode. **Drawing 002067CDG** shows a typical wiring setup for zones, zone circulator and hydronic auxiliary.

Note that for reversing models in cooling mode, it is important to choose zone thermostats or other control devices that continuously return an "O" signal, even when there is no cooling demand. This is to avoid repeated heating and cooling of the buffer tank on demand cycling, causing temperature lags and high electricity consumption.

Setpoint Control does not currently incorporate any lead/ lag or other coordination between multiple units; that is, each heat pump operates independently. A small number of units connected to the same buffer tank may operate under Setpoint Control by using different setpoint temperatures for each stage of each heat pump.

| TABLE 5 - Setpoint Control Connections | | |
|--|-----------------------|--|
| Signal | Description | |
| C or CA | 24VAC common (ground) | |
| R or RA | 24VAC hot | |
| O Reversing valve (HAC models only) | | |
| Use a 3-conductor 18ga cable. | | |

An external temperature probe may be used with the onboard Setpoint Control routine, or two probes (one for hot tank and one for cold tank) may be used. This is HTS/CTS Setpoint Control; see **Piping** and **Operation** chapters for details.

Setpoint Control: Aux. Connections

When using Setpoint Control, hydronic auxiliary heat is activated with a 24VAC signal from DO_2 (HYD_AUX) on the left side of control board.

This powers the coil of an external contactor to operate hydronic auxiliary heat. **This signal can provide a maximum of 500mA at 24VAC.** If using an auxiliary heating device with its own controller and transformer that requires dry contacts to activate, a relay with 24VAC coil must. be added.

| TABLE 6 - Setpoint Control: Aux. Connections | | | |
|--|-----------------------|--|--|
| Signal Description | | | |
| LC | 24VAC common (ground) | | |
| DO_2 Hydronic Auxiliary (hot) | | | |
| Use a 2-conductor 18ga cable. | | | |

Signals/Hardwired Control Connections

Most installations will use **BACnet** or the **Setpoint Control** routine to control buffer tank temperature, in which case no aquastat is required. However, an aquastat or aquastats can be used if required, for example if heating two loops with different setpoint temperatures, or using a time-of-day or other third-party programmable controller. This is **Signals** or **Hardwired Control**.

The CA, RA, Y1A, Y2A, and O connections are located on the right side towards the top of the control board, as shown on the wiring diagram in the Model Specific Information chapter. The external device needs to send the 24VAC signal from RA back to the Y1A terminal to call for compressor 1, to the Y2A terminal to call for compressor 2, and to O to select cooling mode (reversing HAC models only). CA is the common or ground terminal for use in powering the external device.

| TABLE 7 - Signals Control Connections | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Signal | Description | | | | | | | |
| CA | 24VAC common (ground) | | | | | | | |
| RA | 24VAC hot | | | | | | | |
| O* | Cooling mode (reversing valve both stages)* | | | | | | | |
| Y1A | Compressor #1 (bottom) | | | | | | | |
| Y2A Compressor #2 (top) | | | | | | | | |
| * HAC mod | * HAC models only | | | | | | | |

The following tables show typical settings for the aquastats. With these settings, stage 1 will activate when the tank temperature reaches the activation point. If the load is too great, the tank temperature will continue to drop when heating until stage 2 is activated. As the tank temperature stops dropping and begins to increase when heating, stage 2 will turn off before stage 1, rather than at the same time as stage 1. There are three main advantages to this:

- Less aquastat probe lag leading to reduced overshoot as the tank temperature rate of change is reduced when only stage 1 is active.
- Prolonged stage 1 runtime leads to increased efficiency.
- Reduced number of compressor starts.

The settings may be changed as desired; however stage 1 setpoint for heating should not exceed 130°F (54°C) for W-series and 160°F (71°C) for WH-series; stage 1 cooling setpoint should not be set below 43°F (6°C). Exceeding these setpoint limits will cause the heat pump operating pressures to approach the safety control settings, possibly causing nuisance shutdowns.

If only floor zones are being heated, it is highly recommended to drop each of the heating setpoints by 15°F (8°C) for increased efficiency.

A buffer tank with electric elements can be used to provide

auxiliary heat. When using Hardwired Control, a mechanical tank element thermostat can be set to maximum, allowing the electric elements to be controlled by an external contactor placed in the power supply connections; the contactor can be connected to stage 2 of the heating aquastat via an optional 0-2hour timer. Or if the tank has an electronic controller, it can be set to run according to its own setpint, which should be set lower than that of the heat pump. Diagram 002069CDG show a typical wiring setup for zones, zone circulator, and hydronic auxiliary for a heating only system.

Note that for reversing models in cooling mode, it is important to choose zone thermostats or other control devices that continuously send an "O" signal, even when there is no cooling demand. This is to avoid repeated heating and cooling of the buffer tank on demand cycling, causing temperature lags and high electricity consumption.

| TABLE 8a - Typical W-Series Aquastat Settings | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---------------|----------------|---------|----------------|---|-------|--|--|--|--|
| HEATING | Stag (aqua | ge 1 astat) | | ge 2 astat) | Stage 3 (tank controller) | | | | | |
| | °F | °C | °F | °C | °F | °C | | | | |
| Setpoint | 108 | 42 | 105 | 41 | 100 | 38 | | | | |
| Delta | 8 | 4 | 8 4 | | 8 | 4 | | | | |
| Activation * | 100 | 38 | 97 37 | | 92 | 34 | | | | |
| Delay | | | | | 10 minutes | | | | | |
| COOLING | Sta | ge 1 | Stage 2 | | | | | | | |
| COOLING | °F | °C | °F | °C | *Activati | 01110 | | | | |
| Setpoint | 45 | 5 7 48 9 | | 9 | determined by the Setpoint and Delta values | | | | | |
| Delta | 8 | 4 | 8 4 | | | | | | | |
| Activation * | 53 | 11 | 56 | 13 | 1 | | | | | |

| TABLE 8b - Typical WH-Series Aquastat Settings | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---------------|----------------|--------|----------------|--------------------------------|----|--|--|--|--|
| HEATING | Stag (aqua | ge 1 astat) | | ge 2 astat) | Stage 3 (tank controller) | | | | | |
| | °F | °C | °F | °C | °F | °C | | | | |
| Setpoint | 150 | 66 | 147 | 64 | 130 | 54 | | | | |
| Delta | 8 | 4 | 8 4 | | 20 | 10 | | | | |
| Activation * | 142 | 62 | 139 60 | | 110 | 44 | | | | |
| Delay | | | | | 10 minutes | | | | | |
| COOLING | Sta | ge 1 | Stag | ge 2 | | | | | | |
| COOLING | °F | °C | °F | °C | *Activati | | | | | |
| Setpoint | 45 | 7 | 48 9 | | determined by the Setpoint and | | | | | |
| Delta | 8 | 4 | 8 4 | | Delta values | | | | | |
| Activation * | 53 | 11 | 56 | 13 | 1 | | | | | |

Disable Switch (field installed)

A switch or dry contact to disable demand from the control system may be installed. On control board, jumper **COM_IN** to **GND**, and toggle **12VDC** to **IN_SPARE** to disable. See wiring diagrams in the **Model Specific Information** chapter.

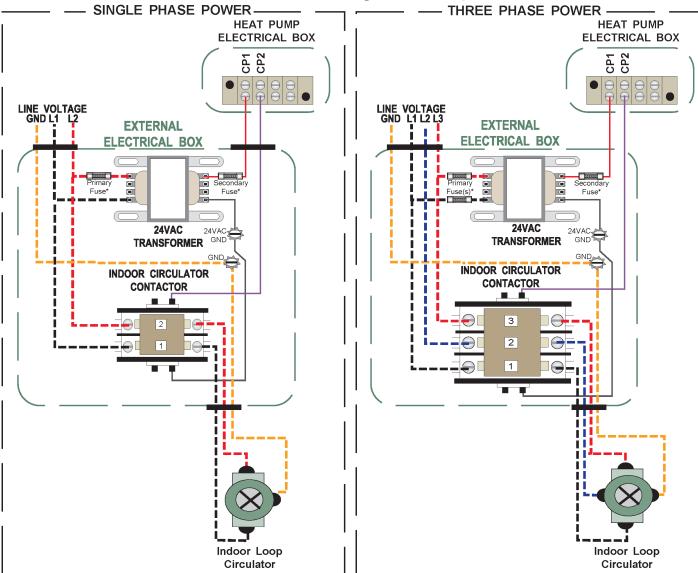
Other Connections

An accessory outdoor temperature sensor is available, to enable Setpoint Control's Outdoor Reset functionality.

Dry contacts to separately indicate stage 1 and stage 2 alarms are available, as is an "L" 24VAC trouble indicator signal.

See wiring diagram in the **Model Specific Information** chapter for details.

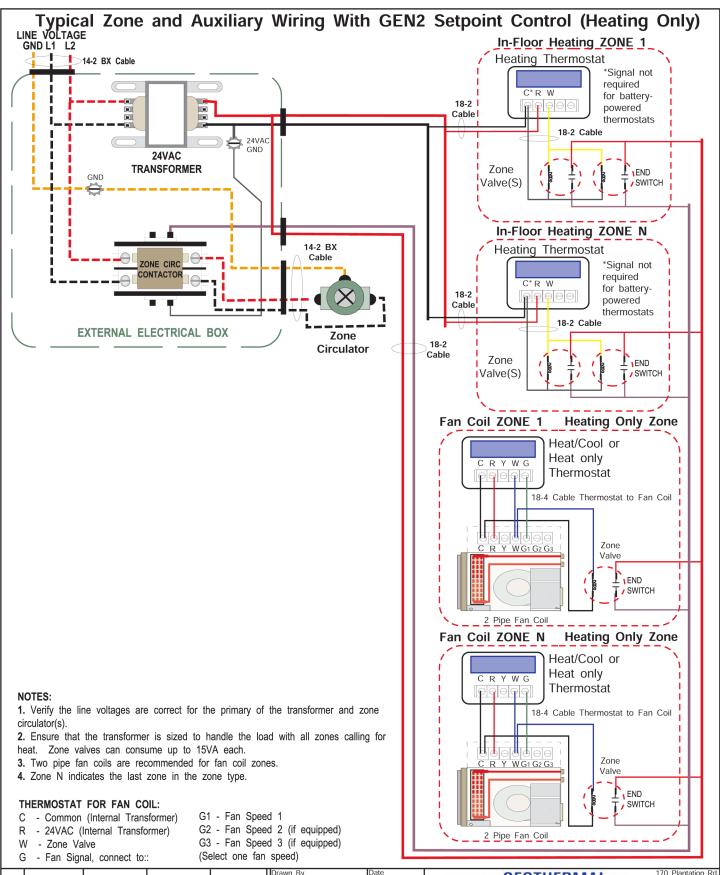
Typical Indoor Circulator Connections for Commercial W Models using GEN2 Setpoint Control



NOTES:

- 1. Verify the line voltages are correct for the primary of the transformer and for the floor circulator.
- 2. Ensure that the transformer is sized to handle the load.
- 3. Priramy fuse(s) required depending on transformer size and primary voltage. Check local codes.
- 4. Secondary fuse required unless transformer has internal fuse or breaker

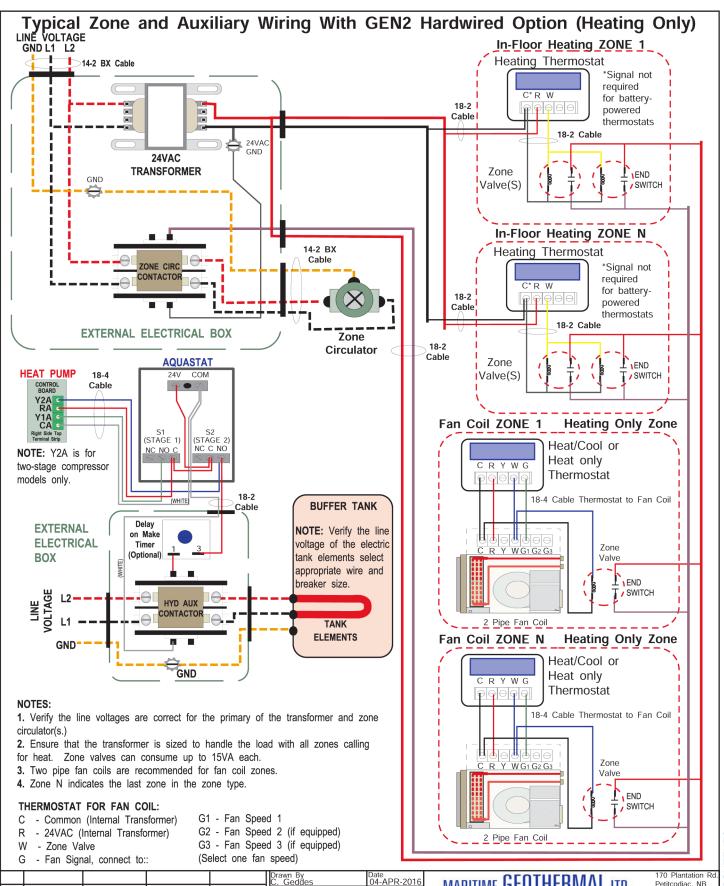
| | | | | | Drawn By Chris Geddes | Date 04 NOV 2016 | B. // | ADJUME CENTUEDMAI | 170 | Plantation Rd. |
|----------|-----------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------|----------------------|-------------|-------------------|
| | | | | | | | | ARITIME GEOTHERMAL | LIU. Petiti | codiac, NB 6H4 |
| | | | | | Chris Geddes Approved By (EN | Date 04 NOV 2016 IG) Date | Drawin | g Name Commercial W | | |
| \vdash | | | | | Chris Geddes | 04 NOV 2016 | | Connections for GEN2 | | |
| | | | | | Approved By (Mi | G) Date | | Connections for GENZ | . Octpoint | Control |
| 01 | Initial Release | Chris Geddes | Chris Geddes | 04 NOV 2016 | | | Size | Drawing Number | Drawing Rev | Sheet |
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Date 04-APR-2016 MARITIME GEOTHERMAL ecked By Geddes Date 04-APR-2016 Drawing Name Typical Zone and Auxiliary Wiring Approved By Date 04-APR-2016 000253 D. RHEAULT D. RHEAULT 01-JUL-2017 With GEN2 Setpoint Control (Heating Only) (MFG) 04-APR-2017 Initial Release C. GEDDES C. GEDDES Drawing Number Drawing Rev Approved By 002067CDG 1 of 1 02 ECO # IMPL BY APVD BY DATE

ISSUE 03: 9-May-2025

TABL



Piping & Loop Information

Water Loop Connections

The **Outdoor Loop (Supply)** and **Indoor Loop (Hot)** connections are stainless steel pipe designed for Victaulic connectors. The connection sizes are shown in the following table. Piping should be done as per the system piping diagram as well as local codes. It is recommended that all piping be insulated to prevent condensation. All piping connected to the unit must be sufficiently externally supported so as not to strain the heat exchanger connections.

To avoid fouling of the brazed plate heat exchangers, a **strainer is required** on each loop IN connection. The strainer should be specified to stop particles larger than 1 mm, and corresponds to a mesh size of 16-20 depending on wire diameter. For closed loops, the strainer may be able to be removed after startup and commissioning is complete and a cleaned filter shows no removed particles after 1 week of operation.

Each port has a temperature sensor. The output is shown on the LCD Interface on the unit and may also be viewed via the PC APP. There is also a P/T port installed in each line, for measuring pressure drop for flow rate estimation. Both of the "OUT" ports have a flow switch on reversing models; only on the outdoor loop for non-reversing models.

Buffer tank sizing should be as per the engineering specifications for the jobsite. However, the minimum buffer tank size should follow the rule of 8 US gallons per ton of heat pump capacity to avoid problems with short-cycling the heat pump(s). The table shows the minimum buffer tank size for each heat pump along with the recommended size. The recommended size will provide longer runtimes and fewer starts for improved efficiency.

IMPORTANT NOTE: Units are shipped configured for water for both the indoor and the outdoor loop. This prevents the heat exchangers from freezing when a low pressure alarm occurs regardless of the fluid type and mixture in the system loops. During startup the fluid type and mixture for both the indoor and outdoor loop must be configured via the PC APP using the Tools - Configuration menu.



WARNING: ENSURE FLUID TYPE SETTING ARE ACCURATE. FAILURE TO DO SO COULD CAUSE THE HEAT EXCHANGER TO FREEZE AND RUPTURE, DESTROYING THE HEAT PUMP AND VOIDING THE WARRANTY.



CAUTION: Salt brine, commonly found in arena retrofit applications, is not an acceptable heat pump loop fluid due to its corrosive nature.



WARNING: REPEATED RESETS OF A LOW PRESSURE LOCKOUT COULD CAUSE THE HEAT EXCHANGER TO FREEZE AND RUPTURE, DESTROYING THE HEAT PUMP AND VOIDING THE WARRANTY.

Headers for Multiple Units

Horizontal headers with equally spaced side connections for multiple units may be fabricated by the mechanical contractor (the usual practice), or ordered with the heat pumps. In either case, detailed plans and a list of required accessories (strainers, valves) must be provided.

The header pipe must have at least the capacity of all the heat pump connections combined. See the following table for minimum header sizes.

| TABLE 9 - Loop | TABLE 9 - Loop Connection Sizes | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Model Size Connection Size (SS grooved/Vic | | | | | | | | | | |
| 150 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 185 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 240 | 2" (51 mm) | | | | | | | | | |
| 300 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 400 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 500 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 600 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 800 | 3" (76 mm) | | | | | | | | | |
| 900 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1000 | | | | | | | | | | |

| TABLE 10 - H | TABLE 10 - Horizontal Header Size for Multiple Units | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Number of Heat Pumps | Heat Pump Con- nection Size | Min. Nominal SCH40 Pipe Size for Header | | | | | | |
| 2 | 2" (51 mm) | 3" | | | | | | |
| 2 | 3" (76 mm) | 5" | | | | | | |
| 3 | 2" (51 mm) | 4" | | | | | | |
| 3 | 3" (76 mm) | 6" | | | | | | |
| 4 | 2" (51 mm) | 5" | | | | | | |
| 4 | 3" (76 mm) | 8" | | | | | | |
| 5 | 2" (51 mm) | 5" | | | | | | |
| 5 | 3" (76 mm) | 8" | | | | | | |
| 6 | 2" (51 mm) | 6" | | | | | | |
| 8 | 3" (76 mm) | 8" | | | | | | |
| 7 | 2" (51 mm) | 6" | | | | | | |
| , | 3" (76 mm) | 10" | | | | | | |
| 8 | 2" (51 mm) | 6" | | | | | | |
| | 3" (76 mm) | 10" | | | | | | |

| Heat Pump Size | Minimum Size gal (L) | Recommended Size gal (L) |
|-------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|
| 150 | 100 (380) | 120 (450) |
| 185 | 130 (500) | 180 (680) |
| 240 | 160 (600) | 200 (750) |
| 300 | 200 (750) | 250 (950) |
| 400 | 250 (950) | 300 (1100) |
| 500 | 320 (1200) | 400 (1500) |
| 600 | 400 (1500) | 500 (1900) |
| 800 | 520 (2000) | 600 (2300) |
| 900 | 560 (2100) | 600 (2300) |
| 1000 | 648 (2450) | 800 (3000) |

Ground Loop Systems

Note that in northern climates, only the W-series is suitable for use with a closed ground loop (WH is generally not suitable due to its minimum required source temperature of 40°F/4° C).

Commercial ground loop design is beyond the scope of this manual, and is normally performed by mechanical consulting engineering firms. For concept stage planning, it may be considered that approximately one vertical loop of 150 ft depth per nominal ton of heat pump capacity will be required; or there can be a smaller number of deeper wells. Note that a different borehole length per ton may be required if ground conductivity or load balance vary from the average, and that due to the cost of a commercial installation, a test well to measure ground conductivity is often drilled before ground loop design is finalized. Loops must be placed far enough apart to avoid excessive thermal interference, e.g. 20 ft / 6 m apart. Loops are normally headered together underground, with care taken to size the headers properly so that purging of air is possible with reasonably sized pumping equipment.

Note that adequate freeze protection for the loop fluid is required. The proper type and quantity of antifreeze must be added to the ground loop as per the system design.



WARNING: It is recommended that enough antifreeze be added to allow for a temperature 20°F (11°C) lower than the expected lowest loop fluid temperature entering the heat pump.

It is important to size ground loop circulation pumps to deliver the required flow as listed in the table in the Model Specific Information chapter, considering the expected pressure drop of the antifreeze mixture used through the heat pumps and ground loop and all accessories. Low flow rate due to undersized circulation pumps causing low heat pump performance or safety control trips is a common problem when commercial projects are commissioned.

Once the antifreeze solution has been added to the ground loop and all air has been purged from the system, the entire ground loop can be pressurized to the appropriate value as per the system design requirements. If possible, the ground loop circulators should be tested prior to starting the heat pump to ensure that the loop is functioning properly.

Open Loop Systems

The temperature of the well water for open loop installations should be a minimum of 42°F (6°C). Refer to the Model Specific Information chapter for a complete table of temperature operation limits.

Discharge water from the heat pump should be disposed of as per the system piping diagram and local codes. Most commonly, a return well will be required.

Open loop systems will require an ON/OFF or modulating water valve to shut off the water flow when heat pump is not running.

Water Quality Guidelines

The well water should be tested to be sure it meets minimum standards. Poor water quality can lead to rapid heat exchanger failure or frequent servicing.

The well should not produce any sand. Sand will physically erode heat exchanger surfaces, and quickly clog return (injection) wells. Solids or TDS should be less than 1 ppm (1 mg/L) if a return well is used.

To avoid scale formation on the inside of the heat pump's outdoor loop coil, total hardness should be less than 350 ppm / 350 mg/L. In practice, scaling is very rarely a problem at northern groundwater temperatures of 50°F or less because scale does not generally form at low well water temperatures (unlike, for example, in a domestic hot water tank). In more southern climates, the hardness guideline will be a more important consideration. Should scale form, heat pump performance will gradually deteriorate, and will require periodic flushing with a calcium/lime removing solution (see Routine Maintenance).

Corrosive (salty) water is a concern, since although the brazed plates are made of corrosion-resistant 316SS, the copper brazing is susceptible to attack by chlorides. The water should be tested and fall within the limits in the following table. If it doesn't, the use of an open loop system should be reconsidered.

| TABLE 12 - Water Quality Limits | | | | | | | |
|--|------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Water Property | Should be | | | | | | |
| Chlorides | < 300 ppm | | | | | | |
| рН | > 7.5 | | | | | | |
| Ammonia (NH ₃) | < 2 ppm | | | | | | |
| Hydrogen Sulfide (H₂S) | < 0.05 ppm | | | | | | |
| Sulfate (SO ₄ ²⁻) | < 70 ppm | | | | | | |
| Solids (TDS) | < 1 ppm | | | | | | |
| Hardness < 350 ppm | | | | | | | |
| Note that mg/L = ppm, and s | see notes above table. | | | | | | |

Modulating Water Valve

A 0-10VDC modulating motorized water valve controlled by the Gen2 control board in the heat pump may be required on the indoor or outdoor loops depending on transient or steady state loop operating temperatures. See Wiring chapter, and the Operating Temperature Limits table in the Model Specific Information chapter.

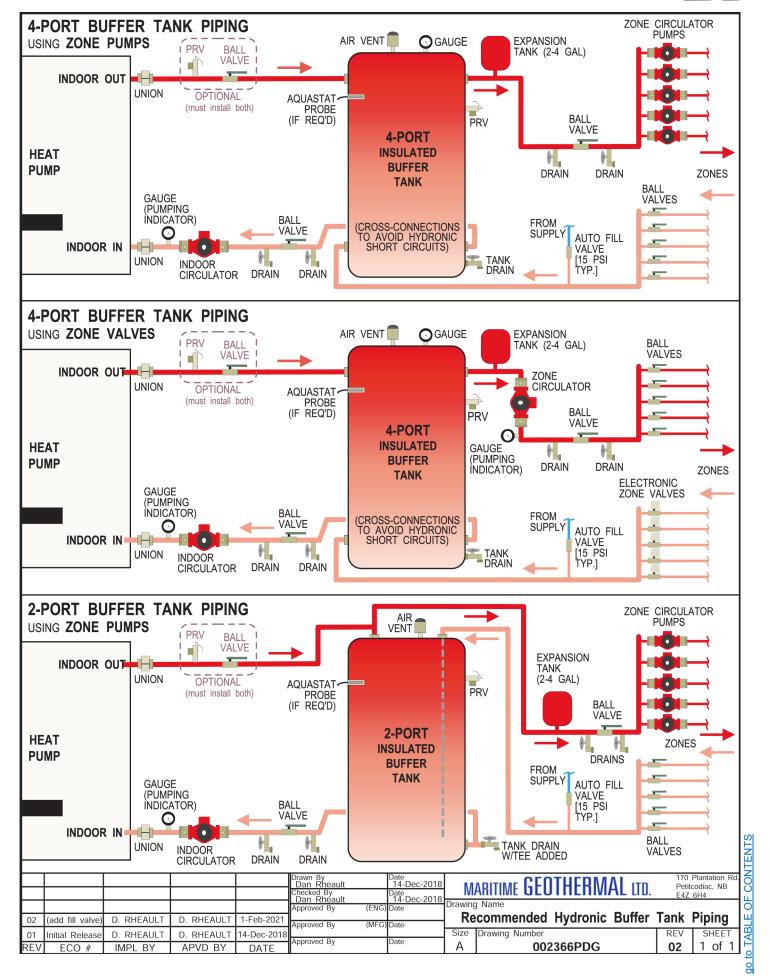
The modulating water valve is available as an accessory from Maritime Geothermal Ltd., and can be installed on either the loop's IN or OUT connections at the heat pump. Depending on size, valve connections may be threaded or flanged, and two grooved (Victaulic) adapters should be used per valve.

Note that where installed, the modulating water valve will act as the water shutoff valve, and no additional solenoid valve is required.



CAUTION: if a modulating water valve is not installed where its use is indicated, nuisance low pressure control trips may occur.

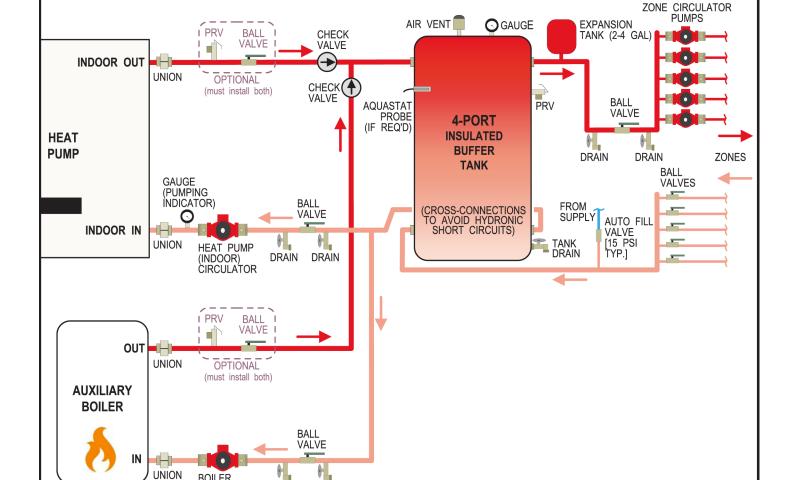






NOTE: CHECK VALVES SHOULD BE SPRING TYPE, OTHERWISE UNINTENDED FLOW MAY OCCUR. SIZE CIRCULATORS INCLUDING PRESSURE DROP THROUGH SPRING CHECK VALVES.

SYSTEM WITH 4-PORT TANK & ZONE PUMPS SHOWN; SEE DIAGRAM 002366PDG FOR SYSTEM USING 2-PORT TANK OR ZONE VALVES.



USING THIS PARALLEL ARRANGEMENT, BOILER MAY OPERATE ALONE (TO PROVIDE BACKUP HEAT) OR IN CONJUNCTION WITH HEAT PUMP (TO PROVIDE AUXILIARY

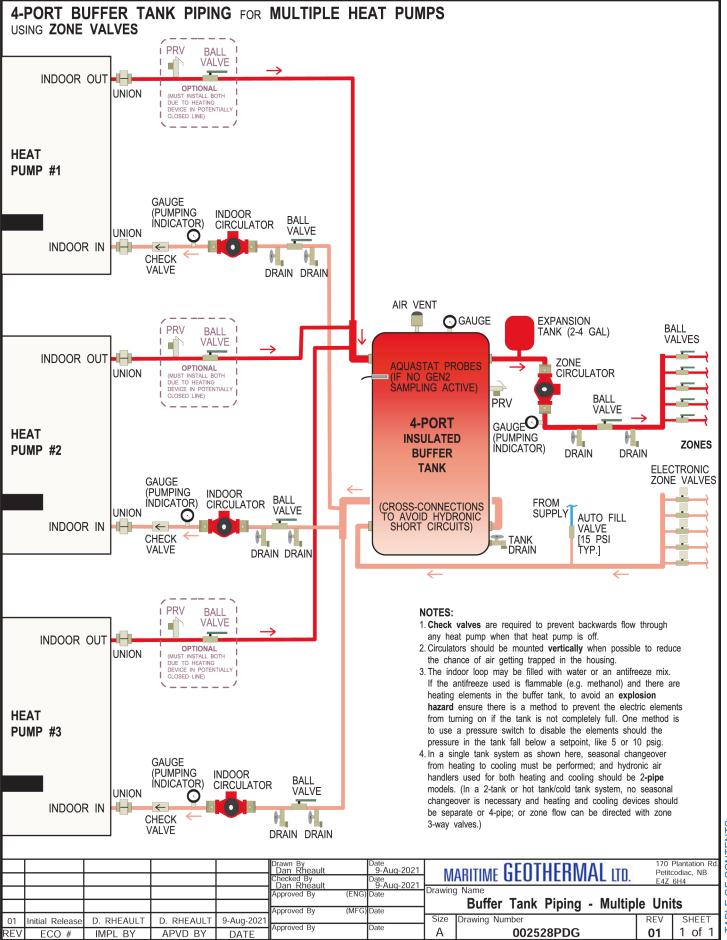
BOILER CIRCULATOR

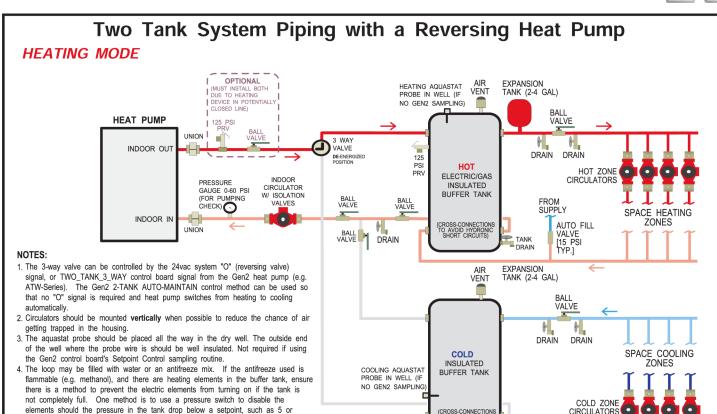
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DRAIN

BOILER MUST BE CONTROLLED AS 3RD STAGE OF HEAT BY HEAT PUMP CONTROL BOARD OR EXTERNAL CONTROLLER. BOILER MAY THEN OPERATE AT A HIGHER OUTPUT TEMPERATURE THAN HEAT PUMP WITHOUT CAUSING HIGH TEMPERATURE/HIGH PRESSURE PROBLEMS AT THE HEAT PUMP.

| | | | | | Drawn By Dan Rheault Checked By Dan Rheault | | Date 14-Dec-2018 Date 14-Dec-2018 | IVI | | GEOTHERMAL LTD. | | Plantation Rd. codiac, NB 6H4 |
|-----|------------------|------------|------------|-------------|--|-------|--|---------|------------|------------------------|-----|-------------------------------------|
| 02 | (add fill valve) | D. RHEAULT | D. RHEAULT | 1-Feb-2021 | Approved By Approved By | (ENG) | Date | Drawing | g Name | Auxiliary Boiler Pipin | g | |
| 01 | Initial Release | D. RHEAULT | D. RHEAULT | 14-Dec-2018 | , , | | | Size | Drawing Nu | ımber | REV | SHEET |
| REV | ECO # | IMPL BY | APVD BY | DATE | Approved By | | Date | Α | | 002367PDG | 02 | 1 of 1 |
| | | | | | | | | | • | | | |





10PSIG. Allowing the elements to come on when they are not fully submerged will

5. Hydronic air handlers used for both heating and cooling should be 4-pipe models.

burn the element out and could cause an explosion.

D. RHEAULT

IMPL BY

D. RHEAULT

APVD BY

25-Oct-201

DATE

Approved By

01

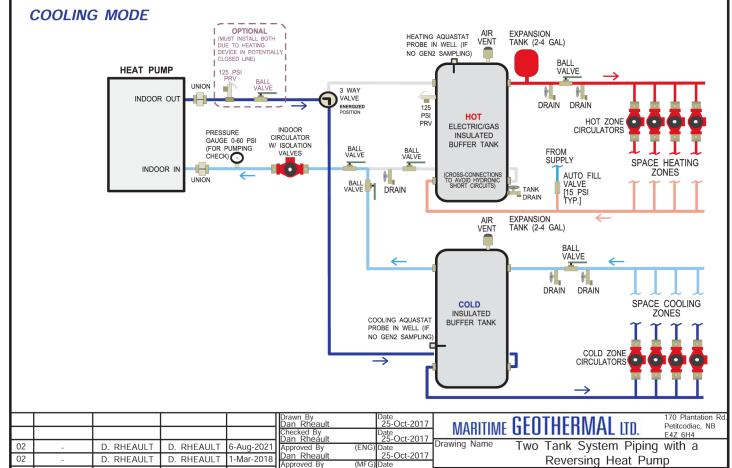
Initial Release

ECO #

(CROSS-CONNECTION TO AVOID HYDRONI SHORT CIRCUITS)

TANK DRAIN

CIRCULATORS



SHEET

1 of 1

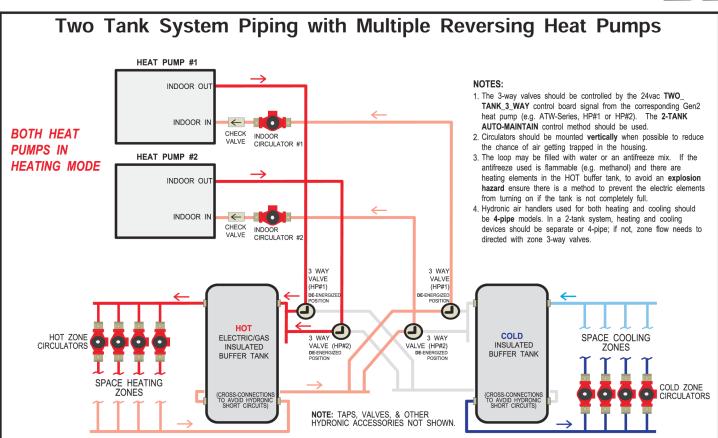
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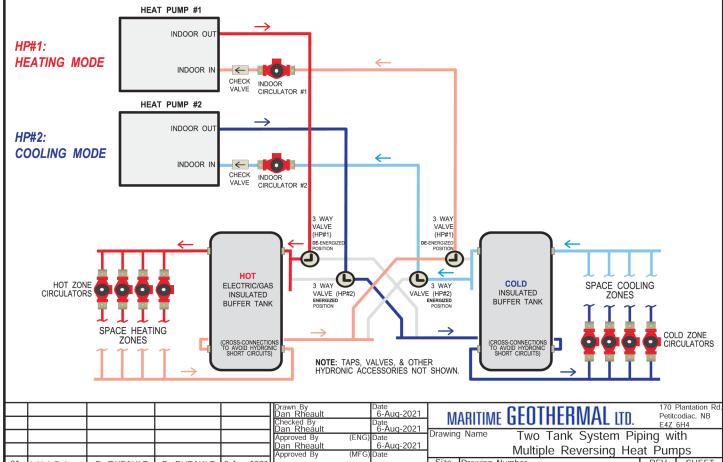
(MFG) Date

Drawing Number

002252PDG

Α





SHEET

1 of 1

01

Multiple Reversing Heat Pumps

002527PDG

(MEG)

D. RHEAULT

IMPL BY

Initial Release

ECO #

D. RHEAULT

APVD BY

6-Aug-2021

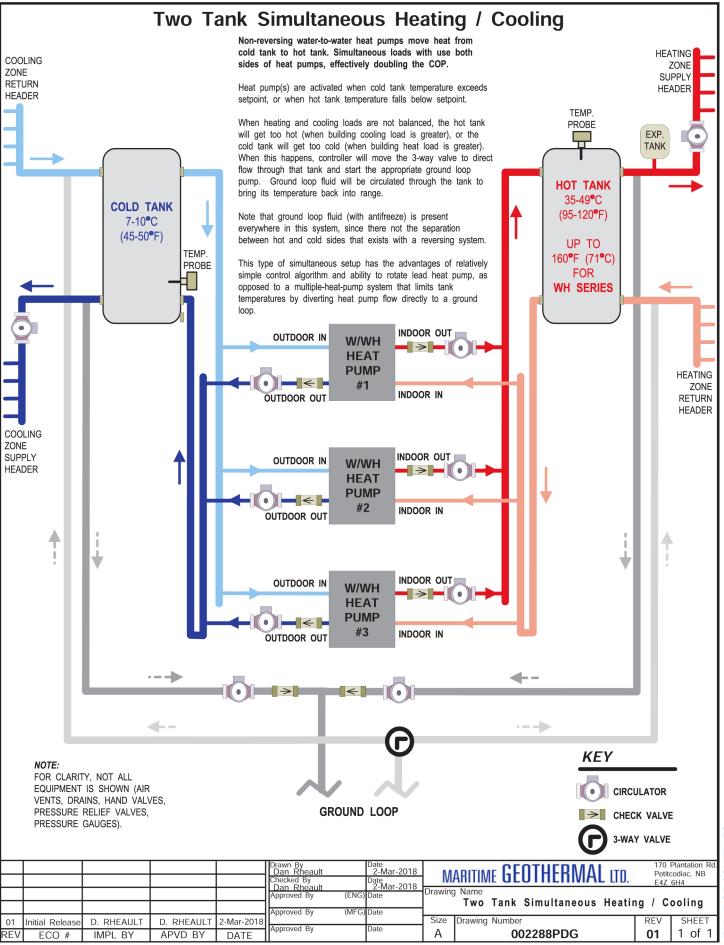
DATE

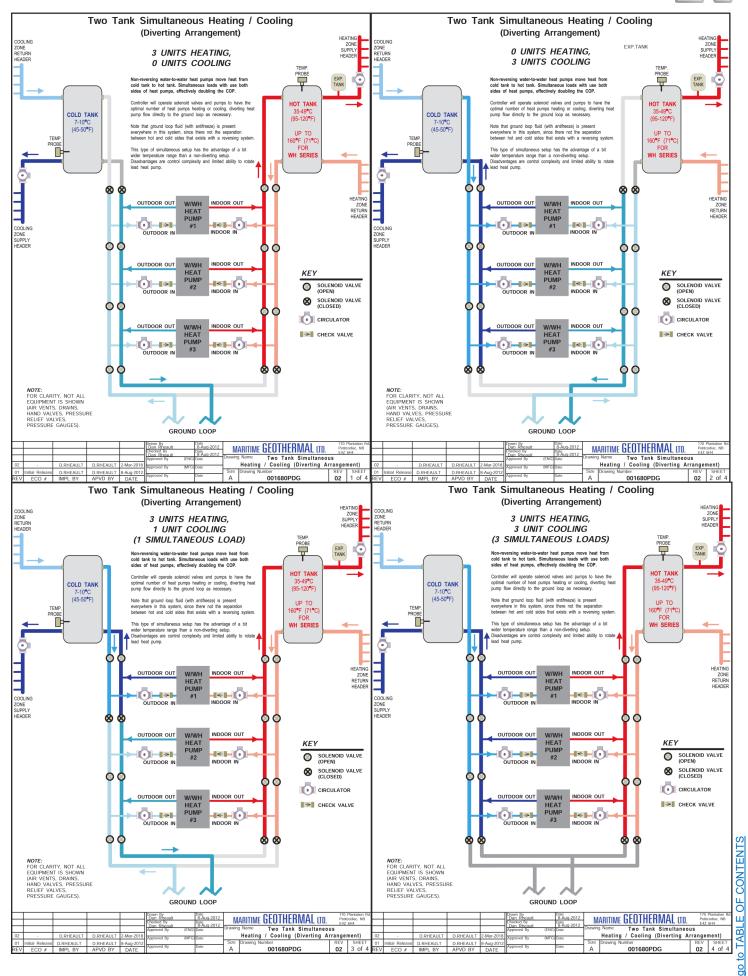
Approved By

Date 6-Aug-2021

Date

Drawing Number

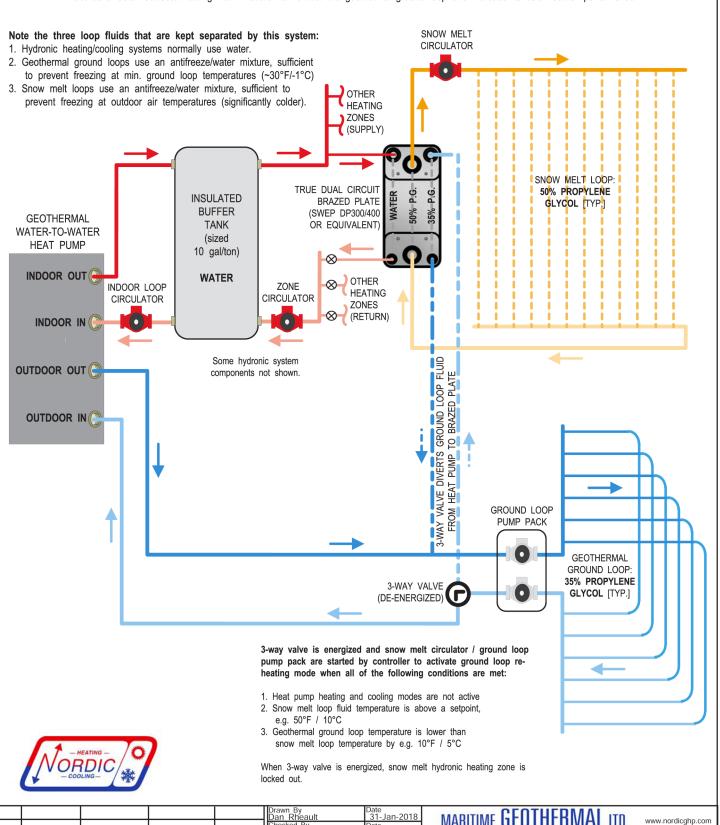




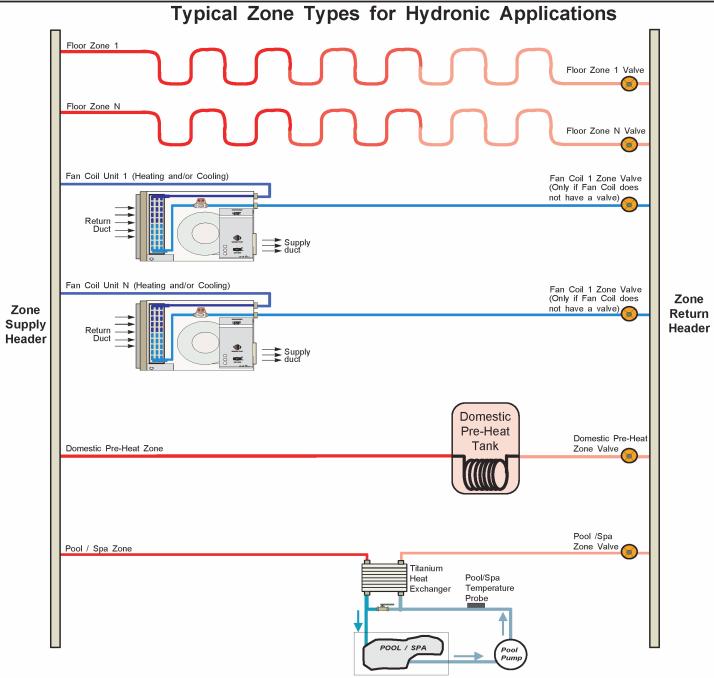
TABL

Geothermal Snow Melt System with Warm-Weather Ground Loop Re-heating

The geothermal snow melt system, designed according to ASHRAE guidelines, will efficiently melt snow and ice in the winter, and will act as a solar collector during warn weather to re-heat the geothermal ground loop and increase its cold-weather performance.



MARITIME GEOTHERMAL LTD. www.nordicghp.com hecked By an Rheault Date 31-Jan-<u>2018</u> Drawing Name Piping for Snow Melt with Approved By Dan Rheault Approved By Date 31-Jan-2018 Ground Loop Re-heating (MEG) Drawing Number REV SHEET Initial Release D. RHEAULT D. RHEAULT 31-Jan-2018 Approved By 002286PDG 1 of 1 IMPL BY APVD BY 01 FCO # DATE



NOTES:

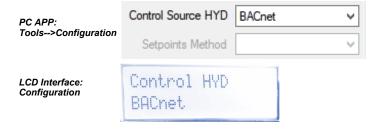
- 1. Floor zones are heating only. Cooling a floor zone will cause condensation in the floor. Floor zone valves should be wired through a relay that is controlled by the cooling signal (O) that breaks the signal when in cooling mode to ensure that they cannot accidentally be energized.
- There may be multiple floor zones.
- There may be multiple fan coil units, (heating and /or cooling). A zone valve is not required if the unit has a internal valve.
- Domestic Pre-Heat Tank is for on-demand apllications. The tank must have a heat eaxchanger in it or an external one must be used to separate the zone loop from the potable water supply.
- Ensure the floor circulator is adequately sized to accomodate the type and number of zones connected to the system.
- The pool aquastat will operate the Pool/Spa Zone Valve.

| | | | | | Drawn By Chris Geddes | Date 06 SEP 07 | D.A. | ARITIME GEOTHERMAL LTD. | | Plantation Rd. codiac, NB |
|-----|-----------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|--------------------------------|-------------------|------|----------------------------------|---------|------------------------------|
| | | | | | | Date 06 SEP 07 | IVI | AKITIME GEOTHERIVIAL LID. | E4Z | |
| | | | | | Approved By (ENG) | Date | ١ ٠ | ı Name | | |
| | | | | | Chris Geddes Approved By (MFG) | 06 SEP 07 | l Ty | pical Zone Types for Hydronic . | Applica | ations |
| 01 | Initial Release | C. GEDDES | C. GEDDES | 06 SEP 07 | ., | | Size | Drawing Number | REV | SHEET |
| REV | ECO# | IMPL BY | APVD BY | DATE | Approved By | Date | Α | 000530PDG | 01 | 1 of 1 |

Operation

1. BACnet Control

If using **BACnet Control**, the heat pump will turn the compressors on and off and activate cooling mode (for HAC models) when it is told to by the building control system. This is the most commonly used control method for multiple-unit installations, since it allows lead/lag stage rotation and centralized control of circulation pumps and valves. The heat pump's internal control logic will not be used, except to *limit loop temperatures* and report operating data and alarms. See the **BACnet Interface** chapter later in this manual for network specification and BACnet object names.



2. Signals / Hardwired Control

Similar to BACnet control, with **Signals Control** the heat pump will turn the compressors on and off and activate cooling mode when it is told to by 24VAC signals. These are provided via external dry contacts from 2-stage aquastat(s) or a non-BACnet controller. See **Wiring** chapter. The heat pump's internal control logic will not be used, except to *limit loop temperatures* and activate alarms outputs.

Most single-unit installations will instead use **Setpoint Control**; however, **Signals Control** provides control flexibility for certain situations, for example if two water loops with different setpoints are being heated. Temperature settings similar to those outlined in the following **Setpoint Control** section should be used.

When using Signals Control, the backup tank element thermostat can be set to a safe maximum, allowing the electric elements to be controlled by an external contactor placed in the power supply connections (see diagrams in Wiring chapter). The contactor can be controlled by stage 2 of the heating aquastat through a 2-hour timer. Alternatively, tanks with their own programmable controller can be set to run independently with a lower temperature setpoint than the aquastat(s).

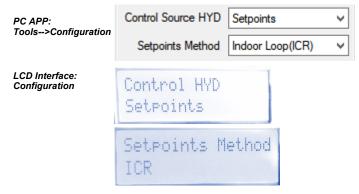


3. Setpoint Control

One of the features of the GEN2 Control Board is built in temperature control functionality called "**Setpoint Control**". It is a good method of controlling hydronic heating and cooling demand for a single heat pump or small number of heat pumps since it eliminates the need for an external aquastat or temperature sensor (although external sensors may be used, as described below).

There are four options for Setpoint Control, outlined as follows.

Setpoint Control Method 1 - Indoor Loop (ICR) One Tank



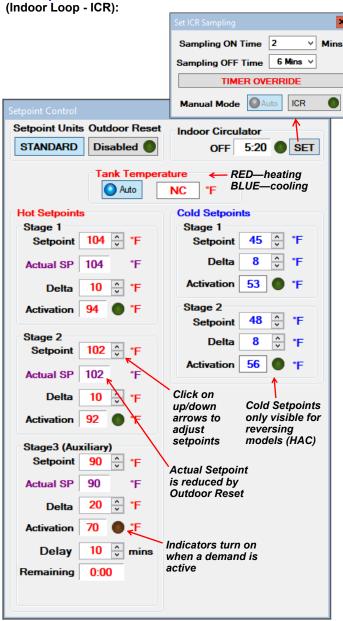
ICR (Internal Circulator Relay) is the default method and uses the **Indoor OUT** temperature probe inside the unit for temperature control. Its value is displayed in the **Tank Temperature** box on the PC App's **View-->Setpoint Control** window, shown below. If this temperature shows **NC**, then either the probe is not connected to the board or there is a problem with it.

The heat pump will cycle the indoor circulator on and off when the unit is idle to sample the water temperature. When heating mode ends, the indoor circulator will continue to run for 30 seconds. It will then cycle with an OFF time and ON time as set by the **Set ICR Sampling** popup which appears when **SET** is clicked on the **View-->Setpoint Control** window. The timer counts down the time remaining before the next switch between ON/OFF. The indoor circulator indicator will indicate when the circulator is ON, OFF or SAMPLING. The default sampling times are 2 minutes ON and 6 minutes OFF. The LCD display will also indicate when the ICR is sampling (ON). The **Timer Override** button will reduce the countdown timer to 10 seconds. The compressor(s) will only start when sampling is completed.

For reversing HAC models only, cooling mode is selected by making a dry contact connection between **R/RA** and **O** on the right side of control board. This is the one external control requirement.

To prevent the compressor from starting when the power is first turned on, stage 1 and stage 2 are **DISABLED** from factory. The LCD display will show "STAGE1 DISABLED" and "STAGE2 DISABLED". To enable, use either the *Stage 1 Enabled/Disabled* and *Stage 2 Enabled/Disabled* buttons at the top right corner of the PC App's *Tools-->Configuration* window, or use the LCD interface and select *SYSTEM EN/DIS*.

See below, and also the PC Application (PC App) chapter for full screenshots of the various windows.





WARNING: When in Manual Override mode, Activation no longer responds to Setpoint Control values (i.e. if a stage is on it will not turn off when the setpoint is reached). Go to the PC App's Control Panel to turn demand ON/OFF with the Stage buttons.

| TABLE 13a - Typical W-Series Setpoints | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-----|------|---------|------------|------------------------|----|--|--|--|--|--|
| HEATING | Sta | ge 1 | Stag | ge 2 | Stage 3 (Auxiliary) | | | | | | |
| | °F | °C | °F | °C | °F | °C | | | | | |
| Setpoint | 108 | 42 | 105 | 41 | 100 | 38 | | | | | |
| Delta | 8 | 4 | 8 | 4 | 8 | 4 | | | | | |
| Activation * | 100 | 38 | 97 | 37 | 92 | 34 | | | | | |
| Delay | | | | 10 minutes | | | | | | | |
| COOLING | Sta | ge 1 | Stage 2 | | | | | | | | |
| (HAC only) | °F | °C | °F | °C | *Activati | | | | | | |
| Setpoint | 45 | 7 | 48 | 9 | determing the Setp | , | | | | | |
| Delta | 8 | 4 | 8 4 | | Delta values | | | | | | |
| Activation * | 53 | 11 | 56 | 13 | | | | | | | |

| TABLE 13b - Typical WH-Series Setpoints | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-----|------|---------|------|------------------------|-------|--|--|--|--|
| HEATING | Sta | ge 1 | Stag | ge 2 | Stage 3 (Auxiliary) | | | | | |
| | °F | °C | °F | °C | °F | Ŝ | | | | |
| Setpoint | 150 | 66 | 147 | 64 | 130 | 54 | | | | |
| Delta | 8 | 4 | 8 | 4 | 20 | 10 | | | | |
| Activation * | 142 | 62 | 139 | 60 | 110 | 44 | | | | |
| Delay | | | | | 10 mi | nutes | | | | |
| COOLING | Sta | ge 1 | Stage 2 | | | | | | | |
| (HAC only) | °F | °C | °F | °C | *Activati | | | | | |
| Setpoint | 45 | 7 | 48 | 9 | determing the Setp | | | | | |
| Delta | 8 | 4 | 8 | 4 | Delta values | | | | | |
| Activation * | 53 | 11 | 56 | 13 | | | | | | |

For example, in heating mode: when the water temperature falls by the "Delta" amount below the "Setpoint", the stage is activated (at the board-calculated "Activation" temperature). The stage stays on until water is heated to the "Setpoint" temperature.

Heating setpoints will vary widely by application. Lower indoor loop water temperatures may be able to be used, or higher ones may be required. Lower heating setpoints will translate directly into a higher COP (efficiency). Increasing Delta values will also increase efficiency due to longer runtimes, and lead to less wear on compressor due to a reduced number of compressor starts.

The maximum water temperature setpoint for the R454b W-series is 130°F / 54°C, while the minimum setpoint for cooling (HAC units only) is 40°F (4°C).

The maximum water temperature setpoint for the R513a WH-series is 160°F / 71°C, while the minimum setpoint for cooling (HAC units only) is 40°F (4°C).

Summer Setback

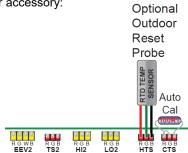
In locations where hydronic cooling is not required, or with non-reversing models, the heating system may be idle for several months in the summer. In this case, the heat pump may be put in Summer Setback mode via the PC App's Tools--> Configuration window or the LCD Interface.

Summer Setback disables stage 3 (AUX), drops setpoints to 70°F (21°C), and decreases temperature sampling frequency to 2 days. This minimizes electric power usage while keeping cast iron head circulation pumps operational.

Outdoor Reset

As mentioned earlier, lower heating setpoints will translate directly into a higher COP (efficiency). **Setpoint Control** has an optional Outdoor Reset control algorithm for heating mode, which reduces the heating temperature setpoints at warmer outdoor temperatures as measured by an accessory outdoor temperature sensor.

To enable outdoor reset, first connect the outdoor temperature sensor accessory:

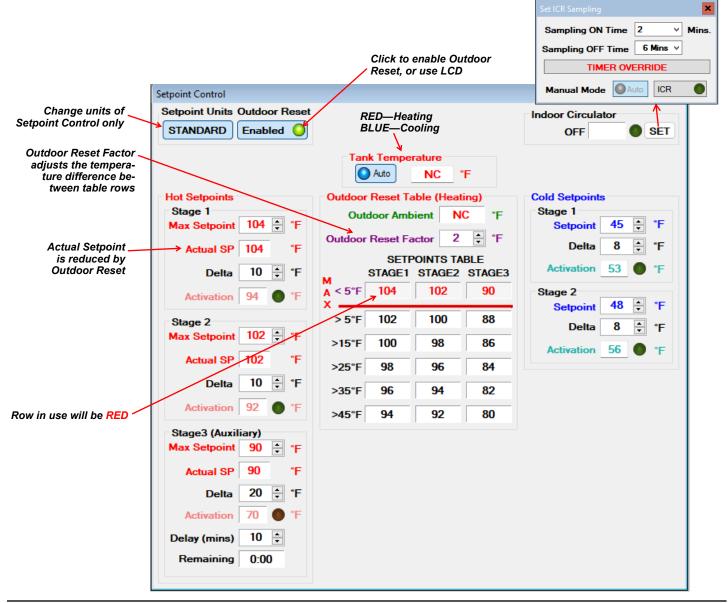


Then enable the outdoor sensor in the **Tools --> Configuration** window or LCD interface:



Next, click on the **Outdoor Reset** button at the top of the **Setpoint Control** window. The button will change to say Enabled, the indicator will come on and the Outdoor Reset Table will appear. The table is created by subtracting the value of the Outdoor Reset Factor from the original setpoints once for each table row . The user-selected Hot Setpoints are located in the top row(<5°F), and the next row down equals the row above minus the Outdoor Reset Factor. The table row in use based on current outdoor temperature is shown in red.

It can be seen that as outdoor temperature rises and heating load falls, the heating mode buffer tank temperature will be decreased and a higher seasonal efficiency will result.



CTRL + F

Setpoint Control Method 2 - Indoor Loop (ICR) Two Tanks

It is possible to use all of the **Setpoint Control Method 1** settings, and operate two buffer tanks: one for heated water and one for chilled water. The heat pump will switch over to cooling tank in response to a dry contact between the **R/RA** and **O** terminals at the right side of control board. The **O** signal (along with **C/GND**) will also energize a 3-way valve to divert flow to the cold tank (see **Piping** chapter).

However, it is suggested to use **Method 4** (External HTS/CTS with two tanks) for this purpose. This will require two external tank temperature sensors, but has the benefit of both tank temperatures being constantly monitored and also has the added **Auto Maintain** option (maintaining both hot and cold tank setpoints without the requirement for an external "O" dry contact).

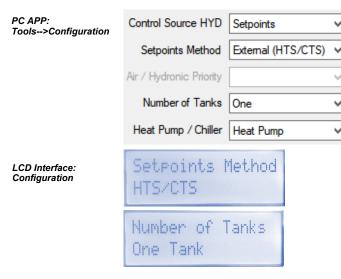
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Setpoint Control Method 3 - External (HTS/CTS) One Tank

a) HTS/CTS w/ One Tank - Heat Pump Mode

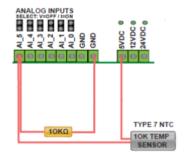
Most of the time, hydronic heating/cooling heat pumps work in response to the temperature of the indoor loop (indoor buffer tank). The previously described control methods (1, 2) work this way, as does this one. This is *Heat Pump Mode*, and is the only control option for reversing models (HAC).

For non-reversing models (H), it is also possible to control demand based on the temperature of the outdoor or cold loop. This is *Chiller Mode*, described on next page.



When this method is used, no indoor circulator control for temperature sampling will occur. It requires an external temperature sensor placed in a dry well near the top of the buffer tank. Its value is displayed in the **Tank Temperature** box on the PC App's **View-->Setpoint Control** screen. If this temperature shows **NC**, then either the probe is not connected to the board or there is a problem with it.

A 10K Type 7 (or Type 3) NTC thermistor along with a 10K 1% or better resistor must be connected to the control board in order to use the External HTS/CTS method. These are available as accessories. Connect the sensor to the Al_5 input as shown below and on the wiring diagram (SCH) in the Model Specific Information chapter. This sensor will be used for both heating and cooling. Remove the Al_5 jumper on the control board.

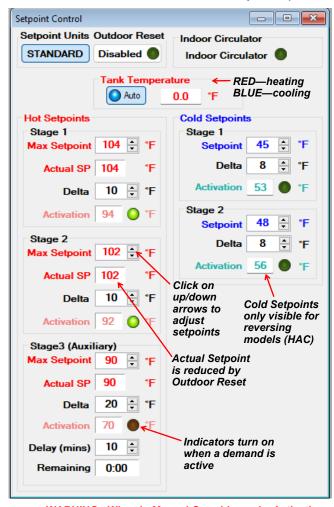


For reversing models only (HAC), cooling mode is selected by making a dry contact connection between $\mathbf{R/RA}$ and \mathbf{O} on the right side of control board. This is the one external control requirement.

To prevent the compressor from starting when the power is first turned on, stage 1 and stage 2 are **DISABLED** from factory. The LCD display will show "STAGE1 DISABLED" and "STAGE2 DISABLED". To enable, use either the *Stage 1 Enabled/Disabled* and *Stage 2 Enabled/Disabled* buttons at the top right corner of the PC App's *Tools-->Configuration* window, or use the LCD interface and select *SYSTEM EN/DIS*.

See below, and also the **PC Application (PC App)** chapter for full screenshots of the various windows.

The Setpoint Control window looks like this for Method 3a (External HTS/CTS with One Tank, Heat Pump Mode):





WARNING: When in Manual Override mode, Activation no longer responds to Setpoint Control values (i.e. if a stage is on it will not turn off when the setpoint is reached). Go to the PC App's Control Panel to turn demand ON/OFF with the Stage buttons.

The features explained in **Setpoint Control Method 1** - **Indoor Loop ICR with One Tank** also apply to **Setpoint Control Method 3** - **External HTS/CTS with One Tank**:

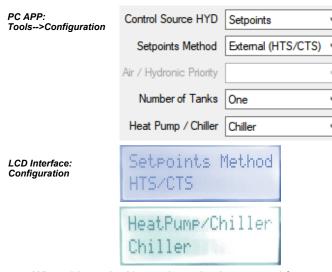
- Typical Temperature Setpoints
- Summer Setback
- Outdoor Reset function

to TABLE OF CONTENTS

b) HTS/CTS w/ One Tank - Chiller Mode

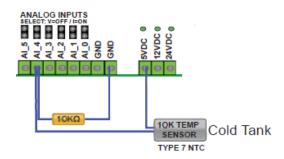
For *non-reversing models only* (H), **Chiller Mode** allows the heat pump to be controlled from the Outdoor Loop (cold side) rather than the Indoor Loop (hot side) for applications that require controlled cooling with high temp water rejection. The heat pump is still operating in "heating mode"; it is simply being started and stopped based on the cold side temperature.

Just as with Heat Pump Mode, a buffer tank should normally be used. With **Chiller Mode**, it will be on the cold side (outdoor) loop.



When this method is used, no circulator control for temperature sampling will occur. It requires an external temperature sensor placed in a dry well near the *bottom* of the cold buffer tank. Its value is displayed in the *Chilled Tank Temperature* or *Cold Tank* box on the PC App's *View-->Setpoint Control* screen. If this temperature shows *NC*, then either the probe is not connected to the board or there is a problem with it.

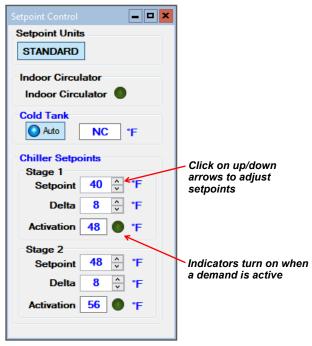
A 10K Type 7 (or Type 3) NTC thermistor along with a 10K 1% (or better) resistor must be used. These are available as accessories. Connect the sensor to the Al_4 input as shown below and on the wiring diagram (SCH) in the Model Specific Information chapter. This sensor will be used for both heating and cooling. Remove the Al_4 jumper on the control board.



To prevent the compressor from starting when the power is first turned on, stage 1 and stage 2 are **DISABLED** from factory. The LCD display will show "STAGE1 DISABLED" and "STAGE2 DISABLED". To enable, use either the *Stage 1 Enabled/Disabled* and *Stage 2 Enabled/Disabled* buttons at the top right corner of the PC App's *Tools--->Configuration* window, or use the LCD interface and select *SYSTEM EN/DIS*.

See below, and also the PC Application (PC App) chapter for full screenshots of the various windows.

The Setpoint Control window looks like this for Method 3b (External HTS/CTS with One Tank, Chiller Mode):



| TABLE 14 - Typical Setpoints HTS/CTS Method-Chiller Mode | | | | | | | |
|--|---------|----|---------|----|-----------------------------------|--|--|
| | Stage 1 | | Stage 2 | | | | |
| | °F | °C | °F | °C | *Activation is | | |
| Setpoint | 45 | 7 | 48 | 9 | determined by the Setpoint and | | |
| Delta | 8 | 4 | 8 | 4 | Delta values | | |
| Activation * | 53 | 11 | 56 | 13 | | | |



WARNING: When in Manual Override mode the Activation no longer responds to the Setpoint Control values (i.e. if a stage is on it will not turn off when the setpoint is reached). Go to the Control Panel to turn demand ON/OFF with the Stage buttons when in Manual Override Mode.

Above is outlined the recommended method to use Chiller Mode. However, it is also possible to use the ICR setpoint control method (circulator sampling) for chiller mode:

| Control Source HYD | Setpoints V | • |
|-------------------------|------------------|---|
| Setpoints Method | Indoor Loop(ICR) | _ |
| Air / Hydronic Priority | | 4 |
| Number of Tanks | One V | 4 |
| Heat Pump / Chiller | Chiller V | • |

The complication is that sampling will actually be done with the *outdoor* loop circulator, and there is no built in outdoor circulator relay. So two approaches can be taken:

- Connect outdoor circulator to the indoor circulator terminal strip, and vice versa (indoor circulator to outdoor terminal strip) OR
- Install an OCR relay, with coil connected between OV1 (control board DO_0) and C (24vac ground); and outdoor circulator powered from the normally open relay contacts.

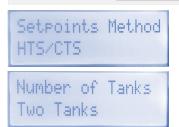
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Setpoint Control Method 4 - External (HTS/CTS) Two Tanks

*REVERSING MODELS ONLY (HAC)

Control Source HYD Setpoints PC APP: Tools-->Configuration Setpoints Method External (HTS/CTS) Air / Hydronic Priority

LCD Interface: Configuration

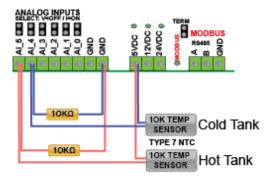


Two

Number of Tanks

Like with Method 3, when this method is used no indoor circulator control for temperature sampling will occur. It requires an external temperature sensor placed in a dry well in the hot buffer tank as well as one in the cold buffer tank. The values are displayed in the Hot Tank and Cold Tank boxes in the PC App's View-->Setpoint Control window. If either temperature shows NC, then either the probe is not connected to the board or there is a problem with it.

10K Type 7 (or Type 3) NTC thermistors along with 10K 1% or better resistors must be connected to the control board. Connect the Hot Tank sensor to the Al 5 input and the Cold Tank sensor to the Al 4 input as shown below and on the wiring diagram (SCH) in the Model Specific Information chapter. Remove the Al 5 and Al 4 jumpers on the control board.



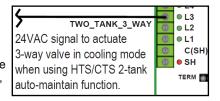
a) O Signal Control

Cooling mode may selected by making a dry contact connection between **R/RA** and **O** at the right side of control board. This results in one external control requirement. **O** and **C** can be used to energize a 3-way valve to divert flow to the cold tank (see Piping chapter).

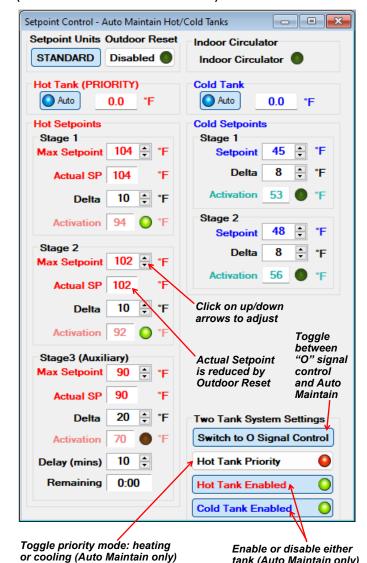
b) Auto Maintain

Alternatively, the heat pump can automatically switch between heating the hot tank and chilling the cold tank, without the need for any external control signals. Click the "Switch to Auto Maintain" button in following screenshot (PC App only). If using this function, hot tank or cold tank can be set as priority, and either tank can be disabled to turn it off.

For Auto Maintain, the L3 signal from the left side of control board in conjunction with C/GND should be used to energize the 3-way valve in cooling, since there is no O signal.



The Setpoint Control window looks like this for Method 4 (External HTS/CTS with Two Tanks):





WARNING: When in Manual Override mode, Activation no longer responds to Setpoint Control values (i.e. if a stage is on it will not turn off when the setpoint is reached). Go to the PC App's Control Panel to turn demand ON/OFF with the Stage buttons.

tank (Auto Maintain only)

To prevent the compressor from starting when the power is first turned on, stage 1 and stage 2 are DISABLED from factory. The LCD display will show "STAGE1 DISABLED" and "STAGE2 DISABLED". To enable, use either the Stage 1 Enabled/Disabled and Stage 2 Enabled/Disabled buttons at the top right corner of the PC App's Tools-->Configuration window, or use the LCD interface and select SYSTEM EN/DIS.

See above & below, and also the PC Application (PC App) chapter for full screenshots of the various windows.

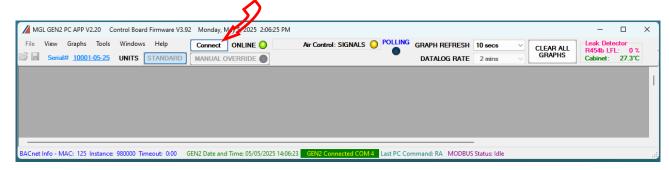
The features explained in Setpoint Control Method 1 -Indoor Loop ICR with One Tank also apply to Setpoint Control Method 4 - External HTS/CTS with Two Tanks:

- Typical Temperature Setpoints
- **Summer Setback**
- **Outdoor Reset function**

PC Application (PC APP)

NOTE: Before using the PC Application, refer to Appendices for installation instructions for the PC App and USB driver.

Connect a USB cable between the PC and the control board USB connector located at the bottom center of the board. Use the Windows Start menu to launch the PC App. You should see a screen similar to the one below. The revision of the PC APP is shown in the top left corner of the screen. Click the *Connect* button to begin communications with the control board.



Once connected, the menus and buttons will become accessible and the Polling LED will begin to flash. The PC time and date will appear at the bottom left corner of the screen. If the date and time need to be adjusted, click on menu *Tools-->Set Date and Time*. The control board date and time will be set to that of the PC.



PC Application Menus

The following pages describe the PC App's menus in detail. There are six menus: File, View, Graphs, Tools, Windows, Help.

File Menu: This menu handles page arrangements. If one or multiple pages are open and arranged as desired for viewing, this page arrangement may be saved and re-used the next time the PC APP is used.

File-->Open: Opens a saved page arrangement.
File-->Save: Saves the current page arrangement.

File-->Exit: Exits the PC Application.

Windows Menu: This menu is used to arrange windows (pages), or to bring a particular window to the front.

Windows-->Cascade: Arranges windows one in front of the other each with a small right and down offset from the last.

Windows-->Tile Vertical:
Windows-->Tile Horizontal:

Arranges windows side by side, stretching them fully from top to bottom.

Arranges windows up and down, stretching them fully from left to right

Windows-->Close All: Closes all open windows.

Help Menu: This shows information about the PC Application.

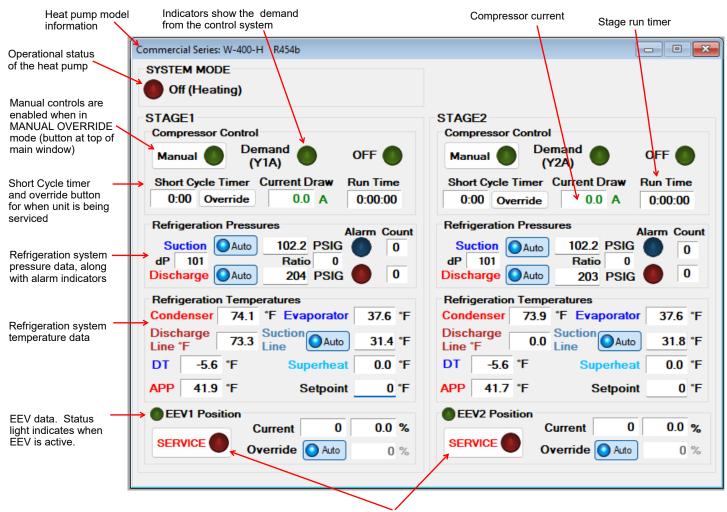
Help-->About: Displays the window shown to the right.



View Menu:

This menu handles all of the operational viewing screens.

View-->Control Panel: The main control panel window will open, shown below.

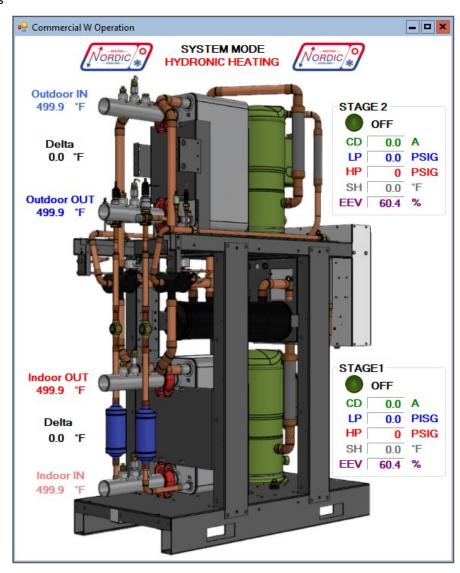


Click to disable the unit and fully open electric valves to allow work to be done to the refrigeration system. (Also accessible from *Tools*—>*Service Tools* menu.) To exit service mode, main breaker must be turned off and then back on.

View-->Commercial W Operation:

Shows a graphical display that allows convenient monitoring of heat pump operation, including:

- operation mode, and stage 1 & 2 on/off status
- water line in/out temperatures and delta T
- compressor current draw
- low & high refrigeration pressures
- superheat and EEV % open



View-->Setpoint Control

Shows the on-board temperature control screen. This screen is only available when **Control Source HYD** on the Configuration Page is set to **Setpoints** (not **Signals** or **BACnet**).

Refer to the Operation section earlier in this manual for details.

View-->Alarms, Limits and Faults

The alarms page has four tabs:

- 1. **ALARMS** Current alarm status, alarm count, high and low refrigeration alarm cutout values, and short cycle timer.
- 2. **ALARMS LIST** List of alarms that have occurred since the PC APP has been operating (this will be lost when the PC is disconnected from the control board.)
- 3. LIMITS Limits in effect which prevent compressor operation but that do not cause an alarm.
- FAULTS List of board hardware faults.

View-->Alarms, Limits and Faults (ALARMS Tab)

NOTE: Refer to Alarms and Faults screenshot below to see which alarms have a count.

Alarms without a count: These alarms only occur one time at which point they immediately create a Permanent Alarm.

Alarms with a count: When an alarm occurs the compressor will stop, the alarm COUNT will increase and the Short Cycle (SC)

Timer will start. When the SC Timer expires the compressor will re-start. If no further alarms occur within the **REDUCE** time (listed on 2nd tab of the **Configuration Page**), the alarm count will be reduced by 1. If another alarm occurs within REDUCE time, the count will increase by 1. If alarms continue to occur, when

the alarm count reaches the Maximum Count value a Permanent Alarm will occur.

Master Alarm: This alarm occurs when any permanent alarm occurs. It is used to simply indicate that there is an alarm.

Permanent Alarm: The compressor will be locked out until the Permanent Alarm is manually reset either by cycling the

power or clicking on the RESET button.

Low Pressure: Occurs when suction pressure drops below the Low Pressure Cutout value. The low pressure is checked

just before a compressor start; if OK the compressor will start, otherwise an alarm will occur. When compressor starts, the low pressure alarm is be ignored for the number of seconds that low pressure Ignore on Start (see 2nd tab of the Configuration Page) is set to, after which low pressure alarm is re-enabled. This allows a dip in suction pressure below cutout point during startup without causing a nuisance alarm.

A high pressure alarm occurs when the discharge pressure rises above the High Pressure Cutout value. High Pressure:

Compressor Monitor: Occurs when the compressor protection module sends a fault signal to control board, generally due to the compressor windings overheating. (Some smaller models do not have compressor protection modules.)

Compressor Status: This alarm occurs when there is a current draw on the compressor but no call for the compressor to be on

(i.e. welded contactor) or when there is a call for the compressor to be on but there is no compressor cur-

rent draw (i.e. manual high pressure control is open or contactor failure).

Phase Monitor: This alarm occurs when the 3-Phase Monitor detects a fault and sends a fault signal to control board.

Discharge pressure is less than 30 psi higher than suction pressure after 1 minute run time. It indicates Not Pumping/Man HP:

leaking reversing valve, manual high pressure control trip, bad contactor, or defective compressor.

This alarm occurs if the EEV has been at >99% for 20 minutes within first hour of a cycle. Low Charge / EEV:

LOC (Loss of Charge): This alarm occurs if both the low pressure and high pressure sensors are below 30 psig (207kPa).

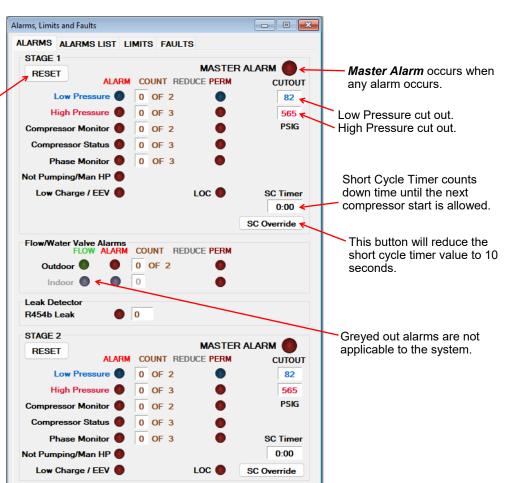
Outdoor or indoor loop flow switch did not detect flow. Non-reversing units do not have indoor flow switch. Flow.

Go the Alarms Troubleshooting section of the Troubleshooting chapter of the manual to address alarm issues.

> This button will erase all alarms and alarm counters, including a permanent alarm.

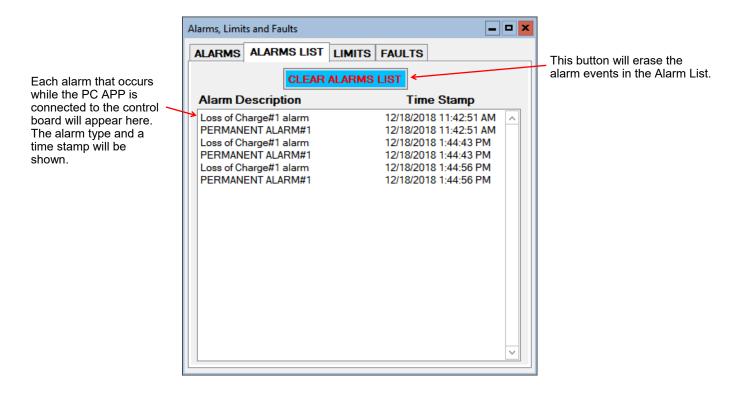


WARNING: Repeated resets can freeze and rupture heat exchangers, ruining the heat pump and voiding the warranty. The source of the alarm should be determined before resetting the unit if possible or during operation after a reset.



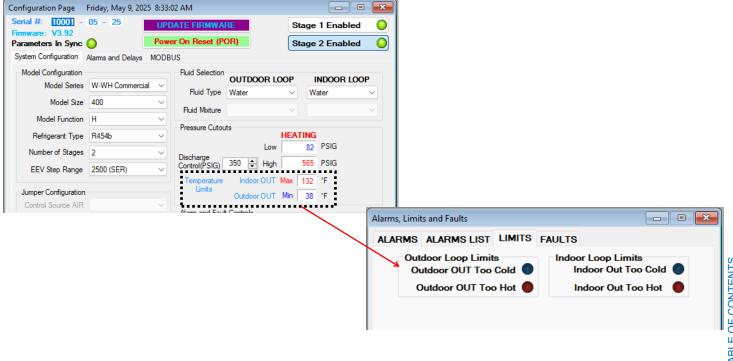
View-->Alarms, Limits and Faults (ALARMS LIST Tab)

This tab show a history of alarms that have occurred while the PC App is connected, since it was last cleared.



View-->Alarms, Limits and Faults (LIMITS Tab)

This tab shows temperatures that are out of limits but have not caused an alarm. These limits are shown on the **Tools-->Configuration** page.



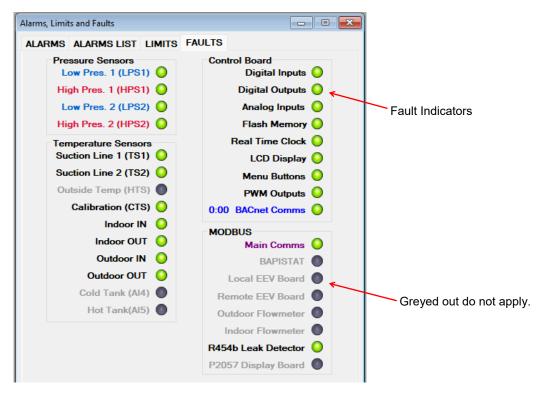
View-->Alarms, Limits and Faults (FAULTS tab)

This tab shows hardware faults that could occur. If one of these faults occurs there may be a problem with the control board hardware, with LCD interface and buttons, or with a sensor.

If a fault occurs, some things to try:

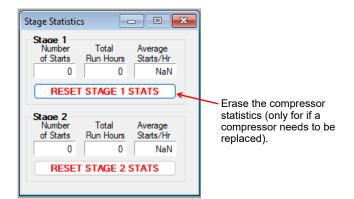
- Turn the power to the heat pump off for 20 seconds and then back on again.
- Use the menu item *Tools-->Reset to Factory Defaults*. If this clears the fault then the system configuration will have to be set up again.
- For LCD interface or Menu Button faults, turn off the power, disconnect and reconnect the cable between the LCD interface board and the control board, then turn the power back on again.

If the fault persists then there is most likely a hardware problem, and the sensor, control board, or LCD interface board will need to be replaced.



View-->Stage Stats

The compressor information: number of starts, run hours and starts per hour.



View-->Water Lines

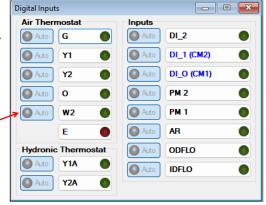
Displays the outdoor and indoor loop in, out, and delta temperatures.

View-->Digital Inputs

Shows the digital inputs and their individual status (ON/OFF). They may be individually controlled when in Manual Override Mode in order to facilitate troubleshooting.

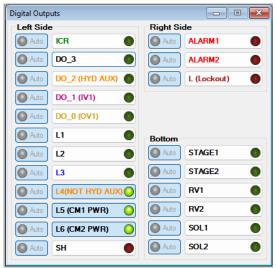
N/A for

W/WH series



View-->Digital Outputs

Shows the digital outputs and their individual status (ON/OFF). They may be individually controlled when in Manual Override Mode in order to facilitate troubleshooting.



View-->Analog Inputs

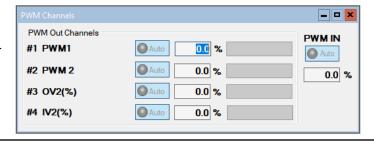
Shows the Analog inputs and their individual settings and values.

Click on the *EDIT* button to modify the blue boxes (button will now say *SAVE*). For each channel a name may be selected (up to 16 characters), and the Multiplier and Offset values may be set to accommodate the connected sensor scaling. Signals may be 4-20mA (channel jumper on board ON) or 0-10VDC (channel jumper on board OFF). A variety of units are also available for selection of common measurement types. Click on *SAVE* to save the changes. Values are kept even when power is removed from the unit.



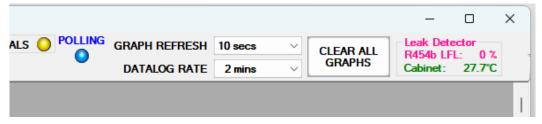
View-->PWM Channels

Shows the PWM channels and their individual status (0-100%). They may be individually controlled when in Manual Override Mode in order to facilitate trouble-shooting.

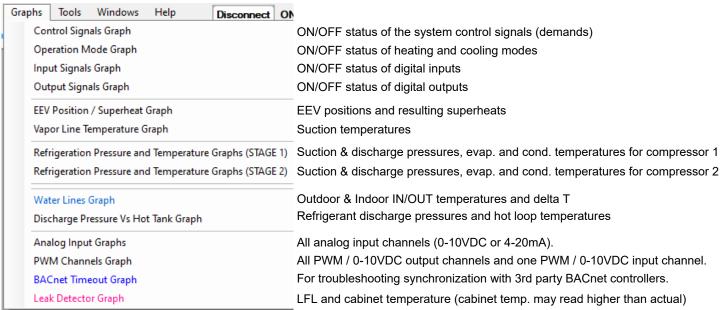


Graphs Menu:

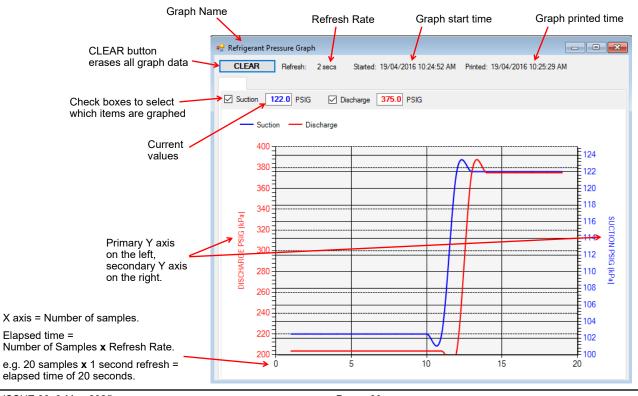
This menu is a list of the available graphs. Graphs are real-time and show a time stamp of when the recording started as well as a current time which will show up if the graph is screen captured. Each graph has a CLEAR button which will erase the stored data and restart the graph. There is also a master CLEAR ALL GRAPHS button at the top right of the PC APP; this will clear all open graphs and re-start them all simultaneously to keep them in sync with each other. The refresh rate for the graphs is also located at the top right of the PC APP.



TIP: To screen print a graph and save it as a picture, press Print Screen on the keyboard and then paste into MS Paint or other graphics program. Select the desired graph with the selection tool and copy it to a new MS Paint, then save the file as the desired name.



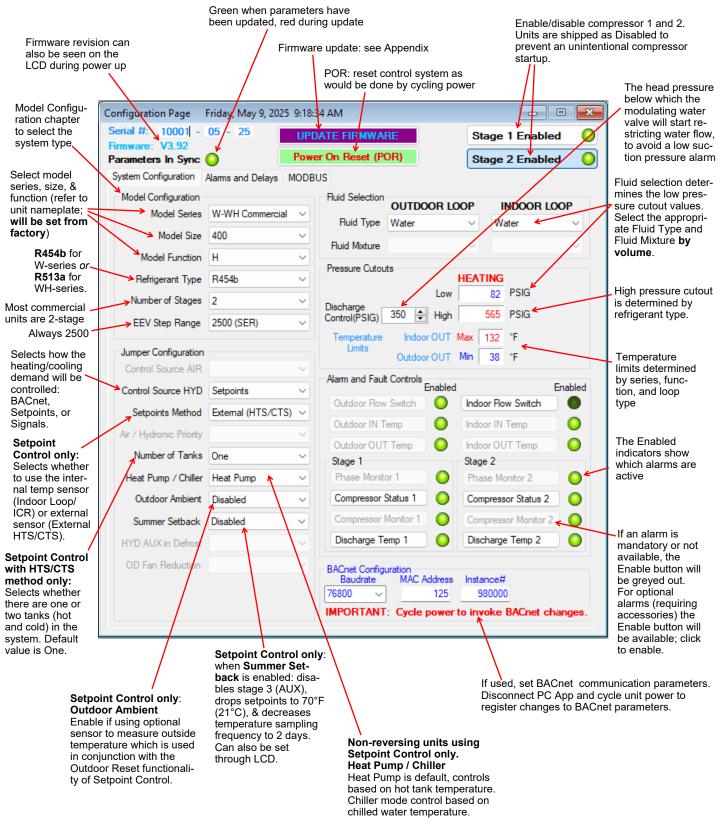
Below is an example of a typical graph screen. Items that are checked will be plotted, unchecked items will not. The graph screens show the time the graph started as well as the current time to time stamp the graph when screen printed.



This is where various tools for system setup and monitoring are located.

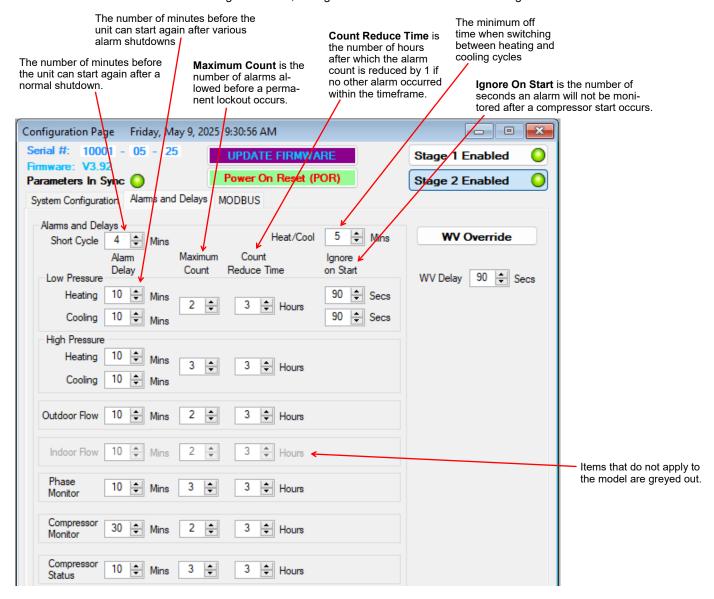
Tools-->Configuration (System Configuration tab)

This is where the system setup is done. **Settings should only be changed by a person who has a good understanding of system operation**. Improper settings could cause the system to operate poorly or not at all.



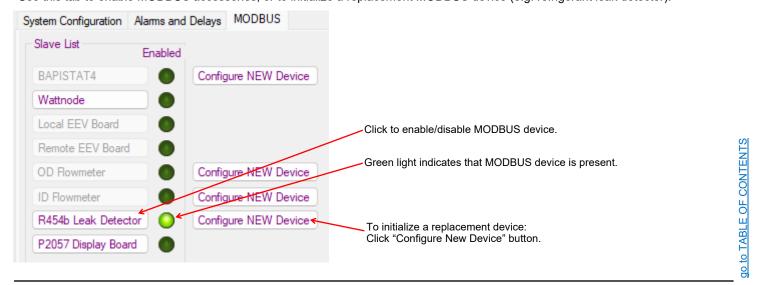
Tools-->Configuration (Alarms and Delays tab)

Click on the UP/DOWN arrows to change the value, noting that values have both a low and high limit.



Tools-->Configuration (MODBUS tab)

Use this tab to enable MODBUS accessories, or to initialize a replacement MODBUS device (e.g. refrigerant leak detector).



Tools-->Set Date and Time

This will synchronize the control board's time and date to that of the connected Windows PC. It is normally only necessary at installation or if electrical power has been off for several days.



Tools-->Datalogging (Datalog tab)

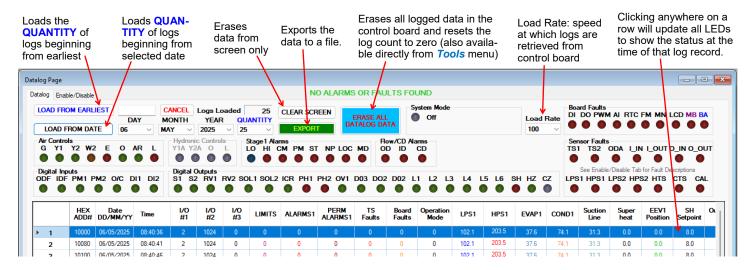
A log will be automatically recorded at the following rates:

- SYSTEM DISABLED: every 10 minutes
- SYSTEM ENABLED: logging frequency set via the dropdown box at the top right of the PC App main window
- ALARM: logging frequency automatically set to 10 seconds, for 2 hours
- PERMANENT ALARM: every 10 minutes

The maximum number of datalog records is 32,224, which will take 45 days to fill up at the default recording rate of 2 minutes.

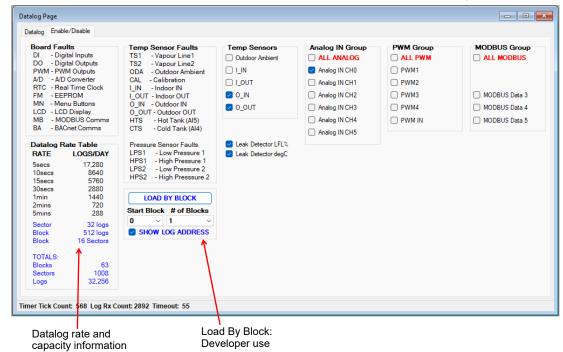
Note that loading datalogs at the standard **Load Rate** is time-consuming. It is suggested to leave **QUANTITY** at **25** until it is shown that the start date selected contains data and that any relevant alarm has been located in time.

For large data sets, Load Rate can be increased from the default rate of 100, but may result in less reliable loading.



Tools-->Datalogging (Enable/Disable tab)

Click on the checkboxes to customize which columns are shown/hidden in the datalog table.



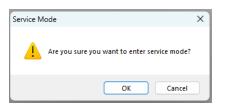
to TABLE OF CONTENTS

Tools-->Service Tools

Tools-->Service Tools-->Stage 1 / Stage 2 Service Mode

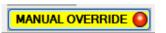
Disables the stage and fully opens electric valves to allow work to be done to the refrigeration system. (Also accessible via **SERVICE** buttons in *View -->Control Panel* window.)

To exit service mode, main breaker must be turned off and then back on.



Tools-->Service Tools-->Manual Override

Allows individual control system demands or sensor values to be manually overridden for troubleshooting or service purposes. Also accessible via MANUAL OVERRIDE button in main window top bar-

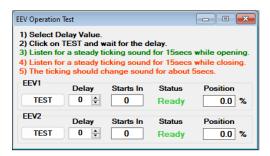


Tools-->Service Tools-->EEV Operation Test

Facilitates the audible EEV test described in the Troubleshooting chapter.

The EEV is operated through its range to OPEN and back to CLOSED, without an operator having to command it by using Manual Override mode.

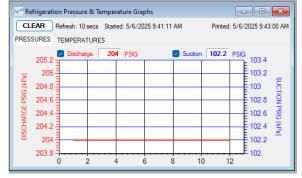
In addition, there is an adjustable delay so that the listener can go to the EEV's location before it starts to move. This is necessary when the EEV is in a remote location, as in air source split units like ATW-series.



Tools-->Service Tools-->Pressure Test Graphs

Opens an auto-scaling pressure and temperature graph to monitor pressure decline during nitrogen pressure tests which are typically performed after refrigeration system service.

A declining pressure line (which is not associated with a declining temperature line) may indicate a leak.



Tools-->Service Tools-->RTD Resistance Check

This brings up the (rarely used) Calibration window, which at the bottom has a calculator for checking RTD temperature probes.

Enter the temperature of the probe, and the calculator will predict the resistance of the probe.



Tools-->Reset to Factory Defaults

This will reset all settings to default values.

THE SYSTEM MUST BE RECONFIGURED AFTER A RESET IS PERFORMED.

A reset will default the system to an ATW-65. Calibrations, alarm delays, analog configurations, compressor statistics, and Setpoint Control values will be returned to defaults as well.

Factory Defaults Reset Parameters to Factory Defaults? WARNING!!! SYSTEM MUST BE RE-CONFIGURED FOR PROPER OPERATION. All parameters will be reset to defaults including Calibration Analog Configurations and Compressor Stats. Yes No Cancel

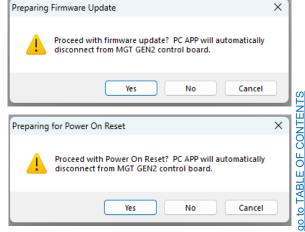
Tools-->Update Firmware

New function or bug fixes can be accessed by updating the firmware. This PC App function prepares the control board for a firmware update, by putting the board in boot loader mode and then disconnecting. The actual firmware update is done by a separate program which is downloaded along with the new firm-

See appendix for details.

Tools-->Power On Reset (POR)

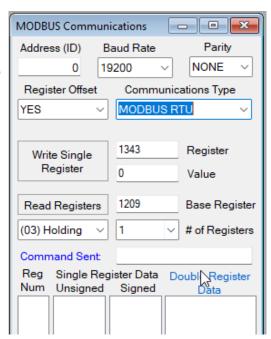
This function resets the control board as a power cycle off-on would.



Tools-->MODBUS-->Generic MODBUS

This window is for developer use.

The one useful function for users is that when troubleshooting MODBUS communications faults, *Communications Type* may be set to **SERIAL (Debug)** for a short time and then back to **MODBUS RTU** to see if that resets the fault and prevents fault reoccurrence.



Tools-->MODBUS-->Configuration

This brings up the 3rd tab of the *Tools-->Configuration* window, which is detailed on a previous page.

Tools-->Advanced

WARNING! This menu is for developer use only. Changing parameter values can cause the system to stop functioning properly.

Tools-->Advanced-->Calibration

Tools-->Advanced-->Parameters

Tools-->Advanced-->EEV PID Parameters

Tools-->Advanced-->Objects

Tools-->Advanced-->Jumpers

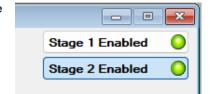
Tools-->Advanced-->SYSTEM TIMERS

Tools-->Advanced-->Performance

Tools-->Stage 1 Enable/Disable Tools-->Stage 2 Enable/Disable

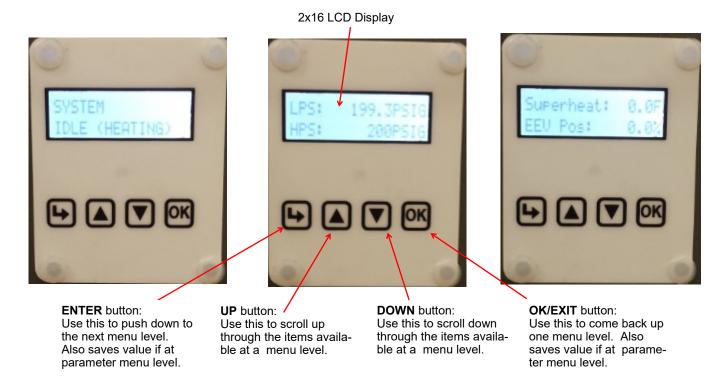
Enable/Disable either compressor 1 or 2, without affecting the other compressor. Both are shipped Disabled to prevent an unintentional compressor startup.

This is the same function as buttons at the top right of the 1st tab of the *Tools-->Configuration* window.



LCD Interface & Menus

These are examples of the unit status and operating data displayed when at the message display level (top level). Pressing ENTER will enter into the menu levels beginning with the Main Menu.



| | s a list of the various tool able shows what is displa | | | on starting at the Main Menu level. | | | | |
|----------------------|---|-------------------------|------------------------|---|---|--|--|--|
| ENTER (From Main) | ENTER (First Press) | ENTER (Second Press) | ENTER (Third Press) | Description | | | | |
| (only if using | — Setpoints | — Heating | — Stage 1 Setpoint | Stage 1 stops when water temperature rises to this point. | | | | |
| Setpoint control) | | | — Stage 1 Delta | Stage 1 starts when water temperature drops below setpoint by this amount. | | | | |
| | | | — Stage 2 Setpoint | Stage 2 stops when water temperature rises to this point. | | | | |
| | | | — Stage 2 Delta | Stage 2 starts when water temperature drops below setpoint by this amount. | | | | |
| | | — Cooling | — AUX (S3) Setpoint | Stage 3 stops when water temperature rises to this point. | | | | |
| | | | | — AUX (S3) Delta | Stage 3 time delay starts when water temperature drops below setpoint by this amount. | | | |
| | | | — AUX (S3) Delay | Delays Stage 3 start by timer amount. | | | | |
| | | | — Outdoor Reset | Outdoor reset factor (diff. between steps) | | | | |
| | | | — Stage 1 Setpoint | Stage 1 stops when water temperature drops to this point. | | | | |
| | | | — Stage 1 Delta | Stage 1 starts when water temperature rises above setpoint by this amount. | | | | |
| | | | — Stage 2 Setpoint | Stage 2 stops when water temperature drops to this point. | | | | |
| | | | — Stage 2 Delta | Stage 2 stops when water temperature drops to this point. Stage 2 starts when water temperature rises above setpoint by this amount. | | | | |
| Summer Setback | — Enable Setback? | — Enable | | Enable summer setback. | | | | |
| | | — Disable | | Disable summer setback. | | | | |

| ENTER | ENTER | ENTER | ENTER | Book to the |
|-------------------------------------|---|-------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| (From Main) | (First Press) | (Second Press) | (Third Press) | Description |
| System EN/DIS | — STAGE 1 (Bot) | — Enable | | Enable compressor 1, auxiliary, and ICR. |
| | | — Disable | | Disable compressor 1, auxiliary, and ICR. |
| | — STAGE 2 (Top) | — Enable | | Enable compressor 2, auxiliary, and ICR. |
| | | — Disable | | Disable compressor 2, auxiliary, and ICR. |
| Service Mode | — STAGE 1 (Bot) | — No | | Do not enter Service Mode for stage 1. |
| | | — Yes | | Enter into Service Mode for stage 1. |
| | — STAGE 2 (Top) | — No | | Do not enter Service Mode for stage 2. |
| | | — Yes | | Enter into Service Mode for stage 2. |
| EEV Control | — EEV1 (Bot) | — Auto/Manual | — Auto | Puts EEV1 in Auto mode |
| | | | — Manual | Puts EEV1 in Manual mode |
| | | — Manual Position | — EEV1 Position (%) | Enter desired EEV1 position |
| | — EEV2 (Тор) | — Auto/Manual | — Auto | Puts EEV2 in Auto mode |
| | | | — Manual | Puts EEV2 in Manual mode |
| | | — Manual Position | — EEV2 Position (%) | Enter desired EEV2 position |
| Configuration | — Control HYD | — Setpoints | | On-board water temperature control - |
| | | <u> </u> | | see Operation chapter |
| | | — Signals | | Hardwired 24VAC signal control |
| | | — BACnet | | BACnet control—see BACnet chapter |
| | — Outdoor Reset (only if using Setpoint | — Enable | | Enables Outdoor Reset functionality |
| | Control) | — Disable | | Disables Outdoor Reset functionality |
| | — Outdoor Ambient | — Enable | | Enables accessory outdoor temp. sensor |
| | | — Disable | | Disables accessory outdoor temp. sensor |
| | — Setpoints Method | — ICR | | Use Indoor Circulator Relay sampling |
| (only if using Setpoint Control) | — HTS/CTS | | Use external temperature sensors | |
| | — Heat Pump / Chiller (only if using Setpoint | — Heat Pump | | Control on indoor loop water temperature |
| | Control, H models) | — Chiller | | Control on outdoor loop water temperature |
| | — Number of Tanks | — One Tank | | One tank for heating/cooling functions |
| | (for Setpoint control with HTS/CTS, HAC only) | — Two Tanks | | Separate hot and cold tanks |
| | — Time Delays | — Short Cycle | — Short Cycle (min) | Enter short-cycle timer value |
| | | — Heat/Cool | — Heat/Cool (min) | Enter minimum off time between modes |
| | — Units | — Standard | | Standard units |
| | | — Metric | | Metric units (does not affect calibr. units) |
| | — Set Time | — Hours | | Set the system hours. |
| | | — Minutes | | Set the system minutes. |
| | — Set Date | — Day | | Set the system day. |
| | | — Month | | Set the system month. |
| | | — Year | | Set the system year. |
| Calibration | — Suction 1 | | Suction 1 pressure | Calibration in 1PSI intervals. |
| | — Discharge 1 | | Discharge 1 pressure | Calibration in 1PSI intervals. |
| | — Vapour Line 1 | | Suction line 2 temp. | Calibration in 0.1°F intervals |
| | — Suction 2 | | Suction 2 pressure | Calibration in 1PSI intervals. |
| | — Discharge 2 | | Discharge 2 pressure | Calibration in 1PSI intervals. |
| | — Vapour Line 2 | | Suction line 2 temp. | Calibration in 0.1°F intervals |
| | — Outdoor Ambient | | Outside air temp. | Calibration in 0.1°F intervals |
| | — Outdoor IN Temp | | Loop temperature | Calibration in 0.1°F intervals |
| | — Outdoor OUT Temp | | Loop temperature | Calibration in 0.1°F intervals |
| | — Indoor IN Temp | | Loop temperature | Calibration in 0.1°F intervals |
| | — Indoor OUT Temp | | Loop temperature | Calibration in 0.1°F intervals |

BACnet Interface

The BACnet interface is an MS/TP connection via RS-485 twisted pair. BACnet IP is not available.

Recommended wire: 22-24 AWG single twisted pair, 100-120 Ohms impedance, 17pF/ft or lower capacitance, with braided or aluminum foil shield, such as Belden 9841 or 89841.

The connector on the control board is a three wire removable screw connector. The signals are as follows:

A: Communications line (+) (right pin)
B: Communications line (-) (middle pin)
C: Ground connection (left pin)

If connecting multiple units to one RS-485 connection point, connect the signal cable from the master building controller to the first unit. Connect the second unit to the first unit (in same connector), connect the third unit to the second unit, and so on until all units are connected (daisy-chain). Remove the TERM jumper (located just above the BACnet connector on control board) from all units except the last one. The shield ground should be connected only to the GND pin of the unit for single unit installations. For multiple units, the shield ground should only be connected to the GND pin of the last unit. The shield grounds for intermediate units should be connected together. The shield ground should be left unconnected at the building controller end for all cases.

Vendor: Maritime Geothermal Ltd.

Vendor ID: 260

Model Name: MGT GEN2 Control Board

The following parameters can be set via the PC App's Configuration Window:

1) Baud rate 9600, 19200, 38400, or 76800

MAC address
 Maximum value is 125.

3) Instance number Maximum value is 4194303.



The BACnet parameter **Max_Master** has a fixed value of **127** in this device.

BACnet data is available regardless of the selected control method. In order to control the unit via the BACnet interface, set **Control Source** to **BACnet** either by using the PC App's configuration window or the LCD menus.



IMPORTANT: When constructing BACnet code to control the heat pump/chiller, give careful consideration to MINIMIZING CYCLING and MAXIMIZING RUN TIMES.

The heat pump/chiller can't do its work properly and will incur excessive wear if it is turning on and off every few minutes.

Note: object names are subject to change without prior notice.

| TABLE 15 - BACnet OBJECTS - CONTROL SIGNALS (READ/WRITE) | | | | | | | | |
|---|--|-----|---------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Name | Name Data Type ID Property Description | | | | | | | |
| SYSTEM_Y1A | Binary Value | BV0 | Present Value | t Value Stage 1 - bottom compressor (active is on) | | | | |
| SYSTEM_Y2A | Binary Value | BV1 | Present Value | Stage 2 - top compressor (active is on) | | | | |
| SYSTEM_O | SYSTEM_O Binary Value BV2 Present Value Reversing valve. Inactive=HEATING, Active=COOLING (HAC units only) | | | | | | | |
| BACnet_Units Binary Value BV9 Present Value Select units for BACnet objects. OFF=US standard, ON=metric | | | | | | | | |

| TABLE 16 - BACnet OBJECTS - OPERATION MODE Description (Read Only) | | | | | | |
|--|-----------------|-----|----|---------------------------------------|--|--|
| Name Data Type ID Present Value Description | | | | | | |
| | | AV5 | 2 | Hydronic heating | | |
| Operation Made | Analag Value | | 3 | Hydronic cooling (HAC units only) | | |
| Operation Mode | Analog Value | | 11 | Hydronic heating OFF | | |
| | | | 12 | Hydronic cooling OFF (HAC units only) | | |
| Note: Object is type | oe Analog Value | | 12 | Hydronic cooling OFF (HAC units only) | | |

| TABLE 17 - BACnet OBJECTS - LIMITS Description (Read Only) | | | | | | | | |
|--|------------------|-----------|----------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| Name | ID | BIT# | Decimal Value* | Bit Description | | | | |
| | 0 | 1 | Low Indoor OUT temperature | | | | | |
| Limits | A\/C | 1 | 2 | High Indoor OUT temperature | | | | |
| (Present Value) | AV6 | 2 | 4 | Low Outdoor OUT temperature | | | | |
| | | 3 | 8 | High Outdoor OUT temperature | | | | |
| Note: Limits object | t is type Analog | Value but | t value is bit coo | led and may be decoded as such (integer value). | | | | |

Note: Limits object is type Analog value but value is bit coded and may be decoded as such (integer value).

Note * : Value is for a single alarm and reference only.

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| TA | TABLE 18 - BACnet OBJECTS - DATA (Read Only) | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------|--|------------|-----------------------------|-------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Name | ID | Property | Units | Description | | | | | | |
| | AI0 (Comp1_Current) | AI0 | Present Value | Amps | Stage 1 compressor current draw | | | | | | |
| | Al1 (Comp2_Current) | Al1 | Present Value | Amps | Stage 2 compressor current draw | | | | | | |
| | Al2 | Al2 | Present Value | degF (degC) | Stage 2 compressor discharge line temperature | | | | | | |
| | Al3 | Al3 | Present Value | degF (degC) | Stage 1 compressor discharge line temperature | | | | | | |
| | AI4 (CTS) | Al4 | Present Value | degF (degC) | Cold tank temperature from sensor - requires accessory | | | | | | |
| | AI5 (HTS) | AI5 | Present Value | degF (degC) | Hot tank temperature from sensor - requires accessory | | | | | | |
| | LPS1 | Al6 | Present Value | PSIG (kPa) | Stage 1 low pressure value (suction pressure) | | | | | | |
| | HPS1 | Al7 | Present Value | PSIG (kPa) | Stage 1 high pressure value (discharge pressure) | | | | | | |
| | EVAP1 | Al8 | Present Value | degF (degC) | Stage 1 evaporating Temperature | | | | | | |
| ont | COND1 | Al9 | Present Value | degF (degC) | Stage 1 condensing Temperature | | | | | | |
| - Analog Input | Suction Line 1 | AI10 | Present Value | degF (degC) | Stage 1 suction line temperature | | | | | | |
| log | Superheat 1 | Al11 | Setpoint Value | degF (degC) | Stage 1 superheat | | | | | | |
| ına | EEV1 Position | Al12 | Present Value | % | Stage 1 EEV position (% open) | | | | | | |
| ٠- ٨ | LPS2 | AI13 | Present Value | PSIG (kPa) | Stage 2 low pressure value (suction pressure) | | | | | | |
| Туре | HPS2 | AI14 | Present Value | PSIG (kPa) | Stage 2 high pressure value (discharge pressure) | | | | | | |
| Ĺ. | EVAP2 | AI15 | Present Value | degF (degC) | Stage 2 evaporating Temperature | | | | | | |
| | COND2 | AI16 | Setpoint Value | degF (degC) | Stage 2 condensing Temperature | | | | | | |
| | Suction Line 2 | AI17 | Present Value | degF (degC) | Stage 2 suction line temperature | | | | | | |
| | Superheat 2 | AI18 | Setpoint Value | degF (degC) | Stage 2 superheat | | | | | | |
| | EEV2 Position | Al19 | Present Value | % | Stage 2 EEV position (% open) | | | | | | |
| | Outside Ambient | Al20 | Present Value | degF (degC) | Outdoor ambient temperature - requires accessory | | | | | | |
| | O_IN | Al21 | Present Value | degF (degC) | Outdoor IN temperature | | | | | | |
| | O_OUT | Al22 | Present Value | degF (degC) | Outdoor OUT temperature | | | | | | |
| | I_IN | Al23 | Present Value | degF (degC) | Indoor IN temperature | | | | | | |
| | I_OUT | Al24 | Present Value | degF (degC) | Indoor OUT temperature | | | | | | |
| | PWM_IN | AV0 | Present Value | % | N/A | | | | | | |
| - | PWM1 (OD Fan) | AV1 | Present Value | % | N/A | | | | | | |
| alue | PWM2 | AV2 | Present Value | % | N/A | | | | | | |
| J Ve | PWM3 (OV2) PWM4 (IV2) | AV3 | Present Value Present Value | % | OV2 - PWM or 0-10VDC for outdoor loop water valve IV2 - PWM or 0-10VDC for indoor loop water valve | | | | | | |
| Analog Value | Operation Mode | AV4 AV5 | Present Value | N/A | Description of mode - see Operation Mode Description table | | | | | | |
| Ans | Limits description | AV6 | Present Value | N/A N/A | Description of active limits - see Limits Description table | | | | | | |
| - e | Permanent Alarms 1 | AV7 | Present Value | N/A | Description of active simils - see Elimis Description table Descr. of active stg 1 alarms - see Alarm Descriptions table | | | | | | |
| Туре | Permanent Alarms 2 | AV8 | Present Value | N/A | Descr. of active stg 2 alarms - see Alarm Descriptions table | | | | | | |
| _ | Board Faults | AV9 | Present Value | N/A | Description of active faults - see Fault Descriptions table | | | | | | |
| | Sensor Faults | AV10 | Present Value | N/A | Description of active faults - see Fault Descriptions table | | | | | | |
| | STAGE1 | BO0 | Present Value | N/A | Stage 1 compressor contactor | | | | | | |
| Ħ | STAGE2 | BO1 | Present Value | N/A | Stage 2 compressor contactor | | | | | | |
| - Binary Output | ICR (Indoor Circ) | BO2 | Present Value | N/A | Indoor circulator control | | | | | | |
| ō | DO0 (OV1) | BO3 | Present Value | N/A | OV1 - 24VAC for outdoor loop water valve | | | | | | |
| ary | DO1 (IV1) | BO4 | Present Value | N/A | IV1 - 24VAC for indoor loop water valve | | | | | | |
| Bin | DO2 (HYD_AUX) | BO5 | Present Value | N/A | Hydronic Auxiliary | | | | | | |
| ė | DO3 (AUX_ONLY) | BO6 | Present Value | N/A | N/A | | | | | | |
| Туре | PHS1 | ВО7 | Present Value | N/A | Stage 1 dry contact pin for locked out on alarm | | | | | | |
| | PHS2 | BO8 | Present Value | N/A | Stage 2 dry contact pin for locked out on alarm | | | | | | |
| er e | CONTROLS | BV9 | Present Value | N/A | Control indicator: 0=local (man.override), 1=remote (BACnet) | | | | | | |
| /alt | Outdoor Flow | BV10 | Present Value | N/A | Outdoor Loop flow switch | | | | | | |
| 7 | Indoor Flow | BV11 | Present Value | N/A | Indoor Loop flow switch (reversing models only) | | | | | | |
| - Binary Value | Phase Monitor1 | BV12 | Present Value | N/A | Stage 1 3-phase monitor | | | | | | |
| - B | Phase Monitor2 | BV13 | Present Value | N/A | Stage 2 3-phase monitor | | | | | | |
| Туре | Comp Monitor1 | BV14 | Present Value | N/A | Stage 1 compressor monitor | | | | | | |
| Ţ | Comp Monitor2 | BV15 | Present Value | N/A | Stage 2 compressor monitor | | | | | | |

| TABLE 19 - BACne | TABLE 19 - BACnet OBJECTS - ALARM Descriptions (Read Only) | | | | | |
|---------------------|--|------|--|--|--|--|
| Name | Data Type | ID | Description | | | |
| Al0 (Comp1 Current) | Analog Input | AI0 | Stage 1 status alarm (start / stop failure, from current sensor) | | | |
| Al1 (Comp2 Current) | Analog Input | Al1 | Stage 2 status alarm (start / stop failure, from current sensor) | | | |
| LPS1 | Analog Input | Al6 | Stage 1 low pressure alarm | | | |
| HPS1 | Analog Input | AI7 | Stage 1 high pressure alarm | | | |
| LPS2 | Analog Input | Al13 | Stage 2 low pressure alarm | | | |
| HPS2 | Analog Input | Al14 | Stage 2 high pressure alarm | | | |
| Outdoor Flow | Binary Value | BV10 | Outdoor loop flow alarm | | | |
| Indoor Flow | Binary Value | BV11 | Indoor loop flow alarm (HAC models only) | | | |
| Phase Monitor1 | Binary Value | BV12 | Stage 1 3-phase monitor alarm | | | |
| Phase Monitor2 | Binary Value | BV13 | Stage 2 3-phase monitor alarm | | | |
| Comp Monitor1 | Binary Value | BV14 | Stage 1 compressor monitor alarm (from compressor protection module) | | | |
| Comp Monitor2 | Binary Value | BV15 | Stage 2 compressor monitor alarm (from compressor protection module) | | | |

| Name | ID | BIT# | Decimal Value* | Bit Description | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-----|------|-------------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| | | 0 | 1 | Stage 1 master permanent alarm (occurs when any alarm occurs) | | | | |
| | | 1 | 3 | Stage 1 low pressure heating mode alarm (suction pressure) | | | | |
| | | 2 | 5 | Stage 1 low pressure cooling mode alarm (suction pressure) | | | | |
| | | 3 | 9 | Stage 1 high pressure heating mode alarm (discharge pressure) | | | | |
| | | 4 | 17 | Stage 1 high pressure cooling mode alarm (discharge pressure) | | | | |
| Permanent Alarms 1 (Present Value) | AV7 | 5 | 33 | Stage 1 loss of charge alarm | | | | |
| , | | 6 | 65 | Stage 1 3-phase monitor alarm | | | | |
| | | 7 | 129 | Stage 1 compressor monitor alarm (from compressor prot. module) | | | | |
| | | 8 | 257 | Stage 1 status alarm (start / stop failure, from current sensor) | | | | |
| | | 14 | 16,385 | Outdoor loop flow alarm | | | | |
| | | 15* | 32,769 | Indoor loop flow alarm (reversing models only) | | | | |
| | | 0 | 1 | Stage 2 master permanent alarm (occurs when any alarm occurs) | | | | |
| | | 1 | 3 | Stage 2 low pressure heating mode alarm (suction pressure) | | | | |
| | | 2 | 5 | Stage 2 low pressure cooling mode alarm (suction pressure) | | | | |
| | | 3 | 9 | Stage 2 high pressure heating mode alarm (discharge pressure) | | | | |
| | | 4 | 17 | Stage 2 high pressure cooling mode alarm (discharge pressure) | | | | |
| Permanent Alarms 2 | | 5 | 33 | Stage 2 loss of charge alarm | | | | |
| (Present Value) | AV8 | 6 | 65 | Stage 2 3-phase monitor alarm | | | | |
| | | 7 | 129 | Stage 2 compressor monitor alarm (from compressor prot. module) | | | | |
| | | 8 | 257 | Stage 2 status alarm (start / stop failure, from current sensor) | | | | |
| | | 13 | 8192 | A2L refrigerant leak detector alarm (may or may not be a permanent alarm) | | | | |
| | | 14 | 16,385 | Outdoor loop flow alarm | | | | |
| | | 15* | 32,769 | Indoor loop flow alarm (reversing models only) | | | | |

Note: Permanent Alarm objects are type Analog Value but values are bit coded and may be decoded as such (integer value). Note *: Value is for a single alarm and reference only. Value includes + 1 for Master Alarm

Note: object names are subject to change without prior notice.

| | | | The state of the s | | | | | |
|------------------|--|------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| TABLE 20 - BAC | TABLE 20 - BACnet OBJECTS - FAULT Descriptions (Read Only) | | | | | | | |
| Name | Data Type | ID | Description | | | | | |
| Al2 (Disch Temp) | Analog Input | AI3 | Stage 2 discharge line temperature sensor faulty or disconnected | | | | | |
| Al3 (Disch Temp) | Analog Input | AI3 | Stage 1 discharge line temperature sensor faulty or disconnected | | | | | |
| Al4 (Cold Tank) | Analog Input | AI0 | Cold tank temperature sensor faulty or disconnected - requires accessory | | | | | |
| Al5 (Hot Tank) | Analog Input | Al1 | Hot tank temperature sensor faulty or disconnected - requires accessory | | | | | |
| LPS1 | Analog Input | Al6 | Stage 1 low pressure sensor faulty or disconnected | | | | | |
| HPS1 | Analog Input | AI7 | Stage 1 high pressure sensor faulty or disconnected | | | | | |
| LPS2 | Analog Input | Al13 | Stage 2 low pressure sensor faulty or disconnected | | | | | |
| HPS2 | Analog Input | Al14 | Stage 2 high pressure sensor faulty or disconnected | | | | | |
| Suction Line1 | Analog Input | Al10 | Stage 1 suction line temperature sensor faulty or disconnected | | | | | |
| Suction Line2 | Analog Input | Al17 | Stage 2 suction line temperature sensor faulty or disconnected | | | | | |

Outdoor temperature sensor faulty or disconnected - requires accessory

Outdoor IN temperature sensor faulty or disconnected

Indoor IN temperature sensor faulty or disconnected

Indoor OUT temperature sensor faulty or disconnected

Outdoor OUT temperature sensor faulty or disconnected

| Name | ID | BIT# | Decimal Value* | Bit Description |
|-----------------|------|------|-------------------|---|
| | | 0 | 1 | Digital inputs |
| | | 1 | 2 | Digital outputs |
| | | 2 | 4 | PWM outputs |
| Board Faults | AV9 | 3 | 8 | Analog to digital conversion |
| (Present Value) | AVJ | 4 | 16 | Real time clock |
| | | 5 | 32 | EEPROM memory |
| | | 6 | 64 | Menu buttons |
| | | 7 | 128 | LCD interface |
| | | 0 | 1 | Stage 1 suction line temperature sensor |
| | | 1 | 2 | Stage 2 suction line temperature sensor |
| | | 2 | 4 | Outdoor Ambient temperature sensor - accessory |
| | | 3 | 8 | Calibration temperature resistor plug |
| Sensor Faults | AV10 | 4 | 16 | Indoor IN temperature sensor |
| (Present Value) | AV10 | 5 | 32 | Indoor OUT temperature sensor |
| | | 6 | 64 | Outdoor IN temperature sensor |
| | | 7 | 128 | Outdoor OUT temperature sensor |
| | | 8 | 256 | Cold tank temperature sensor on Al4 - accessory |
| | | 9 | 512 | Hot tank temperature sensor on Al5 - accessory |

Note: Board and Sensor Fault objects are type Analog Value but values are bit coded and may be decoded as such (integer value). Note *: Value is for a single fault and reference only.

Outdoor Ambient

O_IN

O_OUT

I_IN

I_OUT

Analog Input

Analog Input

Analog Input

Analog Input

Analog Input

AI20

Al21

Al22

AI23

AI24

Startup Procedure

The W/WH-Series Startup Record located in this manual is used in conjunction with this startup procedure to provide a detailed record of the installation. A completed copy should be left on site, a copy kept on file by the installer, and a copy should be sent to Maritime Geothermal Ltd..

Check the boxes or fill in the data as each step is completed. For data boxes, circle the appropriate units.

Pre-Start Inspection

Indoor Loop (Hydronic Loop):

- 1. Verify that all shutoff valves are fully open and there are no restrictions in the piping from the heat pump to the indoor loop, and that full flow is available to the heat pump.
- 2. Verify that the entire system has been flooded and all the air has been purged as much as possible. Further purging may be required after the system has been operating for a while.
- 3. Verify that the loop contains the proper mix of antifreeze (if used) for the intended application. If applicable, record the type of antifreeze and the mixture value on the startup sheet, circle % Vol. or % Weight.
- 4. Record the static loop pressure on the startup sheet.

Outdoor Loop (Ground Loop):

- 1. Verify that all shutoff valves are fully open and there are no restrictions in the piping from the heat pump to the ground loop, and that full flow is available to the heat pump.
- 2. Verify that the entire system has been flooded and all the air has been purged as much as possible. Further purging may be required after the system has been operating for a while.
- 3. Verify that the loop contains the proper mix of antifreeze for the intended application. Record the type of antifreeze and the mixture value on the startup sheet; circle % Vol. or % Weight.
- 4. Record the static loop pressure on the startup sheet.

Outdoor Loop (Ground Water):

- 1. Verify there are no leaks in the connections to the unit. Verify the water valve is installed and properly oriented in the OUT line.
- 2. Verify that there is flow control in the OUT line.

Electrical:

- 1. Ensure the power to the unit is off.
- 2. Verify all high voltage connections. Ensure that there are no stray wire strands, all connections are tight, and the ground wire is connected tightly to the ground connector.
- Record the circuit breaker size and wire gauge for the heat pump.
- 4. Verify that the control connections to the unit are properly connected and all control signals are off, so that the unit will not start up when the power is turned on.
- 5. Verify that the circulator pumps are connected to the proper voltages. Record the voltages of the circulator pumps.
- 6. Ensure all access panels except the one that provides access to the electrical box are in place.
- 7. Turn on power at least 2 hours before startup so that crankcase heaters are energized (to prevent flooded starts).

Unit Startup

The unit is now ready to be started. The steps below outline the procedure for starting the unit and verifying proper operation of the unit. It is recommended that safety glasses be worn during the following procedures.

IMPORTANT NOTE: The unit is shipped with *Stage 1* and *Stage 2 Disabled* in order to prevent the unit from starting when the power is first turned on. Follow the instructions below in the Preparation section to enable the compressors.

The LCD will automatically scroll through various data including low (suction) pressure, high (discharge) pressure, superheat, EEV position and water in/out temperatures.

Preparation:

- 1. Set all controls (including zone thermostats) to OFF. Turn power on to the heat pump. All LED's on the control board should turn on, the LCD interface should say "MGT GEN2 VERx.xx" on line 1 and "Zeroing EEV's" on line 2. You should be able to hear the EEV moving (a clicking sound).
- 2. Measure the following voltages on the compressor contactor and record them on the startup sheet: L1-L2, L2-L3, L1-L3.
- 3. Connect a USB cable between the USB connector on the board and a laptop with the PC App installed (recommended but optional).
- 4. Select the desired Control Source HYD via the PC APP or Configuration Menu.
- 5. Enable the system either from the Configuration Page of the PC APP or through the menu buttons.

Heating Mode

- 1. Adjust the Setpoint Control settings via the PC App or LCD to activate stage 1 and stage 2 (or activate via BACnet or 24V signal if used). The EEV's will begin to open and the compressors will start, as will the circulator pumps.
- Check the PC App or LCD. The suction and discharge pressures will vary based on the outdoor loop temperature and the indoor loop temperature, but for a typical startup they should be 90-110 psig and 260-360 psig for W-series or 25-35 psig and 105-200 psig for WH-series.
- 3. Monitor the unit via the PC APP or LCD Interface while the unit runs, and record the following after 10 minutes of run time:
 - 1. Suction pressure (both stages)
 - 2. Discharge pressure (both stages)
 - 3. Indoor Loop In (Hot In) temperature
 - 4. Indoor Loop Out (Hot Out) temperature
 - 5. Indoor Delta T (should be 8-12°F, 4-6°C)
 - 6. Indoor flow (if available)
 - 7. Outdoor Loop In (Supply In) temperature
 - 8. Outdoor Loop Out (Supply Out) temperature
 - 9. Outdoor Delta T (should be 5-8°F, 3-4°C)
 - 10. Outdoor flow (if available)
 - 11. Compressor L1(C) current (black wire, place meter between electrical box and compressor)
- 4. Adjust the control setpoints to the desired buffer tank temperature and let the unit run through a cycle.

Cooling Mode:

- 1. Set the unit to cooling mode and adjust the cooling control setpoints to activate Stage 1 and Stage 2.
- 2. Monitoring the unit via the PC APP or LCD interface while the unit runs, and record the following after 10 minutes of run time:
 - Suction pressure (both stages)
 - 2. Discharge pressure (both stages)
 - 3. Indoor Loop In temperature
 - 4. Indoor Loop Out temperature
 - Indoor Delta T
 - 6. Outdoor Loop In (Supply In) temperature
 - 7. Outdoor Loop Out (Supply Out) temperature
 - 8. Outdoor Delta T
- 3. Adjust the cooling control setpoints to the desired tank temperature, and allow the unit to run through a cycle.

Final Inspection:

- 1. Turn the power off to the unit and remove all test equipment.
- 2. Install the electrical box cover and the access panel on the heat pump. Install the service port caps securely to prevent refrigerant loss.
- 3. Do a final check for leaks in the Indoor Loop piping and ensure the area is clean.
- 4. Turn the power on to the unit. Set the Setpoints Control (or aquastat) to the final settings and record the values.

Startup Record:

1. Sign and date the Startup Record and have the site personnel sign as well. Leave the Startup Record with the site personnel, retain a copy for filing and send a copy to Maritime Geothermal Ltd. for warranty registration.

| | Startup Recor | d Sheet - Comm | ercial W/V | VH-Serie | S | | | | |
|----------------------------|--|---|-------------|----------|------|------------|-------|---------|-----|
| nstallation Site | | Startup Date | Installer | | | | | | |
| City | | | Company | | | | | | |
| Province | | Check boxes unless | Model | | | | | | |
| Country | | asked to record data. Circle data units. | Serial # | | | | | | |
| Client Name | | Site Owner Phone # | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | | RE-START INSPE | CTION | T | | | | | |
| ndoor Loop (Hydronic) | All shut-off valve are open (full | flow available) | | | | | | | |
| , | Loop is full and purged of air | | | 1 | | 1 | | | |
| | Antifreeze type/concentration | | | % Vo | lume | % We | eight | | |
| | Loop static pressure | | psig | kPa | | | | | |
| Ground Loop | All shut-off valve are open (full | flow available) | | | | | | | |
| System | Loop is full and purged of air | | | | | | | | |
| | Antifreeze type/concentration | | | % Vo | lume | % We | eight | | |
| | Loop static pressure | | | psig | kPa | | | _ | |
| Ground Water | Water valve installed in OUT lin | | | | | | | | |
| System | Flow control installed in OUT li | ne | | | | | | | |
| Electrical | High voltage connections are c | orrect and securely fas | tened | | | | | | |
| | Circuit breaker (or fuse) size a | nd wire gauge for Heat | Pump | Α | | Ga. | | | |
| | Circulator pump voltages (Outo | door 1, Outdoor 2, Indoo | or 1) | V | | V | | V | |
| | Low voltage connections are co | orrect and securely fast | ened | | l. | 11. | | | _ |
| | | STARTUP DA | TA | , | | | | | |
| Preparation | Voltage across L1 and L2, L1 a | and L3, L2 and L3 | | | | | | | VAC |
| Heating Mode | Stage 1 Suction Pressure / Dis | charge Pressure | | | | | psig | kPa | |
| (10 minutes) | Stage 2 Suction Pressure / Dis | charge Pressure | | | | | psig | kPa | |
| | Indoor In (Hot In), Indoor Out (| Hot Out), and Delta T | | In | | Out | | °F | °C |
| | Outdoor In (Supply In), Outdoo | r Out (Supply Out), and | l Delta T | In | | Out | | °F | °C |
| | Outdoor Flow | | | igpm | gpm | | L/s | | |
| | Compressor L1 (black wire) cu | rrent | | Α | | | | | |
| | Heating setpoint and discharge | pressure at cycle end | | °F | °C | | psig | kPa | |
| Cooling Mode | Stage 1 Suction Pressure / Dis | charge Pressure | | | | • | psig | kPa | |
| HAC only) 10 minutes) | Stage 2 Suction Pressure / Dis | | | | | | psig | kPa | |
| , | Indoor In (Hot In), Indoor Out (| | | In In | | Out Out | | °F | °C |
| | | Outdoor In (Supply In), Outdoor Out (Supply Out), and Delta T | | | | | | °F | °C |
| Final Control Cot | Cooling setpoint and suction p | ressure at cycle end | | °F | °C | °C | psig | kPa | |
| Final Control Set- ings | Heating S1 Setpoint, S1 Delta | | | | °F | °C | - | | |
| - | Heating S2 Setpoint, S2 Delta Heating S3 Setpoint, S3 Delta, | S3 Time Delay | | | °F | °C | | min | 1 |
| | Cooling S1 Setpoint, S1 Delta | OO TIME Delay | | | °F | °C | | 1111111 | _ |
| | Cooling S1 Setpoint, S1 Delta | | | | °F | °C | - | | |
| | | | | | | L | | | |
| l | Installar Claustura | | Cliant Cinn | 4 | - 1 | | | | |

| Date: | | Installer Signature: | | Client Signature: | |
|-------|----------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------|
| | | | | | |
| A to | otal of three copies | are required, one for th | e site, one for the installer/s | tartup and one to be sent to | Maritime Geothermal Ltd. |

Routine Maintenance

| MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE | | | | |
|--|--|--|---|--|
| It | tem | Interval | Procedure | |
| LCD Interface or Status Lights or PC App via USB | C A T S | Weekly (optional, if alarms are not reported through a BACnet system) | Check for alarms and faults. Rectify problem if alarms found. See Troubleshooting chapter. | |
| Strainers | Crother U.S. 111 | Monthly (more frequently immediately after initial startup) | Inspect and clean if necessary. | |
| Compressor Crankcase Heaters | | Monthly | Check if operational and not shorted out. Replace if necessary. (Prevents flooded starts.) | |
| Compressor Contactors | ACCTUMES OF THE PROPERTY OF TH | 1 year | Inspect for pitted / burned points or loose wires. If necessary, replace contactor or tighten wires. | |
| Heat Exchangers | | When experiencing performance degradation that is not explained by a refrigeration circuit problem or low loop flow rate | Disconnect the affected loop and flush heat exchanger with a lime removing solution. Generally not required for closed loop or cold water open loop systems; whenever system performance is reduced for warm water open loop systems. | |

Troubleshooting Guide

The following steps are for troubleshooting the heat pump. Repair procedures and reference refrigeration circuit diagrams can be found later in this manual.

- **STEP 1:** Verify that the LCD Interface is functioning . If it is not, proceed to POWER SUPPLY TROUBLE SHOOTING, otherwise proceed to STEP 2.
- **STEP 2:** Record the alarm shown on the LCD Interface or use the PC APP Alarms page to determine the alarm type. Proceed to the ALARMS TROUBLESHOOTING section.
- **STEP 3:** If there are no alarms and STAGE1 is showing as on (LCD Interface, PC APP or LED on control board) but the compressor is not operating, does not attempt to start, attempts to start but cannot, starts hard, or starts but does not sound normal, proceed to the COMPRESSOR TROUBLESHOOTING section.
- **STEP 4:** If the compressor starts and sounds normal, this means the compressor is most likely OK. Proceed to the OPERATION TROUBLESHOOTING section.
- **NOTE:** To speed up the troubleshooting process, if using the **PC Application**, click on **SC Override** to reduce the short cycle timer to 10 seconds.

| POWER SUPPLY TROUBLESHOOTING | | | | |
|----------------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| Fault | Possible Cause | Verification | Recommended Action | |
| No power to the heat pump | Disconnect switch open (if installed) | Verify disconnect switch is in the ON position. | Determine why the disconnect switch was opened; if all is OK close the switch. | |
| | Fuse blown / breaker tripped | At heat pump disconnect box, voltmeter shows 208-575VAC on the line side but not on the load side. | Reset breaker or replace fuse with proper size and type. (Timedelay type "D") | |
| No heartbeat on control board | Transformer breaker tripped (or fuse blown for those without breaker) | Breaker on transformer is sticking out (or fuse looks burnt). | Push breaker back in. If it trips again locate cause of short circuit and correct (or replace fuse). | |
| | Faulty transformer | Transformer breaker is not tripped (or fuse not blown), 208-575VAC is present across L1 and L3 of the compressor contactor but 24VAC is not present across 24VAC and COM of the control board. | Replace transformer. | |
| | Faulty control board | 24VAC is present across 24VAC and COM of the control board. | Replace the control board. | |
| No display on aquastat (if used) | No power from transformer | See No heartbeat on control board. | | |
| | Faulty wiring between heat pump and aquastat | 24VAC is not present across 24V and COM of the aquastat. | Correct the wiring. | |
| | Faulty aquastat | 24VAC is present across COM and 24V of the aquastat but aquastat has no display. | Replace aquastat. | |

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| ALARM TROUBLESHOOTING | | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Alarm/Fault | Description | Recommended Action | | | |
| | Note that the data logging function of the GEN2 Control Board is a very useful tool for troubleshooting alarms. It provides a history of the unit operation up to and including the time at which the alarm(s) occurred. | | | | |
| Low Pressure (Stage 1 or Stage 2) | Occurs when the suction pressure drops to or below the <i>Low Pressure Cutout</i> value. The low pressure is checked just before a compressor start; if it is OK compressor will start, otherwise alarm will occur. When compressor starts, a low pressure condition will be ignored for the number of seconds that <i>Low Pressure Ignore</i> is set to, after which the low pressure alarm will be re-enabled. This allows a dip in suction pressure below the cutout point during startup without causing a nuisance alarm. | Go to the Low Pressure section of the mode the unit was operating in at the time of the alarm. | | | |
| High Pressure (Stage 1 or Stage 2) | A high pressure alarm occurs when the discharge pressure rises to or above the <i>High Pressure Cutout</i> Value. | Go to the High Pressure section of the mode the unit was operating in at the time of the alarm. | | | |
| Compressor Monitor (Stage 1 or Stage 2) < <w240+ only="">></w240+> | This alarm occurs when the compressor protection module (if present) sends a fault signal to the control board, generally due to the compressor windings overheating. | Go to Compressor section. | | | |
| Compressor Status (Stage 1 or Stage 2) | This alarm occurs when there is a current draw on the compressor as measured by the current sensor but no call for the compressor to be on (i.e. welded contactor) or when there is a call for the compressor to be on but there is no compressor current draw (i.e. manual high pressure control is open or contactor failure). | Check contactor if compressor is staying on when it should be off. Go to Compressor section if compressor is not on when it should be. Also check for tripped manual high pressure control. | | | |
| Phase Monitor (Stage 1 or Stage 2) | This alarm occurs when the 3-phase monitor detects a fault condition and sends a fault signal to the control board. For three phase units only. | Verify power supply for under/ over voltages as well as phase balance. Check com- pressor contactors for pits or burns. Also check for tripped manual high pressure control. | | | |
| Not Pumping / Man HP (Stage 1 or Stage 2) | Discharge pressure is less than 30 psi higher than suction pressure after 2 minutes run time. It indicates leaking reversing valve, compressor very hot and tripped on internal overload, manual high pressure control trip, bad contactor, or defective compressor. | Check for reversing valve not seated properly, tripped manual high pressure control, or a contactor or compressor problem. | | | |
| Low Charge / EEV (Stage 1 or Stage 2) | EEV position has been above 99% for 20 minutes within the first hour of cycle. | Check system for refrigerant leak. Also check that EEV for proper operation (see <u>EEV</u> <u>Troubleshooting</u> section) | | | |
| LOC [Loss of Charge] (Stage 1 or Stage 2) | This alarm occurs if the low pressure and/or high pressure sensors are below 30 psig (207 kPa). | Check system for refrigerant leak. Check for incorrect pressure sensor reading. | | | |
| Outdoor Flow | Low or no outdoor loop flow from flow switch. Ignored on compressor start for number of seconds the Outdoor Flow <i>Ignore on Start</i> is set to. Alarm monitoring will begin when timer expires. | Check outdoor flow switch. Check outdoor loop flow. | | | |
| Indoor Flow | Reversing -HAC units only: low or no indoor loop flow from flow switch. Ignored on compressor start for number of seconds the Indoor Flow <i>Ignore on Start</i> is set to. Alarm monitoring will begin when timer expires. | Check indoor flow switch. Check indoor loop flow. | | | |
| Leak Detector / R454b Leak (A2L W-series only) | Refrigerant sensor detected the presence of refrigerant inside the enclosure. | Locate and fix leak, taking all necessary precautions associated with A2L refrigerants. See Service Procedures chapter. | | | |

| FAULT TROUBLESHOOTING | | | | |
|---|--|---|--|--|
| Alarm/Fault | Description | Recommended Action | | |
| Pressure Sensors | The sensor is reading outside of the acceptable range. Check to ensure connector is on securely. | Replace the pressure sensor. If this does not rectify the problem, replace the control board. | | |
| Temperature Sensors | The sensor is reading outside of the acceptable range. Check to ensure connector is on securely. | Replace the temperature sensor. If this does not rectify the problem, replace the control board. | | |
| Control Board: - Digital Inputs - Digital Outputs - Analog Inputs - Real Time Clock - PWM Outputs | A failure has occurred and the indicated section of the control board may no longer work properly. | Cycle the power a few times; if the fault persists replace the control board. | | |
| Control Board: - Flash Memory | A failure has occurred and stored data may be corrupt. | It may be possible to correct this by using the menu item <i>Tools—Reset to Factory Defaults</i> . If this clears the fault then the system configuration will have to be set up again. | | |
| - Menu Buttons board may no longer respond to menu but- necting | | Try turning off the power, disconnecting and reconnecting the cable between the LCD Interface board and the Control Board, and then turning the power | | |
| Control Board: - LCD Interface / LCD Display | A failure has occurred and display may show erratic data, no data or may not turn on at all. | back on again. If this does not work then either the LDC Display board, the cable, or the driver section of the Control Board may be faulty. | | |
| Control Board: - BACnet Comms | BACnet communications experienced a timeout. | See BACnet TROUBLESHOOTING below. | | |
| MODBUS: - Main Comms | Hardware problem on heat pump control board. | 24V DC is not present across 24VDC and GND at lower right of control board. Replace board if voltage not correct. | | |
| | | Remove MODBUS screw terminal connector from board as well as jumper from TERM (located just above the MODBUS connector). Using a multimeter set to DC volts with negative probe on B and positive probe on A , confirm there is +2.5VDC . Replace board if voltage not correct. | | |
| | MODBUS termination problem. | Verify MODBUS TERM jumper is in place on control board. Install jumper if missing. | | |
| MODBUS: - R454b Leak Detector | Refrigerant detector communications experienced a timeout. | See LEAK DETECTOR TROUBLESHOOTING on next page. | | |

| BACnet TROUBLESHOOTING | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Fault | Possible Cause | Verification | Recommended Action | | |
| BACnet communications not working | Selected baud rate does not match building con- trol system | Check baud rate of system. | Adjust BACnet parameters in the PC App's | | |
| or BACnet fault | Selected MAC address and/or Instance # conflict with other devices on the network | Check MAC address and Instance # in relation to other system devices. | Tools>Configuration window. Cycle power to invoke any changes. | | |
| indication | BACnet wiring or termi- nation problem | Verify correct twisted pair wire and termination in the BACnet Interface chapter (earlier). | Correct wiring. | | |
| | Hardware problem on heat pump control board | Remove BACnet screw terminal connector from board & jumper from TERM (located above BACnet connector). Using multimeter set to DC volts with black probe on B and red probe on A , confirm there is +2.5VDC . | Replace board if voltage not correct. | | |

| LEAK DETECTOR TROUBLESHOOTING | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|--|--|---------------------------------------|--|
| Fault | Possible Cause | Verification | Recommended Action | |
| Refrigerant de- tector not work- | Hardware problem on heat pump control board | 5V DC is not present across 5VDC and GND at the lower right of control board. | Replace board if voltage not correct. | |
| or MODBUS R454b Leak Detector | | Remove MODBUS screw terminal connector from board & jumper from TERM (located above BACnet connector). Using multimeter set to DC volts with black probe on B and red probe on A , confirm there is +2.5VDC . | Replace board if voltage not correct. | |
| fault indication | New / replacement refrigerant leak detector not initialized. | Go to Tools>Configuration window, MODBI "Configure NEW Device" button beside R454b | | |
| | MODBUS termination problem | Verify MODBUS TERM jumper is in place on control board. | Install jumper if missing. | |
| | Faulty refrigerant leak detector | 5V DC is present on board as per above, termination is correct, but problem persists. | Replace leak detector. | |

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| COMPRESSOR TROUBLESHOOTING | | | | |
|----------------------------|--|---|--|--|
| Fault | Possible Cause | Verification | Recommended Action | |
| Compressor will not start | Faulty control board | No 24vac output on STAGE1 or STAGE2 when compressor should be operating. | Replace control board. | |
| | Faulty run capacitor (Single phase only) | Check value with capacitance meter. Should match label on capacitor. Compressor will hum while trying to start and then trip its overload. | Replace if faulty. | |
| | Loose or faulty wiring | Check all compressor wiring, including inside compressor electrical box. | Fix any loose connections. Replace any damaged wires. | |
| | Faulty compressor contactor | Voltage on line side with contactor held closed, but no voltage on one or both terminals on the load side. Points pitted or burned. Or, 24VAC across coil but contactor will not engage. | Replace contactor. | |
| | Thermal overload on compressor tripped | Ohmmeter shows reading when placed across R and S terminals and infinity between C & R or C & S. A valid resistance reading is present again after the compressor has cooled down. | Proceed to Operation Trouble- shooting (particularly high suction pressure and high discharge pres- sure) to determine the cause of the thermal overload trip. | |
| | Burned out motor (open winding) | Remove wires from compressor. Ohmmeter shows infinite resistance between any two terminals Note: Be sure compressor overload has had a chance to reset. If compressor is hot this may take several hours. | Replace the compressor. | |
| | Burned out motor (shorted windings) | Remove wires from compressor. Resistance between any two terminals is below the specified value. | Replace the compressor. | |
| | Motor shorted to ground | Remove wires from compressor. Verify infinite resistance between each terminal and ground. | If any terminal to ground is not infinite replace the compressor. | |
| | Seized compressor due to locked or damaged mechanism | Compressor attempts to start but trips its internal overload after a few seconds. (Run capacitor already verified for single phase units.) | Attempt to "rock" compressor free. If normal operation cannot be established, replace compressor. | |
| Compressor starts hard | Start capacitor faulty (Single phase only) | Check with capacitance meter. Check for black residue around blowout hole on top of capacitor. | Replace if faulty. Remove black residue in electrical box if any. | |
| | Potential Relay faulty (Single phase only) | Replace with new one and verify compressor starts properly. | Replace if faulty. | |
| | Compressor is "tight" due to damaged mechanism | Compressor attempts to start but trips its internal overload after a few seconds. Run capacitor has been verified already. | Attempt to "rock" compressor free. If normal operation cannot be established, replace compressor. | |

| | PERATION TROUBLESHOOTING - HEATING MODE | | | |
|---|--|--|---|--|
| Fault | Possible Cause | Verification | Recommended Action | |
| High or low suction or dis- charge pressure | Faulty sensor | Compare pressure sensor reading against a known reference such as a new refrigeration manifold set. | Check wiring, replace sensor. If problem persists replace control board. | |
| High Discharge Pressure | Low or no indoor loop flow | Delta T across the indoor loop ports should be 8-12°F (3-6°C), or compare pressure drop to the tables for the unit. | Increase flow rate if new installation, check for fouled heat exchanger if existing installation. | |
| | Temperature setpoint(s) too high (if using BACnet or Signals control) | Use PC APP to verify that Indoor OUT does not exceed 130°F (54°C) for W-series or 160°F (71°C) for WH-series. | Reduce setpoint(s). | |
| | EEV stuck almost closed or partially blocked by foreign object | Manually adjusting the EEV does not affect the superheat or the suction pressure. High superheat and low suction pressure. | Go to EEV troubleshooting section. | |
| | Filter-dryer plugged | Feel each end of the filter-dryer; they should be the same temperature. If there is a temperature difference then it is plugged. Also causes low suction pressure. | Replace filter-dryer. | |
| | Unit is overcharged (after servicing) | High subcooling, low indoor loop delta T. | Remove 1/2 lb of refrigerant at a time and verify that the discharge pressure reduces. Or remove charge and weigh back in the amount listed on nameplate. | |
| Low Suction Pressure | Indoor OUT temperature too cold (on startup or if unit has been off for extended period). | Ensure Indoor OUT temperature is above the low limit indicated in the Model Specific Information chapter. | Reduce flow temporarily until Indoor OUT temperature has risen sufficiently. | |
| | Low or no outdoor loop flow | Delta T across the outdoor loop ports should be 5-7°F (3-4°C), or compare pressure drop to the tables for the unit. | Determine the cause of the flow restriction and correct it. Verify pumps are working and sized correctly for ground loop systems. Verify well pump and water valve is working for ground water systems. | |
| | Entering liquid tempera- ture too cold | Measure the entering liquid temperature. Most likely caused by undersized ground loop. | Increase the size of the ground loop. | |
| | Dirty or fouled brazed plate heat exchanger. (typically for open loop, less likely for ground loop) | Disconnect the water lines and check the inside of the pipes for scale deposits. | Backflush the heat exchanger with a calcium-removing cleaning solution. | |
| | TS1 (or TS2) temperature sensor not reading properly | If the sensor is reading low, the su- perheat will appear high, which caus- es the EEV to continually close. | Verify EEV position is low compared to normal. Check temperature sensor, replace if necessary. | |
| | Filter-dryer plugged | Feel each end of the filter-dryer; they should be the same temperature. If there is a temperature difference then it is plugged. Also causes low suction pressure. | Replace filter-dryer. | |

| OPERATION TROUBLESHOOTING - HEATING MODE | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|
| Fault | Possible Cause | Verification | Recommended Action | |
| Low suction pressure (continued) | EEV stuck almost closed or partially blocked by foreign object | Manually adjusting the EEV does not affect the superheat or the suction pressure. High superheat and discharge pressure. | Go to EEV troubleshooting section. | |
| | Low refrigerant charge | Superheat is high, EEV position is high. | Locate the leak and repair it. Spray Nine, a sniffer, and/or dye are common methods of locating a leak. | |
| High Suction Pressure (may appear to not be pumping) | EEV stuck open | Manually adjusting the EEV does not affect the superheat or the suction pressure. Low superheat and discharge pressure. | Go to EEV troubleshooting section. | |
| | Leaking reversing valve if present (can cause com- pressor to overheat and trip internal overload) | Reversing valve is the same temperature on both ends of body, common suction line is warm, compressor is running hot, low compressor discharge pressure. | Switch back and forth into cooling mode to try to free up valve. If it can't be freed, replace reversing valve. | |
| | Faulty compressor, not pumping | Pressures change only slightly from static values when compressor is started. | Replace compressor. | |
| Compressor frosting up | See Low Suction Pressure in this section. | | | |
| EEV frosting up | EEV stuck almost closed or partially blocked by foreign object | Manually adjusting the EEV does not affect the superheat or the suction pressure. High superheat and discharge pressure. | Go to EEV troubleshooting section. | |
| Random high pressure trip (may not occur while on site) | Faulty indoor circulator relay | Using the PC APP, manually turn the ICR on/off several times and ensure the circulator(s) start and stop. | Replace relay. | |
| Random manual high pressure trip (may not occur while on site) | Faulty compressor contactor | Points pitted or burned. Contactor sometimes sticks causing the compressor to run when it should be off. | Replace contactor. | |

| OPERATION TROUBLESHOOTING - COOLING MODE (HAC models only) | | | | | | |
|--|--|--|---|--|--|--|
| Fault | Possible Cause | Verification | Recommended Action | | | |
| Heating instead of cooling | Zone thermostat intercon- nection or external control system not set up properly | Verify that there is 24VAC across O and C/CA of the aquastat strip on control board when cooling should be active. | Correct thermostat or external control system setup. | | | |
| | Faulty reversing valve so- lenoid coil or motorized actuator | Verify solenoid by removing it from the shaft while the unit is running. There should be a loud "whoosh" sound when it is removed. Or for motorized actuator, verify shaft ro- tates 90° when changing modes. | Replace solenoid or motorized actuator if faulty. | | | |
| | Faulty or stuck reversing valve | A click can be heard when the coil is energized but the unit continues to heat instead of cool, or shaft will not turn. | Replace reversing valve. | | | |
| High discharge pressure | Low or no outdoor loop flow | Delta T across the outdoor loop ports should be 8-12°F (4-7°C), or compare pressure drop to the ta- bles for the unit. | Determine the cause of the flow restriction and correct it. Verify pumps are working for ground loop systems. Verify well pump and water valve is working for ground water systems. | | | |
| | Outdoor loop entering liq- uid temperature too warm | Measure the entering liquid temperature. Most likely caused by undersized ground loop. | Verify the ground loop sizing. Increase the size of the ground loop if undersized. | | | |
| | Dirty or fouled outdoor loop brazed plate heat exchanger. (typically for open loop, less likely for ground loop) | Disconnect the water lines and check the inside of the pipes for scale deposits. | Backflush the heat exchanger with a calcium-removing cleaning solution. | | | |
| | Filter-dryer plugged | Feel each end of the filter-dryer; they should be the same tempera- ture. If there is a temperature dif- ference then it is plugged. Also causes low suction pressure. | Replace filter-dryer. | | | |
| | Unit is overcharged (after servicing) | High subcooling. | Remove 1/2 lb of refrigerant at a time and verify that the discharge pressure reduces. Or remove charge and weigh back in the amount listed on nameplate. | | | |

| OPERATION TROUBLESHOOTING - COOLING MODE (HAC models only) | | | | | | |
|--|--|---|---|--|--|--|
| Fault | Possible Cause | Verification | Recommended Action | | | |
| High suction pressure (may appear to not be pump- ing) | EEV stuck open | Manually adjusting the EEV does not affect the superheat or the suction pressure. Low super heat and discharge pressure. | Go to EEV troubleshooting section. | | | |
| | Leaking reversing valve (can cause compressor to overheat and trip internal overload) | Reversing valve is the same temperature on both ends of body, common suction line is warm, compressor is running hot, low compressor discharge pressure. | Switch back and forth into cooling mode to try to free up valve. If it can't be freed, replace reversing valve. | | | |
| | Faulty compressor, not pumping | Pressures change only slightly from static values when compressor is started. | Replace compressor. | | | |
| Low suction pressure | Low indoor loop liquid flow | Check for high delta T with the PC APP. The EEV will be at a lower position than normal as well. | Verify pump is working and sized correctly. Check for restrictions in the circuit, e.g. valve partially closed. | | | |
| | Temperature setpoint(s) too low (if using BACnet or Signals control) | Use PC APP to verify that Indoor OUT is not less than the minimums listed in the Model Specific Information chapter. | Reduce setpoint(s). | | | |
| | EEV stuck almost closed or partially blocked by foreign object | Manually adjusting the EEV does not affect the superheat or the suction pressure. High superheat and high discharge pressure. | Go to EEV troubleshooting section. | | | |
| | TS1 (or TS2) temperature sensor not reading properly | If the sensor is reading low it will cause the superheat to appear high, which causes the EEV to continually close. | Verify EEV position is low compared to normal. Check temperature sensor, replace if necessary. | | | |
| | Filter-dryer plugged | Feel each end of the filter-dryer; they should be the same tempera- ture. If there is a temperature dif- ference then it is plugged. Also causes high discharge pressure. | Replace filter-dryer. | | | |
| | Low refrigerant charge | Indoor loop EWT and flow are good but suction is low. Check static refrigeration pressure of unit for a low value. Weigh out charge to verify amount. | Locate the leak and repair it. Spray Nine, a sniffer, and dye are common methods of locating a leak. | | | |
| Compressor frosting up | See Low Suction Pressure in this section | | | | | |
| EEV frosting up | EEV stuck almost closed or partially blocked by foreign object | Manually adjusting the EEV does not affect the superheat or the suction pressure. High superheat and discharge pressure. | Go to EEV troubleshooting section. | | | |
| Random manu- al high pres- sure trip (may not occur while on site) | Faulty compressor contactor | Points pitted or burned. Contactor sometimes sticks causing the compressor to run when it should be off. | Replace contactor. | | | |

EEV (Electronic Expansion Valve) TROUBLESHOOTING

Electronic expansion valves are a great advancement over TVX's, allowing more precise refrigerant control, but they do have a couple of limitations.

- a) EEV's receive commands to open or close from the control board, but they don't send any feedback to the control board to confirm that command has been received and acted upon. If they aren't reliably acted upon (due to pulses missed due to a wiring issue or EEV being mechanically stuck), the actual valve opening position won't match what the control board thinks it is. In extreme cases, the resulting repeated commands can cause the *apparent* valve position to go to **15%** (minimum) or **100%**, when the valve is actually in between.
- b) A restriction in the refrigeration circuit (particularly the liquid line, e.g. plugged filter-dryer) or shortage of refrigerant due to a leak can cause a similar issue. If the EEV opens to allow more refrigerant flow to lower the superheat but liquid refrigerant is not available at its inlet, the EEV will continue to open to attempt to let more refrigerant through and will work its way towards **100%** (full open). **High superheat** is also a symptom.

If there is low suction pressure and the EEV position is also low then the problem is generally not in the refrigeration system; check the water or airflow of the indoor or outdoor loop, whichever is currently the cold side (evaporator).

Tests to determine if an EEV is working

- Sound test: turn the power to the heat pump off and back on again. Or manually set the EEV to 25% and wait for it to stop, then set the EEV to "-1%". Both actions will cause the EEV to overdrive closed. You should hear the valve clicking and then the clicking should change and get louder when the valve reaches 0%. If there is no sound, then it is likely that the EEV is faulty or stuck.
- Using the PC APP, put the system in manual override mode. Manually adjust the EEV position by at least 25% either up or down and check to see that the suction pressure, discharge pressure and superheat react to the change. If there is no reaction, then it is likely that the EEV is faulty or stuck.
- Set the EEV back to AUTO and then turn the heating or cooling demand off (but leave power on). Once the demand is off, if the EEV is working then the discharge pressure should remain significantly higher than the suction pressure, i.e. the system will not equalize (since EEV's are closed when there is no demand). If the system does equalize it is likely that the EEV is not working and is partially open.

There are 3 possible causes for EEV problems: the control board is not working properly, the wire/cable is faulty, or the EEV is faulty.

The EEV can be checked electrically:

- RED to GREEN 75ohms
- WHITE to BLACK 75ohms

If this test fails, EEV is bad and should be replaced, but if it passes it still may be mechanically defective.

Check with a new EEV:

A further check that can be performed is to connect a new EEV and cable to the control board and visually check the EEV so see if it opens and closes by setting the position to 0 and 100%. If the new EEV works then the EEV in the unit or the cable needs to be replaced.

- 1) Connect a test EEV and test cable to the control board.
- 2) Set the EEV position to 0%.
- 3) Set the EEV position to 100% and then listen for clicking and watch to see if the pintle in the EEV moves open.
- 4) Set the EEV position to 0% and then listen for clicking and watch to see if the pintle in the EEV moves closed.
- 5) If the EEV does not move in one or both directions then the control board must be replaced.
- If the test EEV moves in both directions then then either the cable or the EEV in the unit is faulty.
- 7) Disconnect the test EEV from the test cable and connect it to the cable in the unit.
- 8) Repeat steps 2 to 4.
- 9) If the test EEV moves in both directions then the EEV in the unit is faulty and must be replaced.
- 10) If the test EEV does not move in one or both directions then the cable must be replaced.

Service Procedures



A2L-SPECIFIC WARNING / INSTRUCTION (W-series only)

Servicing a Unit with an A2L Refrigerant

1. Work procedure

Work should be undertaken under a controlled procedure, for example according to an ordered checklist. This may be in contrast to how refrigeration service work has normally been performed in the past, and is to minimize the risk of flammable gas being present while the work is being performed.

2. General work area

All maintenance staff and others working in the local area should be instructed on the nature of work being carried out. Work in confined spaces should be avoided.

3. Checking for presence of refrigerant

The area should be checked with a refrigerant detector prior to and during work, to ensure the technician is aware of potentially oxygen-deprived or flammable atmospheres.

Ensure that the leak detection equipment being used is suitable for use with A2L refrigerants, i.e. non-sparking, and adequately sealed or intrinsically safe. Under no circumstances should a torch or flame be used in the searching for refrigerant leaks.

Electronic leak detectors may be used but for A2L's they may need re-calibration in a refrigerant-free area. Leak detection equipment should be set at a percentage of the LFL (lower flammability limit) of the refrigerant (25% maximum). The worst-case LFL for R454b is **0.296 kg/m³** or **11.3%** by volume.

Leak detection fluids are also suitable for use with most refrigerants but the use of detergents containing chlorine should be avoided as the chlorine can react with the refrigerant and corrode the copper pipe-work.

If a leak is suspected at any time, all naked flames should be removed/extinguished. If a leakage of refrigerant is found which requires brazing, all of the refrigerant should be first recovered from the system, or isolated (by means of shut-off valves) in a part of the system remote from the leak.

5. Presence of fire extinguisher

If any torch work (brazing) or refrigerant charging or removal is to be conducted, a dry powder or CO2 fire extinguisher should be ready at hand.

6. No ignition sources

Sources of ignition should be eliminated in the vicinity of work being carried out on a system containing an A2L refrigerant. Prior to work taking place, the area around the equipment should be surveyed to make sure that there are no flammable hazards or ignition risks. "No Smoking" signs should be displayed.

6. Ventilation of area

Ensure that the area is open to the outdoors or that it is adequately ventilated before breaking into the system or conducting any hot work. Ventilation should continue during the work, and can function to disperse any released refrigerant into a large space or preferably expel it into the outdoors.

7. Checks of the refrigeration equipment

- The refrigerant charge is in accordance with the size of the room within which the system is installed.
- The ventilation equipment (if any) is operating adequately and is not obstructed.
- The water/glycol/pool water loop should be checked for the presence of refrigerant, which might show up with a refrigerant detector or by over-pressure in that loop.
- Equipment markings continue to be visible and legible. Illegible signs or markings should be corrected.
- Refrigeration piping is installed in a position where it is unlikely to be exposed to corrosive substances, unless the piping is constructed of materials which are inherently resistant to corrosion from that substance.



A2L-SPECIFIC WARNING / INSTRUCTION (W-series only)

Servicing a Unit with an A2L Refrigerant (continued)

8. Checks to electrical devices & wiring

Where electrical components are being changed, they should be as specified by Maritime Geothermal Ltd.. If in doubt, consult technical support for assistance.

Electrical components should be inspected. If a fault is found, electrical supply should not be connected to the circuit until the fault is rectified. If the fault cannot be corrected immediately but it is necessary to continue operation, an adequate temporary solution should be used. This should be reported to the owner of the equipment so all parties are advised.

Initial safety checks should include:

- Capacitors are discharged this should be done in a safe manner to avoid possibility of sparking.
- No live electrical components and wiring are exposed while charging, recovering or purging the system.
- There is continuity of earth grounding/bonding.
- Check cabling for wear, corrosion, excessive pressure, vibration, sharp edges or any other adverse environmental effects. The check should take into account the effects of aging or continual vibration from sources such as compressors or fans.

9. Refrigerant removal and circuit evacuation

When breaking into the refrigerant circuit to make repairs - or for any other purpose - conventional procedures should be used. However, with flammable refrigerants it is important that best practice is followed:

- a) Safely remove refrigerant following local and national regulations, recovering into the correct recovery cylinders.
- b) Evacuate (vacuum). Ensure that the outlet of the vacuum pump is not close to any potential ignition sources and that ventilation is available.
- c) Purge the circuit by breaking the vacuum in the system with dry nitrogen and continuing to fill until the working pressure is achieved, then venting to atmosphere.
- d) Evacuate (vacuum) again, then vent to atmospheric pressure to enable work to take place.
- e) Open the circuit with torch, continuously flushing with dry nitrogen.

10. Charging

In addition to conventional charging procedures, the following should be observed.

- Ensure that contamination between different refrigerants does not occur when using charging equipment. Hoses should be as short as possible to minimize the amount of refrigerant contained in them.
- Cylinders should be kept in an appropriate position according to the instructions.
- Ensure that the refrigerating system is grounded prior to charging the system with refrigerant.
- Label the system when charging is complete (if final refrigerant charge is different from factory label).
- Extreme care should be taken not to over-charge the refrigerating system.

Prior to recharging the system, it should be pressure-tested with dry nitrogen. In addition, the system should be A2L leak-tested on completion of charging but prior to commissioning. A final A2L leak test should be carried out prior to leaving the site.

Pumpdown Procedure

- Place the unit in SERVICE mode via the PC App or LCD interface; this will open the EEVs and start the circulators (if circulators are controlled by the heat pump). DO NOT turn off electrical power at the breaker panel, since the brazed plate heat exchangers must have full water flow during refrigerant recovery.
- Connect the refrigerant recovery unit to the heat pump's internal service ports via a refrigeration charging manifold and to a recovery tank as per the instructions in the recovery unit manual. Plan to dispose of refrigerant if there was a compressor burnout.
- 3. All refrigerant to water heat exchangers (brazed plates) **must either have full flow or be completely drained** of fluid before recovery begins. If necessary, start circulation pumps via building control system. Failure to do so can freeze and rupture the heat exchanger, voiding its warranty. (Note that this does not apply to desuperheater coils.)
- 4. Ensure all hose connections are properly purged of air. Start the refrigerant recovery as per the instructions in the recovery unit manual.
- 5. Allow the recovery unit suction pressure to reach a vacuum. Once achieved, close the charging manifold valves. Shut down, purge and disconnect the recovery unit as per the instructions in its manual. Ensure the recovery tank valve is closed before disconnecting the hose to it.
- Connect a nitrogen tank to the charging manifold and add nitrogen to the heat pump until a positive gauge pressure of 5-10 psig is reached. This prevents air from being sucked into the unit by the vacuum when the hoses are disconnected.

Turn off power to heat pump. The heat pump is now ready for repairs.

General Repair Procedure

- 1. Perform repairs to system.
 - Always ensure nitrogen is flowing through the system at the lowest flow rate that can be felt at the discharge during any brazing procedures to prevent soot buildup inside the pipes.
 - It is recommended to replace the liquid line filter-dryer any time the refrigeration system has been exposed to the atmosphere.
 - Place a wet rag around any valves being installed, as almost all valve types have non-metallic seats or seals
 that will be damaged by excessive heat, and aim the torch flame away from the valve body. Solder only one
 joint at a time and cool joints down in between.
- 2. Pressure test the system with nitrogen. It is recommended to check for leaks using leak detection spray, Spray Nine, or soapy water. Check at 10, 25, 50 and 100 psig. Allow the system to sit at 100 psig for at least an hour, then re-check. With a laptop connected, the PC App may be used to graph the nitrogen pressure (Graphs menu--> Refrigeration Pressure and Temperature Graphs) to make any downward trend due to a leak apparent. Be aware that changing room temperature can also cause upward or downward trends in nitrogen pressure.

Vacuuming & Charging Procedure

After completion of repairs and nitrogen pressure testing, the refrigeration circuit is ready for vacuuming.

- 1. Release the nitrogen pressure and connect the vacuum pump to the charging manifold. Start the vacuum pump and open the charging manifold valves. Vacuum until the vacuum gauge remains at less than 500 microns for at least 1 minute with the vacuum pump valve closed.
- 2. Close the charging manifold valves then shut off and disconnect the vacuum pump. Place a refrigerant tank with the proper refrigerant on a scale and connect it to the charging manifold. Purge the hose to the tank.
- 3. Weigh in the appropriate amount **and type** of refrigerant through the low pressure (suction) service port. Refer to the nameplate label on the unit for the proper refrigerant type and charge amount.
- If the unit will not accept the entire charge, the remainder can be added through the low pressure service port after the unit has been restarted.

- 1. Pump down the unit as per the Pumpdown Procedure above. If there was a compressor burn out (motor failure), the refrigerant cannot be reused and must be disposed of according to local codes,
- 2. Disconnect piping. Remove crankcase heater, leaving electrically connected.
- 3. Replace the compressor. Replace the liquid line filter-dryer. Always ensure nitrogen is flowing through the system at the lowest flow rate that can be felt at the discharge during any brazing procedures to prevent soot buildup inside the pipes.
- 4. Vacuum the unit as per above procedure.
- 5. If there was a compressor burnout:
 - **a)** Charge the unit with **new** refrigerant and operate it for continuously for 2 hours. Pump down the unit and replace the filter-dryer. Vacuum the unit as per above procedure.
 - **b)** Charge the unit (refrigerant can be re-used) and operate it for 2-3 days. Perform an acid test. If it fails, pump down the unit and replace the filter-dryer.
 - c) Charge the unit (refrigerant can be re-used) and operate it for 2 weeks. Perform an acid test. If it fails, pump down the unit and replace the filter-dryer.
- 5. Charge the unit a final time. Unit should now be clean and repeated future burn-outs can be avoided.
- 6. Check crankcase heater to be sure it is operational and not shorted out. Procure a replacement if necessary. Install crankcase heater with worm screw over weld seam of compressor as shown.



Control Board Replacement Procedure

- Turn the power off to the unit.
- Take a picture of the control board and connectors for reference. The picture in Appendix A may also be helpful.
- 3. Carefully remove all green terminal strips on the left side, the right side and the bottom of the control board. They pull straight off the board, with no need to disconnect wires from their screw terminals. You may need to wiggle them from both ends for the 8 pin ones.

Remove the red six pin display board connector from the left side of the control board (marked DISPLAY on the

board).





- 5. Remove all connectors from the top of the control board. Each connector (or wire) should be marked already from the factory, e.g. HPS1, LP1, TS1, etc.. This matches the marking on the control board.
- The control board is held in place at its four corners. Squeeze each standoff by hand or with needle nose pliers if necessary and carefully pull the corner of the board off of the standoff.
- 7. Once the control board has been removed, if there are any other standoffs left (they have the bottom snap cut off) remove them as well.
- Carefully remove the new control board from the static bag it was shipped in. Place any cut off standoffs from the old board into the same locations on the new board.
- 9. Align the control board with the four corner standoffs in the electrical box then push on each corner until they snap in place.
- 10. Connect the top connectors to the control board. Refer to the **Step 2** picture if necessary for proper locations. Note that the connector with the resistor (no cable) goes on CTS. Note that the connector to the left of CTS is marked HTS on older boards, and ODTS on newer boards.
- 11. Check each of the connectors from Step 10 to ensure they are properly aligned and that no pins are showing.
- 12. Connect the green terminal strips to the left side, right side and bottom of the control board. Refer to the Step 2 picture if necessary for locations.
- 13. Turn the power on to the heat pump. Ensure the LCD display comes on. Note the firmware version. After EEV zeroing and Random Start countdown the display should begin alternating data.
- 14. If the replacement control board was pre-configured for this unit at the factory then the system is ready for operation. If it was not then use the PC App corresponding to the unit's firmware version to configure the unit. Refer to the Tools -> Configuration menu in the PC APP chapter.

LCD Interface (Display) Board Replacement Procedure

- 1. Turn the power off to the unit.
- Remove the display board cable connector from the control board.



3. Using a sharp utility knife with a long blade, slice each of the display board standoff heads off, taking care to not damage the lexan cover.



- 4. Pull the display board from the unit.
- 5. Remove the display board cable connector from the back of the display board.
- 6. Place a new display board standoff into each of the four holes in the cabinet.
- 7. Remove the new display board from the static bag it was shipped in.
- 8. Connect one end of the display board cable to the back of the display board. Ensure the connector is properly aligned and that no pins are showing.
- 9. Place the display board in position and align the four standoffs into the four holes of the board.
- 10. Push on each corner of the board until each standoff snaps in place, while pushing on the front of the standoff to keep it from popping out of the cabinet hole.
- 11. Connect the other end of the display board cable to the control board, ensuring the connector is aligned properly and that no pins are showing.
- 12. Turn the power on to the unit and verify the display works.
- 13. Once the display begins to scroll data, test each of the buttons to ensure they work. Push the Arrow button to enter the Main Menu, then use the Up and Down to move through the list, then push the OK button to exit again. If any of the buttons seem hard to press, repeat Step 10 and then test the buttons again.

Decommissioning

When the heat pump has reached the end of its useful lifetime after many years of service, it must be decommissioned.

Before carrying out this procedure, it is essential that the technician is completely familiar with the system and all its connected equipment. It is good practice that all refrigerants are recovered safely. Prior to the task being carried out, an oil and refrigerant sample should be taken in case analysis is required prior to re-use of recovered refrigerant. It is essential that electrical power is available before the task is commenced.

- 1. Examine all parts of the system to become familiar with the equipment and its operation.
- 2. Isolate system electrically.
- 3. Before starting the procedure, ensure that:
 - a) equipment is available for handling refrigerant and refrigerant cylinders.
 - b) recovery equipment and cylinders conform to the appropriate standards.
 - c) all personal protective equipment is available and being used correctly.
 - d) personnel are appropriately qualified.
- 4. Pump down refrigerant system.
- If solenoid valves are closed and can't be powered open or there are other obstructions in the refrigeration system, make a manifold so that refrigerant can be removed from various parts of the system.
- 6. Make sure that the cylinder is situated on a scale before recovery takes place.
- 7. Start the recovery machine and operate in accordance with instructions.
- 8. Do not overfill cylinders (no more than 80 % volume liquid charge).
- 9. Do not exceed the maximum working pressure of the cylinder, even temporarily.
- 10. When all the refrigerant has been removed and the process completed, make sure that the cylinders and the equipment are removed from site promptly and all isolation valves on the equipment are closed off.
- 11. Recovered refrigerant should not be charged into another refrigerating system unless it has been checked and/or cleaned.

Equipment should be labelled stating that it has been de-commissioned and emptied of refrigerant. The label should be dated and signed.

Every effort should be made to check and RE-USE refrigerant and RECYCLE mechanical equipment.

Model Specific Information

| Table 21 - Flow Rates & Volumes | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|-----------------|---|------|---------|-----|---|------|--|------|
| MODEL | Nominal Size | Recommended Liquid Flow (Outdoor & Indoor Loops) | | | | Heat Pump's Indoor Loop Holdup Volume | | Heat Pump's Outdoor Loop Holdup Volume | |
| | (60Hz) | 100% CAPACITY 50% CAPACITY (2 COMPRESSORS) (1 COMPRESSOR) | | | | | | | |
| | tons | gpm(US) | L/s | gpm(US) | L/s | US gal | L | US gal | L |
| W/WH-150 | 12 | 36 | 2.3 | 18 | 1.2 | 1.90 | 7.2 | 1.90 | 7.2 |
| W/WH-185 | 17 | 48 | 3.0 | 24 | 1.5 | 2.77 | 10.5 | 2.77 | 10.5 |
| W/WH-240 | 20 | 60 | 3.8 | 30 | 1.9 | 3.10 | 11.7 | 3.10 | 11.7 |
| W/WH-300 | 23 | 72 | 4.5 | 36 | 2.3 | 3.54 | 13.4 | 3.54 | 13.4 |
| W/WH-400 | 30 | 100 | 6.3 | 50 | 3.2 | 4.52 | 17.1 | 4.52 | 17.1 |
| W/WH-500 | 40 | 120 | 7.6 | 60 | 3.8 | 5.78 | 21.9 | 5.78 | 21.9 |
| W/WH-600 | 50 | 150 | 9.5 | 75 | 4.8 | 6.87 | 26.0 | 6.87 | 26.0 |
| W/WH-800 | 65 | 190 | 12.0 | 95 | 6.0 | 8.62 | 32.6 | 8.62 | 32.6 |
| W-900 | 70 | 210 | 13.2 | 105 | 6.6 | 9.49 | 35.9 | 9.49 | 35.9 |
| W-1000 | 81 | 225 14.2 113 | | | 7.1 | 10.6 | 40.0 | 10.6 | 40.0 |



| Table 22 - Refrigerant Charge (Per Circuit) | | | | | | |
|---|-------|-----|------|-----------|--|--|
| MODEL | TYPE | lb | kg | OIL | | |
| W-150 | R454b | 5.0 | 2.3 | POE | | |
| W-185 | R454b | 8.5 | 3.9 | POE | | |
| W-240 | R454b | 9 | 4.1 | PVE-BVC32 | | |
| W-300 | R454b | 10 | 4.5 | PVE-BVC32 | | |
| W-400 | R454b | 12 | 5.5 | PVE-BVC32 | | |
| W-500 | R454b | 20 | 9.1 | PVE-BVC32 | | |
| W-600 | R454b | 23 | 10.5 | PVE-BVC32 | | |
| W-800 | R454b | 27 | 12.3 | PVE-BVC32 | | |
| W-900 | R454b | 28 | 12.7 | PVE-BVC32 | | |
| W-1000 | R454b | 32 | 14.5 | PVE-BVC32 | | |
| | | | | | | |

Note that in all cases the R454b charge per refrigeration circuit is below 'm2' in the UL/CSA 60335-2-40 standard.

| MODEL | TYPE | lb | kg | OIL |
|--------|------------|-----|------|-----|
| WH-150 | R513a (A1) | 5.5 | 2.5 | POE |
| WH-185 | R513a (A1) | 9.5 | 4.3 | POE |
| WH-240 | R513a (A1) | 10 | 4.5 | POE |
| WH-300 | R513a (A1) | 11 | 5.0 | POE |
| WH-400 | R513a (A1) | 13 | 5.9 | POE |
| WH-500 | R513a (A1) | 22 | 10.0 | POE |
| WH-600 | R513a (A1) | 25 | 11.4 | POE |
| WH-800 | R513a (A1) | 29 | 13.2 | POE |

- Oil capacity is marked on the compressor label.
- Refrigerant charge is subject to revision; actual charge is indicated on the unit nameplate.

| Table 23 - Shipping Information | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|-------------|--------------------|---------|----------|--|--|
| MODEL | WEIGHT | DIMENSIONS in (cm) | | | | |
| MODEL | lb (kg) | L | W | Н | | |
| W/WH-150 | 950 (432) | 78 (198) | 32 (81) | 82 (208) | | |
| W/WH-185 | 1207 (549) | 78 (198) | 32 (81) | 82 (208) | | |
| W/WH-240 | 1351 (614) | 78 (198) | 32 (81) | 82 (208) | | |
| W/WH-300 | 1386 (630) | 78 (198) | 32 (81) | 82 (208) | | |
| W/WH-400 | 1440 (655) | 78 (198) | 32 (81) | 82 (208) | | |
| W/WH-500 | 1955 (889) | 89 (226) | 36 (91) | 88 (224) | | |
| W/WH-600 | 2054 (934) | 89 (226) | 36 (91) | 88 (224) | | |
| W/WH-800 | 2192 (996) | 89 (226) | 36 (91) | 88 (224) | | |
| W-900 | 2340 (1064) | 89 (226) | 36 (91) | 88 (224) | | |
| W-1000 | 2488 (1131) | 89 (226) | 36 (91) | 88 (224) | | |

| Table 2 | 4a - W-SERIES O | perating Temperatu | ıre Limi | ts | |
|----------------|--|--------------------|----------|------|---|
| Loop | Mode | Parameter | (°F) | (°C) | Note |
| | HEATING | Minimum ELT/EWT | 50 | 10 | 0-10VDC modulating water valve required on indoor loop at temperatures < 80°F (27°C), or manual flow reduction at startup |
| | (indoor is hot loop) | Maximum LLT/LWT | 130 | 54 | |
| Indoor Loop | ICE production | Maximum LLT/LWT | 110 | 43 | Maximum hot loop temperature during ICE production (specify ICE duty at order). |
| · | COOLING | Minimum LWT | 40 | 4 | Indoor loop with water only (no antifreeze). |
| | (reversing HAC | Minimum LLT | > | > | Indoor loop with antifreeze: depends on antifreeze type & % |
| | units only, indoor is cold loop) | Maximum ELT | 80 | 27 | 0-10VDC modulating water valve required on indoor loop above this temperature, or manual flow reduction at startup |
| | is cold loop) | Minimum LWT | 37 | 3 | For water loops without antifreeze, e.g. open loop systems |
| | HEATING (outdoor is cold loop) | Minimum LLT | > | > | Ground loop system: depends on antifreeze type and % settings. |
| Outdoor | (outdoor is cold loop) | Maximum ELT/EWT | 80 | 27 | 0-10VDC modulating water valve required on outdoor loop above this temperature to limit suction pressure |
| Loop | ICE production | Minimum LLT | 0 | -17 | Minimum cold loop temperature during ice production (specify ICE duty at order). |
| | COOLING (reversing HAC units only, outdoor | Minimum ELT/EWT | 50 | 10 | 0-10VDC modulating water valve required on outdoor loop at temperatures < 80°F (27°C) to keep head pressure up |
| | is hot loop) | Maximum LLT/LWT | 130 | 54 | |

ELT: Entering Liquid Temperature (implies antifreeze present)

LLT: Leaving Liquid Temperature (implies antifreeze present)

EWT: Entering Water Temperature LWT: Leaving Water Temperature

Values in these tables are for rated liquid and water flows.

| Table 2 | 24b - WH-SERIES | Operating Tempera | ature Lii | mits | |
|---------|---|-------------------|---------------|------------|--|
| Loop | Mode | Parameter | (°F) | (°C) | Note |
| | HEATING (indoor is hot loop) | Minimum EWT | 70 - 110 | 21 - 43 | Use formula (Outdoor EWT + 20°F) or (Outdoor EWT + 11°C). Lower temperatures require 0-10VDC modulating water valve, or manual flow reduction at startup. |
| Indoor | | Maximum LWT | 160 | 71 | |
| Loop | COOLING | Minimum LWT NEV | ₹32 | 0 | EWT should normally be 40°F or greater. |
| | (reversing HAC units only, indoor is cold loop) | Maximum ELT | 90 | 32 | 0-10VDC modulating water valve required on indoor loop above this temperature, or manual flow reduction at startup |
| | is cold loop) | Minimum LWT NEV | √ ₹ 32 | 0 | EWT should normally be 40°F or greater. |
| Outdoor | HEATING (outdoor is cold loop) | Maximum ELT | 90 | 32 | 0-10VDC modulating water valve required on outdoor loop above this temperature to limit suction pressure (contact Engineering for firmware revision of this feature) |
| Loop | COOLING (reversing HAC units only, outdoor | Minimum EWT | 70 - 110 | 21 - 43 | Use formula (Outdoor EWT + 20°F) or (Outdoor EWT + 11°C). Lower temperatures require 0-10VDC modulating water valve. |
| | is hot loop) | Maximum LLT/LWT | 160 | 71 | |

EWT: Entering Water Temperature LWT: Leaving Water Temperature

Values in these tables are for rated liquid and water flows.

| Table 25: | Loop P Drop D | ressure ata | | OOR 130°F) | | OOR 104°F) | | DOOR (50°F) | | DOOR nanol 32°F) | | DOOR glycol 32°F) |
|--------------|------------------|----------------|-----|----------------------|-----|----------------------|-----|--------------------|-----|---------------------|-----|----------------------|
| | gpm | L/s | psi | kPa | psi | kPa | psi | kPa | psi | kPa | psi | kPa |
| | 24 | 1.5 | 0.9 | 6.2 | 0.9 | 6.2 | 1.0 | 6.9 | 1.1 | 7.6 | 1.2 | 8.3 |
| | 28 | 1.8 | 1.2 | 8.3 | 1.2 | 8.3 | 1.3 | 9.0 | 1.4 | 9.7 | 1.7 | 12 |
| W/WH- | 32 | 2.0 | 1.5 | 10 | 1.5 | 10 | 1.6 | 11 | 1.8 | 12 | 2.2 | 15 |
| 150 | 36 | 2.3 | 1.8 | 12 | 1.9 | 13 | 2.0 | 14 | 2.2 | 15 | 2.7 | 19 |
| | 40 | 2.5 | 2.2 | 15 | 2.3 | 16 | 2.4 | 17 | 2.6 | 18 | 3.2 | 22 |
| | 48 | 3.0 | 3.2 | 22 | 3.3 | 23 | 3.4 | 23 | 3.6 | 25 | | |
| | 32 | 2.0 | 1.0 | 6.9 | 1.0 | 6.9 | 1.1 | 7.6 | 1.2 | 8.3 | 2.0 | 14 |
| | 36 | 2.3 | 1.2 | 8.3 | 1.3 | 9.0 | 1.4 | 9.7 | 1.6 | 11 | 2.2 | 15 |
| W/WH- 185 | 40 | 2.5 | 1.5 | 10 | 1.6 | 11 | 1.7 | 12 | 1.9 | 13 | 2.4 | 17 |
| | 48 | 3.0 | 2.1 | 15 | 2.2 | 15 | 2.3 | 16 | 2.5 | 17 | 2.9 | 20 |
| | 60 | 3.8 | 3.3 | 23 | 3.4 | 23 | 3.5 | 24 | 3.6 | 25 | 3.7 | 26 |
| | 32 | 2.0 | 0.8 | 5.5 | 0.8 | 5.5 | 0.9 | 6.2 | 1.0 | 6.9 | 1.7 | 12 |
| | 36 | 2.3 | 1.0 | 6.9 | 1.0 | 6.9 | 1.1 | 7.6 | 1.2 | 8.3 | 2.0 | 14 |
| W/WH- | 40 | 2.5 | 1.2 | 8.3 | 1.2 | 8.3 | 1.3 | 9.0 | 1.5 | 10 | 2.2 | 15 |
| 240 | 48 | 3.0 | 1.6 | 11 | 1.7 | 12 | 1.8 | 12 | 2.0 | 14 | 2.5 | 17 |
| | 60 | 3.8 | 2.5 | 17 | 2.6 | 18 | 2.7 | 19 | 2.9 | 20 | 3.3 | 23 |
| | 72 | 4.5 | 3.5 | 24 | 3.7 | 26 | 3.8 | 26 | 4.0 | 28 | 4.1 | 28 |
| | 36 | 2.3 | 0.7 | 4.8 | 0.7 | 4.8 | 8.0 | 5.5 | 0.9 | 6.2 | | |
| | 40 | 2.5 | 0.9 | 6.2 | 0.9 | 6.2 | 1.0 | 6.9 | 1.1 | 7.6 | 2.1 | 15 |
| W/WH- | 48 | 3.0 | 1.2 | 8.3 | 1.2 | 8.3 | 1.3 | 9.0 | 1.4 | 9.7 | 2.5 | 17 |
| 300 | 60 | 3.8 | 1.7 | 12 | 1.8 | 12 | 1.9 | 13 | 2.1 | 15 | 3.1 | 21 |
| | 72 | 4.5 | 2.5 | 17 | 2.6 | 18 | 2.7 | 19 | 2.9 | 20 | 3.7 | 26 |
| | 90 | 5.7 | 3.9 | 27 | 4.0 | 28 | 4.1 | 28 | 4.4 | 30 | 4.8 | 33 |
| | 60 | 3.8 | 1.0 | 6.9 | 1.0 | 6.9 | 1.1 | 7.6 | 1.2 | 8.3 | 1.9 | 13 |
| | 72 | 4.5 | 1.4 | 9.7 | 1.4 | 9.7 | 1.5 | 10 | 1.7 | 12 | 2.3 | 16 |
| W/WH- | 90 | 5.7 | 2.1 | 15 | 2.2 | 15 | 2.3 | 16 | 2.5 | 17 | 3.1 | 21 |
| 400 | 100 | 6.3 | 2.6 | 18 | 2.7 | 19 | 2.8 | 19 | 3.0 | 21 | 3.5 | 24 |
| | 110 | 6.9 | 3.1 | 21 | 3.2 | 22 | 3.3 | 23 | 3.6 | 25 | 4.0 | 28 |
| | 120 | 7.6 | 3.7 | 26 | 3.8 | 26 | 3.9 | 27 | 4.2 | 29 | 4.6 | 32 |
| | 50 | 3.2 | 0.8 | 5 | 0.8 | 5 | 0.8 | 6 | 1.0 | 7 | 1.3 | 9 |
| | 60 | 3.8 | 1.1 | 7 | 1.1 | 7 | 1.1 | 8 | 1.3 | 9 | 1.7 | 12 |
| | 70 | 4.4 | 1.4 | 10 | 1.4 | 10 | 1.5 | 10 | 1.6 | 11 | 2.2 | 15 |
| | 80 | 5.0 | 1.8 | 12 | 1.8 | 12 | 1.9 | 13 | 2.0 | 14 | 2.8 | 19 |
| W/WH- 500 | 90 | 5.7 | 2.2 | 15 | 2.2 | 15 | 2.4 | 16 | 2.5 | 17 | 3.4 | 23 |
| | 100 | 6.3 | 2.7 | 18 | 2.7 | 19 | 2.9 | 20 | 3.1 | 21 | 4.0 | 28 |
| | 110 | 6.9 | 3.2 | 22 | 3.2 | 22 | 3.4 | 24 | 3.7 | 25 | 4.7 | 33 |
| | 120 | 7.6 | 3.7 | 26 | 3.8 | 26 | 4.0 | 28 | 4.3 | 30 | 5.5 | 38 |
| | 130 | 8.2 | 4.4 | 30 | 4.4 | 31 | 4.7 | 32 | 5.0 | 35 | 6.3 | 44 |

| Table 25: (cont'd) | Loop P Drop D | ressure ata | | OOR 130°F) | | OOR 104°F) | | OOR · 50°F) | | DOOR hanol 32°F) | | DOOR glycol 32°F) |
|-----------------------|------------------|----------------|-----|----------------------|-----|----------------------|-----|----------------|-----|---------------------|-----|----------------------|
| Γ | gpm | L/s | psi | kPa | psi | kPa | psi | kPa | psi | kPa | psi | kPa |
| | 60 | 3.8 | 0.8 | 5 | 0.8 | 5 | 0.8 | 6 | 1.0 | 7 | 1.3 | 9 |
| | 75 | 4.7 | 1.1 | 8 | 1.2 | 8 | 1.2 | 8 | 1.4 | 10 | 1.8 | 13 |
| | 90 | 5.7 | 1.6 | 11 | 1.6 | 11 | 1.7 | 12 | 1.8 | 12 | 2.5 | 17 |
| W/WH- 600 | 110 | 6.9 | 2.3 | 16 | 2.3 | 16 | 2.4 | 17 | 2.6 | 18 | 3.5 | 24 |
| | 130 | 8.2 | 3.1 | 21 | 3.2 | 22 | 3.3 | 23 | 3.6 | 25 | 4.6 | 32 |
| | 150 | 9.5 | 4.1 | 28 | 4.2 | 29 | 4.4 | 30 | 4.7 | 32 | 5.9 | 40 |
| | 170 | 10.7 | 5.1 | 35 | 5.3 | 36 | 5.5 | 38 | 5.9 | 41 | 7.3 | 50 |
| | 80 | 5.0 | 0.9 | 6 | 0.9 | 6 | 0.9 | 6 | 1.1 | 8 | 1.4 | 10 |
| | 95 | 6.0 | 1.2 | 8 | 1.2 | 8 | 1.3 | 9 | 1.4 | 10 | 1.8 | 13 |
| | 110 | 6.9 | 1.5 | 11 | 1.6 | 11 | 1.6 | 11 | 1.8 | 12 | 2.4 | 16 |
| W/WH- | 130 | 8.2 | 2.1 | 14 | 2.1 | 15 | 2.2 | 15 | 2.4 | 17 | 3.2 | 22 |
| 800 | 150 | 9.5 | 2.7 | 19 | 2.8 | 19 | 2.9 | 20 | 3.1 | 21 | 4.0 | 28 |
| | 170 | 10.7 | 3.5 | 24 | 3.5 | 24 | 3.7 | 25 | 3.9 | 27 | 5.0 | 34 |
| | 190 | 12.0 | 4.3 | 29 | 4.4 | 30 | 4.6 | 31 | 4.9 | 34 | 6.0 | 42 |
| | 210 | 13.2 | 5.2 | 36 | 5.3 | 36 | 5.5 | 38 | 5.9 | 41 | 7.2 | 49 |
| | 90 | 5.7 | 0.9 | 6 | 1.0 | 7 | 1.0 | 7 | 1.2 | 8 | 1.5 | 10 |
| | 105 | 6.6 | 1.2 | 8 | 1.3 | 9 | 1.3 | 9 | 1.5 | 10 | 1.9 | 13 |
| | 130 | 8.2 | 1.8 | 12 | 1.8 | 13 | 1.9 | 13 | 2.1 | 14 | 2.7 | 19 |
| W-900 | 150 | 9.5 | 2.4 | 16 | 2.4 | 17 | 2.5 | 17 | 2.7 | 18 | 3.5 | 24 |
| VV-300 | 170 | 10.7 | 3.0 | 20 | 3.0 | 21 | 3.2 | 22 | 3.4 | 23 | 4.3 | 29 |
| | 190 | 12.0 | 3.7 | 25 | 3.7 | 26 | 3.9 | 27 | 4.2 | 29 | 5.2 | 36 |
| | 210 | 13.2 | 4.4 | 31 | 4.5 | 31 | 4.7 | 33 | 5.0 | 35 | 6.2 | 42 |
| | 230 | 14.5 | 5.3 | 36 | 5.4 | 37 | 5.6 | 39 | 6.0 | 41 | 7.2 | 50 |
| | 100 | 6.3 | 1.0 | 7 | 1.0 | 7 | 1.0 | 7 | 1.2 | 8 | 1.5 | 10 |
| | 113 | 7.1 | 1.2 | 8 | 1.2 | 8 | 1.3 | 9 | 1.5 | 10 | 1.8 | 13 |
| | 120 | 7.6 | 1.3 | 9 | 1.4 | 9 | 1.4 | 10 | 1.6 | 11 | 2.0 | 14 |
| | 140 | 8.8 | 1.8 | 12 | 1.8 | 12 | 1.9 | 13 | 2.0 | 14 | 2.6 | 18 |
| W-1000 | 160 | 10.1 | 2.3 | 16 | 2.3 | 16 | 2.4 | 17 | 2.6 | 18 | 3.3 | 23 |
| VV-1000 | 180 | 11.4 | 2.8 | 20 | 2.9 | 20 | 3.0 | 21 | 3.2 | 22 | 4.0 | 28 |
| | 200 | 12.6 | 3.5 | 24 | 3.5 | 25 | 3.7 | 26 | 3.9 | 27 | 4.8 | 34 |
| | 220 | 13.9 | 4.1 | 29 | 4.2 | 29 | 4.4 | 31 | 4.7 | 33 | 5.7 | 40 |
| | 225 | 14.2 | 4.3 | 30 | 4.4 | 31 | 4.6 | 32 | 4.9 | 34 | 5.9 | 41 |
| | 240 | 15.1 | 4.9 | 34 | 5.0 | 35 | 5.2 | 36 | 5.5 | 38 | 6.6 | 46 |

Standard Capacity Ratings - W-Series

W-1000

81

225

* 35% Propylene Glycol by Volume Outdoor (Ground) Loop Fluid

Note: There are no Standard Capacity Ratings for the WH-Series; see WH Performance Tables.

| Table 26 | - W-SERI | ES Standa | rd Capac | city Ratings | 6 | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|-----------------|-------------------------|----------|-----------------|-----------|----------|------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Standar 104°F (40° | | / Ratings - °F (0°C) | Ground | Loop Heati | ing* | EWT | 60Hz | | | | | |
| Model | Nominal Size | Liquid (Outdoor 8 | | Input Energy | Condenser | Capacity | СОРн | | | | | |
| | tons | gpm | L/s | Watts | Btu/hr | kW | W/W | | | | | |
| W-150 | 12 | 36 | 108,700 | 32 | 3.30 | | | | | | | |
| W-185 | 15 | 48 | 3.0 | 12,766 | 146,600 | 43 | 3.37 | | | | | |
| W-240 | 20 | 60 | 3.8 | 16,398 | 194,300 | 57 | 3.47 | | | | | |
| W-300 | 23 | 72 | 4.5 | 18,194 | 218,100 | 64 | 3.51 | | | | | |
| W-400 | 30 | 100 | 6.3 | 23,851 | 275,400 | 81 | 3.38 | | | | | |
| W-500 | 40 | 120 | 7.6 | 32,049 | 367,800 | 108 | 3.36 | | | | | |
| W-600 | 50 | 462,000 | 135 | 3.36 | | | | | | | | |
| W-800 | 65 | 190 | 12.0 | 51,364 | 585,800 | 172 | 3.34 | | | | | |
| W-900 | | | | | | | | | | | | |

66,657

14.2

756,500

222

3.33

| | d Capacity | | Ground | Water Heat | ing | EWT | 60Hz |
|--------|-----------------|----------------------|--------|-------------------|-------------|----------|------|
| Model | Nominal Size | Liquid (Outdoor 8 | | Input En- ergy | Condenser | Capacity | СОРн |
| | tons | gpm | L/s | Watts | Btu/hr | kW | W/W |
| W-150 | 12 | 36 | 2.3 | 10,053 | 151,800 | 44 | 4.43 |
| W-185 | 15 | 48 | 3.0 | 13,405 | 204,600 | 60 | 4.47 |
| W-240 | 20 | 60 | 3.8 | 17,055 | 266,900 | 78 | 4.59 |
| W-300 | 23 | 72 | 4.5 | 19,340 | 312,800 | 92 | 4.74 |
| W-400 | 30 | 100 | 6.3 | 25,120 | 403,300 | 118 | 4.71 |
| W-500 | 40 | 120 | 7.6 | 32,962 | 525,900 | 154 | 4.68 |
| W-600 | 50 | 150 | 9.5 | 41,152 | 654,000 | 192 | 4.66 |
| W-800 | 65 | 190 | 12.0 | 52,969 | 839,500 | 246 | 4.64 |
| W-900 | 70 | 210 | 13.2 | 57,475 | 902,900 265 | | |
| W-1000 | 81 | 225 | 14.2 | 68,622 | 1,053,500 | 4.50 | |

Standard Capacity Ratings - W-Series

Note: There are no Standard Capacity Ratings for the WH-Series; see WH Performance Tables.

| Table 26 | - W-SERI | ES Standar | d Capaci | ity Rating | js | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-----------------|-------------------------------|-----------|-----------------|-----------------|-----|------|----------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | | / Ratings - _T 77°F (25°C) | | oop Coo | ling* | | | 60Hz | | | | | | |
| Model | Nominal Size | Liquid (Outdoor 8 | | Input Energy | Evapor Capac | | COPc | EER | | | | | | |
| | tons | gpm | L/s | Watts | Btu/hr | kW | W/W | Btu/hr/W | | | | | | |
| W-150 | 12 | 36 | 2.3 | 8,623 | 135,400 | 40 | 4.60 | 15.7 | | | | | | |
| W-185 15 48 3.0 10,562 165,800 49 4.60 15.7 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| W-240 | 20 | 60 | 3.8 | 13,604 | 216,300 | 63 | 4.66 | 15.9 | | | | | | |
| W-300 | 23 | 72 | 4.5 | 16,180 | 262,100 | 77 | 4.75 | 16.2 | | | | | | |
| W-400 | 30 | 100 | 6.3 | 21,822 | 351,400 | 103 | 4.72 | 16.1 | | | | | | |
| W-500 | 40 | 120 | 7.6 | 28,287 | 452,700 | 133 | 4.69 | 16.0 | | | | | | |
| W-600 | 50 | 150 | 9.5 | 35,186 | 556,000 | 163 | 4.63 | 15.8 | | | | | | |
| W-800 | 65 | 190 | 12.0 | 45,562 | 715,500 | 210 | 4.60 | 15.7 | | | | | | |
| W-900 | 70 | 210 | 13.2 | 49,785 | 771,500 | 226 | 4.54 | 15.5 | | | | | | |
| W-1000 | 81 | 225 | 14.2 | 56,129 | 864,500 | 253 | 4.51 | 15.4 | | | | | | |
| * 35% Pro | opylene Gly | col by Volui | ne Outdoo | or (Ground | d) Loop Flu | id | | | | | | | | |

| | | / Ratings - _T 59°F (15°C | | Water Cod | oling | | | 60Hz |
|--------|-----------------|------------------------------|------|-----------------|-----------------|-----|------|----------|
| Model | Nominal Size | Liquid (Outdoor 8 | | Input Energy | Evapor Capac | | COPc | EER |
| | tons | gpm | L/s | Watts | Btu/hr | kW | W/W | Btu/hr/W |
| W-150 | 12 | 36 | 2.3 | 6,833 | 148,300 | 43 | 6.36 | 21.7 |
| W-185 | 15 | 48 | 3.0 | 8,226 | 179,300 | 53 | 6.39 | 21.8 |
| W-240 | 20 | 60 | 3.8 | 10,935 | 236,200 | 69 | 6.33 | 21.6 |
| W-300 | 23 | 72 | 4.5 | 12,918 | 282,900 | 83 | 6.42 | 21.9 |
| W-400 | 30 | 100 | 6.3 | 17,113 | 373,000 | 109 | 6.39 | 21.8 |
| W-500 | 40 | 120 | 7.6 | 22,183 | 477,000 | 140 | 6.30 | 21.5 |
| W-600 | 50 | 150 | 9.5 | 27,493 | 588,400 | 172 | 6.27 | 21.4 |
| W-800 | 65 | 190 | 12.0 | 35,316 | 755,800 | 222 | 6.27 | 21.4 |
| W-900 | 70 | 210 | 13.2 | 39,065 | 828,000 | 243 | 6.21 | 21.2 |
| W-1000 | 81 | 225 | 14.2 | 44,081 | 930,200 | 273 | 6.18 | 21.1 |

W-150-H**-X-*D-PP R454b, 60 Hz, 2 x YA76K1E-TFD (460-3-60) *Compressor current is for 460-3-60. Multiply by 2.2 for 208-3-60, by 0.8 for 575-3-60.

| | ΕV | /APORA | TOR LO | OOP (50 | % Propy | lene Glycol, | | ELECT | RICAL | | C | ONDEN | ISER LO | OP (Wate | er) | |
|-----|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|-------------------------|------|----------------------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|---------------------|------|
| JRE | ELT (°F) | Evap. Temp. | Flow (gpm) | LLT (°F) | Delta T (°F) | Ice Cooling (Btu/hr) | EER | Compressor Current (A)* | Input Power (W) | EWT (°F) | Cond. Temp. | Flow (gpm) | LWT (°F) | Delta T (°F) | Heating (Btu/hr) | СОРн |
| \T | 5 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| RA | 10 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| PE | 15 | | | | | _ | | | | | _ | | | | | |
| EM | 20 | | | | | | LARG | SER MODI | EL SIZES | ONLY | | | | | | |
| H - | 25 | | | | | _ | | | | | | | | | | |
| OW | 30 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | 35 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 40 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| | EVA | PORATO | R LOOP | (35% Pro | opylene (| Glycol) | ELECTI | RICAL | | (| CONDEN | SER LO | OP (Wate | r) | |
|---------|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|---------------------|------|
| | ELT (°F) | Evap. Temp. | Flow (gpm) | LLT (°F) | Delta T (°F) | Heat Abs. (Btu/hr) | Compressor Current (A)* | Input Power (W) | EWT (°F) | Cond. Temp. | Flow (gpm) | LWT (°F) | Delta T (°F) | Heating (Btu/hr) | СОРн |
| | 25 | 15 | 36 | 21 | -3.8 | 63,400 | 16.0 | 9,464 | | 114 | 36 | 109 | 5.3 | 95,200 | 2.95 |
| | 30 | 20 | 36 | 26 | -4.3 | 72,400 | 16.2 | 9,584 | | 115 | 36 | 110 | 5.8 | 104,600 | 3.20 |
| | 35 | 25 | 36 | 30 | -4.9 | 82,400 | 16.3 | 9,715 | | 116 | 36 | 110 | 6.4 | 115,000 | 3.47 |
| | 40 | 29 | 36 | 34 | - 5.6 | 93,300 | 16.5 | 9,831 | | 116 | 36 | 111 | 7.1 | 126,300 | 3.77 |
| | 45 | 34 | 36 | 39 | -6.3 | 104,900 | 16.6 | 9,952 | 104 | 117 | 36 | 112 | 7.7 | 138,400 | 4.08 |
| | 50 | 39 | 36 | 43 | -7.0 | 118,000 | 16.8 | 10,053 | 104 | 117 | 36 | 113 | 8.5 | 151,800 | 4.43 |
| | 55 | 43 | 36 | 47 | -7.9 | 131,900 | 16.9 | 10,143 | | 118 | 36 | 113 | 9.3 | 166,000 | 4.80 |
| Š | 60 | 48 | 36 | 51 | -8.8 | 147,300 | 17.0 | 10,233 | | 119 | 36 | 114 | 10.2 | 181,800 | 5.21 |
| ΙĒΙ | 65 | 53 | 36 | 55 | -9.8 | 164,200 | 17.1 | 10,293 | | 119 | 36 | 115 | 11.1 | 198,900 | 5.66 |
| HEATING | 70 | 57 | 36 | 59 | -10.8 | 182,000 | 17.2 | 10,350 | | 120 | 36 | 116 | 12.1 | 216,900 | 6.14 |
| 王 | 25 | 15 | 36 | 22 | -3.4 | 57,300 | 16.7 | 10,336 | 115 | 124 | 36 | | 5.2 | 92,000 | 2.61 |
| | 30 | 20 | 36 | 26 | -4.0 | 66,200 | 16.9 | 10,459 | 114 | 124 | 36 | | 5.7 | 101,400 | 2.84 |
| | 35 | 25 | 36 | 30 | -4.6 | 76,100 | 17.1 | 10,572 | 114 | 124 | 36 | | 6.3 | 111,700 | 3.10 |
| | 40 | 30 | 36 | 35 | -5.2 | 86,900 | 17.2 | 10,698 | 113 | 125 | 36 | | 6.9 | 122,900 | 3.37 |
| | 45 | 34 | 36 | 39 | -5.9 | 98,900 | 17.4 | 10,807 | 112 | 125 | 36 | 120 | 7.6 | 135,300 | 3.67 |
| | 50 | 39 | 36 | 43 | -6.7 | 112,000 | 17.6 | 10,923 | 112 | 125 | 36 | 120 | 8.3 | 148,800 | 3.99 |
| | 55 | 44 | 36 | 47 | -7.5 | 126,200 | 17.7 | 11,016 | 111 | 125 | 36 | | 9.2 | 163,300 | 4.34 |
| | 60 | 48 | 36 | 51 | -8.5 | 142,000 | 17.9 | 11,110 | 110 | 126 | 36 | | 10.1 | 179,400 | 4.73 |
| | 65 | 53 | 36 | 55 | -9.5 | 159,300 | 18.0 | 11,175 | 109 | 126 | 36 | | 11.1 | 197,000 | 5.17 |
| | 70 | 58 | 36 | 59 | -10.6 | 178,100 | 18.1 | 11,235 | 108 | 126 | 36 | | 12.1 | 216,000 | 5.63 |

| | | EVAP | ORATOR | R LOOP | (Water) | | ELECTI | RICAL | | CONDE | NSER LO | OP (35% | Propyler | e Glycol) | |
|------|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|---------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------------|------|
| | ELT (°F) | Evap. Temp. | Flow (gpm) | LLT (°F) | Delta T (°F) | Cooling (Btu/hr) | Compressor Current (A)* | Input Power (W) | EWT (°F) | Cond. Temp. | Flow (gpm) | LWT (°F) | Delta T (°F) | Heat Rej. (Btu/hr) | EER |
| | | 36 | 36 | 45 | -8.6 | 154,700 | 13.9 | 5,990 | 50 | 74 | 36 | 60 | 10.4 | 174,800 | 25.8 |
| | | 37 | 36 | 45 | -8.4 | 151,100 | 14.2 | 6,458 | 55 | 79 | 36 | 65 | 10.3 | 172,800 | 23.4 |
| ING | | 37 | 36 | 45 | -8.2 | 147,600 | 14.5 | 6,932 | 60 | 84 | 36 | 70 | 10.2 | 170,900 | 21.3 |
| | | 37 | 36 | 46 | -8.0 | 144,200 | 14.8 | 7,405 | 65 | 89 | 36 | 75 | 10.1 | 169,100 | 19.5 |
| COOL | 5 4 | 38 | 36 | 46 | -7.8 | 140,500 | 15.2 | 7,901 | 70 | 95 | 36 | 80 | 9.9 | 167,100 | 17.8 |
| ö | 54 | 38 | 36 | 46 | -7.6 | 136,800 | 15.6 | 8,414 | 75 | 100 | 36 | 85 | 9.8 | 165,100 | 16.3 |
| | | 39 | 36 | 46 | -7.4 | 133,300 | 16.0 | 8,948 | 80 | 105 | 36 | 90 | 9.7 | 163,500 | 14.9 |
| | | 39 | 36 | 46 | -7.2 | 129,400 | 16.5 | 9,498 | 85 | 110 | 36 | 95 | 9.6 | 161,400 | 13.6 |
| | | 39 | 36 | 47 | -7.0 | 125,500 | 17.0 | 10,088 | 90 | 116 | 36 | 99 | 9.4 | 159,600 | 12.4 |
| | | 40 | 36 | 47 | -6.7 | 121,400 | 17.6 | 10,712 | 95 | 121 | 36 | 104 | 9.3 | 157,600 | 11.3 |

W-150-H-X-*D-PP** *R454b, 60 Hz, 2 x YA76K1E-TFD (460-3-60)*

*Compressor current is for 460-3-60. Multiply by 2.2 for 208-3-60, by 0.8 for 575-3-60.

| | ΕV | /APORA | TOR LO | OOP (50 | % Propy | lene Glycol) | | ELECT | RICAL | | (| CONDE | ISER LO | OP (Wat | er) | |
|--------|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|---------------------|------|----------------------------|----------|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|-----------------|------|
| JRE | ELT (°C) | Evap. Temp. | Flow (L/s) | LLT (°C) | Delta T (°C) | Ice Cooling (kW) | COPc | Compressor Current (A)* | | EWT (°C) | Cond. Temp. | Flow (L/s) | LWT (°C) | Delta T (°C) | Heating (kW) | СОРн |
| ATC | 5 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | 10 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| PE | 15 | | | | | | | | | | _ | | | | | |
| ≥ □ | 20 | | | | | | LARG | SER MODI | EL SIZES | ONLY | | | | | | |
| F | 25 | | | | | _ | | | | | | | | | | |
| Mo | 30 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 3 | 35 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 40 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| | EVA | PORATO | R LOOP | (35% Pro | opylene | Glycol) | ELECTI | RICAL | | (| CONDEN | SER LOC | OP (Water |) | |
|---------|-------------|----------------|---------------|--------------|-----------------|-------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|-----------------|------|
| | ELT (°C) | Evap. Temp. | Flow (L/s) | LLT (°C) | Delta T (°C) | Heat Abs. (kW) | Compressor Current (A)* | Input Power (W) | EWT (°C) | Cond. Temp. | Flow (L/s) | LWT (°C) | Delta T (°C) | Heating (kW) | СОРн |
| | -3.9 | -9.3 | 2.3 | -6.0 | -2.1 | 18.6 | 16.0 | 9,464 | | 45.7 | 2.3 | 42.9 | 2.9 | 27.9 | 2.95 |
| | -1.1 | -6.7 | 2.3 | -3.5 | -2.4 | 21.2 | 16.2 | 9,584 | | 46.0 | 2.3 | 43.2 | 3.2 | 30.7 | 3.20 |
| | 1.7 | -4.1 | 2.3 | -1.0 | -2.7 | 24.1 | 16.3 | 9,715 | | 46.4 | 2.3 | 43.6 | 3.6 | 33.7 | 3.47 |
| | 4.4 | -1.5 | 2.3 | 1.3 | -3.1 | 27.3 | 16.5 | 9,831 | | 46.7 | 2.3 | 43.9 | 3.9 | 37.0 | 3.77 |
| | 7.2 | 1.1 | 2.3 | 3.7 | -3.5 | 30.7 | 16.6 | 9,952 | 40 | 47.1 | 2.3 | 44.3 | 4.3 | 40.6 | 4.08 |
| | 10.0 | 3.7 | 2.3 | 6.1 | -3.9 | 34.6 | 16.8 | 10,053 | 40 | 47.4 | 2.3 | 44.7 | 4.7 | 44.5 | 4.43 |
| | 12.7 | 6.2 | 2.3 | 8.3 | -4.4 | 38.7 | 16.9 | 10,143 | | 47.8 | 2.3 | 45.2 | 5.2 | 48.7 | 4.80 |
| S S | 15.6 | 8.8 | 2.3 | 10.7 | -4.9 | 43.2 | 17.0 | 10,233 | | 48.2 | 2.3 | 45.7 | 5.7 | 53.3 | 5.21 |
| 日長日 | 18.3 | 11.4 | 2.3 | 12.9 | -5.4 | 48.1 | 17.1 | 10,293 | | 48.5 | 2.3 | 46.2 | 6.2 | 58.3 | 5.66 |
| HEATING | 21.1 | 14.0 | 2.3 | 15.1 | -6.0 | 53.3 | 17.2 | 10,350 | | 48.9 | 2.3 | 46.7 | 6.7 | 63.6 | 6.14 |
| エ | -3.9 | -9.2 | 2.3 | - 5.8 | -1.9 | 16.8 | 16.7 | 10,336 | 46.0 | 51.0 | 2.3 | | 2.9 | 27.0 | 2.61 |
| | -1.1 | -6.6 | 2.3 | -3.3 | -2.2 | 19.4 | 16.9 | 10,459 | 45.7 | 51.2 | 2.3 | | 3.2 | 29.7 | 2.84 |
| | 1.7 | -4.0 | 2.3 | -0.9 | -2.6 | 22.3 | 17.1 | 10,572 | 45.4 | 51.3 | 2.3 | | 3.5 | 32.7 | 3.10 |
| | 4.4 | -1.4 | 2.3 | 1.5 | -2.9 | 25.5 | 17.2 | 10,698 | 45.1 | 51.4 | 2.3 | | 3.8 | 36.0 | 3.37 |
| | 7.2 | 1.2 | 2.3 | 3.9 | -3.3 | 29.0 | 17.4 | 10,807 | 44.7 | 51.6 | 2.3 | 49 | 4.2 | 39.7 | 3.67 |
| | 10.0 | 3.8 | 2.3 | 6.3 | -3.7 | 32.8 | 17.6 | 10,923 | 44.3 | 51.7 | 2.3 | 49 | 4.6 | 43.6 | 3.99 |
| | 12.7 | 6.4 | 2.3 | 8.5 | -4.2 | 37.0 | 17.7 | 11,016 | 43.8 | 51.8 | 2.3 | | 5.1 | 47.9 | 4.34 |
| | 15.5 | 9.0 | 2.3 | 10.8 | -4.7 | 41.6 | 17.9 | 11,110 | 43.3 | 52.0 | 2.3 | | 5.6 | 52.6 | 4.73 |
| | 18.3 | 11.6 | 2.3 | 13.0 | -5.3 | 46.7 | 18.0 | 11,175 | 42.7 | 52.1 | 2.3 | | 6.2 | 57.7 | 5.17 |
| | 21.1 | 14.2 | 2.3 | 15.2 | -5.9 | 52.2 | 18.1 | 11,235 | 42.2 | 52.3 | 2.3 | | 6.7 | 63.3 | 5.63 |

| | | EVAP | ORATOR | R LOOP | (Water) | | ELECT | RICAL | | CONDE | ISER LO | OP (35% | Propyler | e Glycol) | |
|-----|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|-----------------|----------------------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|-----------------|-------------------|------|
| | ELT (°C) | Evap. Temp. | Flow (L/s) | LLT (°C) | Delta T (°C) | Cooling (kW) | Compressor Current (A)* | Input Power (W) | EWT (°C) | Cond. Temp. | Flow (L/s) | LWT (°C) | Delta T (°C) | Heat Rej. (kW) | COPc |
| | | 2 | 2.3 | 7.2 | -4.8 | 45.3 | 13.9 | 5,990 | 10.0 | 23 | 2.3 | 15.8 | 5.8 | 51.2 | 7.56 |
| | | 3 | 2.3 | 7.3 | -4.7 | 44.3 | 14.2 | 6,458 | 12.8 | 26 | 2.3 | 18.5 | 5.7 | 50.6 | 6.86 |
| N S | | 3 | 2.3 | 7.4 | -4.6 | 43.3 | 14.5 | 6,932 | 15.6 | 29 | 2.3 | 21.3 | 5.7 | 50.1 | 6.24 |
| | | 3 | 2.3 | 7.6 | -4.4 | 42.3 | 14.8 | 7,405 | 18.3 | 32 | 2.3 | 23.9 | 5.6 | 49.6 | 5.71 |
| 00 | 12 | 3 | 2.3 | 7.7 | -4.3 | 41.2 | 15.2 | 7,901 | 21.1 | 35 | 2.3 | 26.6 | 5.5 | 49.0 | 5.22 |
| 8 | 12 | 3 | 2.3 | 7.8 | -4.2 | 40.1 | 15.6 | 8,414 | 23.9 | 38 | 2.3 | 29.3 | 5.4 | 48.4 | 4.78 |
| | | 4 | 2.3 | 7.9 | -4.1 | 39.1 | 16.0 | 8,948 | 26.7 | 41 | 2.3 | 32.1 | 5.4 | 47.9 | 4.37 |
| | | 4 | 2.3 | 8.0 | -4.0 | 37.9 | 16.5 | 9,498 | 29.4 | 44 | 2.3 | 34.7 | 5.3 | 47.3 | 3.99 |
| | | 4 | 2.3 | 8.1 | -3.9 | 36.8 | 17.0 | 10,088 | 32.2 | 47 | 2.3 | 37.4 | 5.2 | 46.8 | 3.63 |
| | | 4 | 2.3 | 8.3 | -3.7 | 35.6 | 17.6 | 10,712 | 35.0 | 49 | 2.3 | 40.2 | 5.2 | 46.2 | 3.31 |

W-185-H**-X-*D-PP R454b, 60 Hz, 2 x YA91K1E-TFD (460-3-60) *Compressor current is for 460-3-60. Multiply by 2.2 for 208-3-60, by 0.8 for 575-3-60.

| | E۱ | /APORA | TOR LO | OOP (50 | % Propy | lene Glycol) |) | ELECT | RICAL | | (| CONDEN | ISER LO | OP (Wat | er) | |
|-----|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|-------------------------|------|----------------------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|---------------------|------|
| RE* | ELT (°F) | Evap. Temp. | Flow (gpm) | LLT (°F) | Delta T (°F) | Ice Cooling (Btu/hr) | EER | Compressor Current (A)* | Input Power (W) | EWT (°F) | Cond. Temp. | Flow (gpm) | LWT (°F) | Delta T (°F) | Heating (Btu/hr) | СОРн |
| I L | 5 | -3 | 48 | 2 | -2.7 | 56,400 | 6.6 | 15.3 | 9,554 | | 94 | 48 | 89 | 3.6 | 86,200 | 2.64 |
| R | 10 | 2 | 48 | 7 | -3.1 | 64,400 | 7.2 | 15.8 | 9,761 | | 95 | 48 | 89 | 4.0 | 95,300 | 2.86 |
| PE | 15 | 6 | 48 | 12 | -3.5 | 73,100 | 7.9 | 16.3 | 9,970 | | 95 | 48 | 89 | 4.4 | 105,100 | 3.09 |
| ≥ | 20 | 10 | 48 | 16 | -4.0 | 82,400 | 8.7 | 16.8 | 10,178 | 85 | 96 | 48 | 90 | 4.8 | 115,400 | 3.32 |
| Ξ | 25 | 15 | 48 | 21 | -4.4 | 92,500 | 9.4 | 17.3 | 10,372 | 00 | 96 | 48 | 90 | 5.3 | 126,500 | 3.57 |
| MO | 30 | 19 | 48 | 25 | -4.9 | 103,400 | 10.2 | 17.8 | 10,575 | | 96 | 48 | 91 | 5.8 | 138,500 | 3.84 |
| 2 | 35 | 24 | 48 | 30 | -5.5 | 115,300 | 11.1 | 18.2 | 10,771 | | 97 | 48 | 91 | 6.3 | 151,400 | 4.12 |
| | 40 | 28 | 48 | 34 | -6.1 | 128,000 | 11.9 | 18.7 | 10,959 | | 97 | 48 | 92 | 6.9 | 165,100 | 4.42 |

| | EVA | PORATO | R LOOP | (35% Pro | opylene (| Glycol) | ELECTI | RICAL | | (| CONDEN | SER LOC | OP (Water | r) | |
|---------|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|---------------------|------|
| | ELT (°F) | Evap. Temp. | Flow (gpm) | LLT (°F) | Delta T (°F) | Heat Abs. (Btu/hr) | Compressor Current (A)* | Input Power (W) | EWT (°F) | Cond. Temp. | Flow (gpm) | LWT (°F) | Delta T (°F) | Heating (Btu/hr) | СОРн |
| | 25 | 15 | 48 | 21 | -3.9 | 86,500 | 19.6 | 12,500 | | 115 | 48 | 109 | 5.4 | 128,400 | 3.01 |
| | 30 | 20 | 48 | 26 | -4.4 | 98,500 | 19.8 | 12,689 | | 115 | 48 | 110 | 5.9 | 141,100 | 3.26 |
| | 35 | 24 | 48 | 30 | - 5.0 | 111,900 | 20.1 | 12,878 | | 116 | 48 | 111 | 6.5 | 155,100 | 3.53 |
| | 40 | 29 | 48 | 34 | - 5.7 | 126,400 | 20.4 | 13,061 | | 116 | 48 | 111 | 7.1 | 170,300 | 3.82 |
| | 45 | 34 | 48 | 39 | -6.4 | 142,100 | 20.6 | 13,237 | 104 | 117 | 48 | 112 | 7.8 | 186,600 | 4.13 |
| | 50 | 38 | 48 | 43 | -7.1 | 159,500 | 20.8 | 13,405 | 104 | 117 | 48 | 113 | 8.6 | 204,600 | 4.47 |
| l | 55 | 43 | 48 | 47 | -8.0 | 178,200 | 21.1 | 13,563 | | 118 | 48 | 113 | 9.4 | 223,800 | 4.84 |
| 2 | 60 | 48 | 48 | 51 | -8.9 | 198,900 | 21.3 | 13,705 | | 118 | 48 | 114 | 10.3 | 245,000 | 5.24 |
| | 65 | 52 | 48 | 55 | -9.9 | 221,500 | 21.5 | 13,832 | | 119 | 48 | 115 | 11.2 | 268,000 | 5.68 |
| HEATING | 70 | 57 | 48 | 59 | -10.9 | 245,600 | 21.6 | 13,942 | | 119 | 48 | 116 | 12.3 | 292,500 | 6.15 |
| I | 25 | 15 | 48 | 22 | -3.5 | 78,200 | 20.7 | 13,665 | 115 | 124 | 48 | | 5.2 | 124,100 | 2.66 |
| | 30 | 20 | 48 | 26 | -4.1 | 90,300 | 21.0 | 13,855 | 114 | 124 | 48 | | 5.7 | 136,900 | 2.90 |
| | 35 | 25 | 48 | 30 | -4.6 | 103,500 | 21.3 | 14,045 | 114 | 124 | 48 | | 6.3 | 150,700 | 3.14 |
| | 40 | 29 | 48 | 35 | -5.3 | 117,900 | 21.6 | 14,251 | 113 | 125 | 48 | | 7.0 | 165,800 | 3.41 |
| | 45 | 34 | 48 | 39 | -6.0 | 133,900 | 21.9 | 14,432 | 112 | 125 | 48 | 120 | 7.7 | 182,500 | 3.71 |
| | 50 | 39 | 48 | 43 | -6.8 | 151,300 | 22.1 | 14,606 | 112 | 125 | 48 | 120 | 8.4 | 200,500 | 4.02 |
| | 55 | 43 | 48 | 47 | -7.6 | 170,100 | 22.4 | 14,770 | 111 | 125 | 48 | | 9.2 | 219,800 | 4.36 |
| | 60 | 48 | 48 | 51 | -8.5 | 191,200 | 22.6 | 14,921 | 110 | 125 | 48 | | 10.2 | 241,500 | 4.74 |
| | 65 | 53 | 48 | 55 | -9.5 | 214,000 | 22.8 | 15,076 | 109 | 126 | 48 | | 11.1 | 264,800 | 5.15 |
| | 70 | 57 | 48 | 59 | -10.6 | 239,000 | 23.0 | 15,193 | 108 | 126 | 48 | | 12.2 | 290,200 | 5.60 |

| • | | EVAF | ORATOR | R LOOP | (Water) | | ELECTI | RICAL | | CONDE | ISER LO | OP (35% | Propyler | e Glycol) | |
|------|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|---------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------------|------|
| | ELT (°F) | Evap. Temp. | Flow (gpm) | LLT (°F) | Delta T (°F) | Cooling (Btu/hr) | Compressor Current (A)* | Input Power (W) | EWT (°F) | Cond. Temp. | Flow (gpm) | LWT (°F) | Delta T (°F) | Heat Rej. (Btu/hr) | EER |
| | | 35 | 48 | 46 | -7.8 | 186,200 | 14.3 | 7,202 | 50 | 73 | 48 | 59 | 9.4 | 210,100 | 25.9 |
| | | 36 | 48 | 46 | -7.6 | 182,400 | 14.8 | 7,763 | 55 | 78 | 48 | 64 | 9.3 | 208,200 | 23.5 |
| ING | | 36 | 48 | 46 | -7.4 | 178,700 | 15.3 | 8,349 | 60 | 83 | 48 | 69 | 9.2 | 206,500 | 21.4 |
| | | 37 | 48 | 46 | -7.3 | 175,000 | 15.9 | 8,952 | 65 | 88 | 48 | 74 | 9.1 | 204,900 | 19.5 |
| COOL | 54 | 37 | 48 | 47 | -7.1 | 171,200 | 16.5 | 9,598 | 70 | 94 | 48 | 79 | 9.1 | 203,300 | 17.8 |
| S | 54 | 38 | 48 | 47 | -7.0 | 167,300 | 17.2 | 10,281 | 75 | 99 | 48 | 84 | 9.0 | 201,700 | 16.3 |
| | | 38 | 48 | 47 | -6.8 | 163,400 | 18.0 | 11,004 | 80 | 104 | 48 | 89 | 8.9 | 200,300 | 14.8 |
| | | 39 | 48 | 47 | -6.6 | 159,400 | 18.8 | 11,757 | 85 | 109 | 48 | 94 | 8.8 | 198,900 | 13.6 |
| | | 39 | 48 | 47 | -6.5 | 155,200 | 19.7 | 12,572 | 90 | 115 | 48 | 99 | 8.8 | 197,500 | 12.3 |
| | | 40 | 48 | 47 | -6.3 | 150,800 | 20.7 | 13,440 | 95 | 120 | 48 | 104 | 8.7 | 196,000 | 11.2 |

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Performance Tables - W-Series (METRIC UNITS)

W-185-H**-X-*D-PP

R454b, 60 Hz, 2 x YA91K1E-TFD (460-3-60)

*Compressor current is for 460-3-60. Multiply by 2.2 for 208-3-60, by 0.8 for 575-3-60.

| | E۱ | /APORA | TOR LO | OOP (50 | % Propy | lene Glycol) |) | ELECT | RICAL | | C | CONDEN | ISER LO | OP (Wate | er) | |
|-----|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|---------------------|------|----------------------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|-----------------|------|
| RE* | ELT (°C) | Evap. Temp. | Flow (L/s) | LLT (°C) | Delta T (°C) | Ice Cooling (kW) | COPc | Compressor Current (A)* | Input Power (W) | EWT (°C) | Cond. Temp. | Flow (L/s) | LWT (°C) | Delta T (°C) | Heating (kW) | СОРн |
| TUT | -15.0 | -19.4 | 3.0 | -16.5 | -1.5 | 16.5 | 1.92 | 15.3 | 9,554 | | 34.7 | 3.0 | 31.4 | 2.0 | 25.3 | 2.64 |
| RA | -12.2 | -16.9 | 3.0 | -13.9 | -1.7 | 18.9 | 2.12 | 15.8 | 9,761 | | 34.9 | 3.0 | 31.6 | 2.2 | 27.9 | 2.86 |
| PE | -9.4 | -14.5 | 3.0 | -11.3 | -1.9 | 21.4 | 2.32 | 16.3 | 9,970 | | 35.1 | 3.0 | 31.8 | 2.4 | 30.8 | 3.09 |
| Σ | -6.7 | -12.1 | 3.0 | -8.9 | -2.2 | 24.1 | 2.54 | 16.8 | 10,178 | 29.4 | 35.3 | 3.0 | 32.1 | 2.7 | 33.8 | 3.32 |
| TE | -3.9 | -9.6 | 3.0 | -6.3 | -2.4 | 27.1 | 2.76 | 17.3 | 10,372 | 25.4 | 35.5 | 3.0 | 32.3 | 2.9 | 37.1 | 3.57 |
| > | -1.1 | -7.2 | 3.0 | -3.8 | -2.7 | 30.3 | 2.99 | 17.8 | 10,575 | | 35.7 | 3.0 | 32.6 | 3.2 | 40.6 | 3.84 |
| 2 | 1.7 | -4.7 | 3.0 | -1.4 | -3.1 | 33.8 | 3.24 | 18.2 | 10,771 | | 35.9 | 3.0 | 32.9 | 3.5 | 44.4 | 4.12 |
| | 4.4 | -2.3 | 3.0 | 1.0 | -3.4 | 37.5 | 3.50 | 18.7 | 10,959 | | 36.2 | 3.0 | 33.2 | 3.8 | 48.4 | 4.42 |

| | EVA | PORATO | R LOOP | (35% Pro | opylene (| Glycol) | ELECTI | RICAL | | (| CONDEN | SER LOC | OP (Water |) | |
|-------|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|-------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|-----------------|------|
| | ELT (°C) | Evap. Temp. | Flow (L/s) | LLT (°C) | Delta T (°C) | Heat Abs. (kW) | Compressor Current (A)* | Input Power (W) | EWT (°C) | Cond. Temp. | Flow (L/s) | LWT (°C) | Delta T (°C) | Heating (kW) | СОРн |
| | -3.9 | -9.4 | 3.0 | -6.1 | -2.2 | 25.4 | 19.6 | 12,500 | | 45.8 | 3.0 | 43.0 | 3.0 | 37.6 | 3.01 |
| | -1.1 | -6.8 | 3.0 | -3.5 | -2.4 | 28.9 | 19.8 | 12,689 | | 46.1 | 3.0 | 43.3 | 3.3 | 41.4 | 3.26 |
| | 1.7 | -4.2 | 3.0 | -1.1 | -2.8 | 32.8 | 20.1 | 12,878 | | 46.4 | 3.0 | 43.6 | 3.6 | 45.5 | 3.53 |
| | 4.4 | -1.6 | 3.0 | 1.2 | -3.2 | 37.0 | 20.4 | 13,061 | | 46.7 | 3.0 | 43.9 | 3.9 | 49.9 | 3.82 |
| | 7.2 | 0.9 | 3.0 | 3.6 | -3.6 | 41.7 | 20.6 | 13,237 | 40 | 46.9 | 3.0 | 44.3 | 4.3 | 54.7 | 4.13 |
| | 10.0 | 3.6 | 3.0 | 6.1 | -3.9 | 46.7 | 20.8 | 13,405 | 40 | 47.2 | 3.0 | 44.8 | 4.8 | 60.0 | 4.47 |
| | 12.7 | 6.1 | 3.0 | 8.3 | -4.4 | 52.2 | 21.1 | 13,563 | | 47.5 | 3.0 | 45.2 | 5.2 | 65.6 | 4.84 |
| ATING | 15.6 | 8.7 | 3.0 | 10.7 | -4.9 | 58.3 | 21.3 | 13,705 | | 47.8 | 3.0 | 45.7 | 5.7 | 71.8 | 5.24 |
| | 18.3 | 11.3 | 3.0 | 12.8 | -5.5 | 64.9 | 21.5 | 13,832 | | 48.1 | 3.0 | 46.2 | 6.2 | 78.5 | 5.68 |
| HEA | 21.1 | 13.9 | 3.0 | 15.0 | -6.1 | 72.0 | 21.6 | 13,942 | | 48.3 | 3.0 | 46.8 | 6.8 | 85.7 | 6.15 |
| 工 | -3.9 | -9.3 | 3.0 | -5.8 | -1.9 | 22.9 | 20.7 | 13,665 | 46.0 | 51.0 | 3.0 | | 2.9 | 36.4 | 2.66 |
| | -1.1 | -6.7 | 3.0 | -3.4 | -2.3 | 26.5 | 21.0 | 13,855 | 45.7 | 51.1 | 3.0 | | 3.2 | 40.1 | 2.90 |
| | 1.7 | -4.1 | 3.0 | -0.9 | -2.6 | 30.3 | 21.3 | 14,045 | 45.4 | 51.2 | 3.0 | | 3.5 | 44.2 | 3.14 |
| | 4.4 | -1.5 | 3.0 | 1.5 | -2.9 | 34.6 | 21.6 | 14,251 | 45.0 | 51.4 | 3.0 | | 3.9 | 48.6 | 3.41 |
| | 7.2 | 1.1 | 3.0 | 3.9 | -3.3 | 39.2 | 21.9 | 14,432 | 44.6 | 51.5 | 3.0 | 49 | 4.3 | 53.5 | 3.71 |
| | 10.0 | 3.7 | 3.0 | 6.2 | -3.8 | 44.3 | 22.1 | 14,606 | 44.2 | 51.6 | 3.0 | 73 | 4.7 | 58.8 | 4.02 |
| | 12.7 | 6.3 | 3.0 | 8.5 | -4.2 | 49.9 | 22.4 | 14,770 | 43.8 | 51.7 | 3.0 | | 5.1 | 64.4 | 4.36 |
| | 15.5 | 8.9 | 3.0 | 10.8 | -4.7 | 56.0 | 22.6 | 14,921 | 43.2 | 51.8 | 3.0 | | 5.7 | 70.8 | 4.74 |
| | 18.3 | 11.5 | 3.0 | 13.0 | -5.3 | 62.7 | 22.8 | 15,076 | 42.7 | 52.0 | 3.0 | | 6.2 | 77.6 | 5.15 |
| | 21.1 | 14.1 | 3.0 | 15.2 | -5.9 | 70.0 | 23.0 | 15,193 | 42.1 | 52.1 | 3.0 | | 6.8 | 85.1 | 5.60 |

| | | EVAP | ORATOR | R LOOP | (Water) | | ELECT | RICAL | | CONDE | ISER LO | OP (35% | Propylen | e Glycol) | |
|-------|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|-----------------|----------------------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|-----------------|-------------------|------|
| | ELT (°C) | Evap. Temp. | Flow (L/s) | LLT (°C) | Delta T (°C) | Cooling (kW) | Compressor Current (A)* | Input Power (W) | EWT (°C) | Cond. Temp. | Flow (L/s) | LWT (°C) | Delta T (°C) | Heat Rej. (kW) | COPc |
| | | 2 | 3.0 | 7.7 | -4.3 | 54.6 | 14.3 | 7,202 | 10.0 | 23 | 3.0 | 15.2 | 5.2 | 61.6 | 7.59 |
| 1 | | 2 | 3.0 | 7.8 | -4.2 | 53.5 | 14.8 | 7,763 | 12.8 | 25 | 3.0 | 18.0 | 5.2 | 61.0 | 6.89 |
| NG NG | | 2 | 3.0 | 7.9 | -4.1 | 52.4 | 15.3 | 8,349 | 15.6 | 28 | 3.0 | 20.7 | 5.1 | 60.5 | 6.27 |
| | | 3 | 3.0 | 7.9 | -4.1 | 51.3 | 15.9 | 8,952 | 18.3 | 31 | 3.0 | 23.4 | 5.1 | 60.1 | 5.71 |
| 118 | 40 | 3 | 3.0 | 8.1 | -3.9 | 50.2 | 16.5 | 9,598 | 21.1 | 34 | 3.0 | 26.2 | 5.1 | 59.6 | 5.22 |
| 00 | 12 | 3 | 3.0 | 8.1 | -3.9 | 49.0 | 17.2 | 10,281 | 23.9 | 37 | 3.0 | 28.9 | 5.0 | 59.1 | 4.78 |
| | | 4 | 3.0 | 8.2 | -3.8 | 47.9 | 18.0 | 11,004 | 26.7 | 40 | 3.0 | 31.6 | 4.9 | 58.7 | 4.34 |
| | | 4 | 3.0 | 8.3 | -3.7 | 46.7 | 18.8 | 11,757 | 29.4 | 43 | 3.0 | 34.3 | 4.9 | 58.3 | 3.99 |
| | | 4 | 3.0 | 8.4 | -3.6 | 45.5 | 19.7 | 12,572 | 32.2 | 46 | 3.0 | 37.1 | 4.9 | 57.9 | 3.60 |
| | | 4 | 3.0 | 8.5 | -3.5 | 44.2 | 20.7 | 13,440 | 35.0 | 49 | 3.0 | 39.8 | 4.8 | 57.4 | 3.28 |

W-240-H**-X-*D-PP R454b, 60 Hz, 2 x GSD60120VL (460-3-60) *Compressor current is for 460-3-60. Multiply by 2.2 for 208-3-60, by 0.8 for 575-3-60.

| | E۱ | /APORA | TOR LO | OOP (50 | % Propy | lene Glycol) |) | ELECT | RICAL | | (| CONDEN | ISER LO | OP (Wat | er) | |
|----------|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|-------------------------|------|----------------------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|---------------------|------|
| JRE* | ELT (°F) | Evap. Temp. | Flow (gpm) | LLT (°F) | Delta T (°F) | Ice Cooling (Btu/hr) | EER | Compressor Current (A)* | Input Power (W) | EWT (°F) | Cond. Temp. | Flow (gpm) | LWT (°F) | Delta T (°F) | Heating (Btu/hr) | СОРн |
| \vdash | 5 | -3 | 60 | 2 | -2.9 | 75,300 | 6.6 | 18.2 | 12,634 | | 95 | 60 | 89 | 3.8 | 115,100 | 2.67 |
| RA | 10 | 2 | 60 | 7 | -3.3 | 85,600 | 7.2 | 18.7 | 12,915 | | 95 | 60 | 89 | 4.2 | 126,800 | 2.88 |
| PE | 15 | 6 | 60 | 11 | -3.7 | 96,900 | 7.9 | 19.3 | 13,185 | | 95 | 60 | 90 | 4.6 | 139,500 | 3.10 |
| ≥ | 20 | 10 | 60 | 16 | -4.2 | 109,200 | 8.7 | 19.9 | 13,448 | 85 | 96 | 60 | 90 | 5.1 | 153,100 | 3.34 |
| 프 | 25 | 15 | 60 | 20 | -4.7 | 122,700 | 9.4 | 20.4 | 13,696 | 00 | 96 | 60 | 91 | 5.6 | 167,900 | 3.59 |
| > | 30 | 19 | 60 | 25 | -5.3 | 137,200 | 10.2 | 20.9 | 13,957 | | 96 | 60 | 91 | 6.1 | 183,700 | 3.86 |
| 2 | 35 | 24 | 60 | 29 | -5.8 | 153,000 | 11.1 | 21.5 | 14,223 | | 97 | 60 | 92 | 6.7 | 200,900 | 4.14 |
| | 40 | 28 | 60 | 34 | -6.5 | 170,000 | 12.0 | 22.1 | 14,500 | | 97 | 60 | 92 | 7.3 | 219,300 | 4.43 |

| | EVA | PORATO | R LOOP | (35% Pro | opylene (| Glycol) | ELECTI | RICAL | | (| CONDEN | SER LOC | OP (Wate | r) | |
|---------|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|---------------------|------|
| | ELT (°F) | Evap. Temp. | Flow (gpm) | LLT (°F) | Delta T (°F) | Heat Abs. (Btu/hr) | Compressor Current (A)* | Input Power (W) | EWT (°F) | Cond. Temp. | Flow (gpm) | LWT (°F) | Delta T (°F) | Heating (Btu/hr) | СОРн |
| | 25 | 15 | 60 | 21 | -4.2 | 117,400 | 23.2 | 16,208 | | 115 | 60 | 110 | 5.7 | 171,700 | 3.10 |
| | 30 | 20 | 60 | 25 | -4.8 | 132,600 | 23.4 | 16,352 | | 116 | 60 | 110 | 6.3 | 187,400 | 3.36 |
| | 35 | 24 | 60 | 30 | -5.4 | 149,500 | 23.5 | 16,492 | | 116 | 60 | 111 | 6.9 | 204,800 | 3.64 |
| | 40 | 29 | 60 | 34 | -6.0 | 168,000 | 23.7 | 16,651 | | 117 | 60 | 112 | 7.5 | 223,900 | 3.94 |
| | 45 | 34 | 60 | 38 | -6.7 | 187,800 | 24.0 | 16,837 | 104 | 117 | 60 | 112 | 8.2 | 244,300 | 4.25 |
| | 50 | 38 | 60 | 43 | -7.5 | 209,600 | 24.2 | 17,056 | 104 | 118 | 60 | 113 | 8.9 | 266,900 | 4.59 |
| | 55 | 43 | 60 | 47 | -8.3 | 232,800 | 24.5 | 17,308 | | 119 | 60 | 114 | 9.7 | 291,000 | 4.93 |
| 9 | 60 | 48 | 60 | 51 | -9.2 | 258,400 | 24.9 | 17,609 | | 119 | 60 | 115 | 10.6 | 317,600 | 5.29 |
| 1 🗐 | 65 | 52 | 60 | 55 | -10.2 | 286,100 | 25.3 | 17,960 | | 120 | 60 | 116 | 11.6 | 346,500 | 5.65 |
| HEATING | 70 | 57 | 60 | 59 | -11.2 | 315,300 | 25.8 | 18,358 | | 120 | 60 | 117 | 12.6 | 377,100 | 6.02 |
| I | 25 | 15 | 60 | 21 | -3.8 | 106,200 | 24.9 | 17,737 | 114 | 124 | 60 | | 5.6 | 165,800 | 2.74 |
| | 30 | 20 | 60 | 26 | -4.4 | 121,500 | 25.0 | 17,847 | 114 | 125 | 60 | | 6.1 | 181,400 | 2.98 |
| | 35 | 24 | 60 | 30 | -5.0 | 138,400 | 25.2 | 17,959 | 113 | 125 | 60 | | 6.7 | 198,700 | 3.24 |
| | 40 | 29 | 60 | 34 | -5.6 | 156,800 | 25.4 | 18,119 | 113 | 125 | 60 | | 7.3 | 217,700 | 3.52 |
| | 45 | 34 | 60 | 39 | -6.3 | 177,200 | 25.6 | 18,292 | 112 | 125 | 60 | 120 | 8.0 | 238,700 | 3.82 |
| | 50 | 39 | 60 | 43 | -7.1 | 199,300 | 25.9 | 18,525 | 111 | 126 | 60 | 120 | 8.8 | 261,600 | 4.14 |
| | 55 | 43 | 60 | 47 | -8.0 | 223,100 | 26.3 | 18,775 | 110 | 126 | 60 | | 9.6 | 286,300 | 4.47 |
| | 60 | 48 | 60 | 51 | -8.9 | 249,500 | 26.7 | 19,101 | 109 | 126 | 60 | | 10.6 | 313,800 | 4.81 |
| | 65 | 53 | 60 | 55 | -9.9 | 278,300 | 27.1 | 19,460 | 108 | 126 | 60 | | 11.6 | 343,800 | 5.18 |
| Ш | 70 | 57 | 60 | 59 | -11.0 | 309,400 | 27.7 | 19,902 | 107 | 127 | 60 | | 12.7 | 376,500 | 5.54 |

| | | EVAP | ORATOR | R LOOP | (Water) | | ELECTI | RICAL | | CONDE | NSER LO | OP (35% | Propyler | ne Glycol) | |
|-----|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|---------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------------|------|
| | ELT (°F) | Evap. Temp. | Flow (gpm) | LLT (°F) | Delta T (°F) | Cooling (Btu/hr) | Compressor Current (A)* | Input Power (W) | EWT (°F) | Cond. Temp. | Flow (gpm) | LWT (°F) | Delta T (°F) | Heat Rej. (Btu/hr) | EER |
| | | 36 | 60 | 45 | -8.2 | 246,200 | 15.9 | 9,899 | 50 | 72 | 60 | 60 | 10.0 | 279,000 | 24.9 |
| | | 36 | 60 | 46 | -8.0 | 240,400 | 16.5 | 10,453 | 55 | 77 | 60 | 65 | 9.8 | 275,100 | 23.0 |
| ING | | 37 | 60 | 46 | -7.8 | 235,300 | 17.2 | 11,062 | 60 | 82 | 60 | 70 | 9.7 | 272,100 | 21.3 |
| | | 37 | 60 | 46 | -7.7 | 229,900 | 18.0 | 11,731 | 65 | 87 | 60 | 75 | 9.6 | 269,000 | 19.6 |
| COO | 54 | 37 | 60 | 46 | -7.5 | 224,100 | 18.8 | 12,463 | 70 | 92 | 60 | 80 | 9.5 | 265,700 | 18.0 |
| Ö | 54 | 38 | 60 | 46 | -7.3 | 218,500 | 19.8 | 13,264 | 75 | 97 | 60 | 84 | 9.4 | 262,900 | 16.5 |
| | | 38 | 60 | 47 | -7.1 | 212,900 | 20.8 | 14,141 | 80 | 102 | 60 | 89 | 9.3 | 260,300 | 15.1 |
| | | 39 | 60 | 47 | -6.9 | 207,000 | 22.0 | 15,095 | 85 | 107 | 60 | 94 | 9.2 | 257,600 | 13.7 |
| | | 39 | 60 | 47 | -6.7 | 200,600 | 23.2 | 16,130 | 90 | 112 | 60 | 99 | 9.0 | 254,800 | 12.4 |
| | | 40 | 60 | 47 | -6.5 | 194,300 | 24.6 | 17,256 | 95 | 117 | 60 | 104 | 9.0 | 252,300 | 11.3 |

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Performance Tables - W-Series (METRIC UNITS)

W-240-H-X-*D-PP** R454b, 60 Hz, 2 x GSD60120VL (460-3-60)

*Compressor current is for 460-3-60. Multiply by 2.2 for 208-3-60, by 0.8 for 575-3-60.

| | E۱ | /APORA | TOR LO | OOP (50 | % Propy | lene Glycol, |) | ELECT | RICAL | | (| CONDE | ISER LO | OP (Wate | er) | |
|------|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|---------------------|------|----------------------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|-----------------|------|
| IRE* | ELT (°C) | Evap. Temp. | Flow (L/s) | LLT (°C) | Delta T (°C) | Ice Cooling (kW) | COPc | Compressor Current (A)* | Input Power (W) | EWT (°C) | Cond. Temp. | Flow (L/s) | LWT (°C) | Delta T (°C) | Heating (kW) | СОРн |
| | -15.0 | -19.3 | 3.8 | -16.6 | -1.6 | 22.1 | 1.93 | 18.2 | 12,634 | | 34.7 | 3.8 | 31.5 | 2.1 | 33.7 | 2.67 |
| R | -12.2 | -16.9 | 3.8 | -14.0 | -1.8 | 25.1 | 2.12 | 18.7 | 12,915 | | 34.9 | 3.8 | 31.7 | 2.3 | 37.2 | 2.88 |
| PE | -9.4 | -14.4 | 3.8 | -11.5 | -2.1 | 28.4 | 2.32 | 19.3 | 13,185 | | 35.2 | 3.8 | 32.0 | 2.6 | 40.9 | 3.10 |
| M | -6.7 | -12.0 | 3.8 | -9.0 | -2.3 | 32.0 | 2.54 | 19.9 | 13,448 | 29.4 | 35.4 | 3.8 | 32.2 | 2.8 | 44.9 | 3.34 |
| F | -3.9 | -9.6 | 3.8 | -6.5 | -2.6 | 36.0 | 2.76 | 20.4 | 13,696 | 20.4 | 35.6 | 3.8 | 32.5 | 3.1 | 49.2 | 3.59 |
| | -1.1 | -7.1 | 3.8 | -4.0 | -2.9 | 40.2 | 3.00 | 20.9 | 13,957 | | 35.8 | 3.8 | 32.8 | 3.4 | 53.8 | 3.86 |
| 2 | 1.7 | -4.7 | 3.8 | -1.5 | -3.2 | 44.8 | 3.25 | 21.5 | 14,223 | | 36.0 | 3.8 | 33.1 | 3.7 | 58.9 | 4.14 |
| | 4.4 | -2.2 | 3.8 | 8.0 | -3.6 | 49.8 | 3.51 | 22.1 | 14,500 | | 36.2 | 3.8 | 33.5 | 4.1 | 64.3 | 4.43 |

| | EVA | PORATO | R LOOP | (35% Pro | opylene (| Glycol) | ELECTI | RICAL | | (| CONDEN | SER LOC | OP (Water |) | |
|-------|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|-------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|-----------------|------|
| | ELT (°C) | Evap. Temp. | Flow (L/s) | LLT (°C) | Delta T (°C) | Heat Abs. (kW) | Compressor Current (A)* | Input Power (W) | EWT (°C) | Cond. Temp. | Flow (L/s) | LWT (°C) | Delta T (°C) | Heating (kW) | СОРн |
| | -3.9 | - 9.5 | 3.8 | -6.2 | -2.3 | 34.4 | 23.2 | 16,208 | | 46.0 | 3.8 | 43.2 | 3.2 | 50.3 | 3.10 |
| | -1.1 | -6.9 | 3.8 | -3.8 | -2.7 | 38.9 | 23.4 | 16,352 | | 46.4 | 3.8 | 43.5 | 3.5 | 54.9 | 3.36 |
| | 1.7 | -4.3 | 3.8 | -1.3 | -3.0 | 43.8 | 23.5 | 16,492 | | 46.7 | 3.8 | 43.8 | 3.8 | 60.0 | 3.64 |
| | 4.4 | -1.7 | 3.8 | 1.1 | -3.3 | 49.2 | 23.7 | 16,651 | | 47.1 | 3.8 | 44.2 | 4.2 | 65.6 | 3.94 |
| | 7.2 | 0.8 | 3.8 | 3.5 | -3.7 | 55.0 | 24.0 | 16,837 | 40 | 47.4 | 3.8 | 44.6 | 4.6 | 71.6 | 4.25 |
| | 10.0 | 3.4 | 3.8 | 5.8 | -4.2 | 61.4 | 24.2 | 17,056 | 40 | 47.7 | 3.8 | 44.9 | 4.9 | 78.2 | 4.59 |
| | 12.7 | 6.0 | 3.8 | 8.1 | -4.6 | 68.2 | 24.5 | 17,308 | | 48.1 | 3.8 | 45.4 | 5.4 | 85.3 | 4.93 |
| N S | 15.6 | 8.6 | 3.8 | 10.5 | -5.1 | 75.7 | 24.9 | 17,609 | | 48.4 | 3.8 | 45.9 | 5.9 | 93.1 | 5.29 |
| ATING | 18.3 | 11.2 | 3.8 | 12.6 | -5.7 | 83.8 | 25.3 | 17,960 | | 48.7 | 3.8 | 46.4 | 6.4 | 101.5 | 5.65 |
| HEA | 21.1 | 13.8 | 3.8 | 14.9 | -6.2 | 92.4 | 25.8 | 18,358 | | 49.1 | 3.8 | 47.0 | 7.0 | 110.5 | 6.02 |
| I | -3.9 | -9.4 | 3.8 | -6.0 | -2.1 | 31.1 | 24.9 | 17,737 | 45.8 | 51.3 | 3.8 | | 3.1 | 48.6 | 2.74 |
| | -1.1 | -6.8 | 3.8 | -3.5 | -2.4 | 35.6 | 25.0 | 17,847 | 45.5 | 51.5 | 3.8 | | 3.4 | 53.2 | 2.98 |
| | 1.7 | -4.2 | 3.8 | -1.1 | -2.8 | 40.6 | 25.2 | 17,959 | 45.2 | 51.6 | 3.8 | | 3.7 | 58.2 | 3.24 |
| | 4.4 | -1.6 | 3.8 | 1.3 | -3.1 | 46.0 | 25.4 | 18,119 | 44.8 | 51.8 | 3.8 | | 4.1 | 63.8 | 3.52 |
| | 7.2 | 1.0 | 3.8 | 3.7 | -3.5 | 51.9 | 25.6 | 18,292 | 44.4 | 51.9 | 3.8 | 49 | 4.4 | 70.0 | 3.82 |
| | 10.0 | 3.6 | 3.8 | 6.1 | -3.9 | 58.4 | 25.9 | 18,525 | 44.0 | 52.1 | 3.8 | 49 | 4.9 | 76.7 | 4.14 |
| | 12.7 | 6.2 | 3.8 | 8.3 | -4.4 | 65.4 | 26.3 | 18,775 | 43.6 | 52.2 | 3.8 | | 5.3 | 83.9 | 4.47 |
| | 15.5 | 8.8 | 3.8 | 10.6 | -4.9 | 73.1 | 26.7 | 19,101 | 43.0 | 52.3 | 3.8 | | 5.9 | 92.0 | 4.81 |
| | 18.3 | 11.4 | 3.8 | 12.8 | -5.5 | 81.6 | 27.1 | 19,460 | 42.4 | 52.4 | 3.8 | | 6.4 | 100.8 | 5.18 |
| | 21.1 | 14.0 | 3.8 | 15.0 | -6.1 | 90.7 | 27.7 | 19,902 | 41.8 | 52.6 | 3.8 | | 7.1 | 110.3 | 5.54 |

| | | EVAP | ORATOR | R LOOP | (Water) | | ELECTI | RICAL | | CONDE | NSER LO | OP (35% | Propylen | e Glycol) | |
|--------|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|-----------------|----------------------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|-----------------|-------------------|------|
| | ELT (°C) | Evap. Temp. | Flow (L/s) | LLT (°C) | Delta T (°C) | Cooling (kW) | Compressor Current (A)* | Input Power (W) | EWT (°C) | Cond. Temp. | Flow (L/s) | LWT (°C) | Delta T (°C) | Heat Rej. (kW) | COPc |
| i i | | 2 | 3.8 | 7.4 | -4.6 | 72.2 | 15.9 | 9,899 | 10.0 | 22 | 3.8 | 15.6 | 5.6 | 81.8 | 7.30 |
| 1 | | 2 | 3.8 | 7.6 | -4.4 | 70.5 | 16.5 | 10,453 | 12.8 | 25 | 3.8 | 18.2 | 5.4 | 80.6 | 6.74 |
| N S | | 3 | 3.8 | 7.7 | -4.3 | 69.0 | 17.2 | 11,062 | 15.6 | 28 | 3.8 | 21.0 | 5.4 | 79.7 | 6.24 |
| | | 3 | 3.8 | 7.7 | -4.3 | 67.4 | 18.0 | 11,731 | 18.3 | 31 | 3.8 | 23.6 | 5.3 | 78.8 | 5.74 |
| 201 | 40 | 3 | 3.8 | 7.8 | -4.2 | 65.7 | 18.8 | 12,463 | 21.1 | 33 | 3.8 | 26.4 | 5.3 | 77.9 | 5.28 |
| 00 | 12 | 3 | 3.8 | 7.9 | -4.1 | 64.0 | 19.8 | 13,264 | 23.9 | 36 | 3.8 | 29.1 | 5.2 | 77.1 | 4.84 |
| į l | | 4 | 3.8 | 8.1 | -3.9 | 62.4 | 20.8 | 14,141 | 26.7 | 39 | 3.8 | 31.9 | 5.2 | 76.3 | 4.43 |
| | | 4 | 3.8 | 8.2 | -3.8 | 60.7 | 22.0 | 15,095 | 29.4 | 42 | 3.8 | 34.5 | 5.1 | 75.5 | 4.02 |
| | | 4 | 3.8 | 8.3 | -3.7 | 58.8 | 23.2 | 16,130 | 32.2 | 44 | 3.8 | 37.2 | 5.0 | 74.7 | 3.63 |
| | | 4 | 3.8 | 8.4 | -3.6 | 56.9 | 24.6 | 17,256 | 35.0 | 47 | 3.8 | 40.0 | 5.0 | 73.9 | 3.31 |

W-300-H**-X-*D-PP R454b, 60 Hz, 2 x GSD60137VL (460-3-60)

*Compressor current is for 460-3-60. Multiply by 2.2 for 208-3-60, by 0.8 for 575-3-60.

| | E۱ | /APORA | TOR LO | OOP (50 | % Propy | lene Glycol) |) | ELECT | RICAL | | (| CONDEN | ISER LO | OP (Wat | er) | |
|-----|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|-------------------------|------|----------------------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|---------------------|------|
| RE* | ELT (°F) | Evap. Temp. | Flow (gpm) | LLT (°F) | Delta T (°F) | Ice Cooling (Btu/hr) | EER | Compressor Current (A)* | Input Power (W) | EWT (°F) | Cond. Temp. | Flow (gpm) | LWT (°F) | Delta T (°F) | Heating (Btu/hr) | СОРн |
| LT. | 5 | -3 | 72 | 2 | -2.7 | 84,200 | 6.6 | 19.8 | 14,288 | | 95 | 72 | 89 | 3.6 | 128,800 | 2.64 |
| RA | 10 | 2 | 72 | 7 | -3.1 | 96,000 | 7.2 | 20.4 | 14,609 | | 95 | 72 | 89 | 3.9 | 142,200 | 2.85 |
| PE | 15 | 6 | 72 | 12 | -3.5 | 108,900 | 7.9 | 21.0 | 14,905 | | 95 | 72 | 89 | 4.3 | 156,600 | 3.08 |
| ≥ | 20 | 10 | 72 | 16 | -3.9 | 122,700 | 8.7 | 21.6 | 15,181 | 85 | 96 | 72 | 90 | 4.8 | 171,900 | 3.32 |
| Η | 25 | 15 | 72 | 21 | -4.4 | 137,800 | 9.5 | 22.2 | 15,434 | 00 | 96 | 72 | 90 | 5.2 | 188,400 | 3.58 |
| > | 30 | 19 | 72 | 25 | -4.9 | 154,000 | 10.3 | 22.7 | 15,700 | | 97 | 72 | 91 | 5.7 | 206,000 | 3.85 |
| 2 | 35 | 24 | 72 | 30 | -5.5 | 171,500 | 11.1 | 23.3 | 15,974 | | 97 | 72 | 91 | 6.3 | 225,000 | 4.13 |
| | 40 | 28 | 72 | 34 | -6.0 | 190,200 | 12.0 | 23.9 | 16,269 | | 97 | 72 | 92 | 6.8 | 245,300 | 4.42 |

| | EVA | PORATO | R LOOP | (35% Pro | opylene (| Glycol) | ELECT | RICAL | | (| CONDEN | SER LOC | OP (Wate | r) | |
|---------|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|---------------------|------|
| | ELT (°F) | Evap. Temp. | Flow (gpm) | LLT (°F) | Delta T (°F) | Heat Abs. (Btu/hr) | Compressor Current (A)* | Input Power (W) | EWT (°F) | Cond. Temp. | Flow (gpm) | LWT (°F) | Delta T (°F) | Heating (Btu/hr) | СОРн |
| | 25 | 15 | 72 | 21 | -3.9 | 129,400 | 25.0 | 17,813 | | 115 | 72 | 109 | 5.3 | 188,800 | 3.11 |
| | 30 | 19 | 72 | 26 | -4.5 | 149,000 | 25.3 | 18,089 | | 115 | 72 | 110 | 5.8 | 209,400 | 3.39 |
| | 35 | 24 | 72 | 30 | -5.1 | 170,600 | 25.7 | 18,353 | | 116 | 72 | 111 | 6.5 | 231,900 | 3.70 |
| | 40 | 29 | 72 | 34 | -5.8 | 193,800 | 26.1 | 18,652 | | 116 | 72 | 111 | 7.1 | 256,100 | 4.02 |
| | 45 | 34 | 72 | 38 | -6.6 | 219,900 | 26.5 | 18,964 | 104 | 117 | 72 | 112 | 7.9 | 283,300 | 4.38 |
| | 50 | 38 | 72 | 43 | -7.4 | 248,100 | 27.0 | 19,340 | 104 | 117 | 72 | 113 | 8.7 | 312,800 | 4.74 |
| | 55 | 43 | 72 | 47 | -8.3 | 278,300 | 27.6 | 19,767 | | 118 | 72 | 114 | 9.6 | 344,500 | 5.11 |
| 9 | 60 | 48 | 72 | 51 | -9.3 | 312,200 | 28.2 | 20,249 | | 118 | 72 | 115 | 10.6 | 380,000 | 5.50 |
| ΙĒ | 65 | 53 | 72 | 55 | -10.4 | 348,500 | 28.9 | 20,836 | | 119 | 72 | 116 | 11.7 | 418,300 | 5.88 |
| HEATING | 70 | 58 | 72 | 59 | -11.5 | 388,300 | 29.8 | 21,499 | | 120 | 72 | 117 | 12.9 | 460,400 | 6.28 |
| I | 25 | 15 | 72 | 22 | -3.5 | 117,500 | 27.0 | 19,517 | 115 | 124 | 72 | | 5.1 | 182,700 | 2.74 |
| | 30 | 20 | 72 | 26 | -4.1 | 136,800 | 27.4 | 19,782 | 114 | 124 | 72 | | 5.7 | 203,000 | 3.01 |
| | 35 | 24 | 72 | 30 | -4.7 | 158,200 | 27.8 | 20,053 | 114 | 124 | 72 | | 6.3 | 225,300 | 3.29 |
| | 40 | 29 | 72 | 35 | -5.4 | 181,600 | 28.2 | 20,366 | 113 | 125 | 72 | | 7.0 | 249,800 | 3.59 |
| | 45 | 34 | 72 | 39 | -6.2 | 207,500 | 28.6 | 20,687 | 112 | 125 | 72 | 120 | 7.8 | 276,800 | 3.92 |
| | 50 | 39 | 72 | 43 | -7.0 | 236,100 | 29.1 | 21,055 | 111 | 125 | 72 | 120 | 8.6 | 306,600 | 4.27 |
| | 55 | 44 | 72 | 47 | -8.0 | 267,200 | 29.7 | 21,480 | 111 | 125 | 72 | | 9.5 | 339,200 | 4.63 |
| | 60 | 48 | 72 | 51 | -9.0 | 301,500 | 30.4 | 21,978 | 110 | 125 | 72 | | 10.5 | 375,200 | 5.00 |
| | 65 | 53 | 72 | 55 | -10.1 | 338,600 | 31.2 | 22,587 | 108 | 126 | 72 | | 11.6 | 414,400 | 5.38 |
| | 70 | 58 | 72 | 59 | -11.3 | 379,100 | 32.1 | 23,275 | 107 | 126 | 72 | | 12.8 | 457,200 | 5.76 |

| | | EVAF | ORATOR | R LOOP | (Water) | | ELECTI | RICAL | | CONDE | NSER LO | OP (35% | Propyler | e Glycol) | |
|-----|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|---------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------------|------|
| | ELT (°F) | Evap. Temp. | Flow (gpm) | LLT (°F) | Delta T (°F) | Cooling (Btu/hr) | Compressor Current (A)* | Input Power (W) | EWT (°F) | Cond. Temp. | Flow (gpm) | LWT (°F) | Delta T (°F) | Heat Rej. (Btu/hr) | EER |
| | | 35 | 72 | 45 | -8.2 | 294,300 | 17.7 | 11,705 | 50 | 71 | 72 | 60 | 9.9 | 333,000 | 25.1 |
| | | 35 | 72 | 46 | -8.0 | 288,200 | 18.5 | 12,353 | 55 | 76 | 72 | 65 | 9.8 | 329,100 | 23.3 |
| NG | | 36 | 72 | 46 | -7.8 | 281,900 | 19.3 | 13,073 | 60 | 82 | 72 | 70 | 9.7 | 325,300 | 21.6 |
| | | 36 | 72 | 46 | -7.7 | 276,300 | 20.3 | 13,868 | 65 | 87 | 72 | 75 | 9.6 | 322,400 | 19.9 |
| COO | 54 | 37 | 72 | 46 | -7.5 | 270,200 | 21.4 | 14,760 | 70 | 92 | 72 | 80 | 9.5 | 319,400 | 18.3 |
| Ö | 54 | 38 | 72 | 46 | -7.4 | 264,500 | 22.7 | 15,755 | 75 | 97 | 72 | 84 | 9.4 | 317,100 | 16.8 |
| | | 38 | 72 | 46 | -7.2 | 258,400 | 24.1 | 16,852 | 80 | 103 | 72 | 89 | 9.3 | 314,700 | 15.3 |
| | | 39 | 72 | 47 | -7.0 | 252,700 | 25.6 | 18,054 | 85 | 108 | 72 | 94 | 9.3 | 313,200 | 14.0 |
| | | 39 | 72 | 47 | -6.9 | 246,400 | 27.3 | 19,394 | 90 | 113 | 72 | 99 | 9.2 | 311,400 | 12.7 |
| | | 40 | 72 | 47 | -6.7 | 240,200 | 29.2 | 20,872 | 95 | 119 | 72 | 104 | 9.2 | 310,300 | 11.5 |

W-300-H-X-*D-PP** R454b, 60 Hz, 2 x GSD60137VL (460-3-60)

*Compressor current is for 460-3-60. Multiply by 2.2 for 208-3-60, by 0.8 for 575-3-60.

| | ΕV | /APORA | TOR LO | OOP (50 | % Propy | lene Glycol, |) | ELECT | RICAL | | (| CONDE | ISER LO | OP (Wate | er) | |
|-----|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|---------------------|------|----------------------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|-----------------|------|
| RE* | ELT (°C) | Evap. Temp. | Flow (L/s) | LLT (°C) | Delta T (°C) | Ice Cooling (kW) | COPc | Compressor Current (A)* | Input Power (W) | EWT (°C) | Cond. Temp. | Flow (L/s) | LWT (°C) | Delta T (°C) | Heating (kW) | СОРн |
| 12 | -15.0 | -19.4 | 4.5 | -16.5 | -1.5 | 24.7 | 1.93 | 19.8 | 14,288 | | 34.8 | 4.5 | 31.4 | 2.0 | 37.8 | 2.64 |
| RA | -12.2 | -16.9 | 4.5 | -13.9 | -1.7 | 28.1 | 2.12 | 20.4 | 14,609 | | 35.0 | 4.5 | 31.6 | 2.2 | 41.7 | 2.85 |
| Ы | -9.4 | -14.5 | 4.5 | -11.3 | -1.9 | 31.9 | 2.32 | 21.0 | 14,905 | | 35.2 | 4.5 | 31.8 | 2.4 | 45.9 | 3.08 |
| MP | -6.7 | -12.1 | 4.5 | -8.9 | -2.2 | 36.0 | 2.54 | 21.6 | 15,181 | 29.4 | 35.4 | 4.5 | 32.1 | 2.7 | 50.4 | 3.32 |
| 빝 | -3.9 | -9.6 | 4.5 | -6.3 | -2.4 | 40.4 | 2.77 | 22.2 | 15,434 | 20.4 | 35.6 | 4.5 | 32.3 | 2.9 | 55.2 | 3.58 |
| | -1.1 | -7.2 | 4.5 | -3.8 | -2.7 | 45.1 | 3.01 | 22.7 | 15,700 | | 35.8 | 4.5 | 32.6 | 3.2 | 60.4 | 3.85 |
| 2 | 1.7 | -4.7 | 4.5 | -1.4 | -3.1 | 50.3 | 3.26 | 23.3 | 15,974 | | 36.1 | 4.5 | 32.9 | 3.5 | 65.9 | 4.13 |
| | 4.4 | -2.3 | 4.5 | 1.1 | -3.3 | 55.7 | 3.51 | 23.9 | 16,269 | | 36.3 | 4.5 | 33.2 | 3.8 | 71.9 | 4.42 |

| | EVA | PORATO | R LOOP | (35% Pro | opylene (| Glycol) | ELECTI | RICAL | | (| CONDEN | SER LOC | OP (Water |) | |
|-------|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|-------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|-----------------|------|
| | ELT (°C) | Evap. Temp. | Flow (L/s) | LLT (°C) | Delta T (°C) | Heat Abs. (kW) | Compressor Current (A)* | Input Power (W) | EWT (°C) | Cond. Temp. | Flow (L/s) | LWT (°C) | Delta T (°C) | Heating (kW) | СОРн |
| | -3.9 | -9.7 | 4.5 | -6.1 | -2.2 | 37.9 | 25.0 | 17,813 | | 45.8 | 4.5 | 42.9 | 2.9 | 55.3 | 3.11 |
| | -1.1 | -7.1 | 4.5 | -3.6 | -2.5 | 43.7 | 25.3 | 18,089 | | 46.2 | 4.5 | 43.2 | 3.2 | 61.4 | 3.39 |
| | 1.7 | -4.4 | 4.5 | -1.1 | -2.8 | 50.0 | 25.7 | 18,353 | | 46.4 | 4.5 | 43.6 | 3.6 | 68.0 | 3.70 |
| | 4.4 | -1.8 | 4.5 | 1.2 | -3.2 | 56.8 | 26.1 | 18,652 | | 46.8 | 4.5 | 43.9 | 3.9 | 75.1 | 4.02 |
| | 7.2 | 0.9 | 4.5 | 3.5 | -3.7 | 64.5 | 26.5 | 18,964 | 40 | 47.1 | 4.5 | 44.4 | 4.4 | 83.0 | 4.38 |
| | 10.0 | 3.6 | 4.5 | 5.9 | -4.1 | 72.7 | 27.0 | 19,340 | 40 | 47.4 | 4.5 | 44.8 | 4.8 | 91.7 | 4.74 |
| | 12.7 | 6.2 | 4.5 | 8.1 | -4.6 | 81.6 | 27.6 | 19,767 | | 47.7 | 4.5 | 45.3 | 5.3 | 101.0 | 5.11 |
| ATING | 15.5 | 8.8 | 4.5 | 10.3 | -5.2 | 91.5 | 28.2 | 20,249 | | 48.0 | 4.5 | 45.9 | 5.9 | 111.4 | 5.50 |
| 11長 | 18.3 | 11.5 | 4.5 | 12.5 | -5.8 | 102.1 | 28.9 | 20,836 | | 48.3 | 4.5 | 46.5 | 6.5 | 122.6 | 5.88 |
| HEA | 21.1 | 14.2 | 4.5 | 14.7 | -6.4 | 113.8 | 29.8 | 21,499 | | 48.6 | 4.5 | 47.2 | 7.2 | 134.9 | 6.28 |
| I | -3.9 | -9.6 | 4.5 | -5.8 | -1.9 | 34.4 | 27.0 | 19,517 | 46.1 | 51.0 | 4.5 | | 2.8 | 53.5 | 2.74 |
| | -1.1 | -6.9 | 4.5 | -3.4 | -2.3 | 40.1 | 27.4 | 19,782 | 45.7 | 51.1 | 4.5 | | 3.2 | 59.5 | 3.01 |
| | 1.7 | -4.3 | 4.5 | -0.9 | -2.6 | 46.4 | 27.8 | 20,053 | 45.4 | 51.2 | 4.5 | | 3.5 | 66.0 | 3.29 |
| | 4.4 | -1.6 | 4.5 | 1.4 | -3.0 | 53.2 | 28.2 | 20,366 | 45.0 | 51.4 | 4.5 | | 3.9 | 73.2 | 3.59 |
| | 7.2 | 1.1 | 4.5 | 3.8 | -3.4 | 60.8 | 28.6 | 20,687 | 44.6 | 51.5 | 4.5 | 49 | 4.3 | 81.1 | 3.92 |
| | 10.0 | 3.7 | 4.5 | 6.1 | -3.9 | 69.2 | 29.1 | 21,055 | 44.1 | 51.6 | 4.5 | 43 | 4.8 | 89.9 | 4.27 |
| | 12.8 | 6.4 | 4.5 | 8.4 | -4.4 | 78.3 | 29.7 | 21,480 | 43.6 | 51.7 | 4.5 | | 5.3 | 99.4 | 4.63 |
| | 15.6 | 9.1 | 4.5 | 10.6 | - 5.0 | 88.4 | 30.4 | 21,978 | 43.1 | 51.8 | 4.5 | | 5.8 | 110.0 | 5.00 |
| | 18.3 | 11.7 | 4.5 | 12.7 | -5.6 | 99.2 | 31.2 | 22,587 | 42.4 | 52.0 | 4.5 | | 6.4 | 121.4 | 5.38 |
| | 21.1 | 14.4 | 4.5 | 14.8 | -6.3 | 111.1 | 32.1 | 23,275 | 41.8 | 52.1 | 4.5 | | 7.1 | 134.0 | 5.76 |

| | | EVAP | ORATOR | R LOOP | (Water) | | ELECT | RICAL | | CONDE | NSER LO | OP (35% | Propyler | e Glycol) | |
|-----|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|-----------------|----------------------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|-----------------|-------------------|------|
| | ELT (°C) | Evap. Temp. | Flow (L/s) | LLT (°C) | Delta T (°C) | Cooling (kW) | Compressor Current (A)* | Input Power (W) | EWT (°C) | Cond. Temp. | Flow (L/s) | LWT (°C) | Delta T (°C) | Heat Rej. (kW) | COPc |
| 1 | | 2 | 4.5 | 7.4 | -4.6 | 86.3 | 17.7 | 11,705 | 10.0 | 22 | 4.5 | 15.5 | 5.5 | 97.6 | 7.36 |
| 1 | | 2 | 4.5 | 7.6 | -4.4 | 84.5 | 18.5 | 12,353 | 12.8 | 25 | 4.5 | 18.2 | 5.4 | 96.5 | 6.83 |
| NG | | 2 | 4.5 | 7.7 | -4.3 | 82.6 | 19.3 | 13,073 | 15.6 | 28 | 4.5 | 21.0 | 5.4 | 95.3 | 6.33 |
| | | 2 | 4.5 | 7.7 | -4.3 | 81.0 | 20.3 | 13,868 | 18.3 | 30 | 4.5 | 23.6 | 5.3 | 94.5 | 5.83 |
| | 40 | 3 | 4.5 | 7.8 | -4.2 | 79.2 | 21.4 | 14,760 | 21.1 | 33 | 4.5 | 26.4 | 5.3 | 93.6 | 5.36 |
| 8 | 12 | 3 | 4.5 | 7.9 | -4.1 | 77.5 | 22.7 | 15,755 | 23.9 | 36 | 4.5 | 29.1 | 5.2 | 92.9 | 4.92 |
| į I | | 3 | 4.5 | 8.0 | -4.0 | 75.7 | 24.1 | 16,852 | 26.7 | 39 | 4.5 | 31.9 | 5.2 | 92.2 | 4.48 |
| | | 4 | 4.5 | 8.1 | -3.9 | 74.1 | 25.6 | 18,054 | 29.4 | 42 | 4.5 | 34.6 | 5.2 | 91.8 | 4.10 |
| | | 4 | 4.5 | 8.2 | -3.8 | 72.2 | 27.3 | 19,394 | 32.2 | 45 | 4.5 | 37.3 | 5.1 | 91.3 | 3.72 |
| | | 4 | 4.5 | 8.3 | -3.7 | 70.4 | 29.2 | 20,872 | 35.0 | 48 | 4.5 | 40.1 | 5.1 | 90.9 | 3.37 |

W-400-H-X-*D-PP** R454b, 60 Hz, 2 x GSD60182VL (460-3-60)

*Compressor current is for 460-3-60. Multiply by 2.2 for 208-3-60, by 0.8 for 575-3-60.

| | E۱ | /APORA | TOR LO | OOP (50 | % Propy | lene Glycol) |) | ELECT | RICAL | | (| CONDEN | ISER LO | OP (Wat | er) | |
|-----|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|-------------------------|------|----------------------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|---------------------|------|
| RE* | ELT (°F) | Evap. Temp. | Flow (gpm) | LLT (°F) | Delta T (°F) | Ice Cooling (Btu/hr) | EER | Compressor Current (A)* | Input Power (W) | EWT (°F) | Cond. Temp. | Flow (gpm) | LWT (°F) | Delta T (°F) | Heating (Btu/hr) | СОРн |
| J. | 5 | -3 | 100 | 2 | -2.6 | 112,300 | 6.8 | 25.6 | 18,552 | | 94 | 100 | 88 | 3.4 | 169,900 | 2.68 |
| RA | 10 | 2 | 100 | 7 | -3.0 | 128,000 | 7.5 | 26.5 | 18,976 | | 95 | 100 | 89 | 3.7 | 187,800 | 2.90 |
| PE | 15 | 6 | 100 | 12 | -3.4 | 145,200 | 8.2 | 27.4 | 19,397 | | 95 | 100 | 89 | 4.1 | 207,100 | 3.13 |
| ≥ | 20 | 11 | 100 | 16 | -3.8 | 163,700 | 8.9 | 28.4 | 19,819 | 85 | 96 | 100 | 90 | 4.6 | 227,800 | 3.37 |
| Η | 25 | 15 | 100 | 21 | -4.2 | 183,900 | 9.7 | 29.3 | 20,223 | 00 | 96 | 100 | 90 | 5.0 | 250,100 | 3.62 |
| > | 30 | 19 | 100 | 25 | -4.7 | 205,500 | 10.4 | 30.2 | 20,659 | | 96 | 100 | 91 | 5.5 | 274,000 | 3.89 |
| 2 | 35 | 24 | 100 | 30 | -5.3 | 229,100 | 11.3 | 31.2 | 21,109 | | 97 | 100 | 91 | 6.0 | 299,800 | 4.16 |
| | 40 | 28 | 100 | 34 | -5.8 | 254,300 | 12.1 | 32.1 | 21,579 | | 97 | 100 | 92 | 6.6 | 327,400 | 4.45 |

| | EVA | PORATO | R LOOP | (35% Pro | opylene (| Glycol) | ELECTI | RICAL | | (| CONDEN | SER LOC | OP (Wate | r) | |
|---------|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|---------------------|------|
| | ELT (°F) | Evap. Temp. | Flow (gpm) | LLT (°F) | Delta T (°F) | Heat Abs. (Btu/hr) | Compressor Current (A)* | Input Power (W) | EWT (°F) | Cond. Temp. | Flow (gpm) | LWT (°F) | Delta T (°F) | Heating (Btu/hr) | СОРн |
| | 25 | 14 | 100 | 22 | -3.4 | 158,300 | 32.8 | 23,392 | | 115 | 100 | 109 | 4.7 | 236,300 | 2.96 |
| | 30 | 19 | 100 | 26 | -4.0 | 184,700 | 33.2 | 23,726 | | 116 | 100 | 109 | 5.3 | 263,900 | 3.26 |
| | 35 | 24 | 100 | 30 | -4.6 | 213,500 | 33.7 | 24,039 | | 116 | 100 | 110 | 5.9 | 293,800 | 3.58 |
| | 40 | 29 | 100 | 35 | -5.3 | 245,100 | 34.1 | 24,388 | | 117 | 100 | 111 | 6.6 | 326,600 | 3.92 |
| | 45 | 34 | 100 | 39 | -6.0 | 280,900 | 34.6 | 24,729 | 104 | 117 | 100 | 111 | 7.3 | 363,600 | 4.31 |
| | 50 | 39 | 100 | 43 | -6.9 | 319,300 | 35.1 | 25,121 | 104 | 118 | 100 | 112 | 8.1 | 403,300 | 4.71 |
| | 55 | 43 | 100 | 47 | -7.7 | 361,200 | 35.6 | 25,540 | | 119 | 100 | 113 | 9.0 | 446,700 | 5.13 |
| 9 | 60 | 48 | 100 | 51 | -8.7 | 407,700 | 36.2 | 25,967 | | 119 | 100 | 114 | 9.9 | 494,600 | 5.58 |
| Ē | 65 | 53 | 100 | 55 | -9.8 | 458,800 | 36.8 | 26,470 | | 120 | 100 | 115 | 11.0 | 547,500 | 6.06 |
| HEATING | 70 | 58 | 100 | 59 | -11.0 | 513,600 | 37.5 | 26,986 | | 120 | 100 | 116 | 12.1 | 604,100 | 6.56 |
| I | 25 | 15 | 100 | 22 | -3.1 | 142,900 | 35.5 | 25,680 | 115 | 124 | 100 | | 4.6 | 228,700 | 2.61 |
| | 30 | 20 | 100 | 26 | -3.6 | 168,900 | 35.9 | 25,982 | 115 | 125 | 100 | | 5.1 | 255,800 | 2.89 |
| | 35 | 24 | 100 | 31 | -4.3 | 197,300 | 36.3 | 26,284 | 114 | 125 | 100 | | 5.7 | 285,200 | 3.18 |
| | 40 | 29 | 100 | 35 | -4.9 | 229,200 | 36.8 | 26,625 | 114 | 125 | 100 | | 6.4 | 318,300 | 3.50 |
| | 45 | 34 | 100 | 39 | -5.7 | 264,300 | 37.2 | 26,948 | 113 | 125 | 100 | 120 | 7.1 | 354,500 | 3.86 |
| | 50 | 39 | 100 | 44 | -6.5 | 303,800 | 37.7 | 27,296 | 112 | 126 | 100 | 120 | 8.0 | 395,200 | 4.24 |
| | 55 | 44 | 100 | 48 | -7.4 | 346,500 | 38.2 | 27,666 | 111 | 126 | 100 | | 8.9 | 439,200 | 4.65 |
| | 60 | 49 | 100 | 52 | -8.5 | 394,400 | 38.8 | 28,073 | 110 | 126 | 100 | | 9.9 | 488,500 | 5.10 |
| | 65 | 53 | 100 | 55 | -9.5 | 445,800 | 39.4 | 28,550 | 109 | 126 | 100 | | 10.9 | 541,600 | 5.56 |
| | 70 | 58 | 100 | 59 | -10.8 | 503,200 | 40.1 | 29,047 | 108 | 126 | 100 | | 12.1 | 600,700 | 6.06 |

| | | EVAF | ORATOR | R LOOP | (Water) | | ELECTI | RICAL | | CONDE | NSER LO | OP (35% | Propyler | e Glycol) | |
|-----|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|---------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------------|------|
| | ELT (°F) | Evap. Temp. | Flow (gpm) | LLT (°F) | Delta T (°F) | Cooling (Btu/hr) | Compressor Current (A)* | Input Power (W) | EWT (°F) | Cond. Temp. | Flow (gpm) | LWT (°F) | Delta T (°F) | Heat Rej. (Btu/hr) | EER |
| | | 35 | 100 | 46 | -7.7 | 382,600 | 24.0 | 15,326 | 50 | 72 | 100 | 59 | 9.3 | 433,200 | 25.0 |
| | | 35 | 100 | 46 | -7.6 | 377,500 | 25.1 | 16,278 | 55 | 77 | 100 | 64 | 9.3 | 431,400 | 23.2 |
| ING | | 36 | 100 | 46 | -7.5 | 372,100 | 26.3 | 17,341 | 60 | 82 | 100 | 69 | 9.2 | 429,600 | 21.5 |
| | | 36 | 100 | 46 | -7.3 | 366,500 | 27.7 | 18,501 | 65 | 87 | 100 | 74 | 9.2 | 428,000 | 19.8 |
| COO | 54 | 37 | 100 | 46 | -7.2 | 360,500 | 29.2 | 19,797 | 70 | 93 | 100 | 79 | 9.1 | 426,400 | 18.2 |
| Ö | 54 | 37 | 100 | 47 | -7.1 | 354,000 | 30.9 | 21,221 | 75 | 98 | 100 | 84 | 9.1 | 424,800 | 16.7 |
| | | 38 | 100 | 47 | -7.0 | 347,300 | 32.8 | 22,776 | 80 | 103 | 100 | 89 | 9.0 | 423,400 | 15.2 |
| | | 38 | 100 | 47 | -6.8 | 340,300 | 34.8 | 24,441 | 85 | 108 | 100 | 94 | 9.0 | 422,100 | 13.9 |
| | | 39 | 100 | 47 | -6.7 | 332,900 | 37.1 | 26,273 | 90 | 114 | 100 | 99 | 9.0 | 421,000 | 12.7 |
| | | 39 | 100 | 47 | -6.5 | 324,900 | 39.6 | 28,254 | 95 | 119 | 100 | 104 | 8.9 | 419,700 | 11.5 |

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Performance Tables - W-Series (METRIC UNITS)

W-400-H-X-*D-PP** R454b, 60 Hz, 2 x GSD60182VL (460-3-60)

*Compressor current is for 460-3-60. Multiply by 2.2 for 208-3-60, by 0.8 for 575-3-60.

METRIC

| | E۱ | VAPORA | TOR LO | OOP (50 | % Propy | lene Glycol) |) | ELECT | RICAL | | C | CONDEN | ISER LO | OP (Wate | er) | |
|-----|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|---------------------|------|----------------------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|-----------------|------|
| RE* | ELT (°C) | Evap. Temp. | Flow (L/s) | LLT (°C) | Delta T (°C) | Ice Cooling (kW) | COPc | Compressor Current (A)* | Input Power (W) | EWT (°C) | Cond. Temp. | Flow (L/s) | LWT (°C) | Delta T (°C) | Heating (kW) | СОРн |
| | -15.0 | -19.3 | 6.3 | -16.4 | -1.4 | 32.9 | 2.00 | 25.6 | 18,552 | | 34.7 | 6.3 | 31.3 | 1.9 | 49.8 | 2.68 |
| RA | -12.2 | -16.8 | 6.3 | -13.9 | -1.7 | 37.5 | 2.19 | 26.5 | 18,976 | | 34.9 | 6.3 | 31.5 | 2.1 | 55.0 | 2.90 |
| MPE | -9.4 | -14.4 | 6.3 | -11.3 | -1.9 | 42.6 | 2.39 | 27.4 | 19,397 | | 35.1 | 6.3 | 31.7 | 2.3 | 60.7 | 3.13 |
| ≥ | -6.7 | -11.9 | 6.3 | -8.8 | -2.1 | 48.0 | 2.61 | 28.4 | 19,819 | 29.4 | 35.3 | 6.3 | 32.0 | 2.6 | 66.8 | 3.37 |
| 끧 | -3.9 | - 9.5 | 6.3 | -6.2 | -2.3 | 53.9 | 2.83 | 29.3 | 20,223 | 20.4 | 35.5 | 6.3 | 32.2 | 2.8 | 73.3 | 3.62 |
| | -1.1 | -7.1 | 6.3 | -3.7 | -2.6 | 60.2 | 3.06 | 30.2 | 20,659 | | 35.7 | 6.3 | 32.5 | 3.1 | 80.3 | 3.89 |
| 1 2 | 1.7 | -4.6 | 6.3 | -1.2 | -2.9 | 67.1 | 3.30 | 31.2 | 21,109 | | 35.9 | 6.3 | 32.7 | 3.3 | 87.9 | 4.16 |
| | 4.4 | -2.2 | 6.3 | 1.2 | -3.2 | 74.5 | 3.54 | 32.1 | 21,579 | | 36.2 | 6.3 | 33.1 | 3.7 | 96.0 | 4.45 |

| | EVA | PORATO | R LOOP | (35% Pro | opylene (| Glycol) | ELECTI | RICAL | | (| CONDEN | SER LO | OP (Water |) | |
|-------|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|-------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|-----------------|------|
| | ELT (°C) | Evap. Temp. | Flow (L/s) | LLT (°C) | Delta T (°C) | Heat Abs. (kW) | Compressor Current (A)* | Input Power (W) | EWT (°C) | Cond. Temp. | Flow (L/s) | LWT (°C) | Delta T (°C) | Heating (kW) | СОРн |
| | -3.9 | -9.8 | 6.3 | -5.8 | -1.9 | 46.4 | 32.8 | 23,392 | | 46.2 | 6.3 | 42.6 | 2.6 | 69.3 | 2.96 |
| | -1.1 | -7.1 | 6.3 | -3.3 | -2.2 | 54.1 | 33.2 | 23,726 | | 46.6 | 6.3 | 42.9 | 2.9 | 77.3 | 3.26 |
| | 1.7 | -4.4 | 6.3 | -0.9 | -2.6 | 62.6 | 33.7 | 24,039 | | 46.8 | 6.3 | 43.3 | 3.3 | 86.1 | 3.58 |
| | 4.4 | -1.7 | 6.3 | 1.5 | -2.9 | 71.8 | 34.1 | 24,388 | | 47.2 | 6.3 | 43.7 | 3.7 | 95.7 | 3.92 |
| | 7.2 | 1.0 | 6.3 | 3.9 | -3.3 | 82.3 | 34.6 | 24,729 | 40 | 47.4 | 6.3 | 44.1 | 4.1 | 106.6 | 4.31 |
| | 10.0 | 3.7 | 6.3 | 6.2 | -3.8 | 93.6 | 35.1 | 25,121 | 40 | 47.8 | 6.3 | 44.5 | 4.5 | 118.2 | 4.71 |
| | 12.8 | 6.3 | 6.3 | 8.5 | -4.3 | 105.9 | 35.6 | 25,540 | | 48.1 | 6.3 | 45.0 | 5.0 | 130.9 | 5.13 |
| ATING | 15.5 | 9.0 | 6.3 | 10.7 | -4.8 | 119.5 | 36.2 | 25,967 | | 48.4 | 6.3 | 45.5 | 5.5 | 145.0 | 5.58 |
| ΙĒ | 18.3 | 11.7 | 6.3 | 12.9 | -5.4 | 134.5 | 36.8 | 26,470 | | 48.7 | 6.3 | 46.1 | 6.1 | 160.5 | 6.06 |
| HEA | 21.1 | 14.4 | 6.3 | 15.0 | -6.1 | 150.5 | 37.5 | 26,986 | | 49.0 | 6.3 | 46.7 | 6.7 | 177.0 | 6.56 |
| 工 | -3.9 | -9.7 | 6.3 | -5.6 | -1.7 | 41.9 | 35.5 | 25,680 | 46.3 | 51.3 | 6.3 | | 2.6 | 67.0 | 2.61 |
| | -1.1 | -6.9 | 6.3 | -3.1 | -2.0 | 49.5 | 35.9 | 25,982 | 46.1 | 51.4 | 6.3 | | 2.8 | 75.0 | 2.89 |
| | 1.7 | -4.3 | 6.3 | -0.7 | -2.4 | 57.8 | 36.3 | 26,284 | 45.7 | 51.6 | 6.3 | | 3.2 | 83.6 | 3.18 |
| | 4.4 | -1.6 | 6.3 | 1.7 | -2.7 | 67.2 | 36.8 | 26,625 | 45.3 | 51.7 | 6.3 | | 3.6 | 93.3 | 3.50 |
| | 7.2 | 1.1 | 6.3 | 4.0 | -3.2 | 77.5 | 37.2 | 26,948 | 44.9 | 51.8 | 6.3 | 49 | 3.9 | 103.9 | 3.86 |
| | 10.0 | 3.8 | 6.3 | 6.4 | -3.6 | 89.0 | 37.7 | 27,296 | 44.4 | 51.9 | 6.3 | 49 | 4.4 | 115.8 | 4.24 |
| | 12.7 | 6.5 | 6.3 | 8.6 | -4.1 | 101.5 | 38.2 | 27,666 | 43.9 | 52.1 | 6.3 | | 4.9 | 128.7 | 4.65 |
| | 15.6 | 9.2 | 6.3 | 10.9 | -4.7 | 115.6 | 38.8 | 28,073 | 43.4 | 52.2 | 6.3 | | 5.5 | 143.2 | 5.10 |
| | 18.3 | 11.9 | 6.3 | 13.0 | -5.3 | 130.7 | 39.4 | 28,550 | 42.8 | 52.3 | 6.3 | | 6.1 | 158.7 | 5.56 |
| | 21.1 | 14.6 | 6.3 | 15.1 | -6.0 | 147.5 | 40.1 | 29,047 | 42.2 | 52.4 | 6.3 | | 6.7 | 176.0 | 6.06 |

| | | EVAP | ORATOR | R LOOP | (Water) | | ELECTI | RICAL | | CONDE | ISER LO | OP (35% | Propyler | e Glycol) | |
|-----|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|-----------------|----------------------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|-----------------|-------------------|------|
| | ELT (°C) | Evap. Temp. | Flow (L/s) | LLT (°C) | Delta T (°C) | Cooling (kW) | Compressor Current (A)* | Input Power (W) | EWT (°C) | Cond. Temp. | Flow (L/s) | LWT (°C) | Delta T (°C) | Heat Rej. (kW) | COPc |
| | | 2 | 6.3 | 7.7 | -4.3 | 112.1 | 24.0 | 15,326 | 10.0 | 22 | 6.3 | 15.2 | 5.2 | 127.0 | 7.33 |
| | | 2 | 6.3 | 7.8 | -4.2 | 110.6 | 25.1 | 16,278 | 12.8 | 25 | 6.3 | 18.0 | 5.2 | 126.4 | 6.80 |
| NG | | 2 | 6.3 | 7.8 | -4.2 | 109.1 | 26.3 | 17,341 | 15.6 | 28 | 6.3 | 20.7 | 5.1 | 125.9 | 6.30 |
| | | 2 | 6.3 | 7.9 | -4.1 | 107.4 | 27.7 | 18,501 | 18.3 | 31 | 6.3 | 23.4 | 5.1 | 125.4 | 5.80 |
|)OC | 40 | 3 | 6.3 | 8.0 | -4.0 | 105.7 | 29.2 | 19,797 | 21.1 | 34 | 6.3 | 26.2 | 5.1 | 125.0 | 5.33 |
| 00 | 12 | 3 | 6.3 | 8.1 | -3.9 | 103.7 | 30.9 | 21,221 | 23.9 | 37 | 6.3 | 29.0 | 5.1 | 124.5 | 4.89 |
| i | | 3 | 6.3 | 8.1 | -3.9 | 101.8 | 32.8 | 22,776 | 26.7 | 40 | 6.3 | 31.7 | 5.0 | 124.1 | 4.45 |
| i | | 4 | 6.3 | 8.2 | -3.8 | 99.7 | 34.8 | 24,441 | 29.4 | 42 | 6.3 | 34.4 | 5.0 | 123.7 | 4.07 |
| | | 4 | 6.3 | 8.3 | -3.7 | 97.6 | 37.1 | 26,273 | 32.2 | 45 | 6.3 | 37.2 | 5.0 | 123.4 | 3.72 |
| | | 4 | 6.3 | 8.4 | -3.6 | 95.2 | 39.6 | 28,254 | 35.0 | 48 | 6.3 | 39.9 | 4.9 | 123.0 | 3.37 |

W-500-H**-X-*D-PP R454b, 60 Hz, 2 x GSD60235VL (460-3-60)

*Compressor current is for 460-3-60. Multiply by 0.8 for 575-3-60.

| | E۱ | /APORA | TOR LO | OOP (50 | % Propy | lene Glycol) | | ELECT | RICAL | | (| CONDEN | ISER LC | OP (Wat | er) | |
|-----|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|-------------------------|------|----------------------------|--------|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|---------------------|------|
| RE* | ELT (°F) | Evap. Temp. | Flow (gpm) | LLT (°F) | Delta T (°F) | Ice Cooling (Btu/hr) | EER | Compressor Current (A)* | | EWT (°F) | Cond. Temp. | Flow (gpm) | LWT (°F) | Delta T (°F) | Heating (Btu/hr) | СОРн |
| 12 | 5 | -3 | 120 | 2 | -2.9 | 147,300 | 6.9 | 35.0 | 24,530 | | 95 | 120 | 89 | 3.7 | 222,600 | 2.66 |
| R | 10 | 2 | 120 | 7 | -3.2 | 167,600 | 7.5 | 36.2 | 25,093 | | 95 | 120 | 89 | 4.1 | 245,700 | 2.87 |
| PE | 15 | 6 | 120 | 11 | -3.7 | 189,800 | 8.3 | 37.3 | 25,623 | | 95 | 120 | 90 | 4.5 | 270,600 | 3.10 |
| ≥ | 20 | 10 | 120 | 16 | -4.1 | 213,900 | 9.0 | 38.4 | 26,128 | 85 | 96 | 120 | 90 | 4.9 | 297,300 | 3.33 |
| μ | 25 | 15 | 120 | 20 | -4.6 | 240,300 | 9.8 | 39.5 | 26,593 | 00 | 96 | 120 | 90 | 5.4 | 326,200 | 3.59 |
| > | 30 | 19 | 120 | 25 | -5.1 | 268,800 | 10.6 | 40.5 | 27,080 | | 96 | 120 | 91 | 5.9 | 357,300 | 3.87 |
| 2 | 35 | 24 | 120 | 29 | -5.7 | 299,900 | 11.5 | 41.6 | 27,576 | | 97 | 120 | 92 | 6.5 | 390,900 | 4.15 |
| | 40 | 28 | 120 | 34 | -6.4 | 333,500 | 12.5 | 42.7 | 28,096 | | 97 | 120 | 92 | 7.1 | 427,200 | 4.46 |

| | EVA | PORATO | R LOOP | (35% Pro | opylene (| Glycol) | ELECTI | RICAL | | (| CONDEN | SER LOC | OP (Wate | r) | |
|---------|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|---------------------|------|
| | ELT (°F) | Evap. Temp. | Flow (gpm) | LLT (°F) | Delta T (°F) | Heat Abs. (Btu/hr) | Compressor Current (A)* | Input Power (W) | EWT (°F) | Cond. Temp. | Flow (gpm) | LWT (°F) | Delta T (°F) | Heating (Btu/hr) | СОРн |
| | 25 | 15 | 120 | 21 | -3.9 | 214,700 | 45.6 | 31,777 | | 115 | 120 | 109 | 5.3 | 319,800 | 2.95 |
| | 30 | 20 | 120 | 26 | -4.5 | 247,600 | 45.8 | 31,980 | | 116 | 120 | 110 | 5.9 | 353,500 | 3.24 |
| | 35 | 24 | 120 | 30 | -5.1 | 283,900 | 46.1 | 32,158 | | 116 | 120 | 111 | 6.5 | 390,500 | 3.56 |
| | 40 | 29 | 120 | 34 | -5.8 | 323,800 | 46.4 | 32,391 | | 117 | 120 | 111 | 7.2 | 431,300 | 3.90 |
| | 45 | 34 | 120 | 38 | -6.6 | 368,000 | 46.7 | 32,632 | 104 | 117 | 120 | 112 | 8.0 | 476,400 | 4.28 |
| | 50 | 39 | 120 | 43 | -7.4 | 416,300 | 47.1 | 32,962 | 104 | 118 | 120 | 113 | 8.8 | 525,900 | 4.68 |
| 1 | 55 | 44 | 120 | 47 | -8.4 | 468,900 | 47.6 | 33,366 | | 119 | 120 | 114 | 9.7 | 580,000 | 5.09 |
| 9 | 60 | 48 | 120 | 51 | -9.4 | 526,900 | 48.1 | 33,825 | | 119 | 120 | 115 | 10.7 | 639,600 | 5.54 |
| ΙĒΙ | 65 | 53 | 120 | 55 | -10.5 | 589,500 | 48.8 | 34,424 | | 120 | 120 | 116 | 11.8 | 704,400 | 6.00 |
| HEATING | 70 | 58 | 120 | 58 | -11.7 | 657,900 | 49.7 | 35,110 | | 120 | 120 | 117 | 13.0 | 775,200 | 6.47 |
| I | 25 | 15 | 120 | 22 | -3.5 | 193,700 | 49.3 | 34,998 | 115 | 125 | 120 | | 5.2 | 309,800 | 2.59 |
| | 30 | 20 | 120 | 26 | -4.1 | 226,400 | 49.5 | 35,081 | 114 | 125 | 120 | | 5.7 | 342,800 | 2.86 |
| | 35 | 25 | 120 | 30 | -4.7 | 262,100 | 49.6 | 35,172 | 114 | 125 | 120 | | 6.3 | 378,900 | 3.16 |
| | 40 | 29 | 120 | 35 | -5.4 | 301,300 | 49.8 | 35,326 | 113 | 125 | 120 | | 7.0 | 418,800 | 3.47 |
| | 45 | 34 | 120 | 39 | -6.2 | 345,900 | 50.0 | 35,489 | 112 | 126 | 120 | 120 | 7.8 | 464,000 | 3.83 |
| | 50 | 39 | 120 | 43 | -7.1 | 394,300 | 50.3 | 35,709 | 111 | 126 | 120 | 120 | 8.6 | 513,300 | 4.21 |
| | 55 | 44 | 120 | 47 | -8.0 | 447,400 | 50.7 | 36,004 | 111 | 126 | 120 | | 9.5 | 567,500 | 4.62 |
| | 60 | 49 | 120 | 51 | -9.0 | 506,100 | 51.2 | 36,389 | 110 | 126 | 120 | | 10.5 | 627,600 | 5.05 |
| | 65 | 54 | 120 | 55 | -10.2 | 570,700 | 51.9 | 36,932 | 108 | 126 | 120 | | 11.7 | 694,100 | 5.51 |
| | 70 | 58 | 120 | 59 | -11.4 | 640,400 | 52.6 | 37,551 | 107 | 127 | 120 | | 12.9 | 766,000 | 5.98 |

| | | EVAF | ORATOR | R LOOP | (Water) | | ELECTI | RICAL | | CONDE | NSER LO | OP (35% | Propyler | e Glycol) | |
|-----|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|---------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------------|------|
| | ELT (°F) | Evap. Temp. | Flow (gpm) | LLT (°F) | Delta T (°F) | Cooling (Btu/hr) | Compressor Current (A)* | Input Power (W) | EWT (°F) | Cond. Temp. | Flow (gpm) | LWT (°F) | Delta T (°F) | Heat Rej. (Btu/hr) | EER |
| | | 35 | 120 | 45 | -8.2 | 488,900 | 31.8 | 19,623 | 50 | 72 | 120 | 60 | 9.9 | 552,700 | 24.9 |
| | | 36 | 120 | 46 | -8.1 | 482,800 | 33.4 | 21,008 | 55 | 77 | 120 | 65 | 9.9 | 551,300 | 23.0 |
| ING | | 36 | 120 | 46 | -8.0 | 476,500 | 35.1 | 22,492 | 60 | 82 | 120 | 70 | 9.8 | 550,100 | 21.2 |
| | | 37 | 120 | 46 | -7.8 | 469,700 | 36.9 | 24,051 | 65 | 88 | 120 | 75 | 9.8 | 548,600 | 19.5 |
| COO | 54 | 37 | 120 | 46 | -7.7 | 463,600 | 38.9 | 25,723 | 70 | 93 | 120 | 80 | 9.8 | 548,300 | 18.0 |
| Ö | 54 | 38 | 120 | 46 | -7.6 | 455,700 | 41.0 | 27,542 | 75 | 98 | 120 | 85 | 9.7 | 546,600 | 16.5 |
| | | 38 | 120 | 46 | -7.5 | 447,900 | 43.4 | 29,478 | 80 | 104 | 120 | 90 | 9.7 | 545,400 | 15.2 |
| | | 39 | 120 | 46 | -7.3 | 439,300 | 45.9 | 31,572 | 85 | 109 | 120 | 95 | 9.7 | 544,000 | 13.9 |
| | | 39 | 120 | 46 | -7.2 | 431,000 | 48.8 | 33,882 | 90 | 114 | 120 | 100 | 9.7 | 543,600 | 12.7 |
| | | 40 | 120 | 47 | -7.0 | 421,300 | 51.8 | 36,353 | 95 | 120 | 120 | 105 | 9.6 | 542,400 | 11.6 |

W-500-H-X-*D-PP** R454b, 60 Hz, 2 x GSD60235VL (460-3-60)

*Compressor current is for 460-3-60. Multiply by 0.8 for 575-3-60.

| | ΕV | /APORA | TOR LO | OOP (50 | % Propy | lene Glycol, |) | ELECT | RICAL | | (| CONDE | ISER LO | OP (Wate | er) | |
|-----|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|---------------------|------|----------------------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|-----------------|------|
| RE* | ELT (°C) | Evap. Temp. | Flow (L/s) | LLT (°C) | Delta T (°C) | Ice Cooling (kW) | COPc | Compressor Current (A)* | Input Power (W) | EWT (°C) | Cond. Temp. | Flow (L/s) | LWT (°C) | Delta T (°C) | Heating (kW) | СОРн |
| 112 | -15.0 | -19.3 | 7.6 | -16.6 | -1.6 | 43.2 | 2.02 | 35.0 | 24,530 | | 34.7 | 7.6 | 31.5 | 2.1 | 65.2 | 2.66 |
| ₩ 🛣 | -12.2 | -16.9 | 7.6 | -14.0 | -1.8 | 49.1 | 2.21 | 36.2 | 25,093 | | 34.9 | 7.6 | 31.7 | 2.3 | 72.0 | 2.87 |
| Ы | -9.4 | -14.4 | 7.6 | -11.5 | -2.1 | 55.6 | 2.42 | 37.3 | 25,623 | | 35.2 | 7.6 | 31.9 | 2.5 | 79.3 | 3.10 |
| MP | -6.7 | -12.0 | 7.6 | -9.0 | -2.3 | 62.7 | 2.64 | 38.4 | 26,128 | 29.4 | 35.4 | 7.6 | 32.1 | 2.7 | 87.1 | 3.33 |
| 世 | -3.9 | -9.6 | 7.6 | -6.5 | -2.6 | 70.4 | 2.88 | 39.5 | 26,593 | 20.4 | 35.6 | 7.6 | 32.4 | 3.0 | 95.6 | 3.59 |
| | -1.1 | -7.1 | 7.6 | -3.9 | -2.8 | 78.8 | 3.12 | 40.5 | 27,080 | | 35.8 | 7.6 | 32.7 | 3.3 | 104.7 | 3.87 |
| 2 | 1.7 | -4.7 | 7.6 | -1.5 | -3.2 | 87.9 | 3.38 | 41.6 | 27,576 | | 36.0 | 7.6 | 33.0 | 3.6 | 114.6 | 4.15 |
| | 4.4 | -2.2 | 7.6 | 8.0 | -3.6 | 97.7 | 3.65 | 42.7 | 28,096 | | 36.2 | 7.6 | 33.3 | 3.9 | 125.2 | 4.46 |

| | EVA | PORATO | R LOOP | (35% Pro | opylene (| Glycol) | ELECTI | RICAL | | (| CONDEN | SER LO | OP (Water |) | |
|---------|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|-------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|-----------------|------|
| | ELT (°C) | Evap. Temp. | Flow (L/s) | LLT (°C) | Delta T (°C) | Heat Abs. (kW) | Compressor Current (A)* | Input Power (W) | EWT (°C) | Cond. Temp. | Flow (L/s) | LWT (°C) | Delta T (°C) | Heating (kW) | СОРн |
| | -3.9 | -9.6 | 7.6 | -6.1 | -2.2 | 62.9 | 45.6 | 31,777 | | 46.2 | 7.6 | 42.9 | 2.9 | 93.7 | 2.95 |
| | -1.1 | -6.9 | 7.6 | -3.6 | -2.5 | 72.6 | 45.8 | 31,980 | | 46.6 | 7.6 | 43.3 | 3.3 | 103.6 | 3.24 |
| | 1.7 | -4.3 | 7.6 | -1.1 | -2.8 | 83.2 | 46.1 | 32,158 | | 46.8 | 7.6 | 43.6 | 3.6 | 114.4 | 3.56 |
| | 4.4 | -1.6 | 7.6 | 1.2 | -3.2 | 94.9 | 46.4 | 32,391 | | 47.2 | 7.6 | 44.0 | 4.0 | 126.4 | 3.90 |
| | 7.2 | 1.1 | 7.6 | 3.5 | -3.7 | 107.9 | 46.7 | 32,632 | 40 | 47.4 | 7.6 | 44.4 | 4.4 | 139.6 | 4.28 |
| | 10.0 | 3.7 | 7.6 | 5.9 | -4.1 | 122.0 | 47.1 | 32,962 | 40 | 47.8 | 7.6 | 44.9 | 4.9 | 154.1 | 4.68 |
| | 12.8 | 6.4 | 7.6 | 8.1 | -4.7 | 137.4 | 47.6 | 33,366 | | 48.1 | 7.6 | 45.4 | 5.4 | 170.0 | 5.09 |
| 9 | 15.6 | 9.1 | 7.6 | 10.4 | - 5.2 | 154.4 | 48.1 | 33,825 | | 48.4 | 7.6 | 45.9 | 5.9 | 187.4 | 5.54 |
| 1 長 | 18.3 | 11.7 | 7.6 | 12.5 | - 5.8 | 172.8 | 48.8 | 34,424 | | 48.7 | 7.6 | 46.6 | 6.6 | 206.4 | 6.00 |
| HEATING | 21.1 | 14.4 | 7.6 | 14.6 | -6.5 | 192.8 | 49.7 | 35,110 | | 49.0 | 7.6 | 47.2 | 7.2 | 227.2 | 6.47 |
| 工 | -3.9 | -9.6 | 7.6 | -5.8 | -1.9 | 56.8 | 49.3 | 34,998 | 46.0 | 51.4 | 7.6 | | 2.9 | 90.8 | 2.59 |
| | -1.1 | -6.8 | 7.6 | -3.4 | -2.3 | 66.4 | 49.5 | 35,081 | 45.7 | 51.6 | 7.6 | | 3.2 | 100.5 | 2.86 |
| | 1.7 | -4.2 | 7.6 | -0.9 | -2.6 | 76.8 | 49.6 | 35,172 | 45.4 | 51.7 | 7.6 | | 3.5 | 111.0 | 3.16 |
| | 4.4 | -1.5 | 7.6 | 1.4 | -3.0 | 88.3 | 49.8 | 35,326 | 45.0 | 51.8 | 7.6 | | 3.9 | 122.7 | 3.47 |
| | 7.2 | 1.2 | 7.6 | 3.8 | -3.4 | 101.4 | 50.0 | 35,489 | 44.6 | 51.9 | 7.6 | 49 | 4.3 | 136.0 | 3.83 |
| | 10.0 | 3.9 | 7.6 | 6.1 | -3.9 | 115.6 | 50.3 | 35,709 | 44.1 | 52.1 | 7.6 | 49 | 4.8 | 150.4 | 4.21 |
| | 12.8 | 6.6 | 7.6 | 8.4 | -4.4 | 131.1 | 50.7 | 36,004 | 43.6 | 52.2 | 7.6 | | 5.3 | 166.3 | 4.62 |
| | 15.5 | 9.2 | 7.6 | 10.5 | -5.0 | 148.3 | 51.2 | 36,389 | 43.1 | 52.3 | 7.6 | | 5.8 | 183.9 | 5.05 |
| | 18.3 | 11.9 | 7.6 | 12.6 | -5.7 | 167.3 | 51.9 | 36,932 | 42.4 | 52.4 | 7.6 | | 6.5 | 203.4 | 5.51 |
| | 21.1 | 14.6 | 7.6 | 14.8 | -6.3 | 187.7 | 52.6 | 37,551 | 41.7 | 52.6 | 7.6 | | 7.2 | 224.5 | 5.98 |

| | | EVAP | ORATOR | R LOOP | (Water) | | ELECT | RICAL | | CONDE | NSER LO | OP (35% | Propyler | ne Glycol) | |
|------|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|-----------------|----------------------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|-----------------|-------------------|------|
| | ELT (°C) | Evap. Temp. | Flow (L/s) | LLT (°C) | Delta T (°C) | Cooling (kW) | Compressor Current (A)* | Input Power (W) | EWT (°C) | Cond. Temp. | Flow (L/s) | LWT (°C) | Delta T (°C) | Heat Rej. (kW) | COPc |
| | | 2 | 7.6 | 7.4 | -4.6 | 143.3 | 31.8 | 19,623 | 10.0 | 22 | 7.6 | 15.5 | 5.5 | 162.0 | 7.30 |
| | | 2 | 7.6 | 7.5 | -4.5 | 141.5 | 33.4 | 21,008 | 12.8 | 25 | 7.6 | 18.3 | 5.5 | 161.6 | 6.74 |
| N S | | 2 | 7.6 | 7.6 | -4.4 | 139.6 | 35.1 | 22,492 | 15.6 | 28 | 7.6 | 21.0 | 5.4 | 161.2 | 6.21 |
| | | 3 | 7.6 | 7.7 | -4.3 | 137.7 | 36.9 | 24,051 | 18.3 | 31 | 7.6 | 23.7 | 5.4 | 160.8 | 5.71 |
| 1000 | 40 | 3 | 7.6 | 7.7 | -4.3 | 135.9 | 38.9 | 25,723 | 21.1 | 34 | 7.6 | 26.5 | 5.4 | 160.7 | 5.28 |
| S | 12 | 3 | 7.6 | 7.8 | -4.2 | 133.6 | 41.0 | 27,542 | 23.9 | 37 | 7.6 | 29.3 | 5.4 | 160.2 | 4.84 |
| | | 3 | 7.6 | 7.8 | -4.2 | 131.3 | 43.4 | 29,478 | 26.7 | 40 | 7.6 | 32.1 | 5.4 | 159.8 | 4.45 |
| | | 4 | 7.6 | 7.9 | -4.1 | 128.7 | 45.9 | 31,572 | 29.4 | 43 | 7.6 | 34.8 | 5.4 | 159.4 | 4.07 |
| | | 4 | 7.6 | 8.0 | -4.0 | 126.3 | 48.8 | 33,882 | 32.2 | 46 | 7.6 | 37.6 | 5.4 | 159.3 | 3.72 |
| | | 4 | 7.6 | 8.1 | -3.9 | 123.5 | 51.8 | 36,353 | 35.0 | 49 | 7.6 | 40.3 | 5.3 | 159.0 | 3.40 |

W-600-H**-X-*D-PP R454b, 60 Hz, 2 x GSD80295VL (460-3-60)

*Compressor current is for 460-3-60. Multiply by 0.8 for 575-3-60.

| | E۱ | /APORA | TOR LO | OOP (50 | % Propy | lene Glycol) |) | ELECT | RICAL | | (| CONDEN | ISER LO | OP (Wat | er) | |
|-----|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|-------------------------|------|----------------------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|---------------------|------|
| RE* | ELT (°F) | Evap. Temp. | Flow (gpm) | LLT (°F) | Delta T (°F) | Ice Cooling (Btu/hr) | EER | Compressor Current (A)* | Input Power (W) | EWT (°F) | Cond. Temp. | Flow (gpm) | LWT (°F) | Delta T (°F) | Heating (Btu/hr) | СОРн |
| I L | 5 | -3 | 150 | 2 | -2.9 | 186,100 | 7.0 | 36.9 | 30,773 | | 94 | 150 | 89 | 3.7 | 280,200 | 2.67 |
| R | 10 | 2 | 150 | 7 | -3.3 | 211,300 | 7.6 | 38.2 | 31,415 | | 95 | 150 | 89 | 4.1 | 308,800 | 2.88 |
| PE | 15 | 6 | 150 | 11 | -3.7 | 239,100 | 8.4 | 39.5 | 32,050 | | 95 | 150 | 90 | 4.5 | 339,800 | 3.11 |
| ≥ | 20 | 11 | 150 | 16 | -4.1 | 269,200 | 9.1 | 40.8 | 32,682 | 85 | 96 | 150 | 90 | 5.0 | 373,200 | 3.35 |
| Ξ | 25 | 15 | 150 | 20 | -4.6 | 302,500 | 9.9 | 42.1 | 33,283 | 00 | 96 | 150 | 90 | 5.4 | 409,700 | 3.61 |
| MO | 30 | 19 | 150 | 25 | -5.2 | 338,300 | 10.8 | 43.4 | 33,933 | | 96 | 150 | 91 | 6.0 | 448,800 | 3.88 |
| 2 | 35 | 24 | 150 | 29 | -5.8 | 377,400 | 11.6 | 44.8 | 34,603 | | 97 | 150 | 92 | 6.5 | 491,300 | 4.16 |
| | 40 | 28 | 150 | 34 | -6.4 | 419,700 | 12.5 | 46.1 | 35,302 | | 97 | 150 | 92 | 7.2 | 537,100 | 4.46 |

| | EVA | PORATO | R LOOP | (35% Pro | opylene (| Glycol) | ELECT | RICAL | | (| CONDEN | SER LOC | OP (Wate | r) | |
|---------|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|---------------------|------|
| | ELT (°F) | Evap. Temp. | Flow (gpm) | LLT (°F) | Delta T (°F) | Heat Abs. (Btu/hr) | Compressor Current (A)* | Input Power (W) | EWT (°F) | Cond. Temp. | Flow (gpm) | LWT (°F) | Delta T (°F) | Heating (Btu/hr) | СОРн |
| | 25 | 15 | 150 | 21 | -3.9 | 271,200 | 51.3 | 39,965 | | 115 | 150 | 109 | 5.4 | 403,000 | 2.96 |
| | 30 | 20 | 150 | 26 | -4.5 | 311,800 | 51.7 | 40,218 | | 116 | 150 | 110 | 5.9 | 444,600 | 3.24 |
| | 35 | 25 | 150 | 30 | - 5.1 | 356,100 | 52.0 | 40,413 | | 116 | 150 | 111 | 6.5 | 489,700 | 3.55 |
| | 40 | 29 | 150 | 34 | -5.8 | 404,400 | 52.3 | 40,662 | | 117 | 150 | 111 | 7.2 | 539,000 | 3.88 |
| | 45 | 34 | 150 | 38 | -6.6 | 459,100 | 52.7 | 40,871 | 104 | 117 | 150 | 112 | 7.9 | 594,500 | 4.26 |
| | 50 | 39 | 150 | 43 | -7.4 | 517,500 | 53.1 | 41,152 | 104 | 118 | 150 | 113 | 8.7 | 654,000 | 4.66 |
| 1 | 55 | 44 | 150 | 47 | -8.3 | 581,200 | 53.5 | 41,463 | | 119 | 150 | 114 | 9.6 | 718,900 | 5.08 |
| 9 | 60 | 49 | 150 | 51 | -9.3 | 651,600 | 54.0 | 41,760 | | 119 | 150 | 115 | 10.6 | 790,400 | 5.55 |
| ΙĒΙ | 65 | 54 | 150 | 55 | -10.4 | 728,800 | 54.6 | 42,160 | | 120 | 150 | 116 | 11.6 | 869,100 | 6.04 |
| HEATING | 70 | 58 | 150 | 58 | -11.6 | 811,500 | 55.1 | 42,562 | | 120 | 150 | 117 | 12.8 | 953,300 | 6.56 |
| I | 25 | 15 | 150 | 22 | -3.5 | 245,000 | 56.3 | 43,825 | 115 | 125 | 150 | | 5.2 | 390,000 | 2.61 |
| | 30 | 20 | 150 | 26 | -4.1 | 285,100 | 56.7 | 44,057 | 114 | 125 | 150 | | 5.8 | 431,000 | 2.87 |
| | 35 | 25 | 150 | 30 | -4.7 | 328,700 | 57.0 | 44,267 | 114 | 125 | 150 | | 6.4 | 475,400 | 3.15 |
| | 40 | 30 | 150 | 35 | -5.4 | 378,000 | 57.2 | 44,415 | 113 | 125 | 150 | | 7.0 | 525,400 | 3.47 |
| | 45 | 34 | 150 | 39 | -6.2 | 431,700 | 57.6 | 44,619 | 112 | 126 | 150 | 120 | 7.8 | 579,900 | 3.81 |
| | 50 | 39 | 150 | 43 | -7.0 | 491,900 | 57.9 | 44,836 | 111 | 126 | 150 | 120 | 8.6 | 641,000 | 4.19 |
| | 55 | 44 | 150 | 47 | -8.0 | 556,800 | 58.3 | 45,073 | 111 | 126 | 150 | | 9.5 | 706,800 | 4.60 |
| | 60 | 49 | 150 | 51 | -9.0 | 629,400 | 58.7 | 45,343 | 110 | 127 | 150 | | 10.5 | 780,400 | 5.04 |
| | 65 | 54 | 150 | 55 | -10.1 | 707,900 | 59.1 | 45,597 | 108 | 127 | 150 | | 11.6 | 859,900 | 5.53 |
| | 70 | 59 | 150 | 59 | -11.3 | 794,500 | 59.6 | 45,962 | 107 | 127 | 150 | | 12.7 | 947,900 | 6.04 |

| | | EVAF | ORATOR | R LOOP | (Water) | | ELECTI | RICAL | | CONDE | NSER LO | OP (35% | Propyler | e Glycol) | |
|-----|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|---------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------------|------|
| | ELT (°F) | Evap. Temp. | Flow (gpm) | LLT (°F) | Delta T (°F) | Cooling (Btu/hr) | Compressor Current (A)* | Input Power (W) | EWT (°F) | Cond. Temp. | Flow (gpm) | LWT (°F) | Delta T (°F) | Heat Rej. (Btu/hr) | EER |
| | | 35 | 150 | 46 | -8.1 | 604,500 | 31.8 | 24,543 | 50 | 72 | 150 | 60 | 9.8 | 684,000 | 24.6 |
| | | 35 | 150 | 46 | -8.0 | 595,800 | 33.8 | 26,127 | 55 | 77 | 150 | 65 | 9.7 | 680,700 | 22.8 |
| NG | | 36 | 150 | 46 | -7.9 | 587,400 | 35.9 | 27,864 | 60 | 82 | 150 | 70 | 9.7 | 678,200 | 21.1 |
| | | 37 | 150 | 46 | -7.7 | 578,300 | 38.4 | 29,774 | 65 | 88 | 150 | 75 | 9.6 | 675,700 | 19.4 |
| COO | 54 | 37 | 150 | 46 | -7.6 | 569,200 | 41.0 | 31,880 | 70 | 93 | 150 | 80 | 9.6 | 673,800 | 17.9 |
| Ö | 54 | 38 | 150 | 46 | -7.5 | 560,400 | 44.1 | 34,206 | 75 | 98 | 150 | 85 | 9.6 | 673,000 | 16.4 |
| | | 39 | 150 | 46 | -7.4 | 550,200 | 47.4 | 36,769 | 80 | 103 | 150 | 90 | 9.6 | 671,600 | 15.0 |
| | | 39 | 150 | 46 | -7.2 | 539,000 | 51.1 | 39,596 | 85 | 109 | 150 | 95 | 9.5 | 670,000 | 13.6 |
| | | 40 | 150 | 47 | -7.1 | 527,300 | 55.2 | 42,711 | 90 | 114 | 150 | 100 | 9.5 | 669,000 | 12.3 |
| | | 40 | 150 | 47 | -6.9 | 514,400 | 59.7 | 46,142 | 95 | 119 | 150 | 105 | 9.5 | 667,800 | 11.1 |

W-600-H**-X-*D-PP

R454b, 60 Hz, 2 x GSD80295VL (460-3-60)

*Compressor current is for 460-3-60. Multiply by 0.8 for 575-3-60.

| | E/ | /APORA | TOR LO | OOP (50 | % Propy | lene Glycol, |) | ELECT | RICAL | | (| CONDE | ISER LO | OP (Wate | er) | |
|-----|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|---------------------|------|----------------------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|-----------------|------|
| RE* | ELT (°C) | Evap. Temp. | Flow (L/s) | LLT (°C) | Delta T (°C) | Ice Cooling (kW) | COPc | Compressor Current (A)* | Input Power (W) | EWT (°C) | Cond. Temp. | Flow (L/s) | LWT (°C) | Delta T (°C) | Heating (kW) | СОРн |
| 1 2 | -15.0 | -19.2 | 9.5 | -16.6 | -1.6 | 54.5 | 2.04 | 36.9 | 30,773 | | 34.6 | 9.5 | 31.5 | 2.1 | 82.1 | 2.67 |
| R I | -12.2 | -16.8 | 9.5 | -14.0 | -1.8 | 61.9 | 2.24 | 38.2 | 31,415 | | 34.8 | 9.5 | 31.7 | 2.3 | 90.5 | 2.88 |
| Ы | -9.4 | -14.3 | 9.5 | -11.5 | -2.1 | 70.1 | 2.45 | 39.5 | 32,050 | | 35.1 | 9.5 | 31.9 | 2.5 | 99.6 | 3.11 |
| I | -6.7 | -11.9 | 9.5 | -9.0 | -2.3 | 78.9 | 2.67 | 40.8 | 32,682 | 29.4 | 35.3 | 9.5 | 32.2 | 2.8 | 109.4 | 3.35 |
| 日 | -3.9 | -9.4 | 9.5 | -6.5 | -2.6 | 88.7 | 2.91 | 42.1 | 33,283 | 20.4 | 35.4 | 9.5 | 32.4 | 3.0 | 120.1 | 3.61 |
| | -1.1 | -7.0 | 9.5 | -4.0 | -2.9 | 99.1 | 3.15 | 43.4 | 33,933 | | 35.7 | 9.5 | 32.7 | 3.3 | 131.5 | 3.88 |
| 2 | 1.7 | -4.6 | 9.5 | -1.5 | -3.2 | 110.6 | 3.41 | 44.8 | 34,603 | | 35.9 | 9.5 | 33.0 | 3.6 | 144.0 | 4.16 |
| | 4.4 | -2.1 | 9.5 | 8.0 | -3.6 | 123.0 | 3.67 | 46.1 | 35,302 | | 36.1 | 9.5 | 33.4 | 4.0 | 157.4 | 4.46 |

| | EVA | PORATO | R LOOP | (35% Pro | opylene (| Glycol) | ELECTI | RICAL | | (| CONDEN | SER LO | OP (Water | 7) | |
|-------|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|-------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|-----------------|------|
| | ELT (°C) | Evap. Temp. | Flow (L/s) | LLT (°C) | Delta T (°C) | Heat Abs. (kW) | Compressor Current (A)* | Input Power (W) | EWT (°C) | Cond. Temp. | Flow (L/s) | LWT (°C) | Delta T (°C) | Heating (kW) | СОРн |
| | -3.9 | -9.6 | 9.5 | -6.1 | -2.2 | 79.5 | 51.3 | 39,965 | | 46.2 | 9.5 | 43.0 | 3.0 | 118.1 | 2.96 |
| | -1.1 | -6.8 | 9.5 | -3.6 | -2.5 | 91.4 | 51.7 | 40,218 | | 46.6 | 9.5 | 43.3 | 3.3 | 130.3 | 3.24 |
| | 1.7 | -4.2 | 9.5 | -1.1 | -2.8 | 104.4 | 52.0 | 40,413 | | 46.8 | 9.5 | 43.6 | 3.6 | 143.5 | 3.55 |
| | 4.4 | -1.5 | 9.5 | 1.2 | -3.2 | 118.5 | 52.3 | 40,662 | | 47.2 | 9.5 | 44.0 | 4.0 | 158.0 | 3.88 |
| | 7.2 | 1.2 | 9.5 | 3.5 | -3.7 | 134.5 | 52.7 | 40,871 | 40 | 47.4 | 9.5 | 44.4 | 4.4 | 174.2 | 4.26 |
| | 10.0 | 3.9 | 9.5 | 5.9 | -4.1 | 151.7 | 53.1 | 41,152 | 40 | 47.8 | 9.5 | 44.8 | 4.8 | 191.7 | 4.66 |
| | 12.8 | 6.6 | 9.5 | 8.2 | -4.6 | 170.3 | 53.5 | 41,463 | | 48.1 | 9.5 | 45.3 | 5.3 | 210.7 | 5.08 |
| ATING | 15.5 | 9.2 | 9.5 | 10.3 | -5.2 | 191.0 | 54.0 | 41,760 | | 48.4 | 9.5 | 45.9 | 5.9 | 231.6 | 5.55 |
| | 18.3 | 11.9 | 9.5 | 12.5 | -5.8 | 213.6 | 54.6 | 42,160 | | 48.7 | 9.5 | 46.4 | 6.4 | 254.7 | 6.04 |
| HEA | 21.1 | 14.6 | 9.5 | 14.7 | -6.4 | 237.8 | 55.1 | 42,562 | | 49.0 | 9.5 | 47.1 | 7.1 | 279.4 | 6.56 |
| Ξ | -3.9 | -9.4 | 9.5 | -5.8 | -1.9 | 71.8 | 56.3 | 43,825 | 46.0 | 51.4 | 9.5 | | 2.9 | 114.3 | 2.61 |
| | -1.1 | -6.7 | 9.5 | -3.4 | -2.3 | 83.6 | 56.7 | 44,057 | 45.7 | 51.6 | 9.5 | | 3.2 | 126.3 | 2.87 |
| | 1.7 | -4.1 | 9.5 | -0.9 | -2.6 | 96.3 | 57.0 | 44,267 | 45.3 | 51.7 | 9.5 | | 3.6 | 139.3 | 3.15 |
| | 4.4 | -1.3 | 9.5 | 1.4 | -3.0 | 110.8 | 57.2 | 44,415 | 45.0 | 51.8 | 9.5 | | 3.9 | 154.0 | 3.47 |
| | 7.2 | 1.3 | 9.5 | 3.8 | -3.4 | 126.5 | 57.6 | 44,619 | 44.6 | 52.0 | 9.5 | 49 | 4.3 | 170.0 | 3.81 |
| | 10.0 | 4.1 | 9.5 | 6.1 | -3.9 | 144.2 | 57.9 | 44,836 | 44.1 | 52.2 | 9.5 | 49 | 4.8 | 187.9 | 4.19 |
| | 12.7 | 6.7 | 9.5 | 8.3 | -4.4 | 163.2 | 58.3 | 45,073 | 43.6 | 52.3 | 9.5 | | 5.3 | 207.1 | 4.60 |
| | 15.6 | 9.4 | 9.5 | 10.6 | -5.0 | 184.5 | 58.7 | 45,343 | 43.1 | 52.5 | 9.5 | | 5.8 | 228.7 | 5.04 |
| | 18.3 | 12.1 | 9.5 | 12.7 | -5.6 | 207.5 | 59.1 | 45,597 | 42.4 | 52.6 | 9.5 | | 6.4 | 252.0 | 5.53 |
| | 21.1 | 14.8 | 9.5 | 14.8 | -6.3 | 232.8 | 59.6 | 45,962 | 41.8 | 52.8 | 9.5 | | 7.1 | 277.8 | 6.04 |

| | | EVAP | ORATOR | R LOOP | (Water) | | ELECTI | RICAL | | CONDE | ISER LO | OP (35% | Propyler | e Glycol) | |
|-----|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|-----------------|----------------------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|-----------------|-------------------|------|
| | ELT (°C) | Evap. Temp. | Flow (L/s) | LLT (°C) | Delta T (°C) | Cooling (kW) | Compressor Current (A)* | Input Power (W) | EWT (°C) | Cond. Temp. | Flow (L/s) | LWT (°C) | Delta T (°C) | Heat Rej. (kW) | COPc |
| 1 | | 2 | 9.5 | 7.5 | -4.5 | 177.2 | 31.8 | 24,543 | 10.0 | 22 | 9.5 | 15.4 | 5.4 | 200.5 | 7.21 |
| 1 | | 2 | 9.5 | 7.6 | -4.4 | 174.6 | 33.8 | 26,127 | 12.8 | 25 | 9.5 | 18.2 | 5.4 | 199.5 | 6.68 |
| NG | | 2 | 9.5 | 7.6 | -4.4 | 172.2 | 35.9 | 27,864 | 15.6 | 28 | 9.5 | 21.0 | 5.4 | 198.8 | 6.18 |
| | | 3 | 9.5 | 7.7 | -4.3 | 169.5 | 38.4 | 29,774 | 18.3 | 31 | 9.5 | 23.6 | 5.3 | 198.0 | 5.69 |
| | 40 | 3 | 9.5 | 7.8 | -4.2 | 166.8 | 41.0 | 31,880 | 21.1 | 34 | 9.5 | 26.4 | 5.3 | 197.5 | 5.25 |
| 000 | 12 | 3 | 9.5 | 7.8 | -4.2 | 164.2 | 44.1 | 34,206 | 23.9 | 37 | 9.5 | 29.2 | 5.3 | 197.2 | 4.81 |
| į I | | 4 | 9.5 | 7.9 | -4.1 | 161.2 | 47.4 | 36,769 | 26.7 | 40 | 9.5 | 32.0 | 5.3 | 196.8 | 4.40 |
| | | 4 | 9.5 | 8.0 | -4.0 | 158.0 | 51.1 | 39,596 | 29.4 | 43 | 9.5 | 34.7 | 5.3 | 196.4 | 3.99 |
| | | 4 | 9.5 | 8.1 | -3.9 | 154.5 | 55.2 | 42,711 | 32.2 | 46 | 9.5 | 37.5 | 5.3 | 196.1 | 3.60 |
| | | 5 | 9.5 | 8.2 | -3.8 | 150.8 | 59.7 | 46,142 | 35.0 | 49 | 9.5 | 40.3 | 5.3 | 195.7 | 3.25 |

W-800-H**-X-*D-PP R454b, 60 Hz, 2 x GSD80385VL (460-3-60)

*Compressor current is for 460-3-60. Multiply by 0.8 for 575-3-60.

| | E۱ | /APORA | TOR LO | OOP (50 | % Propy | lene Glycol) |) | ELECT | RICAL | | (| CONDEN | ISER LO | OP (Wat | er) | |
|-----|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|-------------------------|------|----------------------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|---------------------|------|
| RE* | ELT (°F) | Evap. Temp. | Flow (gpm) | LLT (°F) | Delta T (°F) | Ice Cooling (Btu/hr) | EER | Compressor Current (A)* | Input Power (W) | EWT (°F) | Cond. Temp. | Flow (gpm) | LWT (°F) | Delta T (°F) | Heating (Btu/hr) | СОРн |
| I L | 5 | -3 | 190 | 2 | -2.9 | 240,700 | 6.9 | 54.4 | 40,360 | | 94 | 190 | 89 | 3.8 | 364,600 | 2.65 |
| R | 10 | 2 | 190 | 7 | -3.3 | 273,700 | 7.5 | 56.2 | 41,150 | | 95 | 190 | 89 | 4.2 | 401,700 | 2.86 |
| PE | 15 | 6 | 190 | 11 | -3.8 | 310,000 | 8.3 | 57.9 | 41,945 | | 95 | 190 | 90 | 4.6 | 442,100 | 3.09 |
| ≥ | 20 | 10 | 190 | 16 | -4.2 | 349,500 | 9.0 | 59.7 | 42,751 | 85 | 96 | 190 | 90 | 5.1 | 485,700 | 3.33 |
| Ξ | 25 | 15 | 190 | 20 | -4.8 | 392,900 | 9.8 | 61.5 | 43,530 | 00 | 96 | 190 | 91 | 5.6 | 533,200 | 3.59 |
| MO | 30 | 19 | 190 | 25 | -5.3 | 439,900 | 10.7 | 63.3 | 44,382 | | 96 | 190 | 91 | 6.1 | 584,500 | 3.86 |
| 2 | 35 | 24 | 190 | 29 | -5.9 | 491,100 | 11.6 | 65.2 | 45,271 | | 97 | 190 | 92 | 6.7 | 640,200 | 4.14 |
| | 40 | 28 | 190 | 33 | -6.6 | 546,500 | 12.5 | 67.1 | 46,204 | | 97 | 190 | 92 | 7.4 | 700,200 | 4.44 |

| | EVA | PORATO | R LOOP | (35% Pro | pylene | Glycol) | ELECTI | RICAL | | (| CONDEN | SER LOC | P (Wate | er) | |
|---------|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|---------------------|------|
| | ELT (°F) | Evap. Temp. | Flow (gpm) | LLT (°F) | Delta T (°F) | Heat Abs. (Btu/hr) | Compressor Current (A)* | Input Power (W) | EWT (°F) | Cond. Temp. | Flow (gpm) | LWT (°F) | Delta T (°F) | Heating (Btu/hr) | СОРн |
| | 25 | 15 | 190 | 21 | -3.9 | 341,300 | 70.1 | 50,761 | | 115 | 190 | 109 | 5.3 | 508,500 | 2.94 |
| | 30 | 20 | 190 | 26 | -4.5 | 393,800 | 70.7 | 51,209 | | 115 | 190 | 110 | 5.9 | 562,600 | 3.22 |
| | 35 | 25 | 190 | 30 | -5.1 | 452,200 | 71.2 | 51,598 | | 116 | 190 | 111 | 6.6 | 622,500 | 3.54 |
| | 40 | 29 | 190 | 34 | - 5.8 | 515,200 | 71.9 | 52,053 | | 116 | 190 | 111 | 7.2 | 687,200 | 3.87 |
| | 45 | 34 | 190 | 38 | -6.6 | 586,500 | 72.4 | 52,468 | 104 | 117 | 190 | 112 | 8.0 | 760,000 | 4.25 |
| | 50 | 39 | 190 | 43 | -7.5 | 664,100 | 73.1 | 52,969 | 104 | 118 | 190 | 113 | 8.9 | 839,500 | 4.64 |
| 1 | 55 | 44 | 190 | 47 | -8.4 | 747,500 | 73.8 | 53,502 | | 118 | 190 | 114 | 9.8 | 924,800 | 5.07 |
| 9 | 60 | 49 | 190 | 50 | -9.5 | 841,300 | 74.5 | 54,022 | | 119 | 190 | 115 | 10.8 | 1,020,500 | 5.54 |
| ΙĒ | 65 | 53 | 190 | 54 | -10.6 | 942,200 | 75.4 | 54,656 | | 119 | 190 | 116 | 11.9 | 1,123,700 | 6.03 |
| HEATING | 70 | 58 | 190 | 58 | -11.9 | 1,053,100 | 76.2 | 55,291 | | 120 | 190 | 117 | 13.1 | 1,236,900 | 6.56 |
| I | 25 | 15 | 190 | 22 | -3.5 | 308,800 | 75.6 | 55,417 | 115 | 124 | 190 | | 5.2 | 491,900 | 2.60 |
| | 30 | 20 | 190 | 26 | -4.1 | 360,400 | 76.3 | 55,910 | 114 | 124 | 190 | | 5.8 | 545,300 | 2.86 |
| | 35 | 25 | 190 | 30 | -4.7 | 418,100 | 76.9 | 56,321 | 114 | 125 | 190 | | 6.4 | 604,500 | 3.15 |
| | 40 | 30 | 190 | 35 | - 5.5 | 481,800 | 77.6 | 56,794 | 113 | 125 | 190 | | 7.1 | 670,000 | 3.46 |
| | 45 | 35 | 190 | 39 | -6.3 | 553,000 | 78.2 | 57,206 | 112 | 125 | 190 | 120 | 7.9 | 742,700 | 3.80 |
| | 50 | 39 | 190 | 43 | -7.1 | 631,300 | 78.9 | 57,704 | 111 | 125 | 190 | 120 | 8.7 | 822,800 | 4.18 |
| | 55 | 44 | 190 | 47 | -8.1 | 717,700 | 79.6 | 58,157 | 110 | 126 | 190 | | 9.7 | 910,900 | 4.59 |
| | 60 | 49 | 190 | 51 | -9.2 | 812,600 | 80.4 | 58,715 | 109 | 126 | 190 | | 10.7 | 1,007,800 | 5.03 |
| | 65 | 54 | 190 | 55 | -10.3 | 916,700 | 81.2 | 59,253 | 108 | 126 | 190 | | 11.8 | 1,113,900 | 5.51 |
| | 70 | 59 | 190 | 58 | -11.6 | 1,030,000 | 82.1 | 59,915 | 107 | 126 | 190 | | 13.0 | 1,229,600 | 6.01 |

| | | EVAP | ORATOR | R LOOP | (Water) | | ELECTI | RICAL | | CONDE | NSER LO | OP (35% | Propyler | ne Glycol) | |
|-----|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|---------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------------|------|
| | ELT (°F) | Evap. Temp. | Flow (gpm) | LLT (°F) | Delta T (°F) | Cooling (Btu/hr) | Compressor Current (A)* | Input Power (W) | EWT (°F) | Cond. Temp. | Flow (gpm) | LWT (°F) | Delta T (°F) | Heat Rej. (Btu/hr) | EER |
| | | 35 | 190 | 45 | -8.2 | 774,300 | 47.2 | 31,423 | 50 | 72 | 190 | 60 | 9.9 | 876,300 | 24.6 |
| | | 36 | 190 | 46 | -8.1 | 763,700 | 49.8 | 33,483 | 55 | 77 | 190 | 65 | 9.9 | 872,900 | 22.8 |
| NG | | 36 | 190 | 46 | -8.0 | 754,000 | 52.7 | 35,803 | 60 | 83 | 190 | 70 | 9.8 | 871,300 | 21.1 |
| | | 37 | 190 | 46 | -7.9 | 743,600 | 55.9 | 38,335 | 65 | 88 | 190 | 75 | 9.8 | 869,800 | 19.4 |
| COO | 54 | 38 | 190 | 46 | -7.7 | 732,900 | 59.5 | 41,133 | 70 | 93 | 190 | 80 | 9.8 | 868,900 | 17.8 |
| Ö | 54 | 38 | 190 | 46 | -7.6 | 720,700 | 63.5 | 44,266 | 75 | 99 | 190 | 85 | 9.8 | 867,600 | 16.3 |
| | | 39 | 190 | 46 | -7.5 | 708,500 | 67.9 | 47,678 | 80 | 104 | 190 | 90 | 9.7 | 867,300 | 14.9 |
| | | 39 | 190 | 46 | -7.3 | 693,800 | 72.7 | 51,432 | 85 | 109 | 190 | 95 | 9.7 | 865,600 | 13.5 |
| | | 40 | 190 | 46 | -7.2 | 679,400 | 78.2 | 55,630 | 90 | 115 | 190 | 100 | 9.7 | 865,700 | 12.2 |
| | | 40 | 190 | 47 | -7.0 | 664,200 | 84.1 | 60,179 | 95 | 120 | 190 | 105 | 9.7 | 866,300 | 11.0 |

W-800-H**-X-*D-PP R454b, 60 Hz, 2 x GSD80385VL (460-3-60) *Compressor current is for 460-3-60. Multiply by 0.8 for 575-3-60.

| | ΕV | /APORA | TOR LO | OOP (50 | % Propy | lene Glycol, |) | ELECT | RICAL | | (| CONDE | ISER LO | OP (Wate | er) | |
|-----|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|---------------------|------|----------------------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|-----------------|------|
| RE* | ELT (°C) | Evap. Temp. | Flow (L/s) | LLT (°C) | Delta T (°C) | Ice Cooling (kW) | COPc | Compressor Current (A)* | Input Power (W) | EWT (°C) | Cond. Temp. | Flow (L/s) | LWT (°C) | Delta T (°C) | Heating (kW) | СОРн |
| 1 2 | -15.0 | -19.3 | 12.0 | -16.6 | -1.6 | 70.5 | 2.01 | 54.4 | 40,360 | | 34.7 | 12.0 | 31.5 | 2.1 | 106.9 | 2.65 |
| RA | -12.2 | -16.9 | 12.0 | -14.0 | -1.8 | 80.2 | 2.21 | 56.2 | 41,150 | | 34.9 | 12.0 | 31.7 | 2.3 | 117.7 | 2.86 |
| Ы | -9.4 | -14.4 | 12.0 | -11.5 | -2.1 | 90.9 | 2.42 | 57.9 | 41,945 | | 35.1 | 12.0 | 32.0 | 2.6 | 129.6 | 3.09 |
| MP | -6.7 | -12.0 | 12.0 | -9.0 | -2.3 | 102.4 | 2.64 | 59.7 | 42,751 | 29.4 | 35.3 | 12.0 | 32.2 | 2.8 | 142.3 | 3.33 |
| 世 | -3.9 | -9.6 | 12.0 | -6.6 | -2.7 | 115.1 | 2.88 | 61.5 | 43,530 | 20.4 | 35.5 | 12.0 | 32.5 | 3.1 | 156.3 | 3.59 |
| | -1.1 | -7.1 | 12.0 | -4.0 | -2.9 | 128.9 | 3.13 | 63.3 | 44,382 | | 35.7 | 12.0 | 32.8 | 3.4 | 171.3 | 3.86 |
| 1 9 | 1.7 | -4.7 | 12.0 | -1.6 | -3.3 | 143.9 | 3.39 | 65.2 | 45,271 | | 35.9 | 12.0 | 33.1 | 3.7 | 187.6 | 4.14 |
| | 4.4 | -2.2 | 12.0 | 0.7 | -3.7 | 160.2 | 3.65 | 67.1 | 46,204 | | 36.2 | 12.0 | 33.5 | 4.1 | 205.2 | 4.44 |

| | EVA | PORATO | R LOOP | (35% Pro | opylene (| Glycol) | ELECTI | RICAL | | (| CONDEN | SER LOC | OP (Water |) | |
|---------|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|-------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|-----------------|------|
| | ELT (°C) | Evap. Temp. | Flow (L/s) | LLT (°C) | Delta T (°C) | Heat Abs. (kW) | Compressor Current (A)* | Input Power (W) | EWT (°C) | Cond. Temp. | Flow (L/s) | LWT (°C) | Delta T (°C) | Heating (kW) | СОРн |
| | -3.9 | -9.4 | 12.0 | -6.1 | -2.2 | 100.0 | 70.1 | 50,761 | | 45.9 | 12.0 | 42.9 | 2.9 | 149.0 | 2.94 |
| | -1.1 | -6.7 | 12.0 | -3.6 | -2.5 | 115.4 | 70.7 | 51,209 | | 46.3 | 12.0 | 43.3 | 3.3 | 164.9 | 3.22 |
| | 1.7 | -4.1 | 12.0 | -1.1 | -2.8 | 132.5 | 71.2 | 51,598 | | 46.6 | 12.0 | 43.7 | 3.7 | 182.4 | 3.54 |
| | 4.4 | -1.4 | 12.0 | 1.2 | -3.2 | 151.0 | 71.9 | 52,053 | | 46.9 | 12.0 | 44.0 | 4.0 | 201.4 | 3.87 |
| | 7.2 | 1.2 | 12.0 | 3.5 | -3.7 | 171.9 | 72.4 | 52,468 | 40 | 47.2 | 12.0 | 44.4 | 4.4 | 222.7 | 4.25 |
| | 10.0 | 3.9 | 12.0 | 5.8 | -4.2 | 194.6 | 73.1 | 52,969 | 40 | 47.5 | 12.0 | 44.9 | 4.9 | 246.0 | 4.64 |
| | 12.7 | 6.5 | 12.0 | 8.0 | -4.7 | 219.1 | 73.8 | 53,502 | | 47.8 | 12.0 | 45.4 | 5.4 | 271.0 | 5.07 |
| 9 | 15.5 | 9.2 | 12.0 | 10.2 | -5.3 | 246.6 | 74.5 | 54,022 | | 48.1 | 12.0 | 46.0 | 6.0 | 299.1 | 5.54 |
| | 18.3 | 11.8 | 12.0 | 12.4 | -5.9 | 276.1 | 75.4 | 54,656 | | 48.4 | 12.0 | 46.6 | 6.6 | 329.3 | 6.03 |
| HEATING | 21.1 | 14.5 | 12.0 | 14.5 | -6.6 | 308.6 | 76.2 | 55,291 | | 48.7 | 12.0 | 47.3 | 7.3 | 362.5 | 6.56 |
| I | -3.9 | -9.3 | 12.0 | -5.8 | -1.9 | 90.5 | 75.6 | 55,417 | 46.0 | 51.1 | 12.0 | | 2.9 | 144.2 | 2.60 |
| | -1.1 | -6.6 | 12.0 | -3.4 | -2.3 | 105.6 | 76.3 | 55,910 | 45.7 | 51.3 | 12.0 | | 3.2 | 159.8 | 2.86 |
| | 1.7 | -3.9 | 12.0 | -0.9 | -2.6 | 122.5 | 76.9 | 56,321 | 45.3 | 51.4 | 12.0 | | 3.6 | 177.2 | 3.15 |
| | 4.4 | -1.3 | 12.0 | 1.3 | -3.1 | 141.2 | 77.6 | 56,794 | 44.9 | 51.6 | 12.0 | | 3.9 | 196.4 | 3.46 |
| | 7.2 | 1.4 | 12.0 | 3.7 | -3.5 | 162.1 | 78.2 | 57,206 | 44.5 | 51.7 | 12.0 | 49 | 4.4 | 217.7 | 3.80 |
| | 10.0 | 4.1 | 12.0 | 6.1 | -3.9 | 185.0 | 78.9 | 57,704 | 44.1 | 51.8 | 12.0 | 49 | 4.8 | 241.1 | 4.18 |
| | 12.8 | 6.7 | 12.0 | 8.3 | -4.5 | 210.3 | 79.6 | 58,157 | 43.5 | 51.9 | 12.0 | | 5.4 | 267.0 | 4.59 |
| | 15.6 | 9.4 | 12.0 | 10.5 | -5.1 | 238.1 | 80.4 | 58,715 | 42.9 | 52.1 | 12.0 | | 5.9 | 295.4 | 5.03 |
| | 18.3 | 12.1 | 12.0 | 12.6 | -5.7 | 268.7 | 81.2 | 59,253 | 42.3 | 52.2 | 12.0 | | 6.6 | 326.5 | 5.51 |
| | 21.1 | 14.7 | 12.0 | 14.7 | -6.4 | 301.9 | 82.1 | 59,915 | 41.7 | 52.4 | 12.0 | | 7.2 | 360.4 | 6.01 |

| | | EVAP | ORATOR | R LOOP | (Water) | | ELECTI | RICAL | | CONDE | ISER LO | OP (35% | Propyler | e Glycol) | |
|-------|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|-----------------|----------------------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|-----------------|-------------------|------|
| | ELT (°C) | Evap. Temp. | Flow (L/s) | LLT (°C) | Delta T (°C) | Cooling (kW) | Compressor Current (A)* | Input Power (W) | EWT (°C) | Cond. Temp. | Flow (L/s) | LWT (°C) | Delta T (°C) | Heat Rej. (kW) | COPc |
| | | 2 | 12.0 | 7.4 | -4.6 | 226.9 | 47.2 | 31,423 | 10.0 | 22 | 12.0 | 15.5 | 5.5 | 256.8 | 7.21 |
| | | 2 | 12.0 | 7.5 | -4.5 | 223.8 | 49.8 | 33,483 | 12.8 | 25 | 12.0 | 18.3 | 5.5 | 255.8 | 6.68 |
| NG NG | | 2 | 12.0 | 7.6 | -4.4 | 221.0 | 52.7 | 35,803 | 15.6 | 28 | 12.0 | 21.0 | 5.4 | 255.4 | 6.18 |
| | | 3 | 12.0 | 7.6 | -4.4 | 217.9 | 55.9 | 38,335 | 18.3 | 31 | 12.0 | 23.7 | 5.4 | 254.9 | 5.69 |
| 1000 | 40 | 3 | 12.0 | 7.7 | -4.3 | 214.8 | 59.5 | 41,133 | 21.1 | 34 | 12.0 | 26.5 | 5.4 | 254.6 | 5.22 |
| ျၓ | 12 | 3 | 12.0 | 7.8 | -4.2 | 211.2 | 63.5 | 44,266 | 23.9 | 37 | 12.0 | 29.3 | 5.4 | 254.3 | 4.78 |
| | | 4 | 12.0 | 7.8 | -4.2 | 207.6 | 67.9 | 47,678 | 26.7 | 40 | 12.0 | 32.1 | 5.4 | 254.2 | 4.37 |
| | | 4 | 12.0 | 7.9 | -4.1 | 203.3 | 72.7 | 51,432 | 29.4 | 43 | 12.0 | 34.8 | 5.4 | 253.7 | 3.96 |
| | | 4 | 12.0 | 8.0 | -4.0 | 199.1 | 78.2 | 55,630 | 32.2 | 46 | 12.0 | 37.6 | 5.4 | 253.7 | 3.58 |
| | | 5 | 12.0 | 8.1 | -3.9 | 194.7 | 84.1 | 60,179 | 35.0 | 49 | 12.0 | 40.4 | 5.4 | 253.9 | 3.22 |

W-900-H-X-*D-PP** R454b, 60 Hz, 2 x GSD80421VL (460-3-60)

*Compressor current is for 460-3-60. Multiply by 0.8 for 575-3-60.

| | ΕV | /APORA | TOR LO | OOP (50 | % Propy | lene Glycol) |) | ELECT | RICAL | | (| CONDEN | ISER LO | OP (Wat | er) | |
|-----------|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|-------------------------|------|----------------------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|---------------------|------|
| IRE* | ELT (°F) | Evap. Temp. | Flow (gpm) | LLT (°F) | Delta T (°F) | Ice Cooling (Btu/hr) | EER | Compressor Current (A)* | Input Power (W) | EWT (°F) | Cond. Temp. | Flow (gpm) | LWT (°F) | Delta T (°F) | Heating (Btu/hr) | СОРн |
| \square | 5 | -3 | 210 | 2 | -2.9 | 262,900 | 7.0 | 57.5 | 43,665 | | 94 | 210 | 89 | 3.7 | 396,600 | 2.66 |
| RA | 10 | 2 | 210 | 7 | -3.3 | 298,900 | 7.6 | 59.6 | 44,669 | | 95 | 210 | 89 | 4.1 | 437,600 | 2.87 |
| PE | 15 | 6 | 210 | 11 | -3.7 | 338,400 | 8.3 | 61.7 | 45,645 | | 95 | 210 | 90 | 4.6 | 482,000 | 3.09 |
| ≥ | 20 | 10 | 210 | 16 | -4.2 | 381,400 | 9.1 | 63.8 | 46,607 | 85 | 96 | 210 | 90 | 5.0 | 529,900 | 3.33 |
| Η | 25 | 15 | 210 | 20 | -4.7 | 428,700 | 9.9 | 65.8 | 47,516 | 00 | 96 | 210 | 91 | 5.5 | 581,800 | 3.59 |
| \geq | 30 | 19 | 210 | 25 | -5.2 | 479,800 | 10.7 | 67.9 | 48,490 | | 96 | 210 | 91 | 6.1 | 637,800 | 3.85 |
| 2 | 35 | 24 | 210 | 29 | -5.8 | 535,600 | 11.6 | 70.0 | 49,497 | | 97 | 210 | 92 | 6.6 | 698,600 | 4.14 |
| | 40 | 28 | 210 | 34 | -6.5 | 595,900 | 12.4 | 72.2 | 50,557 | | 97 | 210 | 92 | 7.3 | 764,100 | 4.43 |

| | EVA | PORATO | R LOOP | (35% Pro | opylene | Glycol) | ELECTI | RICAL | | (| CONDEN | SER LOC | OP (Wate | er) | |
|---------|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|---------------------|------|
| | ELT (°F) | Evap. Temp. | Flow (gpm) | LLT (°F) | Delta T (°F) | Heat Abs. (Btu/hr) | Compressor Current (A)* | Input Power (W) | EWT (°F) | Cond. Temp. | Flow (gpm) | LWT (°F) | Delta T (°F) | Heating (Btu/hr) | СОРн |
| | 25 | 15 | 210 | 21 | -3.9 | 375,500 | 75.4 | 55,280 | | 115 | 210 | 109 | 5.3 | 557,500 | 2.96 |
| | 30 | 20 | 210 | 26 | -4.4 | 430,700 | 76.0 | 55,735 | | 115 | 210 | 110 | 5.9 | 614,400 | 3.23 |
| | 35 | 25 | 210 | 30 | -5.0 | 491,900 | 76.6 | 56,111 | | 116 | 210 | 111 | 6.5 | 677,000 | 3.54 |
| | 40 | 29 | 210 | 34 | -5.7 | 557,600 | 77.2 | 56,556 | | 116 | 210 | 111 | 7.1 | 744,400 | 3.86 |
| | 45 | 34 | 210 | 39 | -6.5 | 631,900 | 77.8 | 56,960 | 104 | 117 | 210 | 112 | 7.8 | 820,300 | 4.22 |
| | 50 | 39 | 210 | 43 | -7.3 | 712,600 | 78.5 | 57,475 | 104 | 118 | 210 | 113 | 8.6 | 902,900 | 4.60 |
| 1 | 55 | 44 | 210 | 47 | -8.2 | 799,000 | 79.3 | 58,049 | | 118 | 210 | 114 | 9.5 | 991,400 | 5.01 |
| 9 | 60 | 48 | 210 | 51 | -9.1 | 896,200 | 80.2 | 58,642 | | 119 | 210 | 114 | 10.4 | 1,090,800 | 5.45 |
| ΙĒ | 65 | 53 | 210 | 55 | -10.2 | 1,000,400 | 81.2 | 59,403 | | 119 | 210 | 115 | 11.4 | 1,197,700 | 5.91 |
| HEATING | 70 | 58 | 210 | 59 | -11.4 | 1,114,800 | 82.3 | 60,222 | | 120 | 210 | 117 | 12.6 | 1,315,100 | 6.40 |
| I | 25 | 15 | 210 | 22 | -3.5 | 340,100 | 81.5 | 60,360 | 115 | 124 | 210 | | 5.2 | 539,400 | 2.62 |
| | 30 | 20 | 210 | 26 | -4.1 | 394,400 | 82.2 | 60,841 | 114 | 124 | 210 | | 5.7 | 595,500 | 2.87 |
| | 35 | 25 | 210 | 30 | -4.7 | 454,600 | 82.9 | 61,284 | 114 | 125 | 210 | | 6.3 | 657,400 | 3.14 |
| | 40 | 30 | 210 | 35 | -5.3 | 521,700 | 83.4 | 61,634 | 113 | 125 | 210 | | 6.9 | 725,800 | 3.45 |
| | 45 | 34 | 210 | 39 | -6.1 | 595,700 | 84.1 | 62,063 | 112 | 125 | 210 | 120 | 7.7 | 801,500 | 3.78 |
| | 50 | 39 | 210 | 43 | -6.9 | 677,300 | 84.8 | 62,519 | 112 | 125 | 210 | 120 | 8.5 | 884,800 | 4.15 |
| | 55 | 44 | 210 | 47 | -7.8 | 766,700 | 85.5 | 63,018 | 111 | 126 | 210 | | 9.4 | 976,100 | 4.54 |
| | 60 | 49 | 210 | 51 | -8.8 | 865,100 | 86.3 | 63,586 | 110 | 126 | 210 | | 10.3 | 1,076,600 | 4.96 |
| | 65 | 54 | 210 | 55 | -9.9 | 973,000 | 87.2 | 64,166 | 109 | 126 | 210 | | 11.4 | 1,186,600 | 5.42 |
| | 70 | 58 | 210 | 59 | -11.1 | 1,090,100 | 88.3 | 64,936 | 108 | 127 | 210 | | 12.5 | 1,306,500 | 5.90 |

| | | EVAF | ORATOR | R LOOP | (Water) | | ELECTI | RICAL | | CONDE | NSER LO | OP (35% | Propyler | ne Glycol) | |
|-----|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|---------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------------|------|
| | ELT (°F) | Evap. Temp. | Flow (gpm) | LLT (°F) | Delta T (°F) | Cooling (Btu/hr) | Compressor Current (A)* | Input Power (W) | EWT (°F) | Cond. Temp. | Flow (gpm) | LWT (°F) | Delta T (°F) | Heat Rej. (Btu/hr) | EER |
| | | 35 | 210 | 45 | -8.2 | 859,300 | 51.3 | 35,087 | 50 | 72 | 210 | 60 | 9.9 | 972,600 | 24.5 |
| | | 35 | 210 | 46 | -8.0 | 841,300 | 53.9 | 37,202 | 55 | 77 | 210 | 65 | 9.8 | 961,900 | 22.6 |
| NG | | 36 | 210 | 46 | -7.9 | 825,800 | 56.8 | 39,570 | 60 | 82 | 210 | 70 | 9.7 | 954,600 | 20.9 |
| | | 37 | 210 | 46 | -7.7 | 810,000 | 60.0 | 42,206 | 65 | 88 | 210 | 75 | 9.7 | 947,800 | 19.2 |
| COO | 54 | 37 | 210 | 46 | -7.6 | 794,600 | 63.7 | 45,137 | 70 | 93 | 210 | 80 | 9.6 | 942,500 | 17.6 |
| Ö | 54 | 38 | 210 | 46 | -7.4 | 778,400 | 67.8 | 48,390 | 75 | 98 | 210 | 85 | 9.5 | 937,500 | 16.1 |
| | | 38 | 210 | 46 | -7.3 | 762,200 | 72.4 | 51,995 | 80 | 104 | 210 | 90 | 9.5 | 933,600 | 14.7 |
| | | 39 | 210 | 47 | -7.1 | 743,500 | 77.5 | 55,980 | 85 | 109 | 210 | 94 | 9.4 | 928,600 | 13.3 |
| | | 40 | 210 | 47 | -6.9 | 725,800 | 83.1 | 60,383 | 90 | 114 | 210 | 99 | 9.4 | 926,000 | 12.0 |
| | | 40 | 210 | 47 | -6.8 | 706,700 | 89.4 | 65,235 | 95 | 119 | 210 | 104 | 9.4 | 923,500 | 10.8 |

W-900-H-X-*D-PP** R454b, 60 Hz, 2 x GSD80421VL (460-3-60)

*Compressor current is for 460-3-60. Multiply by 0.8 for 575-3-60.

| | E/ | /APORA | TOR LO | OOP (50 | % Propy | lene Glycol, |) | ELECT | RICAL | | (| CONDE | ISER LO | OP (Wate | er) | |
|-----|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|---------------------|------|----------------------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|-----------------|------|
| RE* | ELT (°C) | Evap. Temp. | Flow (L/s) | LLT (°C) | Delta T (°C) | Ice Cooling (kW) | COPc | Compressor Current (A)* | Input Power (W) | EWT (°C) | Cond. Temp. | Flow (L/s) | LWT (°C) | Delta T (°C) | Heating (kW) | СОРн |
| | -15.0 | -19.4 | 13.2 | -16.6 | -1.6 | 77.0 | 2.04 | 57.5 | 43,665 | | 34.7 | 13.2 | 31.5 | 2.1 | 116.2 | 2.66 |
| RA | -12.2 | -16.9 | 13.2 | -14.0 | -1.8 | 87.6 | 2.23 | 59.6 | 44,669 | | 34.9 | 13.2 | 31.7 | 2.3 | 128.2 | 2.87 |
| H H | -9.4 | -14.5 | 13.2 | -11.5 | -2.1 | 99.2 | 2.44 | 61.7 | 45,645 | | 35.1 | 13.2 | 32.0 | 2.6 | 141.3 | 3.09 |
| MP | -6.7 | -12.1 | 13.2 | -9.0 | -2.3 | 111.8 | 2.65 | 63.8 | 46,607 | 29.4 | 35.3 | 13.2 | 32.2 | 2.8 | 155.3 | 3.33 |
| 世 | -3.9 | -9.6 | 13.2 | -6.5 | -2.6 | 125.6 | 2.89 | 65.8 | 47,516 | 20.4 | 35.5 | 13.2 | 32.5 | 3.1 | 170.5 | 3.59 |
| | -1.1 | -7.2 | 13.2 | -4.0 | -2.9 | 140.6 | 3.13 | 67.9 | 48,490 | | 35.7 | 13.2 | 32.8 | 3.4 | 186.9 | 3.85 |
| 2 | 1.7 | -4.7 | 13.2 | -1.5 | -3.2 | 157.0 | 3.38 | 70.0 | 49,497 | | 35.9 | 13.2 | 33.1 | 3.7 | 204.7 | 4.14 |
| | 4.4 | -2.3 | 13.2 | 8.0 | -3.6 | 174.6 | 3.65 | 72.2 | 50,557 | | 36.2 | 13.2 | 33.5 | 4.1 | 223.9 | 4.43 |

| | EVA | PORATO | R LOOP | (35% Pro | opylene (| Glycol) | ELECTI | RICAL | | (| CONDEN | SER LOC | OP (Water |) | |
|--|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|-------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|-----------------|------|
| | ELT (°C) | Evap. Temp. | Flow (L/s) | LLT (°C) | Delta T (°C) | Heat Abs. (kW) | Compressor Current (A)* | Input Power (W) | EWT (°C) | Cond. Temp. | Flow (L/s) | LWT (°C) | Delta T (°C) | Heating (kW) | СОРн |
| | -3.9 | - 9.5 | 13.2 | -6.1 | -2.2 | 110.0 | 75.4 | 55,280 | | 45.9 | 13.2 | 42.9 | 2.9 | 163.4 | 2.96 |
| | -1.1 | -6.8 | 13.2 | -3.5 | -2.4 | 126.2 | 76.0 | 55,735 | | 46.3 | 13.2 | 43.3 | 3.3 | 180.1 | 3.23 |
| | 1.7 | -4.2 | 13.2 | -1.1 | -2.8 | 144.2 | 76.6 | 56,111 | | 46.6 | 13.2 | 43.6 | 3.6 | 198.4 | 3.54 |
| | 4.4 | -1.6 | 13.2 | 1.2 | -3.2 | 163.4 | 77.2 | 56,556 | | 46.9 | 13.2 | 43.9 | 3.9 | 218.2 | 3.86 |
| | 7.2 | 1.1 | 13.2 | 3.6 | -3.6 | 185.2 | 77.8 | 56,960 | 40 | 47.2 | 13.2 | 44.3 | 4.3 | 240.4 | 4.22 |
| | 10.0 | 3.8 | 13.2 | 5.9 | -4.1 | 208.8 | 78.5 | 57,475 | 40 | 47.5 | 13.2 | 44.8 | 4.8 | 264.6 | 4.60 |
| | 12.7 | 6.4 | 13.2 | 8.1 | -4.6 | 234.2 | 79.3 | 58,049 | | 47.8 | 13.2 | 45.3 | 5.3 | 290.6 | 5.01 |
| \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\ | 15.5 | 9.1 | 13.2 | 10.4 | -5.1 | 262.7 | 80.2 | 58,642 | | 48.1 | 13.2 | 45.8 | 5.8 | 319.7 | 5.45 |
| ΗĒ | 18.3 | 11.7 | 13.2 | 12.6 | - 5.7 | 293.2 | 81.2 | 59,403 | | 48.4 | 13.2 | 46.3 | 6.3 | 351.0 | 5.91 |
| HEATING | 21.1 | 14.4 | 13.2 | 14.8 | -6.3 | 326.7 | 82.3 | 60,222 | | 48.7 | 13.2 | 47.0 | 7.0 | 385.4 | 6.40 |
| 工 | -3.9 | -9.4 | 13.2 | -5.8 | -1.9 | 99.7 | 81.5 | 60,360 | 46.0 | 51.1 | 13.2 | | 2.9 | 158.1 | 2.62 |
| | -1.1 | -6.7 | 13.2 | -3.4 | -2.3 | 115.6 | 82.2 | 60,841 | 45.7 | 51.3 | 13.2 | | 3.2 | 174.5 | 2.87 |
| | 1.7 | -4.1 | 13.2 | -0.9 | -2.6 | 133.2 | 82.9 | 61,284 | 45.4 | 51.4 | 13.2 | | 3.5 | 192.7 | 3.14 |
| | 4.4 | -1.4 | 13.2 | 1.5 | -2.9 | 152.9 | 83.4 | 61,634 | 45.1 | 51.6 | 13.2 | | 3.8 | 212.7 | 3.45 |
| | 7.2 | 1.3 | 13.2 | 3.8 | -3.4 | 174.6 | 84.1 | 62,063 | 44.6 | 51.7 | 13.2 | 49 | 4.3 | 234.9 | 3.78 |
| | 10.0 | 3.9 | 13.2 | 6.2 | -3.8 | 198.5 | 84.8 | 62,519 | 44.2 | 51.9 | 13.2 | 49 | 4.7 | 259.3 | 4.15 |
| | 12.8 | 6.6 | 13.2 | 8.5 | -4.3 | 224.7 | 85.5 | 63,018 | 43.7 | 52.1 | 13.2 | | 5.2 | 286.1 | 4.54 |
| | 15.6 | 9.3 | 13.2 | 10.7 | -4.9 | 253.5 | 86.3 | 63,586 | 43.2 | 52.2 | 13.2 | | 5.7 | 315.5 | 4.96 |
| | 18.3 | 11.9 | 13.2 | 12.8 | -5.5 | 285.2 | 87.2 | 64,166 | 42.6 | 52.3 | 13.2 | | 6.3 | 347.8 | 5.42 |
| | 21.1 | 14.6 | 13.2 | 14.9 | -6.2 | 319.5 | 88.3 | 64,936 | 41.9 | 52.5 | 13.2 | | 6.9 | 382.9 | 5.90 |

| | | EVAP | ORATOR | R LOOP | (Water) | | ELECTI | RICAL | | CONDE | NSER LO | OP (35% | Propyler | e Glycol) | |
|------|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|-----------------|----------------------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|-----------------|-------------------|------|
| | ELT (°C) | Evap. Temp. | Flow (L/s) | LLT (°C) | Delta T (°C) | Cooling (kW) | Compressor Current (A)* | Input Power (W) | EWT (°C) | Cond. Temp. | Flow (L/s) | LWT (°C) | Delta T (°C) | Heat Rej. (kW) | COPc |
| 1 | | 2 | 13.2 | 7.4 | -4.6 | 251.8 | 51.3 | 35,087 | 10.0 | 22 | 13.2 | 15.5 | 5.5 | 285.0 | 7.18 |
| 1 | | 2 | 13.2 | 7.6 | -4.4 | 246.6 | 53.9 | 37,202 | 12.8 | 25 | 13.2 | 18.2 | 5.4 | 281.9 | 6.62 |
| NG N | | 2 | 13.2 | 7.6 | -4.4 | 242.0 | 56.8 | 39,570 | 15.6 | 28 | 13.2 | 21.0 | 5.4 | 279.8 | 6.13 |
| | | 3 | 13.2 | 7.7 | -4.3 | 237.4 | 60.0 | 42,206 | 18.3 | 31 | 13.2 | 23.7 | 5.4 | 277.8 | 5.63 |
| | 40 | 3 | 13.2 | 7.8 | -4.2 | 232.9 | 63.7 | 45,137 | 21.1 | 34 | 13.2 | 26.4 | 5.3 | 276.2 | 5.16 |
| 8 | 12 | 3 | 13.2 | 7.9 | -4.1 | 228.1 | 67.8 | 48,390 | 23.9 | 37 | 13.2 | 29.2 | 5.3 | 274.8 | 4.72 |
| | | 4 | 13.2 | 7.9 | -4.1 | 223.4 | 72.4 | 51,995 | 26.7 | 40 | 13.2 | 32.0 | 5.3 | 273.6 | 4.31 |
| | | 4 | 13.2 | 8.1 | -3.9 | 217.9 | 77.5 | 55,980 | 29.4 | 43 | 13.2 | 34.6 | 5.2 | 272.1 | 3.90 |
| i | | 4 | 13.2 | 8.2 | -3.8 | 212.7 | 83.1 | 60,383 | 32.2 | 46 | 13.2 | 37.4 | 5.2 | 271.4 | 3.52 |
| | | 5 | 13.2 | 8.2 | -3.8 | 207.1 | 89.4 | 65,235 | 35.0 | 49 | 13.2 | 40.2 | 5.2 | 270.7 | 3.17 |

W-1000-H**-X-*D-PP R454b, 60 Hz, 2 x GSD80485VL (460-3-60)

*Compressor current is for 460-3-60. Multiply by 0.8 for 575-3-60.

| | E۱ | /APORA | TOR LO | OOP (50 | % Propy | lene Glycol) |) | ELECT | RICAL | | (| CONDEN | ISER LO | OP (Wat | er) | |
|-----|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|-------------------------|------|----------------------------|--------|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|---------------------|------|
| RE* | ELT (°F) | Evap. Temp. | Flow (gpm) | LLT (°F) | Delta T (°F) | Ice Cooling (Btu/hr) | EER | Compressor Current (A)* | | EWT (°F) | Cond. Temp. | Flow (gpm) | LWT (°F) | Delta T (°F) | Heating (Btu/hr) | СОРн |
| 12 | 5 | -3 | 225 | 2 | -3.1 | 300,300 | 6.7 | 65.0 | 50,695 | | 95 | 225 | 89 | 4.0 | 457,400 | 2.64 |
| R | 10 | 2 | 225 | 7 | -3.5 | 341,400 | 7.4 | 67.1 | 51,697 | | 95 | 225 | 90 | 4.5 | 503,600 | 2.85 |
| PE | 15 | 6 | 225 | 11 | -4.0 | 386,700 | 8.1 | 69.2 | 52,719 | | 95 | 225 | 90 | 4.9 | 554,000 | 3.08 |
| ≥ | 20 | 10 | 225 | 16 | -4.5 | 436,100 | 8.9 | 71.4 | 53,766 | 85 | 96 | 225 | 90 | 5.4 | 608,600 | 3.32 |
| Η | 25 | 15 | 225 | 20 | -5.0 | 490,400 | 9.7 | 73.5 | 54,785 | 00 | 96 | 225 | 91 | 5.9 | 668,100 | 3.57 |
| > | 30 | 19 | 225 | 24 | -5.6 | 549,300 | 10.5 | 75.7 | 55,902 | | 97 | 225 | 92 | 6.5 | 732,400 | 3.84 |
| 2 | 35 | 24 | 225 | 29 | -6.3 | 613,600 | 11.4 | 78.0 | 57,063 | | 97 | 225 | 92 | 7.1 | 802,400 | 4.12 |
| | 40 | 28 | 225 | 33 | -6.9 | 683,200 | 12.3 | 80.3 | 58,280 | | 97 | 225 | 93 | 7.8 | 877,800 | 4.41 |

| | EVA | PORATO | R LOOP | (35% Pro | opylene (| Glycol) | ELECTI | RICAL | | (| CONDEN | SER LOC | OP (Wate | er) | |
|---------|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|---------------------|------|
| | ELT (°F) | Evap. Temp. | Flow (gpm) | LLT (°F) | Delta T (°F) | Heat Abs. (Btu/hr) | Compressor Current (A)* | Input Power (W) | EWT (°F) | Cond. Temp. | Flow (gpm) | LWT (°F) | Delta T (°F) | Heating (Btu/hr) | СОРн |
| | 25 | 15 | 225 | 21 | -4.3 | 446,600 | 88.4 | 65,941 | | 114 | 225 | 110 | 5.9 | 664,900 | 2.96 |
| | 30 | 19 | 225 | 25 | -4.9 | 508,900 | 89.1 | 66,474 | | 115 | 225 | 111 | 6.5 | 729,100 | 3.21 |
| | 35 | 24 | 225 | 30 | - 5.5 | 577,900 | 89.7 | 66,940 | | 116 | 225 | 111 | 7.1 | 799,800 | 3.50 |
| | 40 | 29 | 225 | 34 | -6.2 | 651,800 | 90.5 | 67,497 | | 116 | 225 | 112 | 7.8 | 875,700 | 3.80 |
| | 45 | 34 | 225 | 38 | -7.0 | 735,200 | 91.2 | 68,005 | 104 | 117 | 225 | 113 | 8.6 | 961,000 | 4.14 |
| | 50 | 38 | 225 | 42 | -7.9 | 825,500 | 92.0 | 68,622 | 104 | 117 | 225 | 113 | 9.4 | 1,053,500 | 4.50 |
| 1 | 55 | 43 | 225 | 46 | -8.8 | 922,000 | 92.9 | 69,273 | | 118 | 225 | 114 | 10.3 | 1,152,300 | 4.88 |
| 9 | 60 | 48 | 225 | 50 | -9.8 | 1,030,300 | 93.8 | 69,896 | | 118 | 225 | 115 | 11.3 | 1,262,900 | 5.30 |
| ΙĒ | 65 | 53 | 225 | 54 | -10.9 | 1,146,500 | 94.8 | 70,650 | | 119 | 225 | 116 | 12.3 | 1,381,800 | 5.73 |
| HEATING | 70 | 58 | 225 | 58 | -12.1 | 1,273,500 | 95.8 | 71,384 | | 119 | 225 | 118 | 13.5 | 1,511,400 | 6.21 |
| I | 25 | 15 | 225 | 21 | -3.9 | 404,500 | 96.2 | 71,981 | 114 | 124 | 225 | | 5.7 | 643,400 | 2.62 |
| | 30 | 20 | 225 | 26 | -4.5 | 466,100 | 96.9 | 72,501 | 114 | 124 | 225 | | 6.3 | 706,900 | 2.86 |
| | 35 | 24 | 225 | 30 | - 5.1 | 534,100 | 97.6 | 73,023 | 113 | 124 | 225 | | 6.9 | 776,800 | 3.12 |
| | 40 | 29 | 225 | 34 | - 5.8 | 608,800 | 98.5 | 73,643 | 112 | 125 | 225 | | 7.6 | 853,700 | 3.40 |
| | 45 | 34 | 225 | 38 | -6.6 | 692,000 | 99.3 | 74,193 | 112 | 125 | 225 | 120 | 8.4 | 938,900 | 3.71 |
| | 50 | 39 | 225 | 43 | -7.5 | 783,500 | 100.1 | 74,770 | 111 | 125 | 225 | 120 | 9.2 | 1,032,500 | 4.05 |
| | 55 | 44 | 225 | 47 | -8.4 | 883,600 | 101.0 | 75,381 | 110 | 125 | 225 | | 10.2 | 1,134,800 | 4.41 |
| | 60 | 48 | 225 | 51 | -9.5 | 993,800 | 102.0 | 76,035 | 109 | 125 | 225 | | 11.2 | 1,247,300 | 4.81 |
| | 65 | 53 | 225 | 54 | -10.6 | 1,112,900 | 103.1 | 76,828 | 108 | 126 | 225 | | 12.3 | 1,369,300 | 5.22 |
| | 70 | 58 | 225 | 58 | -11.8 | 1,243,400 | 104.2 | 77,594 | 107 | 126 | 225 | | 13.5 | 1,502,500 | 5.67 |

| | | EVAF | ORATOR | R LOOP | (Water) | | ELECTI | RICAL | | CONDE | NSER LO | OP (35% | Propylei | ne Glycol) | |
|------|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|---------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------------|------|
| | ELT (°F) | Evap. Temp. | Flow (gpm) | LLT (°F) | Delta T (°F) | Cooling (Btu/hr) | Compressor Current (A)* | Input Power (W) | EWT (°F) | Cond. Temp. | Flow (gpm) | LWT (°F) | Delta T (°F) | Heat Rej. (Btu/hr) | EER |
| | | 35 | 225 | 45 | -8.6 | 968,400 | 54.5 | 39,219 | 50 | 72 | 225 | 61 | 10.5 | 1,095,700 | 24.7 |
| | | 36 | 225 | 45 | -8.4 | 946,400 | 57.7 | 41,832 | 55 | 77 | 225 | 65 | 10.3 | 1,082,700 | 22.6 |
| NG | | 36 | 225 | 45 | -8.3 | 927,200 | 61.3 | 44,682 | 60 | 82 | 225 | 70 | 10.2 | 1,073,200 | 20.8 |
| Ī | | 37 | 225 | 46 | -8.1 | 908,600 | 65.0 | 47,709 | 65 | 88 | 225 | 75 | 10.1 | 1,065,000 | 19.0 |
| COOL | 54 | 37 | 225 | 46 | -7.9 | 890,400 | 69.3 | 51,037 | 70 | 93 | 225 | 80 | 10.1 | 1,058,200 | 17.4 |
| Ö | 54 | 38 | 225 | 46 | -7.8 | 872,300 | 73.8 | 54,603 | 75 | 98 | 225 | 85 | 10.0 | 1,052,300 | 16.0 |
| | | 39 | 225 | 46 | -7.6 | 854,000 | 78.9 | 58,555 | 80 | 103 | 225 | 90 | 9.9 | 1,047,600 | 14.6 |
| | | 39 | 225 | 46 | -7.4 | 833,700 | 84.5 | 62,803 | 85 | 109 | 225 | 95 | 9.9 | 1,041,800 | 13.3 |
| | | 40 | 225 | 46 | -7.3 | 814,200 | 90.7 | 67,535 | 90 | 114 | 225 | 100 | 9.8 | 1,038,500 | 12.1 |
| | | 40 | 225 | 47 | -7.1 | 793,800 | 97.5 | 72,642 | 95 | 119 | 225 | 105 | 9.8 | 1,035,600 | 10.9 |

W-1000-H**-X-*D-PP

R454b, 60 Hz, 2 x GSD80485VL (460-3-60)

*Compressor current is for 460-3-60. Multiply by 0.8 for 575-3-60.

| | E | /APORA | TOR LO | OOP (50 | % Propy | lene Glycol, |) | ELECT | RICAL | | (| CONDEN | ISER LO | OP (Wate | er) | |
|-----|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|---------------------|------|----------------------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|-----------------|------|
| RE* | ELT (°C) | Evap. Temp. | Flow (L/s) | LLT (°C) | Delta T (°C) | Ice Cooling (kW) | COPc | Compressor Current (A)* | Input Power (W) | EWT (°C) | Cond. Temp. | Flow (L/s) | LWT (°C) | Delta T (°C) | Heating (kW) | СОРн |
| | -15.0 | -19.4 | 14.2 | -16.7 | -1.7 | 88.0 | 1.97 | 65.0 | 50,695 | | 34.8 | 14.2 | 31.6 | 2.2 | 134.1 | 2.64 |
| RA | -12.2 | -16.9 | 14.2 | -14.1 | -1.9 | 100.1 | 2.17 | 67.1 | 51,697 | | 35.0 | 14.2 | 31.9 | 2.5 | 147.6 | 2.85 |
| H H | -9.4 | -14.5 | 14.2 | -11.6 | -2.2 | 113.3 | 2.38 | 69.2 | 52,719 | | 35.2 | 14.2 | 32.1 | 2.7 | 162.4 | 3.08 |
| MP | -6.7 | -12.1 | 14.2 | -9.2 | -2.5 | 127.8 | 2.60 | 71.4 | 53,766 | 29.4 | 35.4 | 14.2 | 32.4 | 3.0 | 178.4 | 3.32 |
| 世 | -3.9 | -9.6 | 14.2 | -6.7 | -2.8 | 143.7 | 2.84 | 73.5 | 54,785 | 20.4 | 35.6 | 14.2 | 32.7 | 3.3 | 195.8 | 3.57 |
| | -1.1 | -7.2 | 14.2 | -4.2 | -3.1 | 161.0 | 3.08 | 75.7 | 55,902 | | 35.8 | 14.2 | 33.0 | 3.6 | 214.6 | 3.84 |
| 2 | 1.7 | -4.7 | 14.2 | -1.8 | -3.5 | 179.8 | 3.34 | 78.0 | 57,063 | | 36.1 | 14.2 | 33.3 | 3.9 | 235.2 | 4.12 |
| | 4.4 | -2.3 | 14.2 | 0.6 | -3.8 | 200.2 | 3.60 | 80.3 | 58,280 | | 36.3 | 14.2 | 33.7 | 4.3 | 257.3 | 4.41 |

| | EVA | PORATO | R LOOP | (35% Pro | opylene (| Glycol) | ELECTI | RICAL | | (| CONDEN | SER LOC | OP (Water |) | |
|-------|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|-------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|-----------------|------|
| | ELT (°C) | Evap. Temp. | Flow (L/s) | LLT (°C) | Delta T (°C) | Heat Abs. (kW) | Compressor Current (A)* | Input Power (W) | EWT (°C) | Cond. Temp. | Flow (L/s) | LWT (°C) | Delta T (°C) | Heating (kW) | СОРн |
| | -3.9 | -9.7 | 14.2 | -6.3 | -2.4 | 130.9 | 88.4 | 65,941 | | 45.8 | 14.2 | 43.3 | 3.3 | 194.9 | 2.96 |
| | -1.1 | -7.1 | 14.2 | -3.8 | -2.7 | 149.1 | 89.1 | 66,474 | | 46.1 | 14.2 | 43.6 | 3.6 | 213.7 | 3.21 |
| | 1.7 | -4.4 | 14.2 | -1.4 | -3.1 | 169.4 | 89.7 | 66,940 | | 46.4 | 14.2 | 43.9 | 3.9 | 234.4 | 3.50 |
| | 4.4 | -1.8 | 14.2 | 1.0 | -3.4 | 191.0 | 90.5 | 67,497 | | 46.7 | 14.2 | 44.3 | 4.3 | 256.6 | 3.80 |
| | 7.2 | 0.9 | 14.2 | 3.3 | -3.9 | 215.5 | 91.2 | 68,005 | 40 | 47.0 | 14.2 | 44.8 | 4.8 | 281.6 | 4.14 |
| | 10.0 | 3.6 | 14.2 | 5.6 | -4.4 | 241.9 | 92.0 | 68,622 | 40 | 47.3 | 14.2 | 45.2 | 5.2 | 308.8 | 4.50 |
| | 12.7 | 6.2 | 14.2 | 7.8 | -4.9 | 270.2 | 92.9 | 69,273 | | 47.7 | 14.2 | 45.7 | 5.7 | 337.7 | 4.88 |
| ATING | 15.5 | 8.8 | 14.2 | 10.1 | -5.4 | 302.0 | 93.8 | 69,896 | | 47.9 | 14.2 | 46.3 | 6.3 | 370.1 | 5.30 |
| ΗĘ | 18.3 | 11.5 | 14.2 | 12.2 | -6.1 | 336.0 | 94.8 | 70,650 | | 48.3 | 14.2 | 46.8 | 6.8 | 405.0 | 5.73 |
| HEA | 21.1 | 14.2 | 14.2 | 14.4 | -6.7 | 373.2 | 95.8 | 71,384 | | 48.6 | 14.2 | 47.5 | 7.5 | 443.0 | 6.21 |
| I | -3.9 | -9.6 | 14.2 | -6.1 | -2.2 | 118.5 | 96.2 | 71,981 | 45.7 | 51.0 | 14.2 | | 3.2 | 188.6 | 2.62 |
| | -1.1 | -6.9 | 14.2 | -3.6 | -2.5 | 136.6 | 96.9 | 72,501 | 45.4 | 51.1 | 14.2 | | 3.5 | 207.2 | 2.86 |
| | 1.7 | -4.3 | 14.2 | -1.1 | -2.8 | 156.5 | 97.6 | 73,023 | 45.1 | 51.2 | 14.2 | | 3.8 | 227.7 | 3.12 |
| | 4.4 | -1.6 | 14.2 | 1.2 | -3.2 | 178.4 | 98.5 | 73,643 | 44.7 | 51.4 | 14.2 | | 4.2 | 250.2 | 3.40 |
| | 7.2 | 1.1 | 14.2 | 3.5 | -3.7 | 202.8 | 99.3 | 74,193 | 44.2 | 51.5 | 14.2 | 49 | 4.7 | 275.2 | 3.71 |
| | 10.0 | 3.7 | 14.2 | 5.8 | -4.2 | 229.6 | 100.1 | 74,770 | 43.8 | 51.6 | 14.2 | 49 | 5.1 | 302.6 | 4.05 |
| | 12.8 | 6.4 | 14.2 | 8.1 | -4.7 | 259.0 | 101.0 | 75,381 | 43.2 | 51.7 | 14.2 | | 5.7 | 332.6 | 4.41 |
| | 15.6 | 9.1 | 14.2 | 10.3 | -5.3 | 291.3 | 102.0 | 76,035 | 42.7 | 51.8 | 14.2 | | 6.2 | 365.6 | 4.81 |
| | 18.3 | 11.7 | 14.2 | 12.4 | -5.9 | 326.2 | 103.1 | 76,828 | 42.1 | 52.0 | 14.2 | | 6.8 | 401.3 | 5.22 |
| | 21.1 | 14.4 | 14.2 | 14.5 | -6.6 | 364.4 | 104.2 | 77,594 | 41.4 | 52.1 | 14.2 | | 7.5 | 440.3 | 5.67 |

| | | EVAP | ORATOR | R LOOP | (Water) | | ELECTI | RICAL | | CONDE | NSER LO | OP (35% | Propyler | e Glycol) | |
|-----|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|-----------------|----------------------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|-----------------|-------------------|------|
| | ELT (°C) | Evap. Temp. | Flow (L/s) | LLT (°C) | Delta T (°C) | Cooling (kW) | Compressor Current (A)* | Input Power (W) | EWT (°C) | Cond. Temp. | Flow (L/s) | LWT (°C) | Delta T (°C) | Heat Rej. (kW) | COPc |
| 1 | | 2 | 14.2 | 7.2 | -4.8 | 283.8 | 54.5 | 39,219 | 10.0 | 22 | 14.2 | 15.8 | 5.8 | 321.1 | 7.24 |
| 1 | | 2 | 14.2 | 7.3 | -4.7 | 277.4 | 57.7 | 41,832 | 12.8 | 25 | 14.2 | 18.5 | 5.7 | 317.3 | 6.62 |
| NG | | 2 | 14.2 | 7.4 | -4.6 | 271.7 | 61.3 | 44,682 | 15.6 | 28 | 14.2 | 21.3 | 5.7 | 314.5 | 6.10 |
| | | 3 | 14.2 | 7.5 | -4.5 | 266.3 | 65.0 | 47,709 | 18.3 | 31 | 14.2 | 23.9 | 5.6 | 312.1 | 5.57 |
| | 40 | 3 | 14.2 | 7.6 | -4.4 | 261.0 | 69.3 | 51,037 | 21.1 | 34 | 14.2 | 26.7 | 5.6 | 310.1 | 5.10 |
| 8 | 12 | 3 | 14.2 | 7.7 | -4.3 | 255.6 | 73.8 | 54,603 | 23.9 | 37 | 14.2 | 29.5 | 5.6 | 308.4 | 4.69 |
| | | 4 | 14.2 | 7.8 | -4.2 | 250.3 | 78.9 | 58,555 | 26.7 | 40 | 14.2 | 32.2 | 5.5 | 307.0 | 4.28 |
| į I | | 4 | 14.2 | 7.9 | -4.1 | 244.3 | 84.5 | 62,803 | 29.4 | 43 | 14.2 | 34.9 | 5.5 | 305.3 | 3.90 |
| | | 4 | 14.2 | 7.9 | -4.1 | 238.6 | 90.7 | 67,535 | 32.2 | 46 | 14.2 | 37.6 | 5.4 | 304.4 | 3.55 |
| | | 5 | 14.2 | 8.1 | -3.9 | 232.6 | 97.5 | 72,642 | 35.0 | 48 | 14.2 | 40.4 | 5.4 | 303.5 | 3.19 |

WH-150-H**-Y-*D-PP R513a, 60 Hz, 2 x ZR68KCE-TFD (460-3-60)

- * Cooling via reversing models (-HAC), or switching indoor/outdoor
 ** Lower cooling mode outdoor loop ELT's may require flow control

 † Compressor current is for 460-3-60.
 [Multiply by 2.2 for 208-3-60, by 0.8 for 575-3-60.]

| J | | <u> </u> | TDOOR : | 00D //4 | /-4- ··\ | | FL FOT | DICAL T | - | | INDOO | | | | |
|------------|-------------|----------|---------|-------------|--------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|-------------|----------|-------|--------|-----------------|---------------------|------|
| | | OU | TDOOR I | LOOP (W | ater) | | ELECTI | RICAL | | | INDOO | R LOOP | (vvater) | ı | ı |
| | ELT | Evap. | Flow | LLT | Delta T | Heat Abs. | Compressor | Input | EWT | Cond. | Flow | LWT | Delta T | Heating | СОРн |
| | (°F) | Temp. | (gpm) | (°F) | (°F) | (Btu/hr) | Current (A) ^T | Power (W) | (°F) | Temp. | (gpm) | (°F) | (°F) | (Btu/hr) | СОГН |
| | 50 | 40 | 36 | 46 | -4.3 | 78,100 | 13.4 | 8,286 | 114 | 126 | 36 | | 5.9 | 106,000 | 3.75 |
| | 60 | 48 | 36 | 55 | -5.3 | 94,900 | 13.8 | 8,604 | 113 | 126 | 36 | | 6.9 | 123,900 | 4.22 |
| | 70 | 57 | 36 | 64 | -6.4 | 114,400 | 14.3 | 8,946 | 112 | 126 | 36 | 120 | 8.1 | 144,600 | 4.74 |
| | 80 | 65 | 36 | 72 | -7.6 | 137,000 | 14.8 | 9,320 | 111 | 127 | 36 | | 9.4 | 168,400 | 5.30 |
| / D | 90 | 74 | 36 | 81 | -9.1 | 163,100 | 15.4 | 9,731 | 109 | 127 | 36 | | 11.0 | 195,900 | 5.90 |
| HEATING | 50 | 41 | 36 | 46 | -3.8 | 68,200 | 15.0 | 9,993 | 134 | 145 | 36 | | 5.7 | 101,900 | 2.99 |
| F | 60 | 50 | 36 | 55 | -4.6 | 82,600 | 15.5 | 10,315 | 133 | 146 | 36 | | 6.6 | 117,400 | 3.34 |
| 4 | 70 | 58 | 36 | 65 | - 5.5 | 99,000 | 15.9 | 10,649 | 132 | 146 | 36 | 140 | 7.6 | 135,000 | 3.72 |
| Ĭ | 80 | 67 | 36 | 73 | -6.6 | 117,900 | 16.5 | 11,026 | 131 | 146 | 36 | | 8.7 | 155,200 | 4.13 |
| _ | 90 | 75 | 36 | 82 | -7.8 | 139,500 | 17.0 | 11,423 | 130 | 146 | 36 | | 10.0 | 178,100 | 4.57 |
| | 50 | 42 | 36 | 47 | -3.1 | 56,400 | 16.9 | 11,836 | 155 | 166 | 36 | | 5.4 | 96,400 | 2.39 |
| | 60 | 51 | 36 | 56 | -3.8 | 68,500 | 17.4 | 12,194 | 154 | 166 | 36 | | 6.2 | 109,700 | 2.64 |
| | 70 | 60 | 36 | 65 | -4.6 | 82,200 | 18.0 | 12,591 | 153 | 166 | 36 | 160 | 7.1 | 124,800 | 2.90 |
| | 80 | 68 | 36 | 75 | - 5.5 | 97,800 | 18.5 | 13,001 | 152 | 167 | 36 | | 8.0 | 141,800 | 3.20 |
| | 90 | 77 | 36 | 84 | -6.5 | 115,800 | 19.1 | 13,447 | 151 | 167 | 36 | | 9.1 | 161,300 | 3.52 |
| | EL E | 01 | FI. | | D.II. T | Heat Det | Compressor | 11 | E)A/E | - | FI: | LVACT | D.II. T | 0 | |
| | ELT (°F) | Cond. | Flow | LLT (°F) | Delta T | Heat Rej. (Btu/hr) | Current (A) | Input Power (W) | EWT (°F) | Evap. | Flow | LWT | Delta T (°F) | Cooling (Btu/hr) | EER |
| | . , | Temp. | (gpm) | ` ' | (°F) | ` ' | | ` , | () | Temp. | (gpm) | (°F) | | ` ' | |
| | 50** | 75 | 36 | 56 | 6.2 | 104,100 | 8.2 | 3,916 | | 37 | 36 | 49 | -5.1 | 91,200 | 23.3 |
| * | 55** | 80 | 36 | 61 | 6.1 | 102,900 | 8.4 | 4,132 | | 37 | 36 | 49 | - 5.0 | 89,200 | 21.6 |
| Ž | 60** | 85 | 36 | 66 | 6.1 | 101,700 | 8.5 | 4,357 | | 38 | 36 | 49 | -4.9 | 87,200 | 20.0 |
| 7 | 65** | 90 | 36 | 71 | 6.0 | 100,400 | 8.7 | 4,588 | | 38 | 36 | 49 | -4.7 | 85,100 | 18.5 |
| COOLING* | 70 | 96 | 36 | 76 | 5.9 | 99,200 | 8.9 | 4,835 | 54 | 39 | 36 | 49 | -4.6 | 83,100 | 17.2 |
| ö | 75 | 101 | 36 | 81 | 5.8 | 97,900 | 9.1 | 5,095 | - | 39 | 36 | 49 | -4.5 | 80,900 | 15.9 |
| | 80 | 106 | 36 | 86 | 5.7 | 96,700 | 9.3 | 5,369 | | 40 | 36 | 49 | -4.4 | 78,800 | 14.7 |
| | 85 | 111 | 36 | 91 | 5.7 | 95,500 | 9.6 | 5,654 | | 40 | 36 | 49 | -4.3 | 76,600 | 13.5 |
| | 90 | 117 | 36 | 96 | 5.6 | 94,400 | 9.9 | 5,962 | | 41 | 36 | 50 | -4.1 | 74,400 | 12.5 |
| | 95 | 122 | 36 | 101 | 5.5 | 93,300 | 10.2 | 6,288 | | 41 | 36 | 50 | -4.0 | 72,200 | 11.5 |

| | | OU. | TDOOR I | OOP (W | /ater) | | ELECTI | RICAL | | | INDOO | R LOOP | (Water) | | |
|----------|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|-------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|-----------------|------|
| | ELT (°C) | Evap. Temp. | Flow (L/s) | LLT (°C) | Delta T (°C) | Heat Abs. (kW) | Compressor Current (A) | Input Power (W) | EWT (°C) | Cond. Temp. | Flow (L/s) | LWT (°C) | Delta T (°C) | Heating (kW) | СОРн |
| | 10.0 | 4.3 | 2.3 | 7.6 | -2.4 | 22.9 | 13.4 | 8,286 | 45.6 | 52.0 | 2.3 | | 3.3 | 31.1 | 3.75 |
| 1 | 15.6 | 9.0 | 2.3 | 12.7 | -2.9 | 27.8 | 13.8 | 8,604 | 45.1 | 52.2 | 2.3 | | 3.8 | 36.3 | 4.22 |
| | 21.1 | 13.7 | 2.3 | 17.5 | -3.6 | 33.5 | 14.3 | 8,946 | 44.4 | 52.3 | 2.3 | 49 | 4.5 | 42.4 | 4.74 |
| | 26.7 | 18.4 | 2.3 | 22.5 | -4.2 | 40.2 | 14.8 | 9,320 | 43.7 | 52.5 | 2.3 | | 5.2 | 49.4 | 5.30 |
| (5) | 32.2 | 23.2 | 2.3 | 27.1 | - 5.1 | 47.8 | 15.4 | 9,731 | 42.8 | 52.7 | 2.3 | | 6.1 | 57.4 | 5.90 |
| HEATING | 10.0 | 5.0 | 2.3 | 7.9 | -2.1 | 20.0 | 15.0 | 9,993 | 56.8 | 62.9 | 2.3 | | 3.2 | 29.9 | 2.99 |
| Ę | 15.6 | 9.8 | 2.3 | 13.0 | -2.6 | 24.2 | 15.5 | 10,315 | 56.3 | 63.1 | 2.3 | | 3.7 | 34.4 | 3.34 |
| S | 21.1 | 14.5 | 2.3 | 18.0 | -3.1 | 29.0 | 15.9 | 10,649 | 55.8 | 63.2 | 2.3 | 60 | 4.2 | 39.6 | 3.72 |
| 王」 | 26.7 | 19.3 | 2.3 | 23.0 | -3.7 | 34.6 | 16.5 | 11,026 | 55.2 | 63.4 | 2.3 | | 4.8 | 45.5 | 4.13 |
| | 32.2 | 24.0 | 2.3 | 27.9 | -4.3 | 40.9 | 17.0 | 11,423 | 54.4 | 63.5 | 2.3 | | 5.6 | 52.2 | 4.57 |
| | 10.0 | 5.7 | 2.3 | 8.3 | -1.7 | 16.5 | 16.9 | 11,836 | 68.1 | 74.2 | 2.3 | | 3.0 | 28.3 | 2.39 |
| | 15.6 | 10.5 | 2.3 | 13.5 | -2.1 | 20.1 | 17.4 | 12,194 | 67.7 | 74.3 | 2.3 | | 3.4 | 32.2 | 2.64 |
| | 21.1 | 15.3 | 2.3 | 18.5 | -2.6 | 24.1 | 18.0 | 12,591 | 67.2 | 74.6 | 2.3 | 71 | 3.9 | 36.6 | 2.90 |
| | 26.7 | 20.1 | 2.3 | 23.6 | -3.1 | 28.7 | 18.5 | 13,001 | 66.7 | 74.7 | 2.3 | | 4.4 | 41.6 | 3.20 |
| | 32.2 | 24.9 | 2.3 | 28.6 | -3.6 | 33.9 | 19.1 | 13,447 | 66.1 | 74.9 | 2.3 | | 5.1 | 47.3 | 3.52 |
| | ELT | Cond. | Flow | LLT | Delta T | Heat Rej. | Compressor | Input | EWT | Evap. | Flow | LWT | Delta T | Cooling | |
| | (°C) | Temp. | (L/s) | (°C) | (°C) | (W) | Current (A) | Power (W) | (°C) | Temp. | (L/s) | (°C) | (°C) | (W) | COPc |
| | 10.0** | 24 | 2.3 | 13.4 | 3.4 | 30.5 | 8.2 | 3,916 | | 3 | 2.3 | 9.2 | -2.8 | 26.7 | 6.83 |
| | 12.8** | 27 | 2.3 | 16.2 | 3.4 | 30.2 | 8.4 | 4,132 | | 3 | 2.3 | 9.2 | -2.8 | 26.1 | 6.33 |
| 9 | 15.6** | 30 | 2.3 | 19.0 | 3.4 | 29.8 | 8.5 | 4,357 | | 3 | 2.3 | 9.3 | -2.7 | 25.6 | 5.86 |
| COOLING | 18.3** | 32 | 2.3 | 21.6 | 3.3 | 29.4 | 8.7 | 4,588 | | 3 | 2.3 | 9.4 | -2.6 | 24.9 | 5.42 |
| 0 | 21.1 | 35 | 2.3 | 24.4 | 3.3 | 29.1 | 8.9 | 4,835 | 12 | 4 | 2.3 | 9.4 | -2.6 | 24.4 | 5.04 |
| 100 | 23.9 | 38 | 2.3 | 27.1 | 3.2 | 28.7 | 9.1 | 5,095 | 12 | 4 | 2.3 | 9.5 | -2.5 | 23.7 | 4.66 |
| | 26.7 | 41 | 2.3 | 29.9 | 3.2 | 28.3 | 9.3 | 5,369 | | 4 | 2.3 | 9.6 | -2.4 | 23.1 | 4.31 |
| | 29.4 | 44 | 2.3 | 32.6 | 3.2 | 28.0 | 9.6 | 5,654 | | 5 | 2.3 | 9.6 | -2.4 | 22.4 | 3.96 |
| | 32.2 | 47 | 2.3 | 35.3 | 3.1 | 27.7 | 9.9 | 5,962 | | 5 | 2.3 | 9.7 | -2.3 | 21.8 | 3.66 |
| | 35.0 | 50 | 2.3 | 38.1 | 3.1 | 27.3 | 10.2 | 6,288 | | 5 | 2.3 | 9.8 | -2.2 | 21.2 | 3.37 |

WH-185-H**-Y-*D-PP R513a, 60 Hz, 2 x ZH40KCE-TFD (460-3-60)

- * Cooling via reversing models (-HAC), or switching indoor/outdoor
 ** Lower cooling mode outdoor loop ELT's may require flow control

 † Compressor current is for 460-3-60.
 [Multiply by 2.2 for 208-3-60, by 0.8 for 575-3-60.]

| J | | <u> </u> | TDOOF : | 00D ## | 1-4 | | EL EGT | DIOAL | - | | | | | 3-00.j | |
|----------|-------------|----------------|---------------|---------|---------|-----------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|------|----------------|---------------|--------|-----------------|---------------------|------|
| | | OU | TDOOR I | _00P (W | ater) | I. | ELECTI | RICAL | | ı | סטעמו | R LOOP | (vvater) | 1 | ı |
| | ELT | Evap. | Flow | LLT | Delta T | Heat Abs. | Compressor | Input | EWT | Cond. | Flow | LWT | Delta T | Heating | СОРн |
| | (°F) | Temp. | (gpm) | (°F) | (°F) | (Btu/hr) | Current (A) ^T | Power (W) | (°F) | Temp. | (gpm) | (°F) | (°F) | (Btu/hr) | СОГН |
| | 50 | 40 | 48 | 46 | -4.0 | 96,800 | 16.8 | 10,123 | 115 | 125 | 48 | | 5.5 | 130,800 | 3.79 |
| | 60 | 48 | 48 | 55 | -4.9 | 118,300 | 17.4 | 10,527 | 114 | 126 | 48 | | 6.5 | 153,700 | 4.28 |
| | 70 | 57 | 48 | 64 | -5.9 | 142,400 | 18.1 | 10,951 | 113 | 126 | 48 | 120 | 7.5 | 179,200 | 4.80 |
| | 80 | 65 | 48 | 73 | -7.1 | 169,400 | 18.8 | 11,411 | 111 | 126 | 48 | | 8.7 | 207,800 | 5.34 |
| /D | 90 | 74 | 48 | 82 | -8.4 | 199,500 | 19.6 | 11,925 | 110 | 127 | 48 | | 10.1 | 239,700 | 5.89 |
| HEATING | 50 | 41 | 48 | 47 | -3.5 | 85,000 | 18.4 | 12,171 | 135 | 145 | 48 | | 5.3 | 126,000 | 3.03 |
| E | 60 | 50 | 48 | 56 | -4.3 | 104,100 | 19.0 | 12,523 | 134 | 145 | 48 | | 6.2 | 146,300 | 3.42 |
| S | 70 | 58 | 48 | 65 | -5.2 | 124,900 | 19.5 | 12,873 | 133 | 146 | 48 | 140 | 7.1 | 168,300 | 3.83 |
| Ī | 80 | 67 | 48 | 74 | -6.2 | 147,600 | 20.1 | 13,261 | 132 | 146 | 48 | | 8.1 | 192,300 | 4.25 |
| | 90 | 75 | 48 | 83 | -7.2 | 172,100 | 20.8 | 13,675 | 131 | 146 | 48 | | 9.2 | 218,200 | 4.68 |
| | 50 | 42 | 48 | 47 | -2.9 | 70,300 | 20.6 | 14,517 | 155 | 165 | 48 | | 5.1 | 119,300 | 2.41 |
| | 60 | 51 | 48 | 56 | -3.6 | 87,400 | 21.1 | 14,866 | 154 | 166 | 48 | | 5.8 | 137,600 | 2.71 |
| | 70 | 60 | 48 | 66 | -4.4 | 105,200 | 21.7 | 15,234 | 153 | 166 | 48 | 160 | 6.6 | 156,600 | 3.01 |
| | 80 | 68 | 48 | 75 | -5.2 | 123,900 | 22.2 | 15,601 | 153 | 166 | 48 | | 7.5 | 176,600 | 3.32 |
| | 90 | 77 | 48 | 84 | -6.0 | 143,500 | 22.8 | 15,996 | 152 | 167 | 48 | | 8.4 | 197,600 | 3.62 |
| | FL T | Cond | | LLT | Delta T | Heat Dai | Compressor | land | EWT | F | | LWT | Delta T | Caalina | |
| | ELT (°F) | Cond. Temp. | Flow (gpm) | (°F) | (°F) | Heat Rej. (Btu/hr) | Current (A) | Input Power (W) | (°F) | Evap. Temp. | Flow (gpm) | (°F) | Delta T (°F) | Cooling (Btu/hr) | EER |
| | ` ' | | , | ` ' | | , , | | ` , | (1) | ' | | | | ` ' | 00.0 |
| _ | 50 | 74 | 48 | 57 | 6.5 | 145,500 | 13.7 | 6,154 | · | 36 | 48 | 48 | -5.2 | 125,200 | 20.3 |
| 5 | 55 | 79 | 48 | 61 | 6.4 | 144,300 | 13.9 | 6,456 | | 37 | 48 | 49 | -5.1 | 123,000 | 19.1 |
| Z | 60 | 84 | 48 | 66 | 6.4 | 142,900 | 14.1 | 6,783 | | 37 | 48 | 49 | -5.0 | 120,500 | 17.8 |
| Ξ | 65 | 89 | 48 | 71 | 6.3 | 141,300 | 14.4 | 7,129 | | 38 | 48 | 49 | -4.9 | 117,700 | 16.5 |
| COOLING* | 70 | 95 | 48 | 76 | 6.2 | 139,700 | 14.7 | 7,511 | 54 | 38 | 48 | 49 | -4.8 | 114,700 | 15.3 |
| 3 | 75 | 100 | 48 | 81 | 6.1 | 137,800 | 15.0 | 7,924 | | 39 | 48 | 49 | -4.7 | 111,400 | 14.1 |
| | 80 | 105 | 48 | 86 | 6.0 | 135,900 | 15.4 | 8,371 | | 39 | 48 | 49 | -4.5 | 108,000 | 12.9 |
| | 85 | 110 | 48 | 91 | 5.9 | 133,900 | 15.8 | 8,846 | | 40 | 48 | 49 | -4.4 | 104,400 | 11.8 |
| | 90 | 116 | 48 | 96 | 5.9 | 131,800 | 16.3 | 9,368 | | 40 | 48 | 49 | -4.2 | 100,500 | 10.7 |
| | 95 | 121 | 48 | 101 | 5.8 | 129,700 | 16.8 | 9,932 | | 41 | 48 | 50 | -4.0 | 96,400 | 9.7 |

| | | OU. | TDOOR I | LOOP (W | (ater) | | ELECT | RICAL | | | INDOO | R LOOP | (Water) | | |
|----------|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|-------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|-----------------|------|
| | ELT (°C) | Evap. Temp. | Flow (L/s) | LLT (°C) | Delta T (°C) | Heat Abs. (kW) | Compressor Current (A) | Input Power (W) | EWT (°C) | Cond. Temp. | Flow (L/s) | LWT (°C) | Delta T (°C) | Heating (kW) | СОРн |
| | 10.0 | 4.2 | 3.0 | 7.8 | -2.2 | 28.4 | 16.8 | 10,123 | 45.8 | 51.8 | 3.0 | | 3.1 | 38.3 | 3.79 |
| | 15.6 | 8.9 | 3.0 | 12.9 | -2.7 | 34.7 | 17.4 | 10,527 | 45.3 | 52.0 | 3.0 | | 3.6 | 45.1 | 4.28 |
| | 21.1 | 13.7 | 3.0 | 17.8 | -3.3 | 41.7 | 18.1 | 10,951 | 44.7 | 52.2 | 3.0 | 49 | 4.2 | 52.5 | 4.80 |
| | 26.7 | 18.4 | 3.0 | 22.8 | -3.9 | 49.7 | 18.8 | 11,411 | 44.1 | 52.3 | 3.0 | | 4.8 | 60.9 | 5.34 |
| 6 | 32.2 | 23.1 | 3.0 | 27.5 | -4.7 | 58.5 | 19.6 | 11,925 | 43.3 | 52.5 | 3.0 | | 5.6 | 70.3 | 5.89 |
| NIL | 10.0 | 4.9 | 3.0 | 8.1 | -1.9 | 24.9 | 18.4 | 12,171 | 57.1 | 62.8 | 3.0 | | 2.9 | 36.9 | 3.03 |
| | 15.6 | 9.7 | 3.0 | 13.2 | -2.4 | 30.5 | 19.0 | 12,523 | 56.6 | 62.9 | 3.0 | | 3.4 | 42.9 | 3.42 |
| HEA' | 21.1 | 14.4 | 3.0 | 18.2 | -2.9 | 36.6 | 19.5 | 12,873 | 56.1 | 63.1 | 3.0 | 60 | 3.9 | 49.3 | 3.83 |
| = | 26.7 | 19.2 | 3.0 | 23.3 | -3.4 | 43.3 | 20.1 | 13,261 | 55.5 | 63.2 | 3.0 | | 4.5 | 56.4 | 4.25 |
| | 32.2 | 23.9 | 3.0 | 28.2 | -4.0 | 50.4 | 20.8 | 13,675 | 54.9 | 63.3 | 3.0 | | 5.1 | 64.0 | 4.68 |
| | 10.0 | 5.6 | 3.0 | 8.4 | -1.6 | 20.6 | 20.6 | 14,517 | 68.3 | 74.0 | 3.0 | | 2.8 | 35.0 | 2.41 |
| | 15.6 | 10.4 | 3.0 | 13.6 | -2.0 | 25.6 | 21.1 | 14,866 | 67.9 | 74.2 | 3.0 | | 3.2 | 40.3 | 2.71 |
| | 21.1 | 15.3 | 3.0 | 18.7 | -2.4 | 30.8 | 21.7 | 15,234 | 67.4 | 74.4 | 3.0 | 71 | 3.7 | 45.9 | 3.01 |
| | 26.7 | 20.1 | 3.0 | 23.8 | -2.9 | 36.3 | 22.2 | 15,601 | 66.9 | 74.6 | 3.0 | | 4.2 | 51.8 | 3.32 |
| | 32.2 | 24.9 | 3.0 | 28.9 | -3.3 | 42.1 | 22.8 | 15,996 | 66.4 | 74.7 | 3.0 | | 4.7 | 57.9 | 3.62 |
| | ELT | Cond. | Flow | LLT | Delta T | Heat Rej. | Compressor | Input | EWT | Evap. | Flow | LWT | Delta T | Cooling | |
| | (°C) | Temp. | (L/s) | (°C) | (°C) | (W) | Current (A) | Power (W) | (°C) | Temp. | (L/s) | (°C) | (°C) | (W) | COPc |
| | 10.0 | 23 | 3.0 | 13.6 | 3.6 | 42.6 | 13.7 | 6,154 | | 2 | 3.0 | 9.1 | -2.9 | 36.7 | 5.95 |
| | 12.8 | 26 | 3.0 | 16.4 | 3.6 | 42.3 | 13.9 | 6,456 | | 3 | 3.0 | 9.2 | -2.8 | 36.1 | 5.60 |
| 9 | 15.6 | 29 | 3.0 | 19.2 | 3.6 | 41.9 | 14.1 | 6,783 | | 3 | 3.0 | 9.2 | -2.8 | 35.3 | 5.22 |
| COOLING | 18.3 | 32 | 3.0 | 21.8 | 3.5 | 41.4 | 14.4 | 7,129 | | 3 | 3.0 | 9.3 | -2.7 | 34.5 | 4.84 |
| 0 | 21.1 | 35 | 3.0 | 24.5 | 3.4 | 40.9 | 14.7 | 7,511 | 12 | 4 | 3.0 | 9.3 | -2.7 | 33.6 | 4.48 |
| | 23.9 | 38 | 3.0 | 27.3 | 3.4 | 40.4 | 15.0 | 7,924 | '- | 4 | 3.0 | 9.4 | -2.6 | 32.7 | 4.13 |
| | 26.7 | 41 | 3.0 | 30.0 | 3.3 | 39.8 | 15.4 | 8,371 | | 4 | 3.0 | 9.5 | -2.5 | 31.7 | 3.78 |
| | 29.4 | 44 | 3.0 | 32.7 | 3.3 | 39.2 | 15.8 | 8,846 | | 4 | 3.0 | 9.6 | -2.4 | 30.6 | 3.46 |
| | 32.2 | 47 | 3.0 | 35.5 | 3.3 | 38.6 | 16.3 | 9,368 | | 5 | 3.0 | 9.7 | -2.3 | 29.5 | 3.14 |
| | 35.0 | 49 | 3.0 | 38.2 | 3.2 | 38.0 | 16.8 | 9,932 | | 5 | 3.0 | 9.8 | -2.2 | 28.3 | 2.84 |

WH-240-H**-Y-*D-PP R513a, 60 Hz, 2 x ZH50KCE-TFD (460-3-60)

- * Cooling via reversing models (-HAC), or switching indoor/outdoor
 ** Lower cooling mode outdoor loop ELT's may require flow control

 † Compressor current is for 460-3-60.
 [Multiply by 2.2 for 208-3-60, by 0.8 for 575-3-60.]

| | | OU. | TDOOR I | OOP (W | /ater) | | ELECTI | RICAL | | | | R LOOP | (Water) | - | |
|----------|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|---------------------|------|
| | ELT (°F) | Evap. Temp. | Flow (gpm) | LLT (°F) | Delta T (°F) | Heat Abs. (Btu/hr) | Compressor Current (A) | Input Power (W) | EWT (°F) | Cond. Temp. | Flow (gpm) | LWT (°F) | Delta T (°F) | Heating (Btu/hr) | СОРн |
| | 50 | 40 | 60 | 46 | -4.2 | 127,000 | 24.1 | 13,656 | 114 | 125 | 60 | | 5.8 | 172,800 | 3.71 |
| | 60 | 48 | 60 | 55 | -5.1 | 153,900 | 24.9 | 14,134 | 113 | 126 | 60 | | 6.8 | 201,300 | 4.17 |
| | 70 | 57 | 60 | 64 | -6.2 | 185,200 | 25.8 | 14,634 | 112 | 126 | 60 | 120 | 7.9 | 234,300 | 4.69 |
| | 80 | 65 | 60 | 73 | -7.4 | 221,500 | 26.7 | 15,190 | 111 | 126 | 60 | | 9.2 | 272,500 | 5.26 |
| /B | 90 | 74 | 60 | 81 | -8.8 | 263,700 | 27.7 | 15,838 | 109 | 126 | 60 | | 10.7 | 316,900 | 5.86 |
| HEATING | 50 | 41 | 60 | 46 | -3.7 | 112,200 | 26.1 | 16,108 | 134 | 145 | 60 | | 5.6 | 166,300 | 3.03 |
| I E I | 60 | 49 | 60 | 56 | -4.5 | 135,500 | 26.8 | 16,576 | 134 | 145 | 60 | | 6.5 | 191,200 | 3.38 |
| 1 | 70 | 58 | 60 | 65 | -5.4 | 161,900 | 27.6 | 17,018 | 133 | 145 | 60 | 140 | 7.4 | 219,100 | 3.77 |
| ij | 80 | 67 | 60 | 74 | -6.4 | 192,500 | 28.3 | 17,500 | 132 | 146 | 60 | | 8.5 | 251,400 | 4.21 |
| | 90 | 75 | 60 | 82 | -7.6 | 227,200 | 29.1 | 18,016 | 130 | 146 | 60 | | 9.7 | 287,900 | 4.68 |
| | 50 | 42 | 60 | 47 | -3.0 | 91,400 | 29.8 | 19,587 | 155 | 165 | 60 | | 5.3 | 157,400 | 2.36 |
| | 60 | 51 | 60 | 56 | -3.7 | 111,500 | 30.5 | 20,090 | 154 | 165 | 60 | | 6.1 | 179,200 | 2.61 |
| | 70 | 59 | 60 | 66 | -4.5 | 134,100 | 31.2 | 20,557 | 153 | 166 | 60 | 160 | 6.9 | 203,400 | 2.90 |
| | 80 | 68 | 60 | 75 | -5.3 | 159,200 | 31.9 | 21,015 | 152 | 166 | 60 | | 7.8 | 230,100 | 3.21 |
| | 90 | 77 | 60 | 84 | -6.3 | 188,200 | 32.6 | 21,493 | 151 | 166 | 60 | | 8.8 | 260,700 | 3.55 |
| | | | | | | | 0 | | | | | | | | |
| | ELT | Cond. | Flow | LLT | Delta T | Heat Rej. | Compressor | Input | EWT | Evap. | Flow | LWT | Delta T | Cooling | EER |
| | (°F) | Temp. | (gpm) | (°F) | (°F) | (Btu/hr) | Current (A) ^T | Power (W) | (°F) | Temp. | (gpm) | (°F) | (°F) | (Btu/hr) | |
| | 50 | 73 | 60 | 57 | 7.4 | 207,400 | 18.5 | 7,849 | | 37 | 60 | 48 | -6.1 | 181,600 | 23.1 |
| * | 55 | 78 | 60 | 62 | 7.3 | 204,800 | 19.1 | 8,313 | | 37 | 60 | 48 | -5.9 | 177,400 | 21.3 |
| Ž | 60 | 83 | 60 | 67 | 7.2 | 202,600 | 19.6 | 8,813 | | 38 | 60 | 48 | -5.8 | 173,500 | 19.7 |
| | 65 | 88 | 60 | 72 | 7.2 | 200,500 | 20.2 | 9,354 | | 38 | 60 | 48 | - 5.7 | 169,500 | 18.1 |
| COOLING* | 70 | 93 | 60 | 77 | 7.1 | 198,100 | 20.8 | 9,935 | 54 | 38 | 60 | 48 | - 5.5 | 165,100 | 16.6 |
| 8 | 75 | 98 | 60 | 82 | 7.0 | 195,900 | 21.5 | 10,561 | 0-1 | 39 | 60 | 48 | -5.4 | 160,800 | 15.2 |
| | 80 | 103 | 60 | 87 | 6.9 | 194,000 | 22.3 | 11,236 | | 39 | 60 | 48 | - 5.2 | 156,500 | 13.9 |
| | 85 | 108 | 60 | 92 | 6.8 | 191,900 | 23.0 | 11,960 | | 40 | 60 | 49 | -5.1 | 152,000 | 12.7 |
| | 90 | 113 | 60 | 97 | 6.7 | 189,700 | 23.9 | 12,738 | | 40 | 60 | 49 | -4.9 | 147,100 | 11.5 |
| | 95 | 118 | 60 | 102 | 6.7 | 187,800 | 24.8 | 13,572 | | 41 | 60 | 49 | -4.8 | 142,300 | 10.5 |

| | | OU | TDOOR I | LOOP (W | /ater) | | ELECTI | RICAL | | | INDOO | R LOOP | (Water) | | |
|----------|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|-------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|-----------------|------|
| | ELT (°C) | Evap. Temp. | Flow (L/s) | LLT (°C) | Delta T (°C) | Heat Abs. (kW) | Compressor Current (A) | Input Power (W) | EWT (°C) | Cond. Temp. | Flow (L/s) | LWT (°C) | Delta T (°C) | Heating (kW) | СОРн |
| | 10.0 | 4.2 | 3.8 | 7.7 | -2.3 | 37.2 | 24.1 | 13,656 | 45.7 | 51.8 | 3.8 | | 3.2 | 50.6 | 3.71 |
| | 15.6 | 8.9 | 3.8 | 12.8 | -2.8 | 45.1 | 24.9 | 14,134 | 45.1 | 51.9 | 3.8 | | 3.8 | 59.0 | 4.17 |
| | 21.1 | 13.6 | 3.8 | 17.7 | -3.4 | 54.3 | 25.8 | 14,634 | 44.5 | 52.1 | 3.8 | 49 | 4.4 | 68.7 | 4.69 |
| | 26.7 | 18.3 | 3.8 | 22.6 | -4.1 | 64.9 | 26.7 | 15,190 | 43.8 | 52.3 | 3.8 | | 5.1 | 79.9 | 5.26 |
| (5) | 32.2 | 23.1 | 3.8 | 27.3 | -4.9 | 77.3 | 27.7 | 15,838 | 42.9 | 52.4 | 3.8 | | 5.9 | 92.9 | 5.86 |
| HEATING | 10.0 | 4.9 | 3.8 | 7.9 | -2.1 | 32.9 | 26.1 | 16,108 | 56.9 | 62.7 | 3.8 | | 3.1 | 48.7 | 3.03 |
| ΙĘ | 15.6 | 9.7 | 3.8 | 13.1 | -2.5 | 39.7 | 26.8 | 16,576 | 56.4 | 62.9 | 3.8 | | 3.6 | 56.0 | 3.38 |
| | 21.1 | 14.4 | 3.8 | 18.1 | -3.0 | 47.5 | 27.6 | 17,018 | 55.9 | 63.0 | 3.8 | 60 | 4.1 | 64.2 | 3.77 |
| = | 26.7 | 19.2 | 3.8 | 23.1 | -3.6 | 56.4 | 28.3 | 17,500 | 55.3 | 63.2 | 3.8 | | 4.7 | 73.7 | 4.21 |
| | 32.2 | 23.9 | 3.8 | 28.0 | -4.2 | 66.6 | 29.1 | 18,016 | 54.6 | 63.3 | 3.8 | | 5.4 | 84.4 | 4.68 |
| | 10.0 | 5.6 | 3.8 | 8.3 | -1.7 | 26.8 | 29.8 | 19,587 | 68.2 | 73.9 | 3.8 | | 2.9 | 46.1 | 2.36 |
| | 15.6 | 10.4 | 3.8 | 13.5 | -2.1 | 32.7 | 30.5 | 20,090 | 67.7 | 74.1 | 3.8 | | 3.4 | 52.5 | 2.61 |
| | 21.1 | 15.2 | 3.8 | 18.6 | -2.5 | 39.3 | 31.2 | 20,557 | 67.3 | 74.3 | 3.8 | 71 | 3.8 | 59.6 | 2.90 |
| | 26.7 | 20.0 | 3.8 | 23.8 | -2.9 | 46.7 | 31.9 | 21,015 | 66.8 | 74.4 | 3.8 | | 4.3 | 67.4 | 3.21 |
| | 32.2 | 24.8 | 3.8 | 28.7 | -3.5 | 55.2 | 32.6 | 21,493 | 66.2 | 74.6 | 3.8 | | 4.9 | 76.4 | 3.55 |
| | ELT (°C) | Cond. Temp. | Flow (L/s) | LLT (°C) | Delta T (°C) | Heat Rej. (W) | Compressor Current (A) | Input Power (W) | EWT (°C) | Evap. Temp. | Flow (L/s) | LWT (°C) | Delta T (°C) | Cooling (W) | COPc |
| | 10.0 | 23 | 3.8 | 14.1 | 4.1 | 60.8 | 18.5 | 7,849 | | 3 | 3.8 | 8.6 | -3.4 | 53.2 | 6.77 |
| * | 12.8 | 26 | 3.8 | 16.9 | 4.1 | 60.0 | 19.1 | 8,313 | | 3 | 3.8 | 8.7 | -3.3 | 52.0 | 6.24 |
| 5 | 15.6 | 28 | 3.8 | 19.6 | 4.0 | 59.4 | 19.6 | 8,813 | | 3 | 3.8 | 8.8 | -3.2 | 50.9 | 5.77 |
| 1 🗧 | 18.3 | 31 | 3.8 | 22.3 | 4.0 | 58.8 | 20.2 | 9,354 | | 3 | 3.8 | 8.8 | -3.2 | 49.7 | 5.30 |
| 0 | 21.1 | 34 | 3.8 | 25.0 | 3.9 | 58.1 | 20.8 | 9,935 | 12 | 4 | 3.8 | 8.9 | -3.1 | 48.4 | 4.86 |
| COOLING* | 23.9 | 37 | 3.8 | 27.8 | 3.9 | 57.4 | 21.5 | 10,561 | 12 | 4 | 3.8 | 9.0 | -3.0 | 47.1 | 4.45 |
| | 26.7 | 39 | 3.8 | 30.5 | 3.8 | 56.9 | 22.3 | 11,236 | | 4 | 3.8 | 9.1 | -2.9 | 45.9 | 4.07 |
| | 29.4 | 42 | 3.8 | 33.2 | 3.8 | 56.2 | 23.0 | 11,960 | | 4 | 3.8 | 9.2 | -2.8 | 44.6 | 3.72 |
| | 32.2 | 45 | 3.8 | 35.9 | 3.7 | 55.6 | 23.9 | 12,738 | | 5 | 3.8 | 9.3 | -2.7 | 43.1 | 3.37 |
| | 35.0 | 48 | 3.8 | 38.7 | 3.7 | 55.0 | 24.8 | 13,572 | | 5 | 3.8 | 9.3 | -2.7 | 41.7 | 3.08 |
| | | 4 200F | | | | | | - 400 | | | | | | 00074 | |

WH-300-H-Y-*D-PP** *R513a, 60 Hz, 2 x ZH64KCE-TED (460-3-60)*

- * Cooling via reversing models (-HAC), or switching indoor/outdoor
 ** Lower cooling mode outdoor loop ELT's may require flow control

 † Compressor current is for 460-3-60.
 [Multiply by 2.2 for 208-3-60, by 0.8 for 575-3-60.]

| | | OU. | TDOOR I | OOP (W | /ater) | | ELECTI | RICAL | - | | | R LOOP | (Water) | - | |
|----------|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|---------------------|------|
| | ELT (°F) | Evap. Temp. | Flow (gpm) | LLT (°F) | Delta T (°F) | Heat Abs. (Btu/hr) | Compressor Current (A) | Input Power (W) | EWT (°F) | Cond. Temp. | Flow (gpm) | LWT (°F) | Delta T (°F) | Heating (Btu/hr) | СОРн |
| | 50 | 40 | 72 | 46 | -4.1 | 148,500 | 26.1 | 15,813 | 114 | 126 | 72 | | 5.6 | 201,500 | 3.73 |
| | 60 | 48 | 72 | 55 | -5.0 | 179,300 | 26.8 | 16,273 | 114 | 126 | 72 | | 6.5 | 233,900 | 4.21 |
| | 70 | 57 | 72 | 64 | -6.0 | 214,900 | 27.6 | 16,784 | 112 | 126 | 72 | 120 | 7.6 | 271,200 | 4.74 |
| | 80 | 65 | 72 | 73 | -7.1 | 255,600 | 28.4 | 17,357 | 111 | 126 | 72 | | 8.8 | 313,900 | 5.30 |
| /B | 90 | 74 | 72 | 82 | -8.5 | 302,700 | 29.4 | 18,063 | 110 | 127 | 72 | | 10.2 | 363,400 | 5.90 |
| HEATING | 50 | 41 | 72 | 46 | -3.8 | 137,200 | 30.8 | 19,878 | 134 | 145 | 72 | | 5.7 | 204,100 | 3.01 |
| ΙĒΙ | 60 | 50 | 72 | 55 | -4.6 | 166,600 | 31.7 | 20,487 | 133 | 146 | 72 | | 6.6 | 235,600 | 3.37 |
| . | 70 | 58 | 72 | 64 | -5.6 | 199,900 | 32.7 | 21,115 | 132 | 146 | 72 | 140 | 7.6 | 271,000 | 3.76 |
| ij | 80 | 67 | 72 | 73 | -6.6 | 238,400 | 33.8 | 21,841 | 131 | 146 | 72 | | 8.8 | 312,000 | 4.19 |
| | 90 | 75 | 72 | 82 | -7.9 | 282,300 | 35.0 | 22,655 | 130 | 146 | 72 | | 10.1 | 358,700 | 4.64 |
| | 50 | 42 | 72 | 47 | -3.1 | 112,400 | 35.1 | 23,916 | 155 | 166 | 72 | | 5.4 | 193,100 | 2.37 |
| | 60 | 51 | 72 | 56 | -3.8 | 137,900 | 35.9 | 24,402 | 154 | 166 | 72 | | 6.2 | 220,200 | 2.64 |
| | 70 | 60 | 72 | 65 | -4.6 | 166,700 | 36.7 | 24,916 | 153 | 166 | 72 | 160 | 7.1 | 250,800 | 2.95 |
| | 80 | 68 | 72 | 75 | - 5.5 | 198,900 | 37.5 | 25,489 | 152 | 166 | 72 | | 8.1 | 284,900 | 3.28 |
| | 90 | 77 | 72 | 83 | -6.6 | 236,100 | 38.5 | 26,156 | 151 | 167 | 72 | | 9.2 | 324,400 | 3.63 |
| | | | | | | | O | | | _ | | | T | | |
| | ELT | Cond. | Flow | LLT | Delta T | Heat Rej. | Compressor | Input | EWT | Evap. | Flow | LWT | Delta T | Cooling | EER |
| | (°F) | Temp. | (gpm) | (°F) | (°F) | (Btu/hr) | Current (A) ^T | Power (W) | (°F) | Temp. | (gpm) | (°F) | (°F) | (Btu/hr) | |
| | 50 | 72 | 72 | 58 | 7.8 | 260,500 | 20.8 | 9,546 | | 36 | 72 | 47 | -6.4 | 229,200 | 24.0 |
| * | 55 | 77 | 72 | 63 | 7.7 | 258,600 | 21.6 | 10,319 | | 36 | 72 | 47 | -6.3 | 224,600 | 21.8 |
| Ž | 60 | 83 | 72 | 68 | 7.6 | 256,100 | 22.5 | 11,124 | | 37 | 72 | 48 | -6.1 | 219,400 | 19.7 |
| | 65 | 88 | 72 | 73 | 7.6 | 254,200 | 23.5 | 11,958 | | 37 | 72 | 48 | -6.0 | 214,600 | 17.9 |
| COOLING* | 70 | 93 | 72 | 78 | 7.5 | 251,700 | 24.5 | 12,849 | 54 | 38 | 72 | 48 | -5.8 | 209,100 | 16.3 |
| 3 | 75 | 98 | 72 | 82 | 7.4 | 249,700 | 25.6 | 13,798 | 0. | 39 | 72 | 48 | -5.7 | 203,800 | 14.8 |
| | 80 | 104 | 72 | 87 | 7.3 | 247,300 | 26.8 | 14,808 | | 39 | 72 | 48 | -5.5 | 197,900 | 13.4 |
| | 85 | 109 | 72 | 92 | 7.3 | 245,300 | 28.1 | 15,876 | | 40 | 72 | 48 | -5.4 | 192,300 | 12.1 |
| | 90 | 114 | 72 | 97 | 7.2 | 243,100 | 29.5 | 17,038 | | 40 | 72 | 48 | -5.2 | 186,100 | 10.9 |
| | 95 | 120 | 72 | 102 | 7.1 | 241,200 | 31.0 | 18,291 | | 41 | 72 | 49 | -5.0 | 179,900 | 9.8 |

| | | OU | TDOOR L | _OOP (W | /ater) | | ELECTI | RICAL | | | INDOO | R LOOP | (Water) | | |
|----------|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|-------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|-----------------|------|
| | ELT (°C) | Evap. Temp. | Flow (L/s) | LLT (°C) | Delta T (°C) | Heat Abs. (kW) | Compressor Current (A) | Input Power (W) | EWT (°C) | Cond. Temp. | Flow (L/s) | LWT (°C) | Delta T (°C) | Heating (kW) | СОРн |
| | 10.0 | 4.3 | 4.5 | 7.7 | -2.3 | 43.5 | 26.1 | 15,813 | 45.8 | 52.0 | 4.5 | | 3.1 | 59.1 | 3.73 |
| 1 1 | 15.6 | 9.0 | 4.5 | 12.8 | -2.8 | 52.6 | 26.8 | 16,273 | 45.3 | 52.2 | 4.5 | | 3.6 | 68.6 | 4.21 |
| | 21.1 | 13.7 | 4.5 | 17.8 | -3.3 | 63.0 | 27.6 | 16,784 | 44.7 | 52.3 | 4.5 | 49 | 4.2 | 79.5 | 4.74 |
| | 26.7 | 18.4 | 4.5 | 22.8 | -3.9 | 74.9 | 28.4 | 17,357 | 44.0 | 52.4 | 4.5 | | 4.9 | 92.0 | 5.30 |
| (5) | 32.2 | 23.1 | 4.5 | 27.5 | -4.7 | 88.7 | 29.4 | 18,063 | 43.2 | 52.6 | 4.5 | | 5.7 | 106.5 | 5.90 |
| HEATING | 10.0 | 5.0 | 4.5 | 7.9 | -2.1 | 40.2 | 30.8 | 19,878 | 56.8 | 62.9 | 4.5 | | 3.2 | 59.8 | 3.01 |
| | 15.6 | 9.8 | 4.5 | 13.0 | -2.6 | 48.8 | 31.7 | 20,487 | 56.3 | 63.1 | 4.5 | | 3.7 | 69.1 | 3.37 |
| | 21.1 | 14.5 | 4.5 | 18.0 | -3.1 | 58.6 | 32.7 | 21,115 | 55.8 | 63.2 | 4.5 | 60 | 4.2 | 79.4 | 3.76 |
| = | 26.7 | 19.3 | 4.5 | 23.0 | -3.7 | 69.9 | 33.8 | 21,841 | 55.1 | 63.4 | 4.5 | | 4.9 | 91.4 | 4.19 |
| | 32.2 | 24.0 | 4.5 | 27.8 | -4.4 | 82.7 | 35.0 | 22,655 | 54.4 | 63.5 | 4.5 | | 5.6 | 105.1 | 4.64 |
| 1 1 | 10.0 | 5.7 | 4.5 | 8.3 | -1.7 | 32.9 | 35.1 | 23,916 | 68.1 | 74.2 | 4.5 | | 3.0 | 56.6 | 2.37 |
| 1 1 | 15.6 | 10.5 | 4.5 | 13.5 | -2.1 | 40.4 | 35.9 | 24,402 | 67.7 | 74.3 | 4.5 | | 3.4 | 64.5 | 2.64 |
| 1 1 | 21.1 | 15.3 | 4.5 | 18.5 | -2.6 | 48.9 | 36.7 | 24,916 | 67.2 | 74.5 | 4.5 | 71 | 3.9 | 73.5 | 2.95 |
| 1 1 | 26.7 | 20.1 | 4.5 | 23.6 | -3.1 | 58.3 | 37.5 | 25,489 | 66.6 | 74.7 | 4.5 | | 4.5 | 83.5 | 3.28 |
| \Box | 32.2 | 24.9 | 4.5 | 28.5 | -3.7 | 69.2 | 38.5 | 26,156 | 66.0 | 74.8 | 4.5 | | 5.1 | 95.1 | 3.63 |
| | ELT | Cond. | Flow | LLT | Delta T | Heat Rej. | Compressor | Input | EWT | Evap. | Flow | LWT | Delta T | Cooling | |
| | (°C) | Temp. | (L/s) | (°C) | (°C) | (W) | Current (A) | Power (W) | (°C) | Temp. | (L/s) | (°C) | (°C) | (W) | COPc |
| | 10.0 | 22 | 4.5 | 14.3 | 4.3 | 76.4 | 20.8 | 9,546 | | 2 | 4.5 | 8.4 | -3.6 | 67.2 | 7.03 |
| * | 12.8 | 25 | 4.5 | 17.1 | 4.3 | 75.8 | 21.6 | 10,319 | | 2 | 4.5 | 8.5 | -3.5 | 65.8 | 6.39 |
| 9 | 15.6 | 28 | 4.5 | 19.8 | 4.2 | 75.1 | 22.5 | 11,124 | | 3 | 4.5 | 8.6 | -3.4 | 64.3 | 5.77 |
| | 18.3 | 31 | 4.5 | 22.5 | 4.2 | 74.5 | 23.5 | 11,958 | | 3 | 4.5 | 8.7 | -3.3 | 62.9 | 5.25 |
| 6 | 21.1 | 34 | 4.5 | 25.3 | 4.2 | 73.8 | 24.5 | 12,849 | 12 | 3 | 4.5 | 8.8 | -3.2 | 61.3 | 4.78 |
| COOLING* | 23.9 | 37 | 4.5 | 28.0 | 4.1 | 73.2 | 25.6 | 13,798 | 12 | 4 | 4.5 | 8.8 | -3.2 | 59.7 | 4.34 |
| | 26.7 | 40 | 4.5 | 30.8 | 4.1 | 72.5 | 26.8 | 14,808 | | 4 | 4.5 | 8.9 | -3.1 | 58.0 | 3.93 |
| | 29.4 | 43 | 4.5 | 33.5 | 4.1 | 71.9 | 28.1 | 15,876 | | 4 | 4.5 | 9.0 | -3.0 | 56.4 | 3.55 |
| | 32.2 | 46 | 4.5 | 36.2 | 4.0 | 71.3 | 29.5 | 17,038 | | 5 | 4.5 | 9.1 | -2.9 | 54.5 | 3.19 |
| | 35.0 | 49 | 4.5 | 38.9 | 3.9 | 70.7 | 31.0 | 18,291 | | 5 | 4.5 | 9.2 | -2.8 | 52.7 | 2.87 |

WH-400-H-Y-*D-PP** *R513a, 60 Hz, 2 x ZH76KCE-TED (460-3-60)*

- * Cooling via reversing models (-HAC), or switching indoor/outdoor
 ** Lower cooling mode outdoor loop ELT's may require flow control

 † Compressor current is for 460-3-60.
 [Multiply by 2.2 for 208-3-60, by 0.8 for 575-3-60.]

| | | OU | TDOOR I | OOP (W | /ater) | | ELECTI | RICAL | | | INDOO | R LOOP | (Water) | | |
|----------|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|---------------------|------|
| | ELT (°F) | Evap. Temp. | Flow (gpm) | LLT (°F) | Delta T (°F) | Heat Abs. (Btu/hr) | Compressor Current (A) | Input Power (W) | EWT (°F) | Cond. Temp. | Flow (gpm) | LWT (°F) | Delta T (°F) | Heating (Btu/hr) | СОРн |
| | 50 | 40 | 100 | 46 | -3.8 | 191,900 | 37.2 | 20,382 | 115 | 125 | 100 | | 5.2 | 260,100 | 3.74 |
| | 60 | 48 | 100 | 55 | -4.7 | 233,200 | 38.3 | 21,035 | 114 | 126 | 100 | | 6.1 | 303,600 | 4.23 |
| | 70 | 57 | 100 | 64 | -5.6 | 281,000 | 39.5 | 21,784 | 113 | 126 | 100 | 120 | 7.1 | 354,000 | 4.76 |
| 1 | 80 | 65 | 100 | 73 | -6.8 | 336,500 | 40.7 | 22,658 | 112 | 126 | 100 | | 8.3 | 412,500 | 5.34 |
| 40 | 90 | 74 | 100 | 82 | -8.0 | 400,000 | 42.2 | 23,753 | 110 | 127 | 100 | | 9.7 | 479,700 | 5.92 |
| HEATING | 50 | 41 | 100 | 47 | -3.3 | 167,000 | 41.4 | 24,778 | 135 | 145 | 100 | | 5.1 | 250,200 | 2.96 |
| | 60 | 50 | 100 | 56 | -4.1 | 202,600 | 42.3 | 25,352 | 134 | 145 | 100 | | 5.8 | 287,700 | 3.33 |
| [≰] | 70 | 58 | 100 | 65 | -4.9 | 243,200 | 43.4 | 26,027 | 133 | 146 | 100 | 140 | 6.7 | 330,700 | 3.72 |
| = | 80 | 67 | 100 | 74 | -5.8 | 289,600 | 44.5 | 26,793 | 132 | 146 | 100 | | 7.7 | 379,700 | 4.15 |
| | 90 | 76 | 100 | 83 | -6.9 | 343,200 | 45.7 | 27,734 | 131 | 146 | 100 | | 8.8 | 436,500 | 4.61 |
| | 50 | 42 | 100 | 47 | -2.7 | 136,600 | 46.1 | 29,795 | 155 | 165 | 100 | | 4.8 | 236,900 | 2.33 |
| | 60 | 51 | 100 | 57 | -3.3 | 166,700 | 47.0 | 30,362 | 155 | 166 | 100 | | 5.5 | 268,900 | 2.60 |
| | 70 | 60 | 100 | 66 | -4.0 | 200,800 | 48.0 | 30,980 | 154 | 166 | 100 | 160 | 6.2 | 305,200 | 2.89 |
| Î | 80 | 68 | 100 | 75 | -4.8 | 240,900 | 48.9 | 31,656 | 153 | 166 | 100 | | 7.1 | 347,600 | 3.22 |
| 1 | 90 | 77 | 100 | 84 | -5.7 | 285,900 | 50.1 | 32,508 | 152 | 166 | 100 | | 8.0 | 395,500 | 3.57 |
| | | ı | | | T | | • | | | ı | ı | ı | | | |
| | ELT | Cond. | Flow | LLT | Delta T | Heat Rej. | Compressor | Input | EWT | Evap. | Flow | LWT | Delta T | Cooling | EER |
| | (°F) | Temp. | (gpm) | (°F) | (°F) | (Btu/hr) | Current (A) [†] | Power (W) | (°F) | Temp. | (gpm) | (°F) | (°F) | (Btu/hr) | |
| | 50 | 73 | 100 | 57 | 6.7 | 310,000 | 31.0 | 12,124 | | 36 | 100 | 48 | -5.4 | 270,300 | 22.3 |
| * | 55 | 78 | 100 | 62 | 6.6 | 309,000 | 32.0 | 13,086 | | 36 | 100 | 48 | -5.3 | 266,000 | 20.3 |
| 2 | 60 | 83 | 100 | 67 | 6.6 | 307,800 | 33.1 | 14,075 | | 37 | 100 | 48 | -5.2 | 261,400 | 18.6 |
| COOLING* | 65 | 88 | 100 | 72 | 6.6 | 306,200 | 34.1 | 15,083 | | 37 | 100 | 49 | -5.1 | 256,400 | 17.0 |
| 9 | 70 | 94 | 100 | 77 | 6.5 | 304,600 | 35.3 | 16,150 | 54 | 38 | 100 | 49 | -5.0 | 251,100 | 15.5 |
| 8 | 75 | 99 | 100 | 82 | 6.5 | 302,600 | 36.5 | 17,271 | J4 | 38 | 100 | 49 | -4.9 | 245,300 | 14.2 |
| | 80 | 104 | 100 | 86 | 6.4 | 300,600 | 37.8 | 18,455 | | 39 | 100 | 49 | -4.8 | 239,200 | 13.0 |
| | 85 | 109 | 100 | 91 | 6.4 | 298,400 | 39.2 | 19,695 | | 39 | 100 | 49 | -4.7 | 232,800 | 11.8 |
| | 90 | 115 | 100 | 96 | 6.3 | 296,200 | 40.7 | 21,038 | | 40 | 100 | 49 | -4.5 | 226,000 | 10.7 |
| | 95 | 120 | 100 | 101 | 6.3 | 293,900 | 42.3 | 22,478 | | 40 | 100 | 49 | -4.4 | 218,800 | 9.7 |

| | | OU. | TDOOR L | OOP (W | /ater) | | ELECTI | RICAL | | | INDOO | R LOOP | (Water) | | |
|---------|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|-------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|-----------------|------|
| | ELT (°C) | Evap. Temp. | Flow (L/s) | LLT (°C) | Delta T (°C) | Heat Abs. (kW) | Compressor Current (A) | Input Power (W) | EWT (°C) | Cond. Temp. | Flow (L/s) | LWT (°C) | Delta T (°C) | Heating (kW) | СОРн |
| | 10.0 | 4.4 | 6.3 | 7.9 | -2.1 | 56.2 | 37.2 | 20,382 | 46.0 | 51.9 | 6.3 | | 2.9 | 76.2 | 3.74 |
| | 15.6 | 9.1 | 6.3 | 13.0 | -2.6 | 68.3 | 38.3 | 21,035 | 45.5 | 52.1 | 6.3 | | 3.4 | 89.0 | 4.23 |
| | 21.1 | 13.8 | 6.3 | 18.0 | -3.1 | 82.4 | 39.5 | 21,784 | 44.9 | 52.2 | 6.3 | 49 | 3.9 | 103.7 | 4.76 |
| | 26.7 | 18.6 | 6.3 | 22.9 | -3.8 | 98.6 | 40.7 | 22,658 | 44.3 | 52.3 | 6.3 | | 4.6 | 120.9 | 5.34 |
| (5) | 32.2 | 23.3 | 6.3 | 27.8 | -4.4 | 117.2 | 42.2 | 23,753 | 43.5 | 52.5 | 6.3 | | 5.4 | 140.6 | 5.92 |
| HEATING | 10.0 | 5.1 | 6.3 | 8.2 | -1.8 | 48.9 | 41.4 | 24,778 | 57.2 | 62.8 | 6.3 | | 2.8 | 73.3 | 2.96 |
| | 15.6 | 9.9 | 6.3 | 13.3 | -2.3 | 59.4 | 42.3 | 25,352 | 56.8 | 62.9 | 6.3 | | 3.2 | 84.3 | 3.33 |
| 5 | 21.1 | 14.7 | 6.3 | 18.4 | -2.7 | 71.3 | 43.4 | 26,027 | 56.3 | 63.1 | 6.3 | 60 | 3.7 | 96.9 | 3.72 |
| Ī | 26.7 | 19.4 | 6.3 | 23.5 | -3.2 | 84.9 | 44.5 | 26,793 | 55.7 | 63.2 | 6.3 | | 4.3 | 111.3 | 4.15 |
| | 32.2 | 24.2 | 6.3 | 28.4 | -3.8 | 100.6 | 45.7 | 27,734 | 55.1 | 63.3 | 6.3 | | 4.9 | 127.9 | 4.61 |
| | 10.0 | 5.8 | 6.3 | 8.5 | -1.5 | 40.0 | 46.1 | 29,795 | 68.4 | 74.1 | 6.3 | | 2.7 | 69.4 | 2.33 |
| | 15.6 | 10.6 | 6.3 | 13.8 | -1.8 | 48.9 | 47.0 | 30,362 | 68.1 | 74.2 | 6.3 | | 3.1 | 78.8 | 2.60 |
| | 21.1 | 15.4 | 6.3 | 18.9 | -2.2 | 58.9 | 48.0 | 30,980 | 67.7 | 74.4 | 6.3 | 71 | 3.4 | 89.5 | 2.89 |
| | 26.7 | 20.2 | 6.3 | 24.0 | -2.7 | 70.6 | 48.9 | 31,656 | 67.2 | 74.5 | 6.3 | | 3.9 | 101.9 | 3.22 |
| ldot | 32.2 | 25.0 | 6.3 | 29.0 | -3.2 | 83.8 | 50.1 | 32,508 | 66.7 | 74.7 | 6.3 | | 4.4 | 115.9 | 3.57 |
| | ELT | Cond. | Flow | LLT | Delta T | Heat Rej. | Compressor | Input | EWT | Evap. | Flow | LWT | Delta T | Cooling | COPc |
| | (°C) | Temp. | (L/s) | (°C) | (°C) | (W) | Current (A) | Power (W) | (°C) | Temp. | (L/s) | (°C) | (°C) | (W) | 00.0 |
| | 10.0 | 23 | 6.3 | 13.7 | 3.7 | 90.9 | 31.0 | 12,124 | | 2 | 6.3 | 9.0 | -3.0 | 79.2 | 6.54 |
| * | 12.8 | 25 | 6.3 | 16.5 | 3.7 | 90.6 | 32.0 | 13,086 | | 2 | 6.3 | 9.1 | -2.9 | 78.0 | 5.95 |
| | 15.6 | 28 | 6.3 | 19.3 | 3.7 | 90.2 | 33.1 | 14,075 | | 3 | 6.3 | 9.1 | -2.9 | 76.6 | 5.45 |
| 15 | 18.3 | 31 | 6.3 | 22.0 | 3.7 | 89.7 | 34.1 | 15,083 | | 3 | 6.3 | 9.2 | -2.8 | 75.1 | 4.98 |
| COOLING | 21.1 | 34 | 6.3 | 24.7 | 3.6 | 89.3 | 35.3 | 16,150 | 12 | 3 | 6.3 | 9.2 | -2.8 | 73.6 | 4.54 |
| | 23.9 | 37 | 6.3 | 27.5 | 3.6 | 88.7 | 36.5 | 17,271 | | 4 | 6.3 | 9.3 | -2.7 | 71.9 | 4.16 |
| | 26.7 | 40 | 6.3 | 30.3 | 3.6 | 88.1 | 37.8 | 18,455 | | 4 | 6.3 | 9.3 | -2.7 | 70.1 | 3.81 |
| | 29.4 | 43 | 6.3 | 33.0 | 3.6 | 87.5 | 39.2 | 19,695 | | 4 | 6.3 | 9.4 | -2.6 | 68.2 | 3.46 |
| | 32.2 | 46 | 6.3 | 35.7 | 3.5 | 86.8 | 40.7 | 21,038 | | 4 | 6.3 | 9.5 | -2.5 | 66.2 | 3.14 |
| | 35.0 | 49 | 6.3 | 38.5 | 3.5 | 86.1 | 42.3 | 22,478 | | 5 | 6.3 | 9.6 | -2.4 | 64.1 | 2.84 |

WH-500-H**-Y-*D-PP R513a, 60 Hz, 2 x ZH101KCE-TED (460-3-60)

- * Cooling via reversing models (-HAC), or switching indoor/outdoor ** Lower cooling mode outdoor loop ELT's may require flow control * Compressor current is for 460-3-60. [Multiply by 0.8 for 575-3-60.]

| | | OU. | TDOOR L | OOP (W | /ater) | | ELECTI | RICAL | | | INDOO | R LOOP | (Water) | | |
|----------|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|---------------------|------|
| | ELT (°F) | Evap. Temp. | Flow (gpm) | LLT (°F) | Delta T (°F) | Heat Abs. (Btu/hr) | Compressor Current (A) | Input Power (W) | EWT (°F) | Cond. Temp. | Flow (gpm) | LWT (°F) | Delta T (°F) | Heating (Btu/hr) | СОРн |
| | 50 | 40 | 120 | 46 | -4.2 | 252,500 | 41.1 | 26,948 | 114 | 126 | 120 | | 5.7 | 342,100 | 3.72 |
| | 60 | 48 | 120 | 55 | -5.1 | 306,700 | 42.4 | 27,885 | 113 | 126 | 120 | | 6.7 | 399,500 | 4.20 |
| | 70 | 57 | 120 | 64 | -6.2 | 369,600 | 43.8 | 28,902 | 112 | 126 | 120 | 120 | 7.8 | 465,900 | 4.72 |
| | 80 | 65 | 120 | 73 | -7.4 | 442,000 | 45.3 | 30,000 | 111 | 126 | 120 | | 9.1 | 542,100 | 5.30 |
| 40 | 90 | 74 | 120 | 81 | -8.8 | 525,700 | 47.0 | 31,280 | 109 | 127 | 120 | | 10.6 | 630,200 | 5.90 |
| HEATING | 50 | 41 | 120 | 46 | -3.7 | 220,500 | 48.0 | 33,019 | 134 | 145 | 120 | | 5.6 | 330,800 | 2.94 |
| I E I | 60 | 50 | 120 | 56 | -4.4 | 266,900 | 49.1 | 33,813 | 134 | 145 | 120 | | 6.4 | 379,900 | 3.29 |
| | 70 | 58 | 120 | 65 | -5.3 | 319,300 | 50.2 | 34,674 | 133 | 146 | 120 | 140 | 7.3 | 435,300 | 3.68 |
| = | 80 | 67 | 120 | 74 | -6.4 | 380,700 | 51.5 | 35,573 | 132 | 146 | 120 | | 8.4 | 499,800 | 4.12 |
| | 90 | 75 | 120 | 83 | -7.5 | 450,000 | 52.8 | 36,566 | 130 | 146 | 120 | | 9.7 | 572,500 | 4.59 |
| | 50 | 42 | 120 | 47 | -3.0 | 179,900 | 55.9 | 39,835 | 155 | 165 | 120 | | 5.3 | 313,500 | 2.31 |
| | 60 | 51 | 120 | 56 | -3.7 | 219,200 | 56.9 | 40,546 | 154 | 166 | 120 | | 6.0 | 355,200 | 2.57 |
| | 70 | 60 | 120 | 66 | -4.4 | 263,700 | 57.8 | 41,248 | 153 | 166 | 120 | 160 | 6.8 | 402,100 | 2.86 |
| | 80 | 68 | 120 | 75 | -5.3 | 315,800 | 58.8 | 41,976 | 152 | 166 | 120 | | 7.7 | 456,700 | 3.19 |
| | 90 | 77 | 120 | 84 | -6.3 | 374,800 | 59.9 | 42,752 | 151 | 167 | 120 | | 8.8 | 518,400 | 3.55 |
| | | | | | | | O | | | _ | | | | | 1 |
| | ELT | Cond. | Flow | LLT | Delta T | Heat Rej. | Compressor | Input | EWT | Evap. | Flow | LWT | Delta T | Cooling | EER |
| | (°F) | Temp. | (gpm) | (°F) | (°F) | (Btu/hr) | Current (A) ^T | Power (W) | (°F) | Temp. | (gpm) | (°F) | (°F) | (Btu/hr) | |
| | 50 | 73 | 120 | 57 | 7.2 | 401,800 | 28.4 | 15,484 | | 36 | 120 | 48 | -5.9 | 352,200 | 22.7 |
| * | 55 | 78 | 120 | 62 | 7.1 | 399,500 | 29.7 | 16,554 | | 37 | 120 | 48 | -5.8 | 346,200 | 20.9 |
| Ž | 60 | 83 | 120 | 67 | 7.1 | 397,300 | 31.1 | 17,705 | | 37 | 120 | 48 | - 5.7 | 340,000 | 19.2 |
| | 65 | 89 | 120 | 72 | 7.0 | 394,900 | 32.5 | 18,914 | | 38 | 120 | 48 | -5.6 | 333,500 | 17.6 |
| COOLING* | 70 | 94 | 120 | 77 | 7.0 | 393,500 | 34.0 | 20,211 | 54 | 38 | 120 | 48 | -5.5 | 327,600 | 16.2 |
| 8 | 75 | 99 | 120 | 82 | 7.0 | 390,900 | 35.7 | 21,615 | 0. | 39 | 120 | 48 | -5.4 | 320,200 | 14.8 |
| | 80 | 105 | 120 | 87 | 6.9 | 388,700 | 37.4 | 23,104 | | 39 | 120 | 48 | - 5.2 | 312,900 | 13.5 |
| | 85 | 110 | 120 | 92 | 6.9 | 386,400 | 39.3 | 24,704 | | 40 | 120 | 49 | - 5.1 | 305,100 | 12.4 |
| | 90 | 115 | 120 | 97 | 6.8 | 384,800 | 41.4 | 26,457 | | 40 | 120 | 49 | -5.0 | 297,500 | 11.2 |
| | 95 | 121 | 120 | 102 | 6.8 | 382,500 | 43.7 | 28,319 | | 41 | 120 | 49 | -4.8 | 288,800 | 10.2 |

| | | OU. | TDOOR I | LOOP (W | /ater) | | ELECTI | RICAL | | | INDOO | R LOOP | (Water) | | |
|---------|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|-------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|-----------------|------|
| | ELT (°C) | Evap. Temp. | Flow (L/s) | LLT (°C) | Delta T (°C) | Heat Abs. (kW) | Compressor Current (A) | Input Power (W) | EWT (°C) | Cond. Temp. | Flow (L/s) | LWT (°C) | Delta T (°C) | Heating (kW) | СОРн |
| | 10.0 | 4.3 | 7.6 | 7.7 | -2.3 | 74.0 | 41.1 | 26,948 | 45.7 | 51.9 | 7.6 | | 3.2 | 100.3 | 3.72 |
| | 15.6 | 9.1 | 7.6 | 12.8 | -2.8 | 89.9 | 42.4 | 27,885 | 45.2 | 52.1 | 7.6 | | 3.7 | 117.1 | 4.20 |
| | 21.1 | 13.8 | 7.6 | 17.7 | -3.4 | 108.3 | 43.8 | 28,902 | 44.6 | 52.3 | 7.6 | 49 | 4.3 | 136.5 | 4.72 |
| | 26.7 | 18.4 | 7.6 | 22.6 | -4.1 | 129.5 | 45.3 | 30,000 | 43.8 | 52.4 | 7.6 | | 5.1 | 158.9 | 5.30 |
| 40 | 32.2 | 23.2 | 7.6 | 27.3 | -4.9 | 154.1 | 47.0 | 31,280 | 43.0 | 52.6 | 7.6 | | 5.9 | 184.7 | 5.90 |
| TING | 10.0 | 5.1 | 7.6 | 7.9 | -2.1 | 64.6 | 48.0 | 33,019 | 56.9 | 62.9 | 7.6 | | 3.1 | 97.0 | 2.94 |
| IFI | 15.6 | 9.8 | 7.6 | 13.2 | -2.4 | 78.2 | 49.1 | 33,813 | 56.4 | 63.0 | 7.6 | | 3.6 | 111.3 | 3.29 |
| HEA | 21.1 | 14.6 | 7.6 | 18.2 | -2.9 | 93.6 | 50.2 | 34,674 | 55.9 | 63.2 | 7.6 | 60 | 4.1 | 127.6 | 3.68 |
| ▮≝▮ | 26.7 | 19.3 | 7.6 | 23.1 | -3.6 | 111.6 | 51.5 | 35,573 | 55.3 | 63.3 | 7.6 | | 4.7 | 146.5 | 4.12 |
| | 32.2 | 24.1 | 7.6 | 28.0 | -4.2 | 131.9 | 52.8 | 36,566 | 54.6 | 63.4 | 7.6 | | 5.4 | 167.8 | 4.59 |
| | 10.0 | 5.7 | 7.6 | 8.3 | -1.7 | 52.7 | 55.9 | 39,835 | 68.2 | 74.1 | 7.6 | | 2.9 | 91.9 | 2.31 |
| | 15.6 | 10.6 | 7.6 | 13.5 | -2.1 | 64.2 | 56.9 | 40,546 | 67.8 | 74.3 | 7.6 | | 3.3 | 104.1 | 2.57 |
| | 21.1 | 15.3 | 7.6 | 18.7 | -2.4 | 77.3 | 57.8 | 41,248 | 67.3 | 74.4 | 7.6 | 71 | 3.8 | 117.8 | 2.86 |
| | 26.7 | 20.2 | 7.6 | 23.8 | -2.9 | 92.6 | 58.8 | 41,976 | 66.8 | 74.6 | 7.6 | | 4.3 | 133.8 | 3.19 |
| | 32.2 | 24.9 | 7.6 | 28.7 | -3.5 | 109.8 | 59.9 | 42,752 | 66.2 | 74.8 | 7.6 | | 4.9 | 151.9 | 3.55 |
| | EL E | 01 | FI. | | D.II. T | Heat Det | Compressor | 11 | E)A/E | | EL. | LVA/T | D.II. T | 0 | |
| | ELT (°C) | Cond. Temp. | Flow (L/s) | LLT (°C) | Delta T (°C) | Heat Rej. | Compressor | Input Power (W) | EWT (°C) | Evap. Temp. | Flow | LWT (°C) | Delta T (°C) | Cooling | COPc |
| | ` ' | • | ` ' | | | (W) | Current (A) | | (C) | | (L/s) | | | (W) | |
| | 10.0 | 23 | 7.6 | 14.0 | 4.0 | 117.8 | 28.4 | 15,484 | | 2 | 7.6 | 8.7 | -3.3 | 103.2 | 6.65 |
| * | 12.8 | 26 | 7.6 | 16.7 | 3.9 | 117.1 | 29.7 | 16,554 | | 3 | 7.6 | 8.8 | -3.2 | 101.5 | 6.13 |
| | 15.6 | 29 | 7.6 | 19.5 | 3.9 | 116.4 | 31.1 | 17,705 | | 3 | 7.6 | 8.8 | -3.2 | 99.6 | 5.63 |
| 15 | 18.3 | 31 | 7.6 | 22.2 | 3.9 | 115.7 | 32.5 | 18,914 | | 3 | 7.6 | 8.9 | -3.1 | 97.7 | 5.16 |
| 0 | 21.1 | 34 | 7.6 | 25.0 | 3.9 | 115.3 | 34.0 | 20,211 | 12 | 3 | 7.6 | 8.9 | -3.1 | 96.0 | 4.75 |
| COOLING | 23.9 | 37 | 7.6 | 27.8 | 3.9 | 114.6 | 35.7 | 21,615 | | 4 | 7.6 | 9.0 | -3.0 | 93.8 | 4.34 |
| | 26.7 | 40 | 7.6 | 30.5 | 3.8 | 113.9 | 37.4 | 23,104 | | 4 | 7.6 | 9.1 | -2.9 | 91.7 | 3.96 |
| | 29.4 | 43 | 7.6 | 33.2 | 3.8 | 113.2 | 39.3 | 24,704 | | 4 | 7.6 | 9.2 | -2.8 | 89.4 | 3.63 |
| | 32.2 | 46 | 7.6 | 36.0 | 3.8 | 112.8 | 41.4 | 26,457 | | 5 | 7.6 | 9.2 | -2.8 | 87.2 | 3.28 |
| | 35.0 | 49 | 7.6 | 38.8 | 3.8 | 112.1 | 43.7 | 28,319 | | 5 | 7.6 | 9.3 | -2.7 | 84.6 | 2.99 |

WH-600-H**-Y-*D-PP R513a, 60 Hz, 2 x ZH125KCE-TED (460-3-60)

- * Cooling via reversing models (-HAC), or switching indoor/outdoor ** Lower cooling mode outdoor loop ELT's may require flow control † Compressor current is for 460-3-60. [Multiply by 0.8 for 575-3-60.]

| | | OU' | TDOOR L | OOP (W | /ater) | | ELECTI | RICAL | | | INDOO | R LOOP | (Water) | | |
|----------|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|---------------------|------|
| | ELT (°F) | Evap. Temp. | Flow (gpm) | LLT (°F) | Delta T (°F) | Heat Abs. (Btu/hr) | Compressor Current (A) | Input Power (W) | EWT (°F) | Cond. Temp. | Flow (gpm) | LWT (°F) | Delta T (°F) | Heating (Btu/hr) | СОРн |
| | 50 | 40 | 150 | 46 | -4.2 | 312,200 | 44.6 | 33,507 | 114 | 126 | 150 | | 5.7 | 423,200 | 3.70 |
| | 60 | 48 | 150 | 55 | -5.1 | 379,700 | 46.2 | 34,769 | 113 | 126 | 150 | | 6.6 | 495,100 | 4.17 |
| | 70 | 57 | 150 | 64 | -6.1 | 458,100 | 47.9 | 36,100 | 112 | 126 | 150 | 120 | 7.8 | 578,000 | 4.69 |
| | 80 | 65 | 150 | 73 | -7.3 | 548,200 | 49.6 | 37,484 | 111 | 127 | 150 | | 9.0 | 672,900 | 5.26 |
| 40 | 90 | 74 | 150 | 81 | -8.8 | 652,800 | 51.5 | 39,026 | 110 | 127 | 150 | | 10.5 | 782,800 | 5.88 |
| HEATING | 50 | 41 | 150 | 46 | -3.6 | 271,400 | 52.0 | 40,650 | 135 | 145 | 150 | | 5.5 | 406,800 | 2.93 |
| I E I | 60 | 50 | 150 | 56 | -4.4 | 329,600 | 53.5 | 41,852 | 134 | 146 | 150 | | 6.3 | 469,100 | 3.28 |
| 🕺 | 70 | 58 | 150 | 65 | -5.3 | 395,300 | 55.1 | 43,100 | 133 | 146 | 150 | 140 | 7.3 | 539,100 | 3.67 |
| = | 80 | 67 | 150 | 74 | -6.3 | 472,100 | 56.7 | 44,333 | 132 | 146 | 150 | | 8.4 | 620,200 | 4.10 |
| | 90 | 75 | 150 | 83 | -7.5 | 559,000 | 58.3 | 45,611 | 130 | 146 | 150 | | 9.6 | 711,500 | 4.57 |
| | 50 | 42 | 150 | 47 | -2.9 | 221,200 | 61.3 | 49,173 | 155 | 166 | 150 | | 5.2 | 385,700 | 2.30 |
| | 60 | 51 | 150 | 56 | -3.6 | 271,200 | 62.7 | 50,322 | 154 | 166 | 150 | | 5.9 | 439,600 | 2.56 |
| | 70 | 59 | 150 | 66 | -4.4 | 327,700 | 64.1 | 51,413 | 153 | 166 | 150 | 160 | 6.8 | 499,900 | 2.85 |
| | 80 | 68 | 150 | 75 | -5.3 | 393,200 | 65.4 | 52,466 | 152 | 167 | 150 | | 7.7 | 569,000 | 3.18 |
| | 90 | 77 | 150 | 84 | -6.3 | 467,400 | 66.7 | 53,498 | 151 | 167 | 150 | | 8.8 | 646,800 | 3.54 |
| | | 0 1 | | | - · · - | | Compressor | | | _ | | | - · · | | 1 |
| | ELT | Cond. | Flow | LLT | Delta T | Heat Rej. | Compressor | Input | EWT | Evap. | Flow | LWT | Delta T | Cooling | EER |
| | (°F) | Temp. | (gpm) | (°F) | (°F) | (Btu/hr) | Current (A) ^T | Power (W) | (°F) | Temp. | (gpm) | (°F) | (°F) | (Btu/hr) | |
| | 50 | 73 | 150 | 57 | 7.0 | 486,200 | 32.1 | 20,572 | | 36 | 150 | 48 | -5.6 | 420,300 | 20.4 |
| * | 55 | 78 | 150 | 62 | 6.9 | 483,300 | 33.5 | 21,867 | | 36 | 150 | 48 | -5.5 | 412,900 | 18.9 |
| Ž | 60 | 83 | 150 | 67 | 6.9 | 480,800 | 34.9 | 23,251 | | 37 | 150 | 48 | -5.4 | 405,700 | 17.4 |
| | 65 | 89 | 150 | 72 | 6.8 | 478,200 | 36.5 | 24,734 | | 38 | 150 | 48 | -5.3 | 398,000 | 16.1 |
| COOLING* | 70 | 94 | 150 | 77 | 6.8 | 476,000 | 38.1 | 26,326 | 54 | 38 | 150 | 48 | -5.2 | 390,300 | 14.8 |
| 8 | 75 | 99 | 150 | 82 | 6.8 | 474,700 | 40.0 | 28,045 | | 39 | 150 | 49 | -5.1 | 383,100 | 13.7 |
| | 80 | 104 | 150 | 87 | 6.7 | 472,700 | 41.9 | 29,889 | | 40 | 150 | 49 | -5.0 | 374,800 | 12.5 |
| | 85 | 110 | 150 | 92 | 6.7 | 470,700 | 44.1 | 31,878 | | 40 | 150 | 49 | -4.9 | 366,000 | 11.5 |
| | 90 | 115 | 150 | 97 | 6.7 | 468,900 | 46.4 | 34,023 | | 41 | 150 | 49 | -4.8 | 356,900 | 10.5 |
| | 95 | 120 | 150 | 102 | 6.6 | 467,200 | 48.9 | 36,337 | | 41 | 150 | 49 | -4.7 | 347,200 | 9.6 |

| | | OU. | TDOOR I | OOP (W | (ater) | | ELECTI | RICAL | | | INDOO | R LOOP | (Water) | | |
|----------|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|-------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|-----------------|------|
| | ELT (°C) | Evap. Temp. | Flow (L/s) | LLT (°C) | Delta T (°C) | Heat Abs. (kW) | Compressor Current (A) | Input Power (W) | EWT (°C) | Cond. Temp. | Flow (L/s) | LWT (°C) | Delta T (°C) | Heating (kW) | СОРн |
| | 10.0 | 4.2 | 9.5 | 7.7 | -2.3 | 91.5 | 44.6 | 33,507 | 45.7 | 52.1 | 9.5 | | 3.2 | 124.0 | 3.70 |
| | 15.6 | 8.9 | 9.5 | 12.8 | -2.8 | 111.3 | 46.2 | 34,769 | 45.2 | 52.2 | 9.5 | | 3.7 | 145.1 | 4.17 |
| | 21.1 | 13.7 | 9.5 | 17.7 | -3.4 | 134.3 | 47.9 | 36,100 | 44.6 | 52.4 | 9.5 | 49 | 4.3 | 169.4 | 4.69 |
| | 26.7 | 18.3 | 9.5 | 22.6 | -4.1 | 160.7 | 49.6 | 37,484 | 43.9 | 52.5 | 9.5 | | 5.0 | 197.2 | 5.26 |
| 6 | 32.2 | 23.1 | 9.5 | 27.3 | -4.9 | 191.3 | 51.5 | 39,026 | 43.1 | 52.7 | 9.5 | | 5.8 | 229.4 | 5.88 |
| 2 | 10.0 | 4.9 | 9.5 | 8.0 | -2.0 | 79.5 | 52.0 | 40,650 | 56.9 | 63.0 | 9.5 | | 3.1 | 119.2 | 2.93 |
| ΗĘ | 15.6 | 9.7 | 9.5 | 13.2 | -2.4 | 96.6 | 53.5 | 41,852 | 56.5 | 63.1 | 9.5 | | 3.5 | 137.5 | 3.28 |
| HEA | 21.1 | 14.4 | 9.5 | 18.2 | -2.9 | 115.9 | 55.1 | 43,100 | 55.9 | 63.3 | 9.5 | 60 | 4.1 | 158.0 | 3.67 |
| I | 26.7 | 19.2 | 9.5 | 23.2 | -3.5 | 138.4 | 56.7 | 44,333 | 55.3 | 63.4 | 9.5 | | 4.7 | 181.8 | 4.10 |
| | 32.2 | 23.9 | 9.5 | 28.0 | -4.2 | 163.8 | 58.3 | 45,611 | 54.7 | 63.5 | 9.5 | | 5.3 | 208.5 | 4.57 |
| | 10.0 | 5.6 | 9.5 | 8.4 | -1.6 | 64.8 | 61.3 | 49,173 | 68.2 | 74.2 | 9.5 | | 2.9 | 113.0 | 2.30 |
| | 15.6 | 10.4 | 9.5 | 13.6 | -2.0 | 79.5 | 62.7 | 50,322 | 67.8 | 74.4 | 9.5 | | 3.3 | 128.8 | 2.56 |
| | 21.1 | 15.2 | 9.5 | 18.7 | -2.4 | 96.0 | 64.1 | 51,413 | 67.3 | 74.6 | 9.5 | 71 | 3.8 | 146.5 | 2.85 |
| | 26.7 | 20.1 | 9.5 | 23.8 | -2.9 | 115.2 | 65.4 | 52,466 | 66.8 | 74.7 | 9.5 | | 4.3 | 166.8 | 3.18 |
| _ | 32.2 | 24.8 | 9.5 | 28.7 | -3.5 | 137.0 | 66.7 | 53,498 | 66.2 | 74.9 | 9.5 | | 4.9 | 189.6 | 3.54 |
| | ELT (°C) | Cond. Temp. | Flow (L/s) | LLT (°C) | Delta T (°C) | Heat Rej. (W) | Compressor Current (A) | Input Power (W) | EWT (°C) | Evap. Temp. | Flow (L/s) | LWT (°C) | Delta T (°C) | Cooling (W) | COPc |
| | 10.0 | 23 | 9.5 | 13.9 | 3.9 | 142.5 | 32.1 | 20,572 | | 2 | 9.5 | 8.9 | -3.1 | 123.2 | 5.98 |
| | 12.8 | 26 | 9.5 | 16.6 | 3.8 | 141.6 | 33.5 | 21,867 | | 2 | 9.5 | 8.9 | -3.1 | 121.0 | 5.54 |
| 9 | 15.6 | 28 | 9.5 | 19.4 | 3.8 | 140.9 | 34.9 | 23,251 | | 3 | 9.5 | 9.0 | -3.0 | 118.9 | 5.10 |
| = | 18.3 | 31 | 9.5 | 22.1 | 3.8 | 140.1 | 36.5 | 24,734 | | 3 | 9.5 | 9.1 | -2.9 | 116.6 | 4.72 |
| COOLING | 21.1 | 34 | 9.5 | 24.9 | 3.8 | 139.5 | 38.1 | 26,326 | 12 | 3 | 9.5 | 9.1 | -2.9 | 114.4 | 4.34 |
| 1 2 | 23.9 | 37 | 9.5 | 27.7 | 3.8 | 139.1 | 40.0 | 28,045 | 12 | 4 | 9.5 | 9.2 | -2.8 | 112.3 | 4.02 |
| | 26.7 | 40 | 9.5 | 30.4 | 3.7 | 138.5 | 41.9 | 29,889 | | 4 | 9.5 | 9.2 | -2.8 | 109.8 | 3.66 |
| | 29.4 | 43 | 9.5 | 33.1 | 3.7 | 137.9 | 44.1 | 31,878 | | 5 | 9.5 | 9.3 | -2.7 | 107.3 | 3.37 |
| | 32.2 | 46 | 9.5 | 35.9 | 3.7 | 137.4 | 46.4 | 34,023 | | 5 | 9.5 | 9.3 | -2.7 | 104.6 | 3.08 |
| | 35.0 | 49 | 9.5 | 38.7 | 3.7 | 136.9 | 48.9 | 36,337 | | 5 | 9.5 | 9.4 | -2.6 | 101.8 | 2.81 |

WH-800-H-Y-*D-PP** R513a, 60 Hz, 2 x ZH150KCE-TED (460-3-60)

- * Cooling via reversing models (-HAC), or switching indoor/outdoor
 ** Lower cooling mode outdoor loop ELT's may require flow control
 † Compressor current is for 460-3-60. [Multiply by 0.8 for 575-3-60.]

| | | OU. | TDOOR I | OOP (W | /ater) | | ELECTI | RICAL | | | INDOO | R LOOP | (Water) | | |
|---------|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|---------------------|------|
| | ELT (°F) | Evap. Temp. | Flow (gpm) | LLT (°F) | Delta T (°F) | Heat Abs. (Btu/hr) | Compressor Current (A) | Input Power (W) | EWT (°F) | Cond. Temp. | Flow (gpm) | LWT (°F) | Delta T (°F) | Heating (Btu/hr) | СОРн |
| | 50 | 40 | 190 | 46 | -4.0 | 380,600 | 57.7 | 41,048 | 115 | 125 | 190 | | 5.5 | 516,300 | 3.69 |
| | 60 | 48 | 190 | 55 | -4.9 | 461,100 | 59.4 | 42,482 | 114 | 126 | 190 | | 6.4 | 601,700 | 4.15 |
| | 70 | 57 | 190 | 64 | -5.9 | 554,800 | 61.1 | 44,018 | 113 | 126 | 190 | 120 | 7.4 | 700,700 | 4.67 |
| | 80 | 65 | 190 | 73 | -7.0 | 663,100 | 63.0 | 45,655 | 111 | 126 | 190 | | 8.6 | 814,700 | 5.23 |
| /B | 90 | 74 | 190 | 82 | -8.3 | 788,700 | 65.1 | 47,540 | 110 | 127 | 190 | | 10.0 | 946,700 | 5.84 |
| HEATING | 50 | 41 | 190 | 47 | -3.5 | 331,000 | 65.4 | 49,776 | 135 | 145 | 190 | | 5.3 | 496,500 | 2.92 |
| E | 60 | 50 | 190 | 56 | -4.2 | 400,100 | 67.0 | 51,153 | 134 | 145 | 190 | | 6.1 | 570,300 | 3.27 |
| 4 | 70 | 58 | 190 | 65 | -5.0 | 478,700 | 68.6 | 52,585 | 133 | 146 | 190 | 140 | 6.9 | 653,900 | 3.64 |
| ij | 80 | 67 | 190 | 74 | -6.0 | 571,400 | 70.3 | 54,031 | 132 | 146 | 190 | | 8.0 | 751,500 | 4.08 |
| | 90 | 75 | 190 | 83 | -7.2 | 676,800 | 72.0 | 55,571 | 131 | 146 | 190 | | 9.2 | 862,200 | 4.55 |
| | 50 | 42 | 190 | 47 | -2.8 | 270,400 | 74.6 | 59,872 | 155 | 165 | 190 | | 5.0 | 470,300 | 2.30 |
| | 60 | 51 | 190 | 57 | -3.5 | 327,900 | 75.8 | 61,083 | 154 | 166 | 190 | | 5.7 | 532,000 | 2.55 |
| | 70 | 60 | 190 | 66 | -4.2 | 393,800 | 77.0 | 62,199 | 154 | 166 | 190 | 160 | 6.4 | 601,800 | 2.84 |
| | 80 | 68 | 190 | 75 | - 5.0 | 471,500 | 78.2 | 63,276 | 153 | 166 | 190 | | 7.3 | 683,200 | 3.16 |
| | 90 | 77 | 190 | 84 | -5.9 | 560,100 | 79.3 | 64,343 | 152 | 167 | 190 | | 8.3 | 775,500 | 3.53 |
| | ELT | Cond. | Flow | LLT | Delta T | Heat Rei. | Compressor | Input | EWT | Evap. | Flow | LWT | Delta T | Cooling | |
| | (°F) | Temp. | (gpm) | (°F) | (°F) | (Btu/hr) | Current (A) | Power (W) | (°F) | Temp. | (gpm) | (°F) | (°F) | (Btu/hr) | EER |
| | 50 | 73 | 190 | 56 | 6.4 | 566,400 | 42.2 | 24,652 | | 36 | 190 | 48 | -5.2 | 487,500 | 19.8 |
| * | 55 | 78 | 190 | 61 | 6.4 | 563,100 | 43.9 | 26,069 | • | 37 | 190 | 49 | -5.1 | 479,200 | 18.4 |
| 2 | 60 | 84 | 190 | 66 | 6.3 | 561,200 | 45.8 | 27,669 | • | 37 | 190 | 49 | -5.0 | 471,600 | 17.0 |
| COOLING | 65 | 89 | 190 | 71 | 6.3 | 559,300 | 47.8 | 29,407 | | 38 | 190 | 49 | -4.9 | 463,600 | 15.8 |
| 9 | 70 | 94 | 190 | 76 | 6.3 | 557,900 | 49.9 | 31,309 | 54 | 39 | 190 | 49 | -4.8 | 455,400 | 14.5 |
| 8 | 75 | 100 | 190 | 81 | 6.3 | 556,100 | 52.2 | 33,413 | 54 | 39 | 190 | 49 | -4.7 | 446,200 | 13.4 |
| | 80 | 105 | 190 | 86 | 6.2 | 554,900 | 54.7 | 35,672 | | 40 | 190 | 49 | -4.6 | 437,100 | 12.3 |
| | 85 | 110 | 190 | 91 | 6.2 | 552,600 | 57.3 | 38,111 | | 40 | 190 | 49 | -4.5 | 426,300 | 11.2 |
| | 90 | 116 | 190 | 96 | 6.2 | 551,600 | 60.1 | 40,797 | | 41 | 190 | 49 | -4.4 | 415,900 | 10.2 |
| | 95 | 121 | 190 | 101 | 6.2 | 550,600 | 63.1 | 43,656 | | 41 | 190 | 49 | -4.3 | 404,900 | 9.3 |

| | | OU | TDOOR I | OOP (W | (ater) | | ELECTI | RICAL | | | INDOO | R LOOP | (Water) | | |
|----------|--------------|----------------|---------------|--------------|-----------------|-------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|-----------------|--------------|
| | ELT (°C) | Evap. Temp. | Flow (L/s) | LLT (°C) | Delta T (°C) | Heat Abs. (kW) | Compressor Current (A) | Input Power (W) | EWT (°C) | Cond. Temp. | Flow (L/s) | LWT (°C) | Delta T (°C) | Heating (kW) | СОРн |
| | 10.0 | 4.3 | 12.0 | 7.8 | -2.2 | 111.5 | 57.7 | 41,048 | 45.8 | 51.9 | 12.0 | | 3.1 | 151.3 | 3.69 |
| | 15.6 | 9.0 | 12.0 | 12.9 | -2.7 | 135.1 | 59.4 | 42,482 | 45.3 | 52.1 | 12.0 | | 3.6 | 176.3 | 4.15 |
| | 21.1 | 13.7 | 12.0 | 17.8 | -3.3 | 162.6 | 61.1 | 44,018 | 44.8 | 52.2 | 12.0 | 49 | 4.1 | 205.4 | 4.67 |
| | 26.7 | 18.4 | 12.0 | 22.8 | -3.9 | 194.3 | 63.0 | 45,655 | 44.1 | 52.3 | 12.0 | | 4.8 | 238.8 | 5.23 |
| 6 | 32.2 | 23.1 | 12.0 | 27.6 | -4.6 | 231.1 | 65.1 | 47,540 | 43.3 | 52.5 | 12.0 | | 5.6 | 277.5 | 5.84 |
| S | 10.0 | 5.0 | 12.0 | 8.1 | -1.9 | 97.0 | 65.4 | 49,776 | 57.1 | 62.8 | 12.0 | | 2.9 | 145.5 | 2.92 |
| ΗĘ | 15.6 | 9.8 | 12.0 | 13.3 | -2.3 | 117.3 | 67.0 | 51,153 | 56.6 | 62.9 | 12.0 | | 3.4 | 167.1 | 3.27 |
| HEA | 21.1 | 14.5 | 12.0 | 18.3 | -2.8 | 140.3 | 68.6 | 52,585 | 56.2 | 63.1 | 12.0 | 60 | 3.8 | 191.6 | 3.64 |
| I | 26.7 | 19.3 | 12.0 | 23.4 | -3.3 | 167.5 | 70.3 | 54,031 | 55.6 | 63.2 | 12.0 | | 4.4 | 220.2 | 4.08 |
| | 32.2 | 24.0 | 12.0 | 28.2 | -4.0 | 198.4 | 72.0 | 55,571 | 54.9 | 63.3 | 12.0 | | 5.1 | 252.7 | 4.55 |
| | 10.0 | 5.7 | 12.0 | 8.4 | -1.6 | 79.2 | 74.6 | 59,872 | 68.3 | 74.1 | 12.0 | | 2.8 | 137.8 | 2.30 |
| | 15.6 | 10.5 | 12.0 | 13.7 | -1.9 | 96.1 | 75.8 | 61,083 | 67.9 | 74.2 | 12.0 | - 4 | 3.2 | 155.9 | 2.55 |
| | 21.1 | 15.3 | 12.0 | 18.8 | -2.3 | 115.4 | 77.0 | 62,199 | 67.6 | 74.4 | 12.0 | 71 | 3.6 | 176.4 | 2.84 |
| | 26.7 | 20.1 | 12.0 | 23.9 | -2.8 | 138.2 | 78.2 | 63,276 | 67.1 | 74.6 | 12.0 | | 4.1 | 200.2 | 3.16 |
| <u> </u> | 32.2 | 24.9 | 12.0 | 28.9 | -3.3 | 164.1 | 79.3 | 64,343 | 66.5 | 74.7 | 12.0 | | 4.6 | 227.3 | 3.53 |
| | ELT (°C) | Cond. | Flow (L/s) | LLT (°C) | Delta T | Heat Rej. | Compressor | Input Power (W) | EWT (°C) | Evap. | Flow (L/s) | LWT | Delta T (°C) | Cooling | COPc |
| | <u> </u> | Temp. | . , | | (°C) | (W) | Current (A) | ` ' | (C) | Temp. | ` ' | (°C) | ` ' | (W) | |
| | 10.0 | 23 | 12.0 | 13.6 | 3.6 | 166.0 | 42.2 | 24,652 | | 2 | 12.0 | 9.1 | -2.9 | 142.9 | 5.80 |
| * | 12.8 | 26 | 12.0 | 16.4 | 3.6 | 165.0 | 43.9 | 26,069 | | 3 | 12.0 | 9.2 | -2.8 | 140.4 | 5.39 |
| Z | 15.6 | 29 | 12.0 | 19.1 | 3.5 | 164.5 | 45.8 | 27,669 | | 3 | 12.0 | 9.2 | -2.8 | 138.2 | 4.98 |
| COOLING | 18.3 | 32 | 12.0 | 21.8 | 3.5 | 163.9 | 47.8 | 29,407 | | 3 | 12.0 | 9.3 | -2.7 | 135.9 | 4.63 |
| | 21.1 | 35 | 12.0 | 24.6 | 3.5 | 163.5 | 49.9 | 31,309 | 12 | 4 | 12.0 | 9.3 | -2.7 | 133.5 | 4.25 |
| S | 23.9 | 38 | 12.0 | 27.4 | 3.5 | 163.0 | 52.2 | 33,413 | | 4 | 12.0 | 9.4 | -2.6 | 130.8 | 3.93 |
| | 26.7 | 41 | 12.0 | 30.1 | 3.4 | 162.6 | 54.7 | 35,672 | | 4 | 12.0 | 9.4 | -2.6 | 128.1 | 3.60 |
| | 29.4 | 44 | 12.0 | 32.8 | 3.4 | 162.0 | 57.3 | 38,111 | | 5 | 12.0 | 9.5 | -2.5 | 124.9 | 3.28 |
| | 32.2 35.0 | 47 49 | 12.0 12.0 | 35.6 38.4 | 3.4 | 161.7 161.4 | 60.1 63.1 | 40,797 43,656 | | 5 5 | 12.0 12.0 | 9.6 9.6 | -2.4 -2.4 | 121.9 118.7 | 2.99 2.73 |
| | 35.0 | 49 | 12.0 | 30.4 | 3.4 | 101.4 | 03.1 | 43,000 | | <u>_</u> | 12.0 | 9.0 | -2.4 | 110.7 | 2.13 |

Electrical Specifications - W-Series

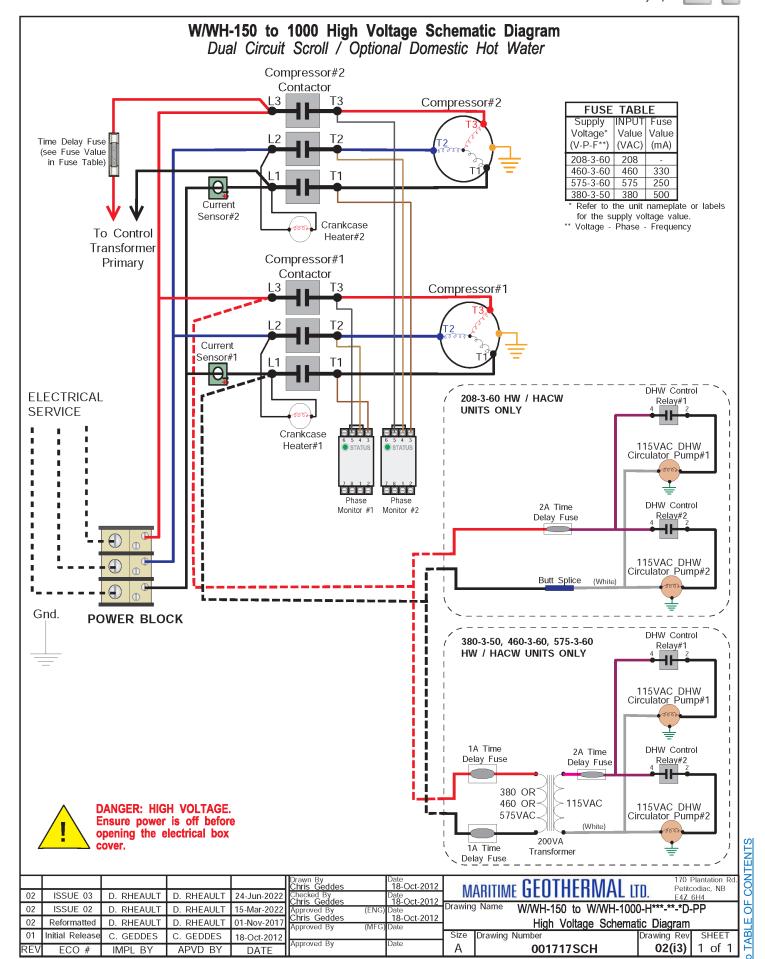
Table 27 - W-Series (R454b) Electrical Specifications

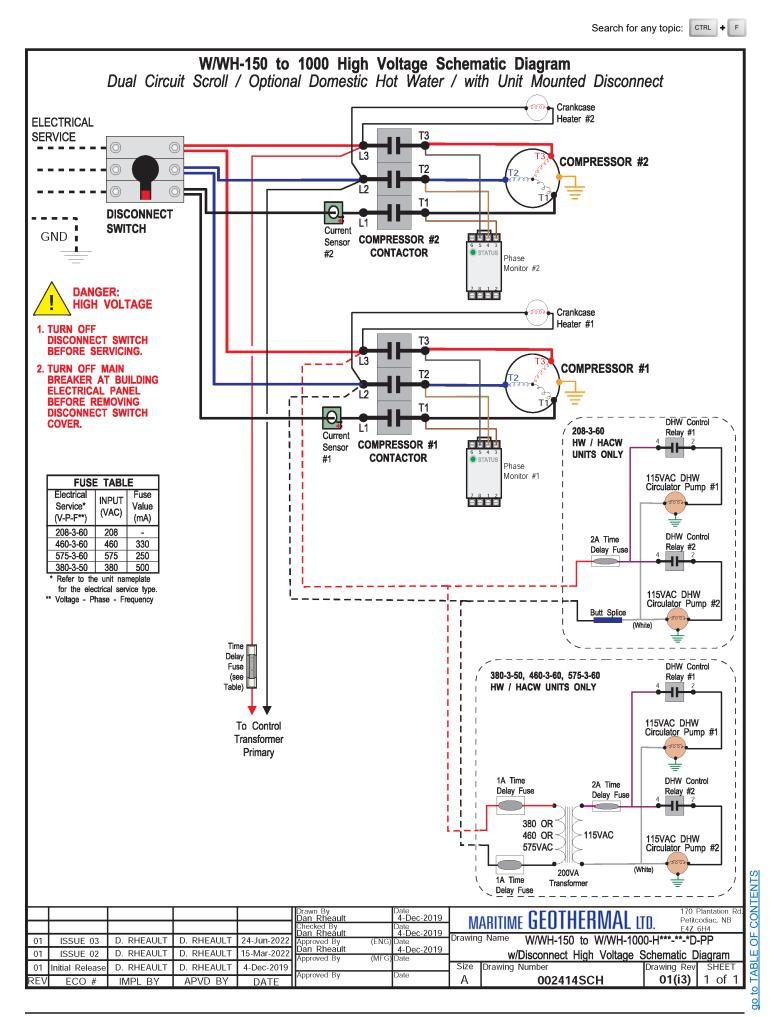
| | Elec. Code | Power Supply | | | Compressors (each) | | FLA | MCA | Maximum Fuse/Breaker | Minimum Wire Size |
|--------|---------------|--------------|-----|-----|--------------------|-----|-------|-------|-------------------------|----------------------|
| | | V-ø-Hz | MIN | MAX | RLA | LRA | Amps | Amps | Amps | ga |
| W-150 | 1 | 208/230-1-60 | 187 | 253 | 32.8 | 184 | 66.5 | 74.7 | 100 | #3-2 |
| | 2 | 208-3-60 | 187 | 229 | 24.4 | 200 | 49.7 | 55.8 | 80 | #4-3 |
| | 4 | 460-3-60 | 414 | 506 | 11.9 | 103 | 24.3 | 27.3 | 40 | #8-3 |
| | 5 | 575-3-60 | 518 | 632 | 9.4 | 78 | 19.3 | 21.7 | 30 | #10-3 |
| W-185 | 2 | 208-3-60 | 187 | 229 | 28.7 | 208 | 58.3 | 65.5 | 80 | #4-3 |
| | 4 | 460-3-60 | 414 | 506 | 12.4 | 100 | 25.3 | 28.4 | 40 | #8-3 |
| | 5 | 575-3-60 | 518 | 632 | 9.0 | 78 | 18.5 | 20.8 | 30 | #10-3 |
| W-240 | 2 | 208-3-60 | 187 | 229 | 40.4 | 217 | 81.7 | 91.8 | 125 | #2-3 |
| | 4 | 460-3-60 | 414 | 506 | 21.2 | 122 | 42.9 | 48.2 | 60 | #6-3 |
| | 5 | 575-3-60 | 518 | 632 | 15.4 | 97 | 31.3 | 35.2 | 50 | #8-3 |
| W-300 | 2 | 208-3-60 | 187 | 229 | 44.2 | 252 | 89.3 | 100.4 | 125 | #2-3 |
| | 4 | 460-3-60 | 414 | 506 | 22.6 | 137 | 45.7 | 51.4 | 60 | #6-3 |
| | 5 | 575-3-60 | 518 | 632 | 19.2 | 103 | 38.9 | 43.7 | 60 | #6-3 |
| W-400 | 2 | 208-3-60 | 187 | 229 | 57.7 | 330 | 116.3 | 130.7 | 150 | #0-3 |
| | 4 | 460-3-60 | 414 | 506 | 26.9 | 180 | 54.3 | 61.0 | 80 | #4-3 |
| | 5 | 575-3-60 | 518 | 632 | 21.5 | 132 | 43.5 | 48.9 | 60 | #6-3 |
| W-500 | 4 | 460-3-60 | 414 | 506 | 32.1 | 211 | 64.4 | 72.4 | 100 | #3-3 |
| | 5 | 575-3-60 | 518 | 632 | 27.8 | 162 | 55.8 | 62.8 | 80 | #4-3 |
| W-600 | 4 | 460-3-60 | 414 | 506 | 40.7 | 212 | 81.6 | 91.8 | 125 | #2-3 |
| | 5 | 575-3-60 | 518 | 632 | 32.6 | 168 | 65.4 | 73.6 | 100 | #3-3 |
| W-800 | 4 | 460-3-60 | 414 | 506 | 53.1 | 316 | 106.4 | 119.7 | 150 | #0-3 |
| | 5 | 575-3-60 | 518 | 632 | 42.5 | 255 | 85.2 | 95.8 | 125 | #2-3 |
| W-900 | 4 | 460-3-60 | 414 | 506 | 51.4 | 316 | 103.0 | 115.9 | 150 | #0-3 |
| | 5 | 575-3-60 | 518 | 632 | 41.2 | 258 | 82.6 | 92.9 | 125 | #2-3 |
| W-1000 | 4 | 460-3-60 | 414 | 506 | 64.1 | 299 | 128.4 | 144.4 | 200 | #000-3 |
| | 5 | 575-3-60 | 518 | 632 | 51.3 | 229 | 102.8 | 115.6 | 150 | #0-3 |
| - | | - | | | | | - | • | • | • |

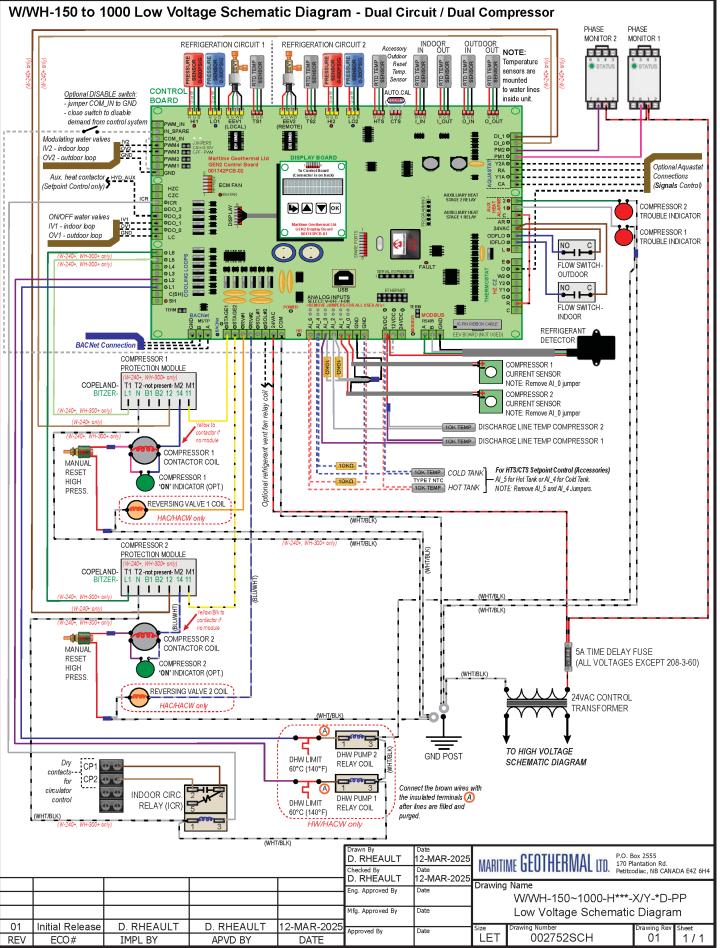
Electrical Specifications - WH-Series

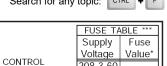
Table 28 - WH-Series (R513a) Electrical Specifications

| Ĭ | Elec. Code | Power Supply | | | Compressors (each) | | FLA | MCA | Maximum Fuse/Breaker | Minimum Wire Size |
|--------|---------------|--------------|-----|-----|--------------------|-----|-------|-------|-------------------------|----------------------|
| | | V-ø-Hz | MIN | MAX | RLA | LRA | Amps | Amps | Amps | ga |
| WH-150 | 1 | 208/230-1-60 | 187 | 253 | 28.8 | 176 | 58.5 | 65.7 | 80 | #4-2 |
| | 2 | 208-3-60 | 187 | 229 | 18.6 | 156 | 38.1 | 42.8 | 60 | #6-3 |
| | 4 | 460-3-60 | 414 | 506 | 9.0 | 75 | 18.5 | 20.8 | 30 | #10-3 |
| | 5 | 575-3-60 | 518 | 632 | 7.4 | 54 | 15.3 | 17.2 | 20 | #12-3 |
| WH-185 | 2 | 208-3-60 | 187 | 229 | 29.5 | 195 | 59.9 | 67.3 | 80 | #4-3 |
| | 4 | 460-3-60 | 414 | 506 | 13.1 | 95 | 26.7 | 30.0 | 40 | #8-3 |
| | 5 | 575-3-60 | 518 | 632 | 12.5 | 80 | 25.5 | 28.6 | 40 | #8-3 |
| WH-240 | 2 | 208-3-60 | 187 | 229 | 37.2 | 239 | 75.3 | 84.6 | 125 | #2-3 |
| | 4 | 460-3-60 | 414 | 506 | 20.1 | 125 | 40.7 | 45.7 | 60 | #6-3 |
| | 5 | 575-3-60 | 518 | 632 | 12.8 | 80 | 26.1 | 29.3 | 40 | #8-3 |
| WH-300 | 2 | 208-3-60 | 187 | 229 | 57.1 | 300 | 115.1 | 129.4 | 150 | #0-3 |
| | 4 | 460-3-60 | 414 | 506 | 23.7 | 150 | 47.9 | 53.8 | 80 | #4-3 |
| | 5 | 575-3-60 | 518 | 632 | 20.5 | 109 | 41.5 | 46.6 | 60 | #6-3 |
| WH-400 | 2 | 208-3-60 | 187 | 229 | 64.2 | 340 | 129.3 | 145.4 | 200 | #000-3 |
| | 4 | 460-3-60 | 414 | 506 | 28.6 | 179 | 57.7 | 64.9 | 80 | #4-3 |
| | 5 | 575-3-60 | 518 | 632 | 25.8 | 132 | 52.1 | 58.6 | 80 | #4-3 |
| WH-500 | 4 | 460-3-60 | 414 | 506 | 34.9 | 225 | 70.0 | 78.7 | 100 | #3-3 |
| | 5 | 575-3-60 | 518 | 632 | 28.7 | 180 | 57.6 | 64.8 | 80 | #4-3 |
| WH-600 | 4 | 460-3-60 | 414 | 506 | 40.8 | 272 | 81.8 | 92.0 | 125 | #2-3 |
| | 5 | 575-3-60 | 518 | 632 | 28.4 | 238 | 57.0 | 64.1 | 80 | #4-3 |
| WH-800 | 4 | 460-3-60 | 414 | 506 | 50.1 | 310 | 100.4 | 112.9 | 150 | #0-3 |
| | 5 | 575-3-60 | 518 | 632 | 47.4 | 239 | 95.0 | 106.9 | 150 | #0-3 |









208-3-60 -----

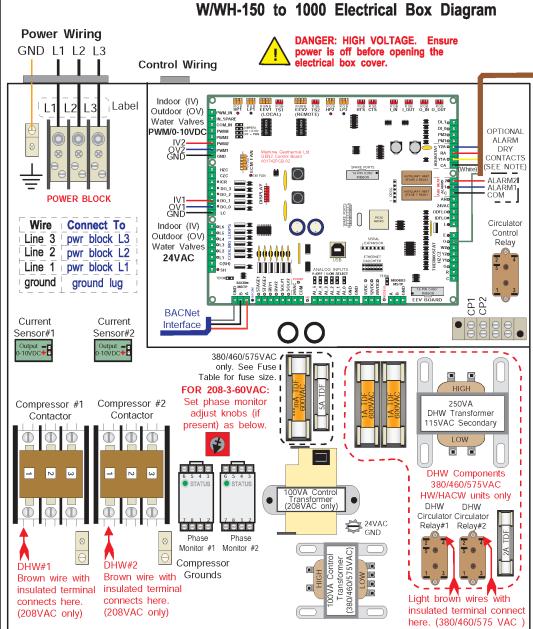
460-3-60 330mA

575-3-60 250mA

380-3-50 500mA

'Value is marked

in electrical box.



DHW NOTE: If the heat pump is to be operated without the hot water circulators connected to the water tank and flooded with water, remove the brown (or light brown) wire with the insulated terminal from the location(s) shown in the diagram above. The pumps are water lubricated and must not be run dry.

O(Cooling) Use PC App or LCD menus to select 1 of 3 Control Methods:

1. BACnet

CONNECTIONS

(HARDWIRED

OPTION)

Y2A(Compressor #2)

Y1A(Compressor #1)

RA(24VAC)

CA(Common)

- 2. Hardwired (24VAC signals)
- 3. Setpoint Control (internal)

1. BACnet (MS/TP RS-485)

Use twisted pair shieldedconductor cable.

- Communication Α

- Communication

GND - Ground

SYSTEM_Y1A: Stage 1 (compr.1) SYSTEM_Y2A: Stage 2 (compr.2) SYSTEM_O: Htg/Cooling Mode (active in cooling)

2. Hardwired (24VAC)

Use an 18-4 or 18-5 cable.

- 24VAC Common
 - 24VAC Hot
- Y1A Stage 1 (Compressor 1)
- Y2A Stage 2 (Compressor 2)
 - Heating/Cooling Mode (active for cooling mode)

A dry contact from "R" to "Y1A" will start compressor #1.

A dry contact from "R" to "Y2A" will start compressor #2.

A dry contact from "R" to "O" will activate cooling mode (for both compressors).

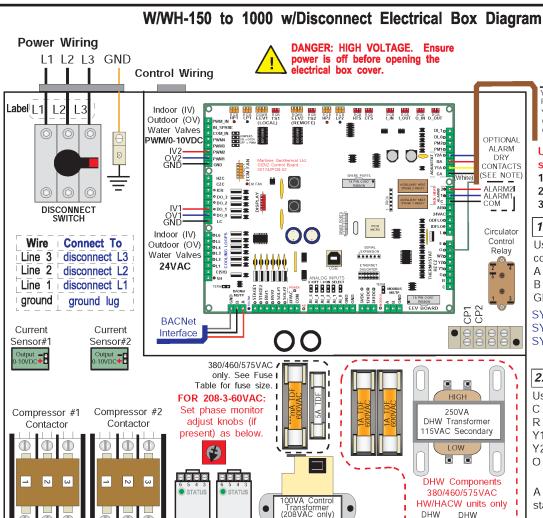
3. Setpoint Control

Unit will be controlled by internal water line temperature sensors. See manual for setup instructions.

IMPORTANT NOTES:

- 3 PHASE SCROLL COMPRESSORS must rotate in the proper direction. After the initial connection, if the phase protection module(s) indicate a fault on power up, turn the power off and reverse the L1 and L2 supply leads. Turn the power on and clear the fault(s).
- IMPORTANT: Ensure sufficient antifreeze concentration is used and correctly set in control board via the PC App, so that the correct low pressure cutout value is implemented to prevent freezing conditions. Failure to do so could cause the heat exchanger to freeze and rupture, voiding the warranty.
- Stages Y1A & Y2A are completely independent (unlike with residential "Ultratech" compressors). Each may be used at any time.
- Anti-short cycle timer of 5 minutes exists for each compressor.
- Alarm1 and Alarm2 signals are dry contacts (NO). Connect the signal source to COM. Alarm1 is for stage 1 (Y1A) and Alarm2 is for stage 2 (Y2A). MAX 1amp @ 24VAC
- CP1 and CP2 are a dry contact that can be used to turn on circulator pumps when either compressor starts. In Setpoint Control mode, it is indoor circulators only (sampling). MAX 5amps @ 24VAC
- Water Valve: 24VAC is present across OV1/IV1 and GND to power an external ON/OFF water valve when either compressor starts. Modulating water valves can be connected between OV2/IV2 and GND. MAX 1amp @ 24VAC

| | | | | | Drawn By Chris Geddes | Date 18-Oct-2012 | пл | ARITIME GEOTHERMAL IT | 170 F | Plantation Rd. odiac, NB |
|-----|-----------------|------------|------------|-------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------|---------|--|--------------|-----------------------------|
| 02 | ISSUE 03 | D. RHEAULT | D. RHEAULT | 24-Jun-2022 | Checked By Chris Geddes | Date 18-Oct-2012 | IVI | ARITIME ULUTTILITIMAL LI | U. E4Z | |
| 02 | ISSUE 02 | D. RHEAULT | D. RHEAULT | 15-Mar-2022 | Approved By (EN | IG) Date | Diawiii | ^{9 Name} W/WH-150 to W/WH-1000- | H***-*-*D-PF |) |
| 02 | Reformatted | D. RHEAULT | D. RHEAULT | L 0 L-NOV-20 L/ I | Chris Geddes Approved By (MI | 18-Oct-2012 G) Date | | Electrical Box Diag | ram | |
| 01 | Initial Release | C. GEDDES | C. GEDDES | 18-Oct-2012 | \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ | 1 | Size | Drawing Number | Drawing Rev | SHEET |
| REV | ECO # | IMPL BY | APVD BY | DATE | Approved By | Date | Α | 001719ELB | 02(i3) | 1 of 1 |



DHW NOTE: If the heat pump is to be operated without the hot water circulators connected to the water tank and flooded with water, remove the brown (or light brown) wire with the insulated terminal from the location(s) shown in the diagram above. The pumps are water lubricated and must not be run dry.

Phase

Phase

Compressor

Monitor #1 Monitor #2

CONTROL CONNECTIONS (HARDWIRED OPTION)

Y2A(Compressor #2) RA(24VAC) Y1A(Compressor #1) CA(Common) O(Cooling)

FUSE TABLE vlaauZ Voltage | Value* 208-3-60 460-3-60 330mA 575-3-60 250mA 380-3-50 500mA

Value is marked in electrical box.

Use PC App or LCD menus to select 1 of 3 Control Methods:

- 2. Hardwired (24VAC signals)
- 3. Setpoint Control (internal)

1. BACnet (MS/TP RS-485)

Use twisted pair shieldedconductor cable.

- Communication Α - Communication

GND - Ground

SYSTEM_Y1A: Stage 1 (compr.1) SYSTEM_Y2A: Stage 2 (compr.2) SYSTEM_O: Htg/Cooling Mode (active in cooling)

2. Hardwired/Signals (24VAC)

Use an 18-4 or 18-5 cable.

- 24VAC Common

- 24VAC Hot

Y1A - Stage 1 (Compressor 1)

Y2A - Stage 2 (Compressor 2)

- Heating/Cooling Mode (active for cooling mode)

A dry contact from R to Y1A will start compressor #1.

A dry contact from R to Y2A will start compressor #2.

A dry contact from R to O will activate cooling mode (for both compressors).

3. Setpoint Control

Unit will be controlled by internal water line temperature sensors. See manual for setup instructions.

IMPORTANT NOTES:

DHW#1

Brown wire with

insulated terminal

connects here.

(208VAC only)

DHW#2

- 3 PHASE SCROLL COMPRESSORS must rotate in the proper direction. After the initial connection, if the phase protection module(s) indicate a fault on power up, turn the power off and swap the L1 and L2 supply leads. Turn the power on and clear the fault(s).

Brown wire with Grounds

insulated terminal

connects here.

(208VAC only)

- · IMPORTANT: Ensure sufficient antifreeze concentration is used and correctly set in control board via the PC App, so that the correct low pressure cutout value is implemented to prevent freezing conditions. Failure to do so could cause the heat exchanger to freeze and rupture, voiding the warranty.
- Stages Y1A & Y2A are completely independent (unlike with residential 2-stage compressors). Each may be used at any time.

Circulator Circulator

Light brown wires

insulated terminal connect

here (380/460/575 VAC.)

Relay#2

Relay#1

- Anti-short cycle timer of 5 minutes exists for each compressor.
- Alarm1 and Alarm2 signals are dry contacts (NO). Connect the signal source to COM. Alarm1 is for stage 1 (Y1A) and Alarm2 is for stage 2 (Y2A). MAX 1amp @ 24VAC
- CP1 and CP2 are a dry contact that can be used to turn on circulator pumps when either compressor starts. In Setpoint Control mode, it is indoor circulators only (sampling). MAX 5amps @ 24VAC
- Water Valve: 24VAC is present across OV1/IV1 and GND to power an external ON/OFF water valve when either compressor starts. Modulating water valves can be connected between OV2/IV2 and GND. MAX 1amp @ 24VAC

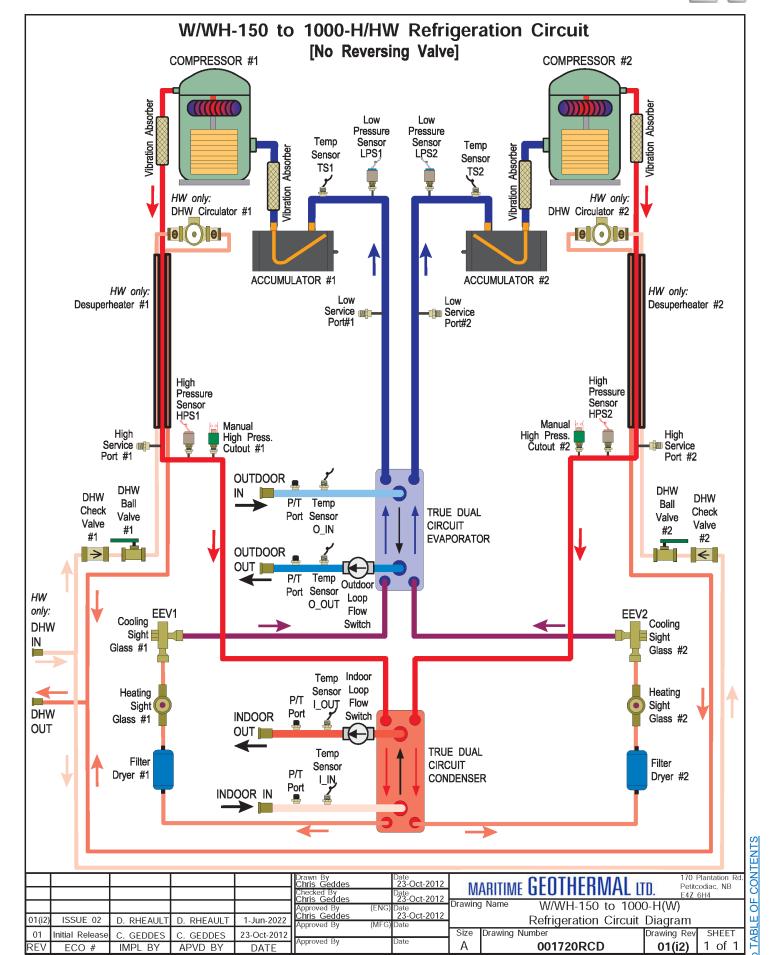
| | | | | | Drawn By Dan Rheault | Date 4-Dec-2019 | N/I | ARITIME GEOTHERMAL | 170 I | Plantation Rd. codiac, NB |
|-----|-----------------|------------|------------|----------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------|---------|---------------------------|---------------|------------------------------|
| | | | | | Checked By Dan Rheault | Date 4-Dec-2019 | IVI | Anitible ULUTILITIVIAL | LIU. E4Z | |
| 01 | ISSUE 03 | D. RHEAULT | D. RHEAULT | 24-Jun-2022 | Approved By (ENG) | Date | Drawing | g Name W/WH-150 to W/WH-1 | 000-H***-*-*E |)-PP |
| 01 | ISSUE 02 | D. RHEAULT | D. RHEAULT | 15-Mar-2022 | Dan Rheault Approved By (MFG) | 4-Dec-2019 Date | ł | w/Disconnect Electric | al Box Diagr | am |
| 01 | Initial Release | D. RHEAULT | D. RHEAULT | 4-Dec-2019 | , , | | Size | Drawing Number | Drawing Rev | SHEET |
| REV | ECO # | IMPL BY | APVD BY | DATE | Approved By | Date | Α | 002415ELB | 01(i3) | 1 of 1 |

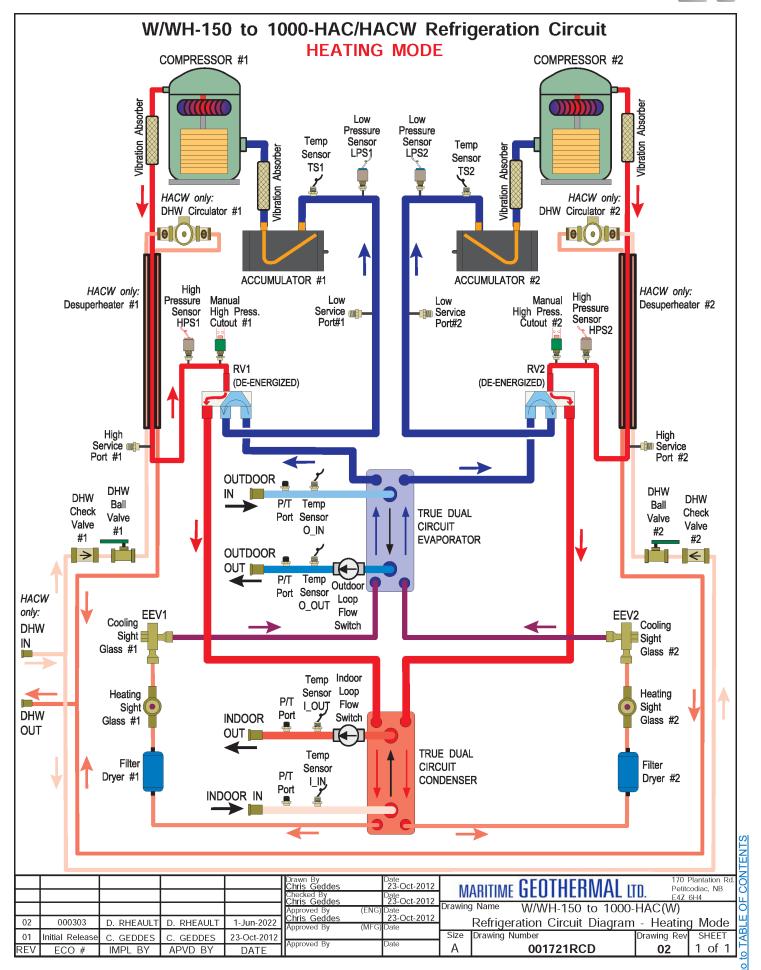
24VAC GND

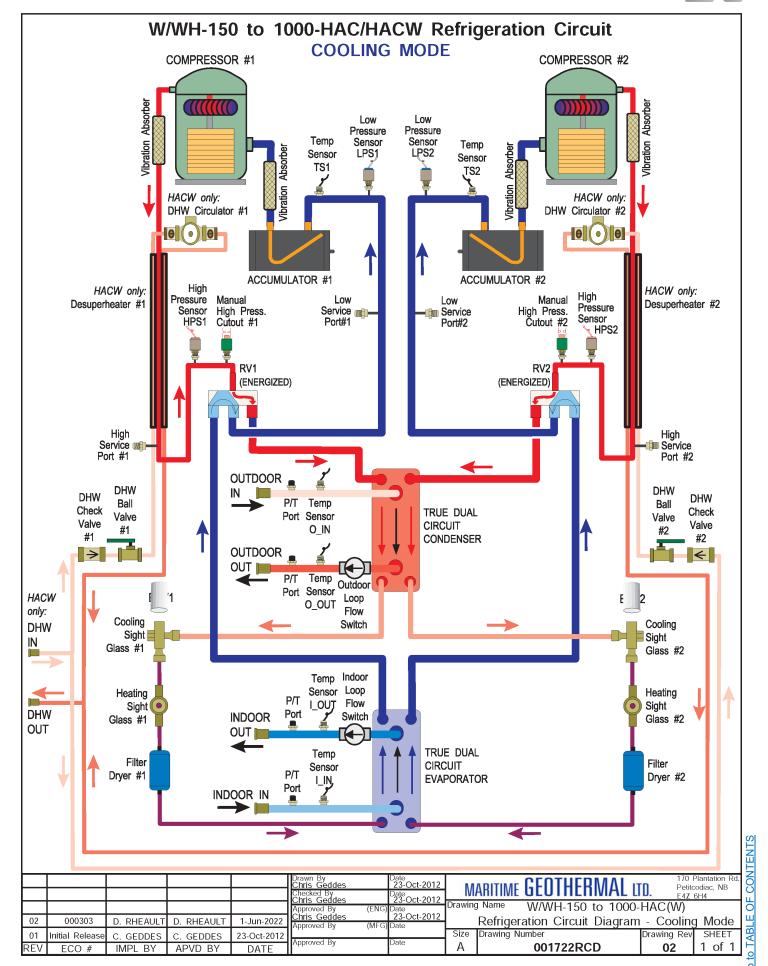
MOI

(380/460/575VAC

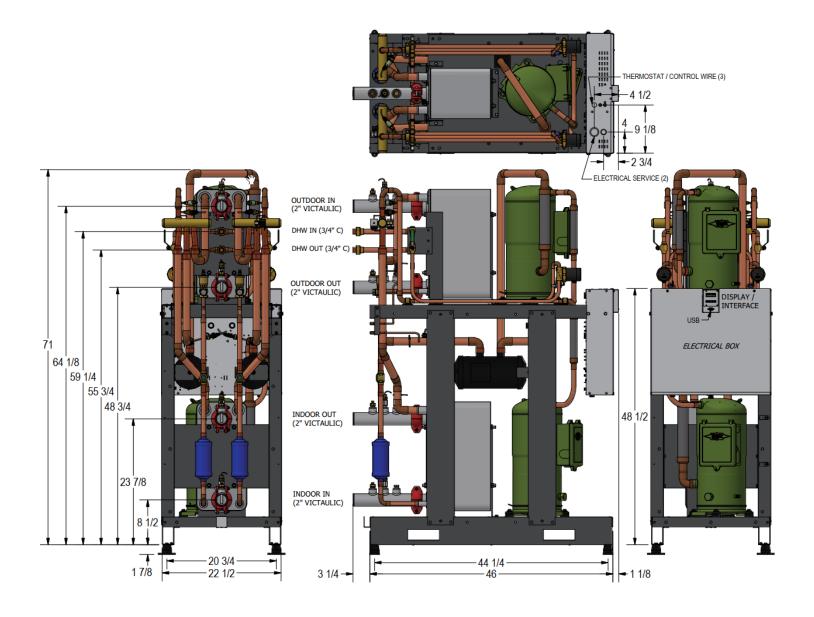
Fransformer



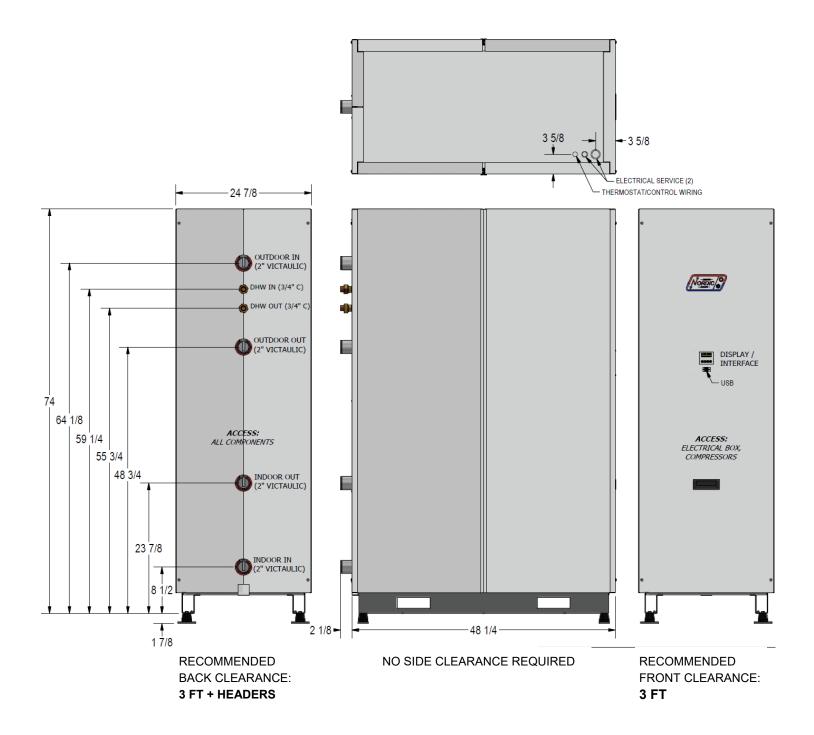




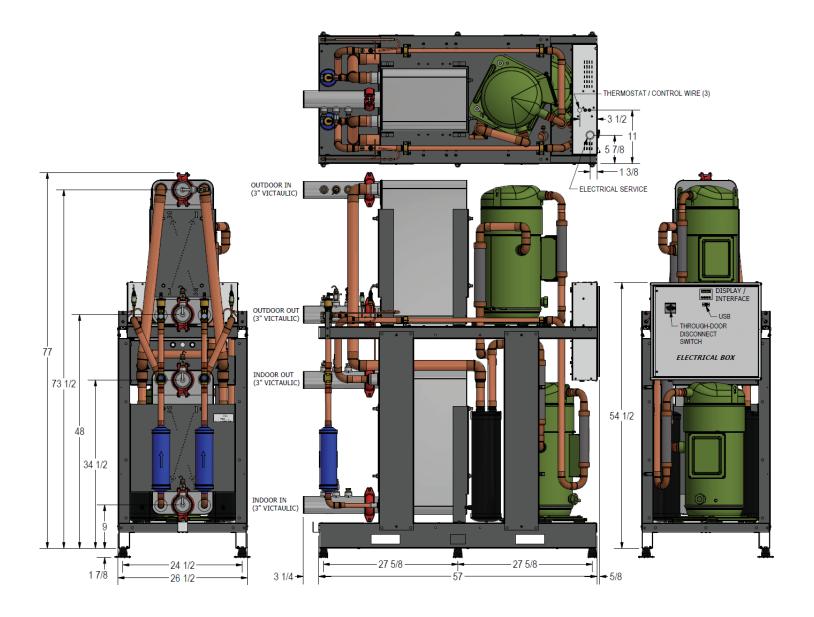
Dimensions: Without Enclosure (Sizes 150-400)



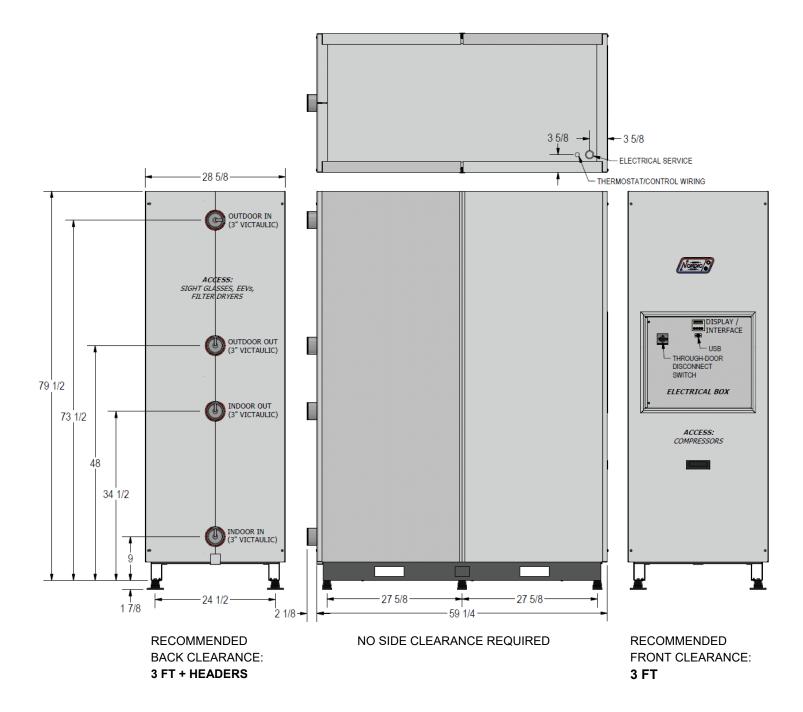
Dimensions: With Enclosure (Sizes 150-400)



Dimensions: Without Enclosure (Sizes 500-1000)

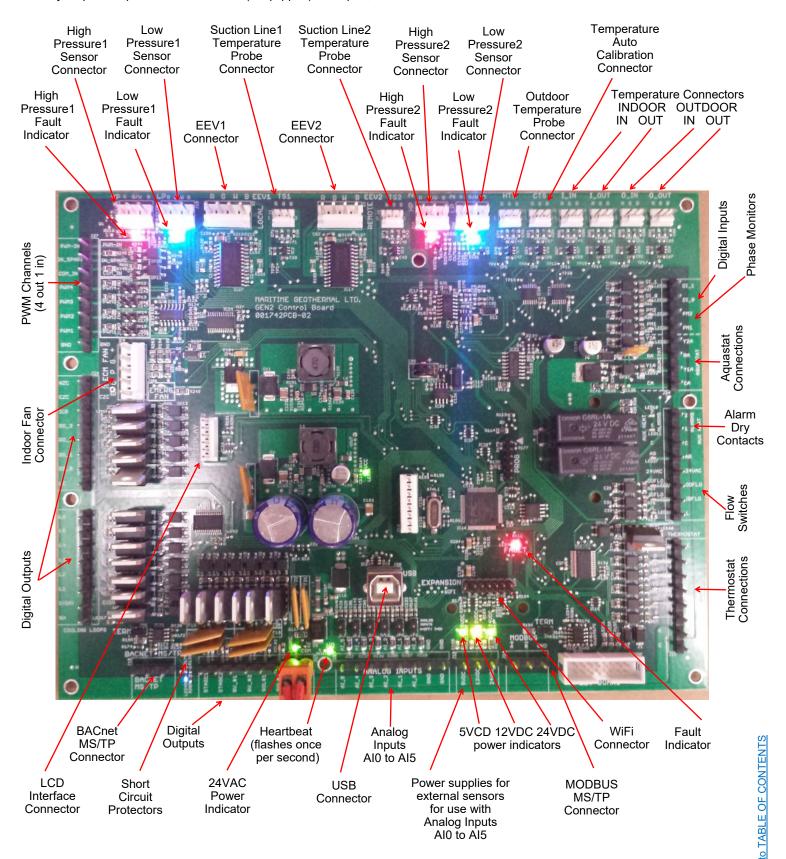


Dimensions: With Enclosure (Sizes 500-1000)



Appendix A - GEN2 Control Board Description

The picture below shows the locations of the connectors and LED indicators of the control board. The control board offers many features such as short circuit protection on all digital outputs, Real Time Clock with super capacitor for backup power, WiFi capability, relay outputs for plenum heater control (if equipped), USB port, PIC32 microcontroller, etc.



The tables describe the connections starting with the top of the board and working around the board counter clock-wise.

| TABLE A1 - Control Board Connector Descriptions (Top) | | | | |
|---|----------------------------|---|--|--|
| Name | Description | | | |
| HPS1/HI1 | High Pressure Sensor 1 | Measures refr. circuit 1 compressor discharge pressure | | |
| LPS1/LO1 | Low Pressure Sensor 1 | Measures refr. circuit 1 compressor suction pressure | | |
| EEV1 | Local EEV | Control of refr. circuit 1 Electronic Expansion Valve | | |
| TS1 | Suction Line Temperature 1 | Mounted to refr. circuit 1 common suction line inside unit | | |
| EEV2 | Remote EEV | Control of refr. circuit 2 Electronic Expansion Valve | | |
| TS2 | Suction Line Temperature 2 | Mounted to refr. circuit 2 common suction line inside unit | | |
| HPS2/HI2 | High Pressure Sensor 2 | Measures refr. circuit 2 compressor discharge pressure | | |
| LPS2/LO2 | Low Pressure Sensor 2 | Measures refr. circuit 2 compressor suction pressure | | |
| HTS/ODTS | Outdoor Temperature | Optional RTD outdoor temperature sensor for outdoor reset feature | | |
| CTS | Auto Calibration | Resistor in connector for auto-calibration reference (32°F—0°C) | | |
| I_IN | Indoor Loop IN | Temperature sensor mounted to pipe inside unit | | |
| I_OUT | Indoor Loop OUT | Temperature sensor mounted to pipe inside unit | | |
| O_IN | Outdoor Loop IN | Temperature sensor mounted to pipe inside unit | | |
| O_OUT | Outdoor Loop OUT | Temperature sensor mounted to pipe inside unit | | |

| TABLE A2 - Control Board Connector Descriptions (Left Side) | | | | |
|---|---------------------------|---|--|--|
| Name Description | | | | |
| PWM_IN | Signal for PWM IN | Not used. | | |
| IN_SPARE | Spare digital input | Switch or dry contact from 12VDC to disable unit (also jumper COM_IN to GND) | | |
| COM_IN | Common for PWM IN | Jumper to GND for disable functionality | | |
| PWM4 | IV2 | Control of 0-10VDC modulating water valve for indoor loop | | |
| PWM3 | OV2 | Control of 0-10VDC modulating water valve for outdoor loop | | |
| PWM2 | PWM / 0-10VDC output | Not used. | | |
| PWM1 | PWM / 0-10VDC output | Not used. | | |
| GND | Ground | Jumper to COM_IN for disable functionality | | |
| | | | | |
| HZC | Hot Zone Circulator | Not used. | | |
| CZC | Cold Zone Circulator | Not used. | | |
| ICR | Internal Circulator Relay | Signal for dry contact circulator control (CP1 And CP2) | | |
| DO_3 | Digital output | Not used. | | |
| DO_2 | HYD_AUX | ON when hydronic auxiliary on (Setpoint Control only). | | |
| DO_1 | IV1 | 24VAC water valve or circulator control for indoor loop | | |
| DO_0 | OV1 | 24VAC water valve or circulator control for outdoor loop | | |
| LC | Loop common (ground) | Ground for 24VAC water valve / circulator controls | | |
| L6 | Loop6 | Compressor 2 protection module 24VAC power (sizes W-240/WH-300 and up) | | |
| L5 | Loop5 | Compressor 1 protection module 24VAC power (sizes W-240/WH-300 and up) | | |
| L4 | Loop4 | Not used. | | |
| L3 | TWO TANK 3 WAY | Energizes 3-way valve to direct flow to cold tank when using HTS/CTS with 2 tanks | | |
| L2 | Loop2 | Desuperheater pump 2 enable (HACW/HW models only) | | |
| L1 | Loop1 | Desuperheater pump 1 enable (HACW/HW models only) | | |
| C(SH) | Soaker Hose common | Not used. | | |
| SH | Soaker Hose | Not used. | | |

| TABLE AS | - Control Board Connector | Descriptions (Bottom) | | | |
|----------|---------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Name | Description | | | | |
| GND | BACnet MS/TP | Ground for shield if required (see BACnet Interface section) | | | |
| В | BACnet MS/TP | RS-485 | | | |
| Α | BACnet MS/TP | RS-485 | | | |
| STAGE1 | Compressor Stage 1 | Starts / stops compressor 1 | | | |
| STAGE2 | Compressor Stage 2 | Starts / stops compressor 2 | | | |
| RV#1 | Reversing Valve#1 | Off in heating mode, on in cooling mode (reversing HAC models only) | | | |
| RV#2 | Reversing Valve#2 | Off in heating mode, on in cooling mode (reversing HAC models only) | | | |
| SOL#1 | Solenoid#1 | Not used. | | | |
| SOL#2 | Solenoid#2 | Optional refrigerant vent fan relay/contactor | | | |
| 24VAC | Power supply for board | 24VAC power for control board | | | |
| COM | Power supply for board | GND for control board | | | |
| AI_5 | Analog In Channel 5 | Optional type 3/7 10k hot tank temperature sensor for HTS/CTS Setpoint Control | | | |
| Al_4 | Analog In Channel 4 | Optional type 3/7 10k cold tank temperature sensor for HTS/CTS Setpoint Control | | | |
| AI_3 | Analog In Channel 3 | Compressor discharge line 1 temperature sensor | | | |
| Al_2 | Analog In Channel 2 | Compressor discharge line 2 temperature sensor | | | |
| Al_1 | Analog In Channel 1 | Compressor 2 current sensor | | | |
| AI_0 | Analog In Channel 0 | Compressor 1 current sensor | | | |
| GND | Ground pin | Ground for analog sensors | | | |
| GND | Ground pin | Ground for analog sensors | | | |
| 5VDC | Power for analog sensors | 5VDC regulated power supply for sensors. | | | |
| 12VDC | Power for analog sensors | 12VDC regulated power supply for sensors. | | | |
| 24VDC | Power for analog sensors | 24VDC unregulated power supply for sensors. | | | |
| A | MODBUS | DO 405 a commission for anti-constitution to the state of | | | |
| В | MODBUS | RS485 communication for refrigerant leak detector. | | | |
| GND | MODBUS | Ground | | | |

| Signal | Description | | | |
|--------|-------------------------------------|---|--|--|
| DI_1 | Digital Input 1 | Compressor 2 protection module alarm input (sizes W-240 and up) | | |
| DI_0 | Digital Input 0 | Compressor 1 protection module alarm input (sizes W-240 and up) | | |
| PM2 | Phase Monitor 2 | Phase monitor 2 alarm input | | |
| PM1 | Phase Monitor 1 | Phase monitor 1 alarm input | | |
| Y2A* | Aquastat stage 2 | Optional water heat stage 2 24VAC input for use with Signals/Hardwired control. | | |
| RA* | Aquastat power (24VAC) | Optional 24VAC for aquastat used with Signals/Hardwired control. | | |
| Y1A* | Aquastat stage1 | Optional water heat stage 1 24VAC input for use with Signals/Hardwired control. | | |
| CA* | Aquastat power (ground) | Optional 24VAC ground for aquastat used with Signals/Hardwired control. | | |
| 2 | Stage 2 alarm | Dry contact to indicate refr. circuit 2 alarm, used with C | | |
| 1 | Stage 1 alarm | Dry contact to indicate refr. circuit 1 alarm, used with C | | |
| С | Alarm Common | Used with 2 and 1 above | | |
| AR | Airflow Reductions | Not used. | | |
| 24VAC | Power | 24VAC to flow switches | | |
| ODFLO | Outdoor Flow Switch | Return signal from outdoor loop flow switch | | |
| IDFLO | Indoor Flow Switch | Return signal from indoor loop flow switch | | |
| L | Thermostat Lockout Indicator | 24VAC output for trouble LED | | |
| E | Thermostat Emergency Heat | Not used. | | |
| 0 | Thermostat Heat/Cool | 24VAC input from external dry contact to activate cooling mode (-HAC models only) | | |
| W2 | Thermostat Auxiliary Heat | Not used. | | |
| Y2 | Thermostat Stage2 | Not used. | | |
| Y1 | Thermostat Stage1 | Not used. | | |
| G | Thermostat Fan | Not used. | | |
| R | Thermostat Power (24VAC) | Jumpered to C above for alarm indicators 1 and 2. | | |
| С | Thermostat Power (Ground) Not used. | | | |

Appendix B - USB Driver Installation (Windows 10 & earlier)

NOTE: This step is *not necessary* for Windows 11.

The first step in connecting a **Windows 10 or earlier** laptop computer to the control board is to install the USB driver.

The easiest way to install the USB driver is from the **USB drive included with the unit**. Insert the USB stick into a Windows computer, and open a File Explorer window to view its contents:



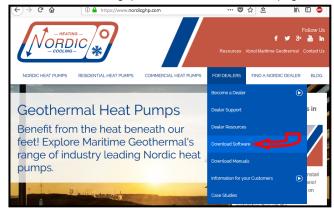
Double click on the SOFTWARE folder to show its contents:



To install the USB driver, double click on **Step 1** and follow the prompts, clicking "allow" or "yes" as required.

If the USB drive is not available, the same files can be **downloaded from the web page**.

1. Go to www.nordicghp.com, Download Software page:



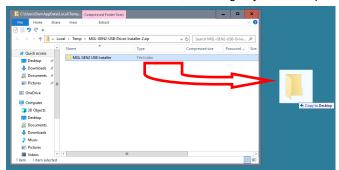
Click on MGL GEN2 USB Driver Installer to download it:



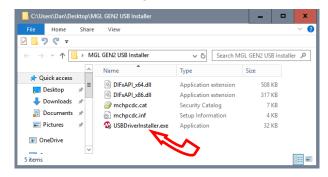
3. Choose "Open with Windows Explorer", and hit "OK". (If the choice window doesn't pop up, find the downloaded file in your browser downloads and double click on it.)



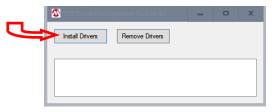
4. In the window that is displayed, click and hold down the mouse button on the folder name, and drag to your desktop:



Double click on the folder you just dragged onto the desktop, then double click on the "USBDriverInstaller" file:



6. In the next window, click on "Install Drivers":



You will see a message indicating the driver was installed successfully. You are now ready to install the PC App.



Appendix C - PC App Installation (Windows 11)

The PC App allows detailed interfacing with the control board using a Windows laptop computer. These instructions are for **Windows 11**.

The easiest way to install the PC App is from the **USB drive included with the unit**. Insert the USB stick into a Windows computer, and open a File Explorer window to view its contents:



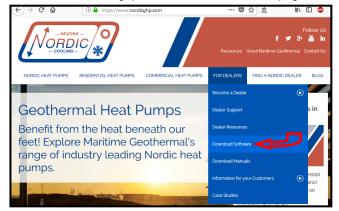
Double click on the SOFTWARE folder to show its contents:



Double click on **Step 2** and follow the prompts, clicking "More info", "Run anyway", "Install", or similar on any warning windows which pop up, perhaps more than once. Pictures of warning windows you might encounter are shown below in step **8**.

If the USB stick drive is not available, the same file can be downloaded from the web page.

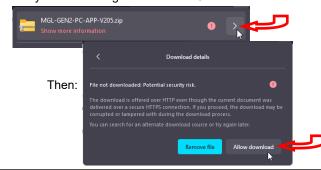
1. Go to www.nordicghp.com, Download Software page:



Click on MGL GEN2 PC APP V2 to download it:



3. You may see a warning like this one. Click as shown:

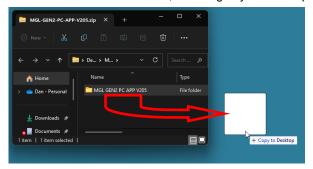


5. Then click on the .zip file to open it in a File Explorer window:

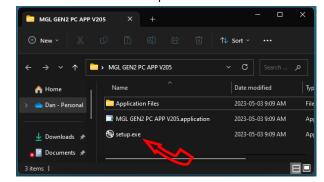


Display the progress of ongoing dov

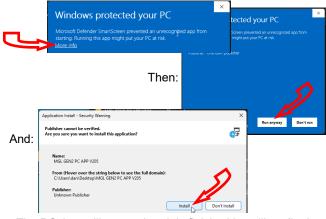
6. In the window that is displayed, click and hold down the mouse button on the folder name, and drag to your desktop:



Double click on the folder you just dragged onto the desktop, then double click on the "setup" file:



 Click "More info", "Run anyway", "Install", or similar on any warning windows which pop up, perhaps more than once.



The PC App will open when it is finished installing. (In the future, it should be started from the start menu.) You are now ready to connect a USB cord between the laptop computer and GEN2 control board, and connect.

Appendix D - PC App Installation (Windows 10 & earlier)

The PC App allows detailed interfacing with the control board using a Windows laptop computer. These instructions are for *Windows 10 or earlier*. First, install the USB driver as per the previous appendix.

The easiest way to install the PC App is from the **USB drive included with the unit**. Insert the USB stick into a Windows computer, and open a File Explorer window to view its contents:



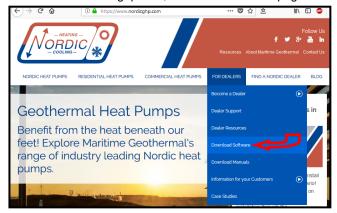
Double click on the SOFTWARE folder to show its contents:



Double click on **Step 2** and follow the prompts, clicking "allow" or "yes" as required. If you get a warning that .NET framework is required, go back and double click on step **z**, then try **Step 2** again.

If the USB stick drive is not available, the same file can be downloaded from the web page.

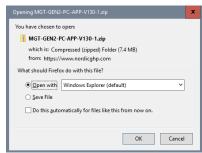
1. Go to www.nordicghp.com, Download Software page:



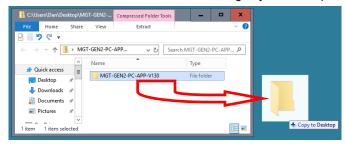
Click on MGL GEN2 PC APP V2 to download it:



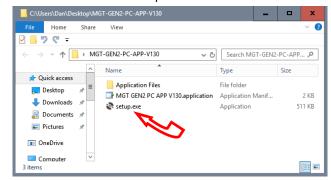
3. Choose "Open with Windows Explorer", and hit "OK":



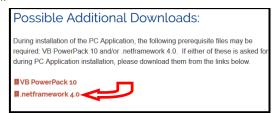
 In the window that is displayed, click and hold down the mouse button on the folder name, and drag to your desktop:



Double click on the folder you just dragged onto the desktop, then double click on the "setup" file:



Click "Yes", "Run", "Install", or similar on any warning windows which pop up. If an error message is encountered regarding. NET framework, exit the installation and use the link on the Download Software page to install the missing item:



Then go back to step 5.

 The PC App will open when it is finished installing. You are now ready to connect a USB cord between the laptop computer and GEN2 control board, and connect.

Appendix E: Updating Firmware

METHOD 1: Updating Firmware Using PC App

This method can be used when updating newer control boards with bootloader version 2.0. This method will not work for older control boards with bootloader version 1.0 (approx. unit serial numbers -17 and lower); for those, see **METHOD 2**. Note that **METHOD 2** will work for all control boards.

The firmware comes as a .ZIP file named: *MGL GEN2 Bootload Firmware Vxxx.zip* where xxx is the version reference, e.g. 376 (version 3.76). This file can be downloaded from **www.nordicghp.com**, menu *For Dealers --> Download Software*.

 Download the file to your PC. When prompted, "Open" the zip file. If the zip file is Saved instead of Opened, find it in the web browser's Downloads list or at the bottom of browser window and click on it to open. In the window that comes up, drag the folder containing the required files onto your desktop so that it can be found easily, e.g.:

\Desktop\MGL GEN2 Bootload Firmware V376

Also be sure the latest PC App version (e.g. v2.05) is installed, which is listed alongside the firmware on the web page. If needed, install a new version as per those instructions, and uninstall older PC App versions to avoid their accidental use (which can corrupt control board parameters).

2. In that folder on the Desktop, there will be three files:

MGL_GEN2_V376.production.hex (firmware file)
PIC32UBL.exe (the programmer)
USB Bootloader Instructions.pdf (these instructions)

Note that on most computers, the file extensions (.exe, .pdf) will be hidden.

- Connect a USB (printer) cable between computer and control board.
- 4. Launch the PC App version that matches the firmware (e.g. PC App 2.05 for firmware V3.76). After it is installed, the PC App can be started using the entry found under the "M" section in the Windows START menu, which is accessed using the 4-rectangles icon normally found at the bottom left corner of the computer screen.
- In the PC App, click on the Connect button to connect to the control board.



Go to menu Tools --> Update Firmware. The following message box will appear:



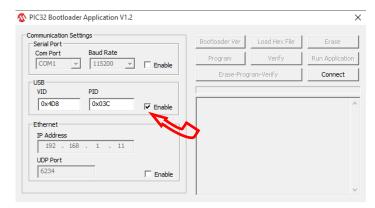
7. Click on YES. The following message box will appear:

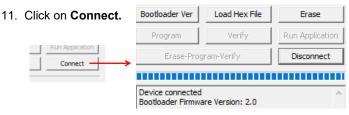


8. Click on **OK**. After a minute, the following message box will appear:



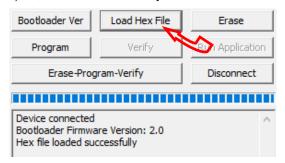
- Click on **OK**. The control board is now in bootloader mode and is ready to be programmed.
- Double click on the downloaded file PIC32UBL.exe to run it.
 In the window that opens, click on the USB **Enable** check box.



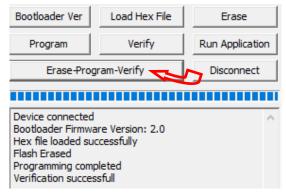


If device fails to connect and an error message is displayed, the board's bootloader may be older than v2.0. It will be necessary to instead update the firmware via jumper pins (**METHOD 2**), as per the next section.

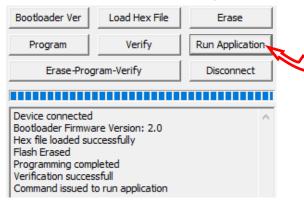
12. Click on **Load Hex File**. Select the MGL_GEN2_V376.production.hex (or higher version number) file, which is in the folder you created on the Desktop.



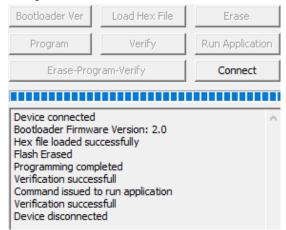
 Click on Erase—Program—Verify. Programming.... Wait while status bar shows progress. The messages should read as below when finished:



11. "Programming completed. Verification successful." Click on Run Application. This will take the control board out of bootloader mode and back into normal operational mode, so that the PC App can connect again.



15. Wait until the programmer disconnects itself. The messages should read as follows:



- 16. Close the PIC32 program.
- WAIT APPROXIMATELY 10 SECONDS. This gives the control board time to reset, initialize and re-connect to the PC USB port.
- Go back to the PC APP and click on the Connect button. Verify that the firmware version, shown in the title bar after connection, has been updated. Perform any configuration needed.



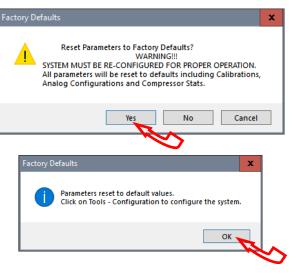
NOTE: Updating the firmware does not affect the configuration settings.

Reset to Defaults?

When updating from **firmware V3.75 or earlier**, the following steps must be taken after the update as there are significant differences in the internal parameters used to operate the system. These steps may also be performed for troubleshooting, when the control system is not acting as it should.

Note that if the firmware on a heat pumps is 2.45 or earlier, chances are that it will have an older bootloader version that requires the use of **METHOD 2** to update the firmware (see following page).

- With PC App connected, go to menu Tools --> Configuration and note all settings. They will need to be re-set later.
- Go to menu Tools --> Reset To Factory Defaults. Click YES in the pop up window, and OK in the next window.



- Go back to menu Tools --> Configuration. Re-select the Model Series even if it already indicates the proper series, as clicking on it will load the parameters for that series.
- Select the Model Size and make any other changes that apply to the particular system setup such as number of stages, control method, etc.

METHOD 2: Updating Firmware Using Jumper Pins

This method should be used when updating older control boards that have bootloader version 1.0, or where the PC App has trouble connecting to older firmware. This method will work for all control boards and can be used on all units.

The firmware comes as a .ZIP file named:

MGL GEN2 Bootload Firmware Vxxx.zip

where xxx is the version reference, e.g. 376 (version 3.76). This file can be downloaded from www.nordicghp.com, menu For Dealers --> Download Software.

1. Download the file to your PC. When prompted, "Open" the zip file. If the zip file is Saved instead of Opened, find it in the web browser's Downloads list or at the bottom of browser window and click on it to open. In the window that comes up. drag the folder containing the required files onto your desktop so that it can be found easily, e.g.:

\Desktop\MGL GEN2 Bootload Firmware V376

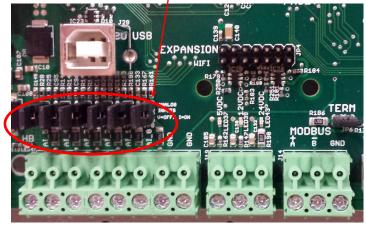
In that folder on the Desktop, there will be three files:

MGL GEN2 V376.production.hex (firmware file) PIC32UBL.exe (the programmer) USB Bootloader Instructions.pdf (these instructions)

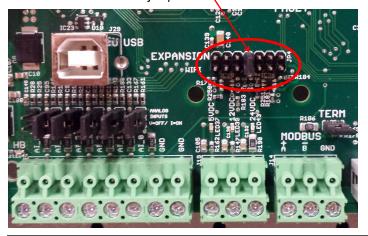
Note that on most computers, the file extensions (.exe, .pdf) will be hidden.

- 3. Connect a USB (printer) cable between computer and control
- 4. Turn power off to the heat pump.
- 5. Remove one of the black pin jumpers from just below the USB connector on the board and place in on the center pin pair of the EXPANSION header as shown below.

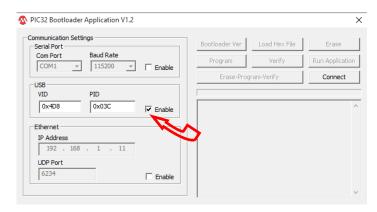
Borrow any one of these jumpers (however many are present)



Place jumper here



- 6. Turn the power back on. The control board is now in boot loader mode and is ready to be programmed.
- 7. Double click on the downloaded PIC32UBL.exe to run it. In the window that opens, click on the USB Enable check box.

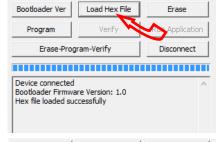


8. Click on Connect.



Bootloader Ver

9. Click on Load Hex File. Select the MGL_GEN2_V376. production.hex (or higher version number) file, which is in the folder you created on the Desktop.

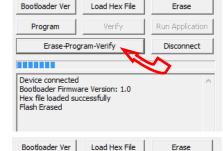


Load Hex File

Erase

10. Click on Erase-Program-Verify

Programming...



Erase-Program-Verify

Bootloader Firmware Version: 1.0 Hex file loaded successfully

- 11. "Programming completed. Verification successful." Click on **Disconnect** and close the program.
- 12. Turn power off to the heat pump again.
- 13. Move the jumper back to where it was taken from.
- Turn the power back on. Check that the LCD Display shows e.g. MGL GEN2 V3.76 on the top line during power

Device connected

Programming completed

Verification successfull

Flash Erased

Run Application

Unless a statement is specifically identified as a warranty, statements made by Maritime Geothermal Ltd. ("MG") or its representatives relating to MG's products whether oral, written or contained in any sales literature, catalogue or agreement, are not express warranties and do not form a part of the basis of the bargain, but

COMMERCIAL LIMITED EXPRESS WARRANTY

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MG MAKES NO WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OF THE GOODS OR OF THE FITNESS OF THE GOODS FOR ANY PARTICULAR PURPOSE.

LIMITED EXPRESS COMMERCIAL WARRANTY - PARTS

MG warrants its Commercial Class products, purchased and retained in the United States of America and Canada, to be free from defects in material and workmanship under normal use and maintenance as follows:

- Heat pumps / chillers built or sold by MG for one (1) year from the Warranty Inception Date (as defined below).
 Compressors of above units for five (5) years from the Warranty Inception Date (as defined below).
 Other accessories, when purchased separately, for (1) year from the date of shipment from MG.

The "Warranty Inception Date" shall be the date of original unit installation, as per the date on the installation Startup Record; or sixty (60) days from date of unit shipment from MG, whichever comes first.

To make a claim under this warranty, parts must be returned to MG in Petitcodiac, New Brunswick, freight prepaid, no later than ninety (90) days after the date of the failure of the part. If MG determines the part to be defective and within MG's Limited Express Commercial Warranty, MG shall, when such part has been either replaced or repaired, return such to a factory recognized distributor, dealer or service organization, freight prepaid. The warranty on any part repaired or replaced under warranty expires at the end of the original warranty period.

LIMITED EXPRESS COMMERCIAL WARRANTY - LABOUR

MARITIME GEOTHERMAL LTD. will not be responsible for any consequential damages or labour costs incurred.

This warranty does not cover and does not apply to:

- Air filters, fuses, refrigerant, fluids, oil.
 Products relocated after initial installation. (2)
- Any portion or component of any system that is not supplied by MG, regardless of the cause of the failure of such portion or component.
- (4)
- Products on which the unit identification tags or labels have been removed or defaced.

 Products on which payment to MG, or to the owner's seller or installing contractor, is in default. (5)
- Products subjected to improper or inadequate installation, including but not limited to:
 - Indoor or outdoor loop flow lower than listed in engineering specification or as expressly approved by MARITIME GEOTHERMAL LTD.
 - Operating the heat pump either manually or with automated controls so that the unit is forced to function outside its normal operating range

 - Insufficient loop antifreeze concentration for loop temperature, or antifreeze concentration incorrectly set in control board
 - Fouled heat exchangers due to poor water quality
 - Failure to use strainers or clean them regularly
 - Impact or physical damage sustained by the heat pump
 - Poor refrigeration maintenance practices, including brazing without nitrogen flow, or using wrong braze/flux
 - Incorrect voltage or missing phase supplied to unit
 - Unit modified electrically or mechanically from factory supplied condition
 - Water quality outside of recommended limits (e.g. salinity or pH)
 - Unit not mounted with supplied anti-vibration grommets when specified for use
 - Corrosion damage due to corrosive ambient environment
 - Failure due to excessive cycling caused by improper mechanical setup or improperly programmed external controller
- Physical loads or pressures placed on unit from external equipment
- Mold, fungus or bacteria damage
- Corrosion or abrasion of the product.
- Products supplied by others.
- (10) Electricity or fuel, or any increases or unrealized savings in same, for any reason whatsoever.

- The costs of fluids, refrigerant or system components supplied by others, or associated labour to repair or replace the same, which is incurred as a result of a defective part covered by MG's Limited Commercial Warranty.
- The costs of labour, refrigerant, materials, or service incurred in diagnosis and removal of defective part, or in obtaining and replacing the new or repaired part.
- Transportation costs of the defective part from the installation site to MG, or of the return of that part if warranty coverage declined.
- The costs of normal maintenance.

MG'S LIABILITY UNDER THE TERMS OF THIS LIMITED WARRANTY SHALL APPLY ONLY TO THE MG UNITS REGISTERED WITH MG THAT BEAR THE MODEL AND SERIAL NUMBERS STATED ON THE INSTALLATION START UP RECORD, AND MG SHALL NOT, IN ANY EVENT, BE LIABLE UNDER THE TERMS OF THIS LIMITED WARRANTY UNLESS THIS INSTALLATION START UP RECORD HAS BEEN ENDORSED BY OWNER & DEALER/INSTALLER AND RECIEVED BY MG LIMITED WITHIN 90 DAYS OF START UP.

Limitation: This Limited Express Commercial Warranty is given in lieu of all other warranties. If, notwithstanding the disclaimers contained herein, it is determined that other warranties exist, any such express warranty, including without imitation any express warranties or any implied warranties of fitness for particular purpose and merchantability, shall be limited to the duration of the Limited Express Commercial Warranty.

In the event of a breach of the Limited Express Commercial Warranty, MG will only be obligated at MG's option to repair the failed part or unit, or to furnish a new or rebuilt part or unit in exchange for the part or unit which has failed. If after written notice to MG's factory in Petitcodiac, New Brunswick of each defect, malfunction or other failure, and a reasonable number of attempts by MG to correct the defect, malfunction or other failure, and the remedy fails of its essential purpose, MG shall refund the purchase price paid to MG in exchange for the return of the sold good(s). Said refund shall be the maximum liability of MG. THIS REMEDY IS THE SOLE AND EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE BUYER OR PURCHASER AGAINST MG FOR BREACH OF CONTRACT, FOR THE BREACH OF ANY WARRANTY OR FOR MG'S NEGLIGENCE OR IN STRICT LIABILITY.

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OBTAINING WARRANTY PERFORMANCE

Normally, the dealer or service organization who installed the products will provide warranty performance for the owner. Should the installer be unavailable, contact any MG recognized distributor, dealer or service organization. If assistance is required in obtaining warranty performance, write or call Maritime Geothermal Ltd.

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